

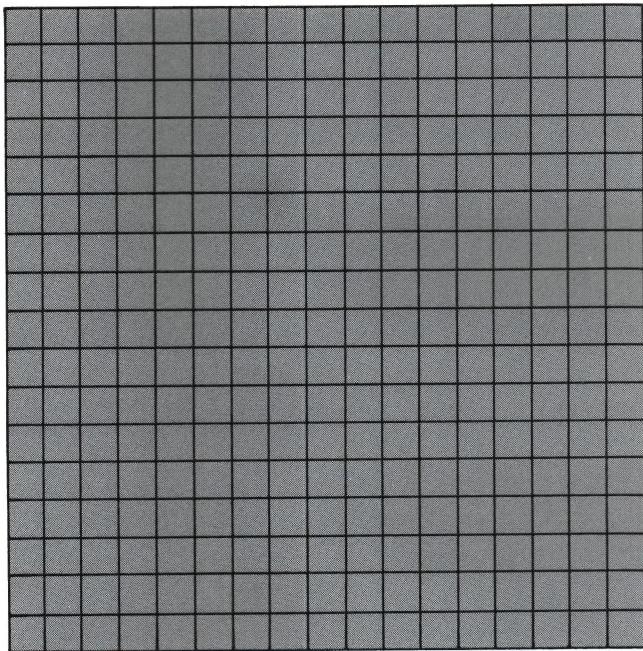
# MICROSEMI DATA BOOK

micro

**Microsemi Corp.**

The diode experts





# **MICROSEMI DATA BOOK**

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1987-1988 Microsemi Corp. Data Book

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# INTRODUCTION

## DIODES

Microsemi Corp., with the addition of the Siemens Scottsdale semiconductor operation, is now one of the leading diode suppliers in the country. Product capability exceeds that of our major competitors. In fact, Microsemi can now provide over 90% of the most popular silicon diode types ever made. With manufacturing plants in Hong Kong; Bombay, India; Scottsdale, Arizona; and Santa Ana, California, Microsemi has a combined capacity of over 300 million devices per year.

Prior to the acquisition of Siemens' diode products, Microsemi purchased similar lines from Teledyne and Centralab. The combination of these product lines and facilities has enabled Microsemi to quickly assume a dominant position in the diode field.

Over the years, Microsemi has grown to be one of the leading suppliers of military hi-rel diodes and has expanded into the computer, commercial and consumer markets. The front end (dice manufacture) strength of the Siemens operation accelerated Microsemi's entry into these markets. Our overall company goal is to become the leading diode supplier in the country. Product expansion plans are already underway to add new diode products to accomplish our long term goal.

Here is a list of product areas where Microsemi Corp. is presently able to compete:

Product Type	Military Hi-Rel	Computer/ Industrial	Commercial/ Consumer
400mw/500mw Zeners	x	x	x
1.0 watt Zeners	x	x	x
1.5 – 2.5W Zeners	x	x	x
5 watt Zeners	x	x	x
10 watt Zeners	x	x	x
50 watt Zeners	x	x	x
250 – 500 mw Signal Diodes	x	x	x
Computer Switch Diodes	x	x	—
Low Leakage Pico Amp	x	x	—
Multi-junction Stabilitors	x	x	—
500ma Rectifier (no recovery)	x	x	—
1.0A Rectifier (no recovery)	x	x	x
3.0A Rectifier (no recovery)	x	x	x
6.0A Rectifier (no recovery)	x	x	x
500ma Rectifier (fast rec.)	x	x	—
1.0A Rectifier (fast recovery)	x	x	x
3.0A Rectifier (fast recovery)	x	x	x
6.0A Rectifier (fast recovery)	x	x	x
10.A Rectifier – Stud DO4	x	x	—
20.A Rectifier – Stud DO5	x	x	—
1.0A Ultra Fast (20 ns) Rectifier	x	x	—
3.0A Ultra Fast (20 ns) Rectifier	x	x	—
6.0A Ultra Fast (20 ns) Rectifier	x	x	—
12.0A Ultra Fast (20 ns) Rectifier	x	x	—
20.A Axial Lead	x	x	—
500 watt Transient Supp.	x	x	—
1500 watt Transient Supp.	x	—	—
High Voltage Diodes >1KV	x	x	—
High Voltage Fast Recovery >1KV	x	x	—
T.C. Zeners	x	x	x
T.C. Zener Assemblies	x	x	x
Rectifier Assemblies:			
Bridges	x	x	x
Doublers	x	x	x
Dip Bridges	—	x	x
Diode Stacks ≤ 10KV	x	x	—

NOTE 1: Types listed are also available in surface mount.  
Consult SMT Section or respective factory for specifications.

## SPECIAL APPLICATION DIODES

Avalanche Diodes .....	Controlled breakdown
Micro Diodes .....	Ultra-small package
Tunnel Diodes .....	Only manufacturer in the world
Backward Diodes .....	Only manufacturer in the world
Hi-Temp 250°C Diodes .....	Oil drilling, aircraft engine use
L.V.A. Zeners .....	Replaces TRW and Motorola
Log Diodes .....	Controlled conductance
Hi Voltage Zeners .....	>300V
P.I.N. Diodes .....	Attenuators & Modulators
Leadless Inverted Carrier .....	Use in hybrid circuits
Surface Mount Diodes <sup>(1)</sup> .....	Military, medical, and commercial for hybrid & printed circuits

## CHIPS

Microsemi is also the broadest chip supplier in the country and one of the only companies capable of supplying hi-rel and high quality glass passivated dice. The only diode types not in the Microsemi line are: Schottky, Varactor, F.E.T. current regulators, TRIAC's, SCR's and germanium products.

## POWER RECTIFIERS and TRANSISTORS

In 1986, Microsemi Corp. strategically entered the power rectifier and transistor market by acquiring the Power Technology Components group of Rockwell International / Allen Bradley, located in a new facility in Torrance, California. The PTC product line currently includes: power rectifiers, HV NPN discrete transistors, and HV NPN Darlintongs and assemblies. These products have 200V to 1200V and 3 to 125 ampere ratings.

## "THE DIODE EXPERTS"

Microsemi Corp. was the first diode manufacturer selected by the U.S. military services as a source to qualify product to the highest mil spec level — JANS. To locate them quickly, the JANS series in this data book are marked with a JANS "flag." Currently JANS qualification tests are being performed on many of our other product lines.

We are very proud of our accomplishments at Microsemi, especially from 1982-1986 with over 40% growth rate per year in a down market. Microsemi has an extremely strong engineering team with a total of over 180 years of diode product and process expertise. Our engineers are constantly called upon for unique or high performance devices and work closely with customers to satisfy their special requirements.

Microsemi is a company whose staff is dedicated to the highest performance and quality standards, and the ultimate satisfaction of our customers. While we are not perfect in the accomplishment of these goals, our corporate attitude of seeking constant improvements and corrective action of customer problems has earned us a respected position in the industry.

We are pleased with your interest in our company, and trust that this data will enable you to make a favorable decision to join our growing customer base.

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## PRODUCT LISTING

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\*For specifications, consult factory, or JEDEC registered data.

## PRODUCT LISTING

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\*For specifications, consult factory, or JEDEC registered data.

# DIODE TECHNOLOGY

## VOIDLESS BONDED DIODES

**MICROSEMI CORP** virtually eliminates all known device failure modes in silicon subminiature glass rectifiers with superior processes and new voidless glass packages.

Starting with the semiconductor die and continuing through final test and inspection, carefully evaluated processes and numerous quality control steps insure product homogeneity and ultimate reliability.

**MICRO'S CHIP**, a double-diffused mesa structure utilizing photo masking techniques and silicon wafers with 1-0-0 crystal alignment, provides excellent geometry and junction control with uniform contact area. The advantages of the mesa structure for high voltage rectifiers and transistors is well known. MICRO's geometry control and passivation solve the few remaining limitations of the mesa device.

The junction design concentrates breakdown in the bulk material for maximum breakdown voltage with minimum surface fields. Under reverse bias conditions the negative charges in the P-type silicon equalize the positive charges in the N-type. The sharp slope of the etched mesa junction stretches the depletion region at the surface — significantly reducing the surface field effects below that of the bulk. When breakdown occurs, therefore, it is not at the surface, but in the bulk silicon. With surface effects minimized, the maximum breakdown voltage is achieved with the lowest possible starting wafer resistivity which gives the optimum combination of high breakdown voltage and high conductivity.

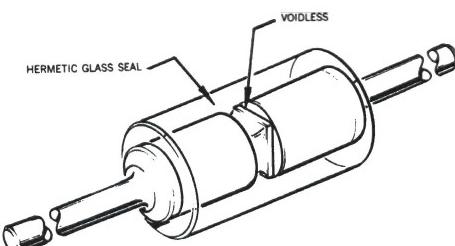
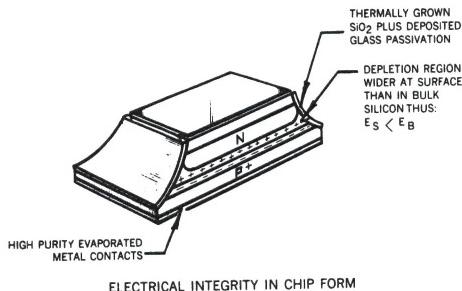
Carefully controlled junction base width insures maximum surge capability. A thermally grown oxide layer followed by a heavily deposited layer of high density alkali-free glass passivates the junction. The double passivation makes the die practically independent of outside ambients. Leakage measurements of less than ten nanoamperes at 200 V are typical and are carefully monitored to assure consistent process control. This combination of passivation and junction geometry provides stable junction breakdown voltages in excess of 1200 volts.

After passivation, high purity evaporated gold is alloyed to both the anode and cathode surfaces, followed by an additional 10K $\text{\AA}$  of evaporated and fired silver. This results in a strong metallurgical contact to the silicon surface and provides extremely low contact resistance. The high temperature metallization system assures that subsequent processing of the dice, either as hybrid chips or in glass and epoxy assemblies, produces no degradation of surface of junction characteristics.

The rectifier final assembly is a three-stage process. The chip is first metallurgically bonded (875° C) to silver plated tungsten slugs. Metallurgical bonding insures structural integrity and the ultimate in reliability. After testing, the slug-die-slug assembly is then ready to be sealed in MICRO's voidless glass package.

**MICRO'S VOIDLESS GLASS PACKAGE** uses a thermal compression seal of chemically pure hard glass to the compression seal of chemically pure hard glass to the silver-plated tungsten slugs. An extremely alkaline-free glass sleeve is placed over the slug-die-slug assembly and heated to 800° C where the glass flows. During controlled cooling, the glass fills all voids and makes a strong thermal compression bond. The resultant package is a monolithic voidless structure of thermally matched material capable of withstanding virtually any environmental stress. Voltages of up to 1400 volts per single junction are sustained without any evidence of arcing.

Finally, copper or other leads as specified by the customer, are brazed to the assembled diode and the entire assembly is pressure tested at 500 PSI and inspected for absolute seal integrity.



# GUIDE TO METALLURGICALLY-BONDED AXIAL LEAD DIODES

## JAN-JTX-JTXV TYPES

Military specifications require that all devices shown here be metallurgically bonded, not just ".1" parts as is generally believed. All devices listed on this chart are manufactured by Microsemi Corporation with the same hard glass voidless metallurgical constructions.

POWER RATING — Zeners in watts/Rectifiers in $I_o$					
	250mW	400/500mW or 0.5A $I_o$	1.5W or 1.0A $I_o$	3A $I_o$	5W or 6A $I_o$
ZENER	Use 400mW device	1N 754-A thru 1N 759A-1 /127	1N 4460 thru 1N 4496 /406A	*	1N4954 thru 1N4989 /356
		1N 962B-1 thru 1N 973B-1 /117			
SMALL SIGNAL	1N5194 thru 1N5196 /118 1N3595 /241	See "RECTIFIER (NON-RECOVERY)" 1N 645-1 1N 649-1	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
COMPUTER CORE DRIVER	1N 4148-1 /116	1N 4150-1 /231	Use 1N 5802 Series	Use 1N 5807 Series	N.A.
	1N 4454-1 /144	1N 4153-1 /337			
RECTIFIER (NON- RECOVERY)	See "SMALL SIGNAL" 1N 5194-6	1N 645-1 thru 1N 649-1 /240	1N 3611 thru 1N 3614 & 1N 3957 /228	1N5550 thru 1N5552 /420	*
			1N 4245 thru 1N 4249 /286		
			1N 5614 thru 1N 5622 /427		
RECTIFIER (FAST RECOVERY)	1N 4938-1 /169	Use 1N 4938-1 /169	1N 4942 thru 1N 4948 /359	1N 5415 thru 1N 5420 /411	*
			1N 5615 thru 1N 5623 /429	1N5186 (thru) 1N5190 /424	
RECTIFIER (ULTRA- FAST RECOVERY)	Use Computer Core Drive Types	*	1N 5802 thru 1N 5806 /477	IN 5807 thru 1N 5811 /477	1N6079 1N 6080 1N 6081 /503 (EL)
			1N6073 thru 1N6075 /503 (EL)	1N 6076 1N 6078 /503 (EL)	

\*Microsemi Corp. has metal-bonded voidless devices in these areas for non-standard parts.

 Microsemi Corp. mil-qualification pending.

# **ZENER DIODE/RECTIFIER CROSS REFERENCE CHART**

Containing all JEDEC registered Zener diodes.

This popular reference chart contains highlight information on all JEDEC registered Zener diode and rectifier types as well as Microsemi types. The following Codes are used:

**Bold Face Type Only:** Indicates devices manufactured by Microsemi

**Light Face Type:** Indicates devices not manufactured or offered by Microsemi. In most cases a "recommended substitute" is noted in column 8. It should be noted however that recommended substitutes are not direct replacements.

**Case outlines are found on pages 37 thru 40.**

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$		Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
	Volts	@ mA					
1N225(1)	7.5 - 10.0	0.20	—	Suffix A = 5%	150mw	Case A(8)	
1N226(1)	9.0 - 12.0	"	—	" "	"	"	
1N227(1)	11.0 - 14.5	"	—	" "	"	"	
1N228(1)	13.5 - 18.0	"	—	" "	"	"	
1N229(1)	17.0 - 21.0	"	—	" "	"	"	
1N230(1)	20.0 - 27.0	"	—	" "	"	"	
1N231(1)	25.0 - 32.0	"	—	" "	"	"	
1N232(1)	30.0 - 39.0	"	—	" "	"	"	
1N233(1)	37.0 - 45.0	"	—	" "	"	"	
1N234(1)	43.0 - 54.0	"	—	" "	"	"	
1N235(1)	52.0 - 64.0	"	—	" "	"	"	

1N236 thru 1N239 is an obsolete 150 mW Series.

1N429(2)	6.2 ± 5%	7.5	20.0	T.C. = .01% / °C(4)	200 mw	Case A(8)	
1N430(2)	8.4 ± 5%	10.0	15.0	T.C. = .002% / °C(4)	250 mw	Case B	
1N430A(2)	" "	"	"	T.C. = .001% / °C(4)	"	"	
1N430B(2)	" "	"	"	T.C. = .001% / °C(5)	"	"	
1N465	2.0 - 3.2	5.0	60.0(3)	Suffix A = 5%	200 mw	Case A(8)	
1N466	3.0 - 3.9	"	55.0(3)	Suffix B = 1%	"	"	
1N467	3.7 - 4.5	"	45.0(3)	" "	"	"	
1N468	4.3 - 5.4	"	35.0(3)	" "	"	"	
1N469	5.2 - 6.4	"	20.0(3)	" "	"	"	
1N470	6.2 - 8.0	"	10.0(3)	" "	"	"	
1N471(1)	3.0 - 3.9	"	65.0(3)	Suffix A = 5%	"	"	
1N472(1)	3.7 - 4.5	"	60.0(3)	" "	"	"	
1N473(1)	4.3 - 5.4	"	50.0(3)	" "	"	"	
1N474(1)	5.2 - 6.4	"	40.0(3)	" "	"	"	
1N475(1)	6.2 - 8.0	"	25.0(3)	" "	"	"	

Type No.	PIV	$I_0$ 25°C	VF	IR	$T_{RR}$	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
	Volts	Amps	Volts	$\mu A$			
1N483B	80	.2	1.0	.025			
1N485B	200	.2	1.0	.025		D07	
1N486B	250	.2	1.0	.025		D07	
1N645-1	260	.4	1.0	.05			
1N647-1	480	.4	1.0	.05		DO35	
1N649-1	720	.4	1.0	.05		DO35	

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$		Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
	Volts	@ mA					
1N664	8.2	10.0	7.0	5%	400 mw	—	
1N665	12.0	10.0	10.0	"	"	—	
1N666	15.0	5.0	24.0	"	"	—	
1N667	18.0	"	26.0	"	"	—	
1N668	22.0	"	30.0	"	"	—	
1N669	27.0	"	35.0	"	"	—	
1N670	68.0	1.0	290.0	"	"	—	
1N671	100.0	"	350.0	"	"	—	
1N672	150.0	"	1000.0	"	"	—	
1N674	4.7	20.0	16.0	5%	400 mw	—	1N750
1N675	6.2	20.0	3.0	5%	400 mw	—	1N753
1N701	10.0	10.0	9.0	5%	400 mw	—	1N758
1N702	2.0 - 3.2	5.0	60.0(3)	Suffix A = 5%	250 mw	DO-7/DO-35	
1N703	3.0 - 3.9	"	55.0(3)	" "	"	"	
1N704	3.7 - 4.5	"	45.0(3)	" "	"	"	
1N705	4.3 - 5.4	"	35.0(3)	" "	"	"	
1N706	5.2 - 6.4	"	20.0(3)	" "	"	"	
1N707	6.2 - 8.0	"	10.0(3)	" "	"	"	
1N708	5.6	25.0	3.6	No Suffix = 10%	250 mw	"	
1N709	6.2	"	4.1	Suffix A = 5%	"	"	
1N710	6.8	"	4.7	" "	"	"	
1N711	7.5	"	5.3	" "	"	"	
1N712	8.2	"	6.0	" "	"	"	
1N713	9.1	12.0	7.0	" "	"	"	
1N714	10.0	"	8.0	" "	"	"	
1N715	11.0	"	9.0	" "	"	"	
1N716	12.0	"	10.0	" "	"	"	

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(1) Double anode type

(2) Temperature compensated zener diode

(3)  $I_{ZT} = 10mA$

(4) Temperature range  $-55^\circ C$  to  $+100^\circ C$

(5) Temperature range  $-55^\circ C$  to  $+150^\circ C$

(8) Microsemi utilizes glass sub potted in epoxy.

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$ Volts	Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ , Ohms @ mA	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
<b>1N717</b>	13.0	12.0	11.0	No Suffix = 10% Suffix A = 5%	250 mw	DO-7/DO-35
<b>1N718</b>	15.0	"	13.0	" "	"	
<b>1N719</b>	16.0	"	15.0	" "	"	
<b>1N720</b>	18.0	"	17.0	" "	"	
<b>1N721</b>	20.0	4.0	20.0	" "	"	
<b>1N722</b>	22.0	"	24.0	" "	"	
<b>1N723</b>	24.0	"	28.0	" "	"	
<b>1N724</b>	27.0	"	35.0	" "	"	
<b>1N725</b>	30.0	"	42.0	" "	"	
<b>1N726</b>	33.0	"	50.0	" "	"	
<b>1N727</b>	36.0	"	60.0	" "	"	
<b>1N728</b>	39.0	"	70.0	" "	"	
<b>1N729</b>	43.0	"	84.0	" "	"	
<b>1N730</b>	47.0	"	98.0	" "	"	
<b>1N731</b>	51.0	"	115.0	" "	"	
<b>1N732</b>	56.0	"	140.0	" "	"	
<b>1N733</b>	62.0	2.0	170.0	No Suffix = 10% Suffix A = 5%	250 mw	DO-7/DO-35
<b>1N734</b>	68.0	2.0	200.0	" "	"	
<b>1N735</b>	75.0	2.0	240.0	" "	"	
<b>1N736</b>	82.0	2.0	280.0	" "	"	
<b>1N737</b>	91.0	1.0	340.0	" "	"	
<b>1N738</b>	100.0	1.0	400.0	" "	"	
<b>1N739</b>	110.0	1.0	490.0	" "	"	
<b>1N740</b>	120.0	1.0	570.0	" "	"	
<b>1N741</b>	130.0	1.0	650.0	" "	"	
<b>1N742</b>	150.0	1.0	860.0	" "	"	
<b>1N743</b>	160.0	1.0	970.0	" "	"	
<b>1N744</b>	180.0	1.0	1200.0	" "	"	
<b>1N745</b>	200.0	1.0	1400.0	" "	"	
<b>1N746</b>	3.3	20.0	28.0	No Suffix = 10% Suffix A = 5%	400 mw	DO-7/DO-35
<b>1N747</b>	3.6	20.0	24.0	" "	"	
<b>1N748</b>	3.9	20.0	23.0	" "	"	
<b>1N749</b>	4.3	20.0	22.0	" "	"	
<b>1N750</b>	4.7	20.0	19.0	" "	"	
<b>1N751</b>	5.1	20.0	17.0	" "	"	
<b>1N752</b>	5.6	20.0	11.0	" "	"	
<b>1N753</b>	6.2	20.0	7.0	" "	"	
<b>1N754</b>	6.8	20.0	5.0	" "	"	
<b>1N755</b>	7.5	20.0	6.0	" "	"	
<b>1N756</b>	8.2	20.0	8.0	" "	"	
<b>1N757</b>	9.1	20.0	10.0	" "	"	
<b>1N758</b>	10.0	20.0	17.0	" "	"	
<b>1N759</b>	12.0	20.0	30.0	" "	"	
<b>1N761</b>	4.3 - 5.4	10.0	40.0		250 mw	"
<b>1N762</b>	5.2 - 6.4	"	18.0		"	
<b>1N763</b>	6.2 - 8.0	"	7.0		"	
<b>1N764</b>	7.5 - 10.0	"	12.0		"	
<b>1N765</b>	9.0 - 12.0	5.0	45.0		"	
<b>1N766</b>	11.0 - 14.5	5.0	55.0		"	
<b>1N767</b>	13.5 - 18.0	5.0	70.0		"	
<b>1N768</b>	17.0 - 21.0	5.0	100.0		"	
<b>1N769</b>	20.0 - 27.0	5.0	150.0		"	
<b>1N821(2)</b>	<b><math>6.2 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>15.0</b>	T.C. = .01% / °C(4)	<b>400 mw</b>	<b>DO-7/DO-35</b>
<b>1N821A(2)</b>	<b><math>6.2 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>10.0</b>	T.C. = .01% / °C(4)	"	"
<b>1N822(1,2)</b>	<b><math>6.2 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>15.0</b>	T.C. = .01% / °C(4)	"	"
<b>1N823(2)</b>	<b><math>6.2 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>15.0</b>	T.C. = .005% / °C(4)	"	"
<b>1N823A(2)</b>	<b><math>6.2 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>10.0</b>	T.C. = .005% / °C(4)	"	"
<b>1N824(1,2)</b>	<b><math>6.2 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>15.0</b>	T.C. = .005% / °C(4)	"	"
<b>1N825(2)</b>	<b><math>6.2 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>15.0</b>	T.C. = .002% / °C(4)	"	"
<b>1N825A(2)</b>	<b><math>6.2 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>10.0</b>	T.C. = .002% / °C(4)	"	"
<b>1N826(2)</b>	<b><math>6.2 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>15.0</b>	T.C. = .002% / °C(4)	"	"
<b>1N827(2)</b>	<b><math>6.2 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>15.0</b>	T.C. = .001% / °C(4)	"	"
<b>1N827A(2)</b>	<b><math>6.2 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>10.0</b>	T.C. = .001% / °C(4)	"	"
<b>1N828(2)</b>	<b><math>6.2 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>15.0</b>	T.C. = .001% / °C(4)	"	"
<b>1N829A</b>	<b><math>6.2 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>15.0</b>	T.C. = .0005% / °C(4)	"	"
<b>1N935(2)</b>	<b><math>9.0 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>20.0</b>	T.C. = .01% / °C(7)	<b>500 mw</b>	<b>DO-7</b>
<b>1N936(2)</b>	<b><math>9.0 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>20.0</b>	T.C. = .005% / °C(7)	"	"
<b>1N937(2)</b>	<b><math>9.0 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>20.0</b>	T.C. = .002% / °C(7)	"	"

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(1)Double anode type      (4)Temperature range -55°C to +100°C      (7)No suffix denotes temp. range 0°C to +75°C  
 Suffix A denotes temp. range -55°C to +100°C  
 Suffix B denotes temp. range -55°C to +150°C

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$ Volts	@ mA	Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
<b>1N938(2)</b>	<b><math>9.0 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>20.0</b>	T.C. = .001%/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (7)	"	"	
<b>1N939(2)</b>	<b><math>9.0 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>20.0</b>	T.C. = .0005%/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (7)	"	"	
<b>1N940(2)</b>	<b><math>9.0 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>20.0</b>	T.C. = .0002%/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (7)	"	"	
<b>1N941(2)</b>	<b><math>11.7 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>30.0</b>	T.C. = .01%/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (7)	"	"	
<b>1N942(2)</b>	<b><math>11.7 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>30.0</b>	T.C. = .005%/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (7)	"	"	
<b>1N943(2)</b>	<b><math>11.7 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>30.0</b>	T.C. = .002%/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (7)	"	"	
<b>1N944(2)</b>	<b><math>11.7 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>30.0</b>	T.C. = .001%/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (7)	"	"	
<b>1N945(2)</b>	<b><math>11.7 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>30.0</b>	T.C. = .0005%/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (7)	"	"	
<b>1N946(2)</b>	<b><math>11.7 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>30.0</b>	T.C. = .0002%/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (7)	"	"	
<b>1N957</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>18.5</b>	<b>4.5</b>	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5%		<b>400 mw</b>	DO-7/DO-35
<b>1N958</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>16.5</b>	<b>5.5</b>			"	"
<b>1N959</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>15.0</b>	<b>6.5</b>			"	"
<b>1N960</b>	<b>9.1</b>	<b>14.0</b>	<b>7.5</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N961</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>12.5</b>	<b>8.5</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N962</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>11.5</b>	<b>9.5</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N963</b>	<b>12.0</b>	<b>10.5</b>	<b>11.5</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N964</b>	<b>13.0</b>	<b>9.5</b>	<b>13.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N965</b>	<b>15.0</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>16.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N966</b>	<b>16.0</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>17.0</b>	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5%		<b>400 mw</b>	DO-7/DO-35
<b>1N967</b>	<b>18.0</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>21.0</b>			"	"
<b>1N968</b>	<b>20.0</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>25.0</b>			"	"
<b>1N969</b>	<b>22.0</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>29.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N970</b>	<b>24.0</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>33.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N971</b>	<b>27.0</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>41.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N972</b>	<b>30.0</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>49.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N973</b>	<b>33.0</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>58.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N974</b>	<b>36.0</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>70.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N975</b>	<b>39.0</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>80.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N976</b>	<b>43.0</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>93.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N977</b>	<b>47.0</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>105.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N978</b>	<b>51.0</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>125.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N979</b>	<b>56.0</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>150.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N980</b>	<b>62.0</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>185.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N981</b>	<b>68.0</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>230.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N982</b>	<b>75.0</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>270.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N983</b>	<b>82.0</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>330.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N984</b>	<b>91.0</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>400.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N985</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>500.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N986</b>	<b>110.0</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>750.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N987</b>	<b>120.0</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>900.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N988</b>	<b>130.0</b>	<b>0.95</b>	<b>1100.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N989</b>	<b>150.0</b>	<b>0.85</b>	<b>1500.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N990</b>	<b>160.0</b>	<b>0.80</b>	<b>1700.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N991</b>	<b>180.0</b>	<b>0.68</b>	<b>2200.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N992</b>	<b>200.0</b>	<b>0.65</b>	<b>2500.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1313</b>	<b>7.5 - 10.0</b>	<b>0.20</b>	—	Suffix A = 5%		<b>150 mw</b>	Case A(8)
<b>1N1314</b>	<b>9.0 - 12.0</b>	—	—			"	"
<b>1N1315</b>	<b>11.0 - 14.5</b>	—	—			"	"
<b>1N1316</b>	<b>13.5 - 18.0</b>	—	—			"	"
<b>1N1317</b>	<b>17.0 - 21.0</b>	—	—			"	"
<b>1N1318</b>	<b>20.0 - 27.0</b>	—	—			"	"
<b>1N1319</b>	<b>25.0 - 32.0</b>	—	—			"	"
<b>1N1320</b>	<b>30.0 - 39.0</b>	—	—			"	"
<b>1N1321</b>	<b>37.0 - 45.0</b>	—	—			"	"
<b>1N1322</b>	<b>43.0 - 54.0</b>	—	—			"	"
<b>1N1323</b>	<b>52.0 - 64.0</b>	—	—			"	"
<b>1N1324</b>	<b>62.0 - 80.0</b>	—	—			"	"
<b>1N1325</b>	<b>75.0 - 100</b>	—	—			"	"
<b>1N1326</b>	<b>90.0 - 120</b>	—	—			"	"
<b>1N1327</b>	<b>110 - 145</b>	—	—			"	"
<b>1N1351</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>500.0</b>	<b>2.0</b>	No Suffix = 10% Suffix A = 5%		<b>10 watt</b>	DO-4
<b>1N1352</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>500.0</b>	<b>2.0</b>			"	"
<b>1N1353</b>	<b>12.0</b>	<b>500.0</b>	<b>2.0</b>	Suffix R = Rev. Polarity		"	"
<b>1N1354</b>	<b>13.0</b>	<b>500.0</b>	<b>2.0</b>			"	"
<b>1N1355</b>	<b>15.0</b>	<b>500.0</b>	<b>2.0</b>			"	"
<b>1N1356</b>	<b>16.0</b>	<b>500.0</b>	<b>3.0</b>			"	"
<b>1N1357</b>	<b>18.0</b>	<b>150.0</b>	<b>3.0</b>			"	"
<b>1N1358</b>	<b>20.0</b>	<b>150.0</b>	<b>3.0</b>			"	"
<b>1N1359</b>	<b>22.0</b>	<b>150.0</b>	<b>3.0</b>			"	"
<b>1N1360</b>	<b>24.0</b>	<b>150.0</b>	<b>3.0</b>			"	"
<b>1N1361</b>	<b>27.0</b>	<b>150.0</b>	<b>3.0</b>			"	"
<b>1N1362</b>	<b>30.0</b>	<b>150.0</b>	<b>4.0</b>			"	"

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type. (8) Microsemi device utilizes glass sub potted in epoxy.

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$ Volts	Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
<b>1N1363</b>	33.0	150.0	4.0	No Suffix = 10% Suffix A = 5% Suffix R = Rev. Polarity	10 watt	DO-4
<b>1N1364</b>	36.0	150.0	5.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N1365</b>	39.0	150.0	5.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N1366</b>	43.0	150.0	6.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N1367</b>	47.0	150.0	7.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N1368</b>	51.0	150.0	8.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N1369</b>	56.0	150.0	9.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N1370</b>	62.0	50.0	12.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N1371</b>	68.0	50.0	14.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N1372</b>	75.0	50.0	20.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N1373</b>	82.0	50.0	22.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N1374</b>	91.0	50.0	35.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N1375</b>	100.0	50.0	40.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N1416</b>	8.2	200.0	3.0	5%	10 watt	—
<b>1N1417</b>	12.0	200.0	3.5	"	"	1N2972
<b>1N1418</b>	15.0	100.0	4.0	"	"	1N2976
<b>1N1419</b>	18.0	100.0	5.0	"	"	1N2979
<b>1N1420</b>	22.0	100.0	5.0	"	"	1N2982
<b>1N1421</b>	27.0	50.0	8.0	"	"	1N2985
<b>1N1422</b>	68.0	20.0	15.0	5%	10 watt	—
<b>1N1423</b>	100.0	20.0	30.0	"	"	1N3001
<b>1N1424</b>	150.0	10.0	105.0	"	"	1N3005
<b>1N1425</b>	8.2	20.0	5.0	5%	1 watt	—
<b>1N1426</b>	12.0	20.0	7.0	"	"	1N3018
<b>1N1427</b>	15.0	10.0	17.0	"	"	1N3022
<b>1N1428</b>	18.0	10.0	20.0	"	"	1N3024
<b>1N1429</b>	22.0	10.0	23.0	"	"	1N3026
<b>1N1430</b>	27.0	5.0	50.0	"	"	1N3028
<b>1N1431</b>	68.0	2.0	150.0	"	"	1N3030
<b>1N1432</b>	100.0	2.0	350.0	"	"	1N3040
<b>1N1433</b>	150.0	1.0	1200.0	"	"	1N3044
<b>1N1482</b>	4.7	200.0	3.0	5%	10 watt	—
<b>1N1483</b>	6.2	200.0	2.0	"	"	1N3048
<b>1N1484</b>	4.7	50.0	5.0	5%	1 watt	—
<b>1N1485</b>	6.2	20.0	5.0	"	"	1N3082
<b>1N1507</b>	3.9	35.0	15.0	No Suffix = 10% Suffix A = 5%	750mw	DO-12(9)
<b>1N1508</b>	4.7	30.0	13.0	" "	"	1N3823
<b>1N1509</b>	5.6	26.0	11.0	" "	"	1N3825
<b>1N1510</b>	6.8	22.0	3.0	" "	"	1N3827
<b>1N1511</b>	8.2	18.0	3.0	" "	"	1N3016
<b>1N1512</b>	10.0	15.0	3.2	" "	"	1N3018
<b>1N1513</b>	12.0	12.0	6.5	" "	"	1N3020
<b>1N1514</b>	15.0	10.0	10.5	" "	"	1N3022
<b>1N1515</b>	18.0	8.0	16.0	" "	"	1N3024
<b>1N1516</b>	22.0	6.0	40.0	" "	"	1N3026
<b>1N1517</b>	27.0	5.0	82.0	" "	"	1N3028
<b>1N1518</b>	3.9	50.0	10.0	No Suffix = 10% Suffix A = 5%	1 watt	DO-3(9)
<b>1N1519</b>	4.7	40.0	13.0	" "	"	1N3823
<b>1N1520</b>	5.6	35.0	10.2	" "	"	1N3825
<b>1N1521</b>	6.8	30.0	4.2	" "	"	1N3827
<b>1N1522</b>	8.2	25.0	3.0	" "	"	1N3016
<b>1N1523</b>	10.0	20.0	4.0	" "	"	1N3018
<b>1N1524</b>	12.0	15.0	6.0	" "	"	1N3020
<b>1N1525</b>	15.0	13.0	13.0	" "	"	1N3022
<b>1N1526</b>	18.0	10.0	25.0	" "	"	1N3024
<b>1N1527</b>	22.0	9.0	32.0	" "	"	1N3026
<b>1N1528</b>	27.0	7.0	45.0	" "	"	1N3028
<b>1N1530(2)</b>	<b><math>8.4 \pm 5\%</math></b>	10.0	15.0	T.C. = .002%/°C(4)	250mw	Case Q
<b>1N1530A(2)</b>	<b><math>8.4 \pm 5\%</math></b>	10.0	15.0	T.C. = .001%/°C(4)	"	1N3156 <sup>(27)</sup>
<b>1N1588</b>	3.9	150.0	4.5	No Suffix = 10% Suffix A = 5%	3.5 watt	DO-4
<b>1N1589</b>	4.7	125.0	4.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N1590</b>	5.6	110.0	3.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N1591</b>	6.8	100.0	0.9	" "	"	"
<b>1N1592</b>	8.2	80.0	1.5	" "	"	"
<b>1N1593</b>	10.0	70.0	2.5	" "	"	"
<b>1N1594</b>	12.0	50.0	3.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N1595</b>	15.0	40.0	5.5	" "	"	"
<b>1N1596</b>	18.0	35.0	9.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N1597</b>	22.0	30.0	14.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N1598</b>	27.0	25.0	24.0	" "	"	"

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(2) Temperature compensated zener diode

(4) Temperature range -55°C to +100°C

(9) Supplied by Microsemi in DO-13 Case

(27) Supplied by Microsemi in DO-7 package.

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$ Volts	Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ Ohms @ mA	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute	
<b>1N1599</b>	<b>3.9</b>	500.0	1.5	No Suffix = 10%	10 watt	DO-4	
<b>1N1600</b>	<b>4.7</b>	400.0	0.9	Suffix A = 5%	"	"	
<b>1N1601</b>	<b>5.6</b>	350.0	0.6	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1602</b>	<b>6.8</b>	300.0	0.4	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1603</b>	<b>8.2</b>	250.0	0.6	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1604</b>	<b>10.0</b>	200.0	1.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1605</b>	<b>12.0</b>	170.0	2.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1606</b>	<b>15.0</b>	140.0	1.9	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1607</b>	<b>18.0</b>	110.0	4.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1608</b>	<b>22.0</b>	90.0	6.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1609</b>	<b>27.0</b>	70.0	10.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1735<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>6.2 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>7.5</b>	20.0	No Suffix, T.C. = .01%/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (4)	200 mw	Case 1	<b>1N821<sup>(27)</sup></b>
<b>1N1736<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>12.4 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	40.0	Suffix A, T.C. = .005%/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (4)	400 mw	Case 2	
<b>1N1737<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>18.6 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	60.0	" "	600 mw	Case 3	
<b>1N1738<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>24.8 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	80.0	" "	800 mw	Case 3	
<b>1N1739<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>31.0 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	100.0	" "	1000 mw	Case 4	
<b>1N1740<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>37.2 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	120.0	" "	1200 mw	"	
<b>1N1741<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>43.4 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	140.0	" "	1400 mw	"	
<b>1N1742<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>49.6 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	160.0	" "	1600 mw	"	
<b>1N1743</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>200.0</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>5%</b>	10 watt	—	<b>1N2974</b>
<b>1N1744</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>20.0</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>5%</b>	1 watt	—	<b>1N3020</b>
<b>1N1765</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1.2</b>	No Suffix = 10%	1 watt	DO-12 <sup>(9)</sup>	<b>1N3827</b>
<b>1N1766</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>1.5</b>	Suffix A = 5%	"	"	<b>1N3828</b>
<b>1N1767</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>1.7</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3016</b>
<b>1N1768</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>2.1</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3017</b>
<b>1N1769</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>2.4</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3018</b>
<b>1N1770</b>	<b>9.1</b>	<b>50.0</b>	<b>3.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3019</b>
<b>1N1771</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>3.5</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3020</b>
<b>1N1772</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>4.2</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3021</b>
<b>1N1773</b>	<b>12.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>5.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3022</b>
<b>1N1774</b>	<b>13.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>5.8</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3023</b>
<b>1N1775</b>	<b>15.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>7.6</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3024</b>
<b>1N1776</b>	<b>16.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>8.6</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3025</b>
<b>1N1777</b>	<b>18.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>11.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3026</b>
<b>1N1778</b>	<b>20.0</b>	<b>15.0</b>	<b>13.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3027</b>
<b>1N1779</b>	<b>22.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>16.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3028</b>
<b>1N1780</b>	<b>24.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>18.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3029</b>
<b>1N1781</b>	<b>27.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>23.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3030</b>
<b>1N1782</b>	<b>30.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>28.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3031</b>
<b>1N1783</b>	<b>33.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>33.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3032</b>
<b>1N1784</b>	<b>36.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>39.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3033</b>
<b>1N1785</b>	<b>39.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>45.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3034</b>
<b>1N1786</b>	<b>43.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>54.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3035</b>
<b>1N1787</b>	<b>47.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>64.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3036</b>
<b>1N1788</b>	<b>51.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>74.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3037</b>
<b>1N1789</b>	<b>56.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>88.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3038</b>
<b>1N1790</b>	<b>62.0</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>105.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3039</b>
<b>1N1791</b>	<b>68.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>125.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3040</b>
<b>1N1792</b>	<b>75.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>150.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3041</b>
<b>1N1793</b>	<b>82.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>175.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3042</b>
<b>1N1794</b>	<b>91.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>220.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3043</b>
<b>1N1795</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>260.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3044</b>
<b>1N1796</b>	<b>110.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>320.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3045</b>
<b>1N1797</b>	<b>120.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>390.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3046</b>
<b>1N1798</b>	<b>130.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>450.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3047</b>
<b>1N1799</b>	<b>150.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>600.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3048</b>
<b>1N1800</b>	<b>160.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>700.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3049</b>
<b>1N1801</b>	<b>180.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>900.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3050</b>
<b>1N1802</b>	<b>200.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>1100.0</b>	" "	"	"	<b>1N3051</b>
<b>1N1803</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>1000.0</b>	<b>1.0</b>	No Suffix = 10%	10 watt	DO-4	
<b>1N1804</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	Suffix A = 5%	"	"	
<b>1N1805</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	Suffix R = Rev. Polarity	"	"	
<b>1N1806</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1807</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1808</b>	<b>9.1</b>	<b>500.0</b>	<b>"</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1809</b>	<b>110.0</b>	<b>50.0</b>	<b>47.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1810</b>	<b>120.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>56.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1811</b>	<b>130.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>65.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1812</b>	<b>150.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>82.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1813</b>	<b>160.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>93.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1814</b>	<b>180.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>115.0</b>	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1815</b>	<b>200.0</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>140.0</b>	" "	"	"	

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(1) Supplied by Microsemi in DO-13 case.

(27) Supplied by Microsemi in DO-7 package.

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$		Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
	Volts	@ mA					
<b>1N1816</b>	13.0	500.0	2.0	No Suffix = 10% Suffix A = 5% Suffix C = Double Anode (10%)	10 watt	DO-4	
<b>1N1817</b>	15.0	"	"		"	"	
<b>1N1818</b>	16.0	"	3.0	Suffix C = Double Anode (10%)			
<b>1N1819</b>	18.0	"	"	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1820</b>	20.0	250.0	"	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1821</b>	22.0	"	"	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1822</b>	24.0	"	"	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1823</b>	27.0	"	"	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1824</b>	30.0	"	4.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1825</b>	33.0	150.0	"	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1826</b>	36.0	"	5.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1827</b>	39.0	"	"	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1828</b>	43.0	"	6.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1829</b>	47.0	"	7.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1830</b>	51.0	"	8.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1831</b>	56.0	"	9.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1832</b>	62.0	50.0	12.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1833</b>	68.0	"	14.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1834</b>	75.0	"	20.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N1835</b>	82.0	50.0	22.0	No Suffix = 10%, Suffix A = 5% Suffix C = Double Anode (10%)	10 watt	DO-4	
<b>1N1836</b>	91.0	"	35.0		"	"	
<b>1N1875</b>	8.2	25.0	5.0	No Suffix = 10% Suffix A = 5%	1 watt	Case R <sup>(P)</sup>	1N3018
<b>1N1876</b>	10.0	"	6.0		"	"	1N3020
<b>1N1877</b>	12.0	"	7.0		"	"	1N3022
<b>1N1878</b>	15.0	"	8.0	" "	"	"	1N3024
<b>1N1879</b>	18.0	"	9.0	" "	"	"	1N3026
<b>1N1880</b>	22.0	8.0	24.0	" "	"	"	1N3028
<b>1N1881</b>	27.0	"	27.0	" "	"	"	1N3030
<b>1N1882</b>	33.0	"	30.0	" "	"	"	1N3032
<b>1N1883</b>	39.0	"	35.0	" "	"	"	1N3034
<b>1N1884</b>	47.0	"	50.0	" "	"	"	1N3036
<b>1N1885</b>	56.0	"	75.0	" "	"	"	1N3038
<b>1N1886</b>	68.0	3.0	250.0	" "	"	"	1N3040
<b>1N1887</b>	82.0	"	325.0	" "	"	"	1N3042
<b>1N1888</b>	100.0	"	400.0	" "	"	"	1N3044
<b>1N1889-1N1890</b> is an obsolete series							
<b>1N1891</b>	8.2	25.0	5.0	No Suffix = 10% Suffix A = 5%	10 watt	Case K	1N2972
<b>1N1892</b>	10.0	"	6.0		"	"	1N2974
<b>1N1893</b>	12.0	"	7.0		"	"	1N2976
<b>1N1894</b>	15.0	"	8.0	" "	"	"	1N2979
<b>1N1895</b>	18.0	"	9.0	" "	"	"	1N2982
<b>1N1896</b>	22.0	8.0	24.0	" "	"	"	1N2985
<b>1N1897</b>	27.0	"	27.0	" "	"	"	1N2988
<b>1N1898</b>	33.0	"	30.0	" "	"	"	1N2990
<b>1N1899</b>	39.0	"	35.0	" "	"	"	1N2992
<b>1N1900</b>	47.0	"	50.0	" "	"	"	1N2995
<b>1N1901</b>	56.0	"	75.0	" "	"	"	1N2999
<b>1N1902</b>	68.0	3.0	250.0	" "	"	"	1N3001
<b>1N1903</b>	82.0	"	325.0	" "	"	"	1N3003
<b>1N1904</b>	100.0	"	400.0	" "	"	"	1N3005
<b>1N1927</b>	3.9	5.0	11.0 <sup>(10)</sup>	No Suffix = 10% Suffix A = 5%	250mw	Case L	1N748
<b>1N1928</b>	4.7	"	10.0 <sup>(10)</sup>		"	"	1N750
<b>1N1929</b>	5.6	"	8.0 <sup>(10)</sup>		"	"	1N752
<b>1N1930</b>	6.8	"	7.0 <sup>(10)</sup>	" "	"	"	1N754
<b>1N1931</b>	8.2	"	15.0 <sup>(10)</sup>	" "	"	"	1N756
<b>1N1932</b>	10.0	"	22.0 <sup>(10)</sup>	" "	"	"	1N758
<b>1N1933</b>	12.0	1.0	30.0 <sup>(10)</sup>	" "	"	"	1N759
<b>1N1934</b>	15.0	"	50.0 <sup>(10)</sup>	" "	"	"	1N965
<b>1N1935</b>	18.0	"	70.0 <sup>(10)</sup>	" "	"	"	1N967
<b>1N1936</b>	22.0	"	100.0 <sup>(10)</sup>	" "	"	"	1N969
<b>1N1937</b>	27.0	"	200.0 <sup>(10)</sup>	" "	"	"	1N971
<b>1N1938</b>	33.0	0.2	300.0 <sup>(10)</sup>	" "	"	"	1N973
<b>1N1939</b>	39.0	"	400.0 <sup>(10)</sup>	" "	"	"	1N975
<b>1N1940</b>	47.0	"	500.0 <sup>(10)</sup>	" "	"	"	1N977
<b>1N1941</b>	56.0	"	700.0 <sup>(10)</sup>	" "	"	"	1N979
<b>1N1942</b>	68.0	"	900.0 <sup>(10)</sup>	" "	"	"	1N981
<b>1N1943</b>	82.0	"	1200.0 <sup>(10)</sup>	" "	"	"	1N983
<b>1N1944</b>	100.0	"	1700.0 <sup>(10)</sup>	" "	"	"	1N985
<b>1N1945</b>	120.0	"	2800.0 <sup>(10)</sup>	" "	"	"	1N987
<b>1N1946</b>	150.0	0.1	—	" "	"	"	1N989
<b>1N1947</b>	180.0	"	—	" "	"	"	1N991

NOTE - Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(8) Microsemi device utilizes glass subassembly potted in epoxy.

(9) Supplied by Microsemi in DO-13 Case.

(10) Typical Zener Impedance, 1N1927-32 and 1N1981-86  
1N1933-36 and 1N1987-90 @ 5mA, 1N1937-39 and 1N1991-3 @ 3mA, 1N1940-41 and 1N1994-5 @ 2mA, 1N1942-45 and 1N1996-99 @ 1mA.

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at I <sub>ZT</sub> Volts	Max. Zener Impedance @ I <sub>ZT</sub> Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute	
1N1948	220.0	0.2	—	250mw	Case L		
1N1949	270.0	0.1	—	"	"		
1N1950	330.0	"	—	"	"		
1N1951	395.0	"	—	"	"		
1N1952	470.0	"	—	"	"		
1N1953	565.0	"	—	"	"		
1N1954 thru 1N1980 is an obsolete 200mw series							
1N1981	3.9	5.0	11.0(10)	No Suffix = 10%	150 mw	Case A(8)	
1N1982	4.7	"	10.0(10)	Suffix A = 5%	"	"	
1N1983	5.6	"	8.0(10)	" "	"		
1N1984	6.8	"	7.0(10)	" "	"		
1N1985	8.2	"	15.0(10)	" "	"		
1N1986	10.0	"	22.0(10)	" "	"		
1N1987	12.0	1.0	30.0(10)	" "	"		
1N1988	15.0	"	50.0(10)	" "	"		
1N1989	18.0	"	70.0(10)	" "	"		
1N1990	22.0	"	100.0(10)	" "	"		
1N1991	27.0	1.0	200.0(10)	No Suffix = 10%	150 mw	Case A(8)	
1N1992	33.0	0.2	300.0(10)	Suffix A = 5%	"	"	
1N1993	39.0	"	400.0(10)	" "	"		
1N1994	47.0	"	500.0(10)	" "	"		
1N1995	56.0	"	700.0(10)	" "	"		
1N1996	68.0	"	900.0(10)	" "	"		
1N1997	82.0	"	1200.0(10)	" "	"		
1N1998	100.0	"	1700.0(10)	" "	"		
1N1999	120.0	"	2800.0(10)	" "	"		
1N2000	145.0	0.1	—	" "	"		
1N2001	180.0	"	—	" "	"		
1N2002	220.0	"	—	" "	"		
1N2003	270.0	"	—	" "	"		
1N2004	330.0	"	—	" "	"		
1N2005	390.0	"	—	" "	"		
1N2006	470.0	"	—	" "	"		
1N2007	560.0	"	—	" "	"		
1N2008	100.0	50.0	40.0	No Suffix = 10%	10 watt	DO-4	
1N2009	110.0	"	47.0	Suffix A = 5%	"	"	
1N2010	120.0	"	56.0	Suffix R = Rev. Polarity	"	"	
1N2011	130.0	"	65.0	Suffix C = Double Anode (10%)	"		
1N2012	150.0	"	82.0		"		
1N2032	4.3 - 5.4	10.0	55.0		750 mw	DO-12 <sup>(9)</sup>	
1N2033	5.2 - 6.4	"	20.0		"	1N3825	
1N2034	6.2 - 8.0	"	8.0		"	1N3827	
1N2035	7.5 - 10.0	"	15.0		"	1N3829	
1N2036	9.0 - 12.0	5.0	50.0		"	1N3019	
1N2037	11.0 - 14.5	"	70.0		"	1N3021	
1N2038	13.5 - 18.0	"	120.0		"	1N3023	
1N2039	17.0 - 21.0	"	200.0		"	1N3025	
1N2040	20.0 - 27.0	"	300.0		"	1N3027	
1N2041	4.3 - 5.4	1000.0	0.5		10 watt	DO-4	
1N2042	5.2 - 6.4	"	0.7		"		
1N2043	6.2 - 8.0	"	0.8		"		
1N2044	7.5 - 10.0	"	0.8		"		
1N2045	9.0 - 12.0	500.0	1.5		"		
1N2046	11.0 - 14.5	"	2.0		"		
1N2047	13.5 - 18.0	"	3.0		"		
1N2048	17.0 - 21.0	"	"		"		
1N2049	20.0 - 27.0	150.0	8.0		"		
1N2163 <sup>(2)</sup>	9.4 ± 5%	10.0	15.0	T.C. = .005% / °C <sup>(11)</sup>	750 mw	DO-13	1N936 <sup>(27)</sup>
1N2164 <sup>(2)</sup>	Prefix	"	"	" "	"	"	1N936A <sup>(27)</sup>
1N2165 <sup>(2)</sup>	A = 2.0%	"	"	" "	"	"	1N936B <sup>(27)</sup>
1N2166 <sup>(2)</sup>	" "	"	"	T.C. = .001% / °C <sup>(11)</sup>	"	"	1N938 <sup>(27)</sup>
1N2167 <sup>(2)</sup>	" "	"	"	" "	"	"	1N938A <sup>(27)</sup>
1N2168 <sup>(2)</sup>	" "	"	"	" "	"	"	1N938B <sup>(27)</sup>
1N2169 <sup>(2)</sup>	" "	"	"	T.C. = .0005% / °C <sup>(11)</sup>	"	"	1N939 <sup>(27)</sup>
1N2170 <sup>(2)</sup>	" "	"	"	" "	"	"	1N939A <sup>(27)</sup>
1N2171 <sup>(2)</sup>	" "	"	"	" "	"	"	1N939B <sup>(27)</sup>
1N2214 <sup>(2)</sup>	5.4 - 5.6	35.0	5.6	T.C. = .03% / °C	1 watt	DO-1 <sup>(9)</sup>	1N3827
1N2387 is an obsolete 1 watt device							
1N2498	10.0	500.0	2.0	No Suffix = 10%	10 watt	DO-4	
1N2499	11.0	"	"	Suffix A = 5%	"	"	
1N2500	12.0	"	"	Suffix C = Double Anode (10%)	"	"	

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(9) Supplied by Microsemi in DO-13.

(27) Supplied by Microsemi in DO-7 package.

(33) Supplied by Microsemi in Case Size CC.

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$ Volts	@ mA	Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
1N2620 <sup>(2)</sup>	9.3 ± 5%	10.0	15.0	Temp. .01% / °C <sup>(7)</sup>	750 mw	DO-13	1N935 <sup>(27)</sup>
1N2621 <sup>(2)</sup>	9.3 ± 5%	"	"	Coeff. .005% / °C <sup>(7)</sup>	"	"	1N936 <sup>(27)</sup>
1N2622 <sup>(2)</sup>	9.3 ± 5%	"	"	.002% / °C <sup>(7)</sup>	"	"	1N937 <sup>(27)</sup>
1N2623 <sup>(2)</sup>	9.3 ± 5%	"	"	.001% / °C <sup>(7)</sup>	"	"	1N938 <sup>(27)</sup>
1N2624 <sup>(2)</sup>	9.3 ± 5%	"	"	.0005% / °C <sup>(7)</sup>	"	"	1N939 <sup>(27)</sup>

1N2625-1N2626 is an obsolete series

1N2765 <sup>(2)</sup>	6.8 ± 5%	7.5	20.0	T.C. = .005% / °C <sup>(4)</sup>	—	Case S	1N825 <sup>(27)</sup>
1N2766 <sup>(2)</sup>	13.6 ± 5%	"	40.0	Suffix A = .0025% / °C <sup>(4)</sup>	—	"	1N4058 <sup>(33)</sup>
1N2767 <sup>(2)</sup>	20.4 ± 5%	"	60.0	" "	—	Case T	1N4061 <sup>(33)</sup>
1N2768 <sup>(2)</sup>	27.2 ± 5%	"	80.0	" "	—	"	1N4063 <sup>(33)</sup>
1N2769 <sup>(2)</sup>	34.0 ± 5%	"	100.0	" "	—	Case L	1N4065 <sup>(33)</sup>
1N2770 <sup>(2)</sup>	40.8 ± 5%	"	120.0	" "	—	"	1N4067 <sup>(33)</sup>

1N2783 is an obsolete device

1N2790	8.5 ± 5%	10.0	15.0	T.C. = .002% / °C	1 watt	—	1N3156
1N2804	6.8	1850.0	0.2	No Suffix = 20%	50 watt	TO-3	
1N2805	7.5	1700.0	0.3	Suffix A = 10%, Suffix B = 5%	"	"	
1N2806	8.2	1500.0	0.4	Suffix R = Rev. Polarity	"	"	
1N2807	9.1	1370.0	0.5	No Suffix = 20%	50 watt	TO-3	
1N2808	10.0	1200.0	0.6	Suffix A = 10%, Suffix B = 5%	"	"	
1N2809	11.0	1100.0	0.8	Suffix R = Rev. Polarity	"	"	
1N2810	12.0	1000.0	1.0	" "	"	"	
1N2811	13.0	960.0	1.1	" "	"	"	
1N2812	14.0	890.0	1.2	" "	"	"	
1N2813	15.0	830.0	1.4	" "	"	"	
1N2814	16.0	780.0	1.6	" "	"	"	
1N2815	17.0	740.0	1.8	" "	"	"	
1N2816	18.0	700.0	2.0	" "	"	"	
1N2817	19.0	660.0	2.2	" "	"	"	
1N2818	20.0	630.0	2.4	" "	"	"	
1N2819	22.0	570.0	2.5	" "	"	"	
1N2820	24.0	520.0	2.6	" "	"	"	
1N2821	25.0	500.0	2.7	" "	"	"	
1N2822	27.0	460.0	2.8	" "	"	"	
1N2823	30.0	420.0	3.0	" "	"	"	
1N2824	33.0	380.0	3.2	" "	"	"	
1N2825	36.0	350.0	3.5	" "	"	"	
1N2826	39.0	320.0	4.0	" "	"	"	
1N2827	43.0	290.0	4.5	" "	"	"	
1N2828	45.0	280.0	"	" "	"	"	
1N2829	47.0	270.0	5.0	" "	"	"	
1N2830	50.0	250.0	"	" "	"	"	
1N2831	51.0	245.0	5.2	" "	"	"	
1N2832	56.0	220.0	6.0	" "	"	"	
1N2833	62.0	200.0	7.0	" "	"	"	
1N2834	68.0	180.0	8.0	" "	"	"	
1N2835	75.0	170.0	9.0	" "	"	"	
1N2836	82.0	150.0	11.0	" "	"	"	
1N2837	91.0	140.0	15.0	" "	"	"	
1N2838	100.0	120.0	20.0	" "	"	"	
1N2839	105.0	"	25.0	" "	"	"	
1N2840	110.0	110.0	30.0	" "	"	"	
1N2841	120.0	100.0	40.0	" "	"	"	
1N2842	130.0	95.0	50.0	" "	"	"	
1N2843	150.0	85.0	75.0	" "	"	"	
1N2844	160.0	80.0	80.0	" "	"	"	
1N2845	180.0	68.0	90.0	" "	"	"	
1N2846	200.0	65.0	100.0	" "	"	"	

1N2865-1N2868 is an obsolete series

1N2937	50.0	25.0	75.0	15%	10 watt	DO-4	
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1N2942 thru 1N2968 is an obsolete 50 watt series

1N2970	6.8	370.0	1.2	No Suffix = 20%	10 watt	DO-4	
1N2971	7.5	335.0	1.3	Suffix A = 10%, Suffix B = 5%	"	"	
1N2972	8.2	305.0	1.5	Suffix R = Rev. Polarity	"	"	
1N2973	9.1	275.0	2.0	" "	"	"	
1N2974	10.0	250.0	3.0	" "	"	"	
1N2975	11.0	230.0	"	" "	"	"	
1N2976	12.0	210.0	"	" "	"	"	
1N2977	13.0	190.0	"	" "	"	"	
1N2978	14.0	180.0	"	" "	"	"	

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(2) Temperature compensated zener diode

(4) Temperature range -55°C to +100°C

(7) No suffix denotes temp. range 0°C to +75°C  
Suffix A denotes temp. range -55°C to +100°C  
Suffix B denotes temp. range -55°C to +150°C

(9) Supplied by Microsemi in DO-13 Case

(10) See footnote (10) on page 1

(11) Temperature range 0°C to +70°C 1N2163, 66.69  
-55°C to +125°C 1N2164, 67.70  
-55°C to +185°C 1N2165, 68.71

(27) Supplied by Microsemi in DO-7 package

(33) Supplied by Microsemi in Case Size CC.

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at I <sub>ZT</sub> Volts	Max. Zener Impedance @ I <sub>ZT</sub> Ohms @ mA	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
<b>1N2979</b>	15.0	170.0	3.0	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10%, Suffix B = 5% Suffix R = Rev. Polarity	10 watt	DO-4
<b>1N2980</b>	16.0	155.0	4.0	"	"	
<b>1N2981</b>	17.0	145.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N2982</b>	18.0	140.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N2983</b>	19.0	130.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N2984</b>	20.0	125.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N2985</b>	22.0	115.0	5.0	"	"	
<b>1N2986</b>	24.0	105.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N2987</b>	25.0	100.0	6.0	"	"	
<b>1N2988</b>	27.0	95.0	7.0	"	"	
<b>1N2989</b>	30.0	85.0	8.0	"	"	
<b>1N2990</b>	33.0	75.0	9.0	"	"	
<b>1N2991</b>	36.0	70.0	10.0	"	"	
<b>1N2992</b>	39.0	65.0	11.0	"	"	
<b>1N2993</b>	43.0	60.0	12.0	"	"	
<b>1N2994</b>	45.0	55.0	13.0	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10%, Suffix B = 5% Suffix R = Rev. Polarity	10 watt	DO-4
<b>1N2995</b>	47.0	"	14.0	"	"	
<b>1N2996</b>	50.0	50.0	15.0	"	"	
<b>1N2997</b>	51.0	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N2998</b>	52.0	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N2999</b>	56.0	45.0	16.0	"	"	
<b>1N3000</b>	62.0	40.0	17.0	"	"	
<b>1N3001</b>	68.0	37.0	18.0	"	"	
<b>1N3002</b>	75.0	33.0	22.0	"	"	
<b>1N3003</b>	82.0	30.0	25.0	"	"	
<b>1N3004</b>	91.0	28.0	35.0	"	"	
<b>1N3005</b>	100.0	25.0	40.0	"	"	
<b>1N3006</b>	105.0	"	45.0	"	"	
<b>1N3007</b>	110.0	23.0	55.0	"	"	
<b>1N3008</b>	120.0	20.0	75.0	"	"	
<b>1N3009</b>	130.0	19.0	100.0	"	"	
<b>1N3010</b>	140.0	18.0	125.0	"	"	
<b>1N3011</b>	150.0	17.0	175.0	"	"	
<b>1N3012</b>	160.0	16.0	200.0	"	"	
<b>1N3013</b>	175.0	14.0	250.0	"	"	
<b>1N3014</b>	180.0	"	260.0	"	"	
<b>1N3015</b>	200.0	12.0	300.0	"	"	
<b>1N3016</b>	6.8	37.0	3.5	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5%	1 watt	DO-13
<b>1N3017</b>	7.5	34.0	4.0	"	"	
<b>1N3018</b>	8.2	31.0	4.5	"	"	
<b>1N3019</b>	9.1	28.0	5.0	"	"	
<b>1N3020</b>	10.0	25.0	7.0	"	"	
<b>1N3021</b>	11.0	23.0	8.0	"	"	
<b>1N3022</b>	12.0	21.0	9.0	"	"	
<b>1N3023</b>	13.0	19.0	10.0	"	"	
<b>1N3024</b>	15.0	17.0	14.0	"	"	
<b>1N3025</b>	16.0	15.5	16.0	"	"	
<b>1N3026</b>	18.0	14.0	20.0	"	"	
<b>1N3027</b>	20.0	12.5	22.0	"	"	
<b>1N3028</b>	22.0	11.5	23.0	"	"	
<b>1N3029</b>	24.0	10.5	25.0	"	"	
<b>1N3030</b>	27.0	9.5	35.0	"	"	
<b>1N3031</b>	30.0	8.5	40.0	"	"	
<b>1N3032</b>	33.0	7.5	45.0	"	"	
<b>1N3033</b>	36.0	7.0	50.0	"	"	
<b>1N3034</b>	39.0	6.5	60.0	"	"	
<b>1N3035</b>	43.0	6.0	70.0	"	"	
<b>1N3036</b>	47.0	5.5	80.0	"	"	
<b>1N3037</b>	51.0	5.0	95.0	"	"	
<b>1N3038</b>	56.0	4.5	110.0	"	"	
<b>1N3039</b>	62.0	4.0	125.0	"	"	
<b>1N3040</b>	68.0	3.7	150.0	"	"	
<b>1N3041</b>	75.0	3.3	175.0	"	"	
<b>1N3042</b>	82.0	3.0	200.0	"	"	
<b>1N3043</b>	91.0	2.8	250.0	"	"	
<b>1N3044</b>	100.0	2.5	350.0	"	"	
<b>1N3045</b>	110.0	2.3	450.0	"	"	
<b>1N3046</b>	120.0	2.0	550.0	"	"	
<b>1N3047</b>	130.0	1.9	700.0	"	"	
<b>1N3048</b>	150.0	1.7	1000.0	"	"	

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$		Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
Type No.	Volts	@ mA					
<b>1N3049</b>	160.0	1.6	1100.0	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5%	1 watt	DO-13	
<b>1N3050</b>	180.0	1.4	1200.0		"	"	
<b>1N3051</b>	200.0	1.2	1500.0		"	"	
1N3098-1N3101, 1N3102-1N3105, 1N3106-1N3109 are obsolete series							
<b>1N3112</b>	<b>7.5</b>	30.0	2.0	5%	1 watt	DO-3 (9)	<b>1N3017</b>
<b>1N3148(2)</b>	<b><math>8.5 \pm 5\%</math></b>	10.0	15.0	T.C. = .005% / °C	400 mw	—	<b>1N3155</b>
<b>1N3154(2)</b>	<b><math>8.4 \pm 5\%</math></b>	10.0	15.0	T.C. = .01% / °C(12)	400 mw	DO-7	
<b>1N3155(2)</b>	<b><math>8.4 \pm 5\%</math></b>	"	"	T.C. = .005% / °C(12)	"	"	
<b>1N3156(2)</b>	<b><math>8.4 \pm 5\%</math></b>	"	"	T.C. = .002% / °C(12)	"	"	
<b>1N3157(2)</b>	<b><math>8.4 \pm 5\%</math></b>	"	"	T.C. = .001% / °C(12)	"	"	
<b>1N3181(1)</b>	<b>8.2</b>	14.0	10.0	10%	600 mw	Case Z	N/A
<b>1N3199(2)</b>	<b>8.0 - 8.8</b>	10.0	15.0	T.C. = .005% / °C(6)	270 mw	Case GG(2)	<b>1N3155</b>
<b>1N3200(2)</b>	<b>8.0 - 8.8</b>	"	"	T.C. = .003% / °C(6)	"	"	<b>1N3156</b>
<b>1N3201(2)</b>	<b>8.0 - 8.8</b>	"	"	T.C. = .002% / °C(6)	"	"	<b>1N3156</b>
<b>1N3202(2)</b>	<b>8.0 - 8.8</b>	"	"	T.C. = .001% / °C(6)	"	"	<b>1N3157</b>
Type No.	PIV	$I_0$ 25°C	VF	IR	$T_{RR}$	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
	Volts	Amps	Volts	$\mu$ A			
<b>1N3206</b>	100	.040	1.0	.025	(n sec.)	H	
<b>1N3207</b>	60	.075	1.0	.05			
Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$	Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ Ohms		Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
<b>1N3305</b>	<b>6.8</b>	1850.0	0.2	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10%, Suffix B = 5% Suffix R = Rev. Polarity	50 watt	DO-5	
<b>1N3306</b>	<b>7.5</b>	1700.0	0.3		"	"	
<b>1N3307</b>	<b>8.2</b>	1500.0	0.4		"	"	
<b>1N3308</b>	<b>9.1</b>	1370.0	0.5	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3309</b>	<b>10.0</b>	1200.0	0.6	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3310</b>	<b>11.0</b>	1100.0	0.8	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3311</b>	<b>12.0</b>	1000.0	1.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3312</b>	<b>13.0</b>	960.0	1.1	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3313</b>	<b>14.0</b>	890.0	1.2	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3314</b>	<b>15.0</b>	830.0	1.4	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3315</b>	<b>16.0</b>	780.0	1.6	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3316</b>	<b>17.0</b>	740.0	1.8	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3317</b>	<b>18.0</b>	700.0	2.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3318</b>	<b>19.0</b>	660.0	2.2	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3319</b>	<b>20.0</b>	630.0	2.4	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3320</b>	<b>22.0</b>	570.0	2.5	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3321</b>	<b>24.0</b>	520.0	2.6	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3322</b>	<b>25.0</b>	500.0	2.7	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3323</b>	<b>27.0</b>	460.0	2.8	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3324</b>	<b>30.0</b>	420.0	3.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3325</b>	<b>33.0</b>	380.0	3.2	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3326</b>	<b>36.0</b>	350.0	3.5	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3327</b>	<b>39.0</b>	320.0	4.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3328</b>	<b>43.0</b>	290.0	4.5	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3329</b>	<b>45.0</b>	280.0	4.5	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3330</b>	<b>47.0</b>	270.0	5.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3331</b>	<b>50.0</b>	250.0	5.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3332</b>	<b>51.0</b>	245.0	5.2	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3333</b>	<b>52.0</b>	240.0	5.5	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3334</b>	<b>56.0</b>	220.0	6.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3335</b>	<b>62.0</b>	200.0	7.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3336</b>	<b>68.0</b>	180.0	8.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3337</b>	<b>75.0</b>	170.0	9.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3338</b>	<b>82.0</b>	150.0	11.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3339</b>	<b>91.0</b>	140.0	15.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3340</b>	<b>100.0</b>	120.0	20.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3341</b>	<b>105.0</b>	120.0	25.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3342</b>	<b>110.0</b>	110.0	30.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3343</b>	<b>120.0</b>	100.0	40.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3344</b>	<b>130.0</b>	95.0	50.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3345</b>	<b>140.0</b>	90.0	60.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3346</b>	<b>150.0</b>	85.0	75.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3347</b>	<b>160.0</b>	80.0	80.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3348</b>	<b>175.0</b>	70.0	85.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3349</b>	<b>180.0</b>	68.0	90.0	" "	"	"	

Note — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(1) Double anode type

(2) Temperature compensated zener diode

(6) Temperature range -50°C to +100°C

(7) Temperature range 0°C to +75°C

(9) Supplied by Microsemi in DO-13 Case

(12) No suffix denotes temp. rate -55°C to

+100°C. Suffix A denotes -55°C to +150°C

(13) Temperature range +25°C to +100°C

(18) Certified voltage time stability

(19) Low reverse leakage diode

(27) Supplied by Microsemi in DO-7 Case

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$ Volts	Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ Ohms mA	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
<b>1N3350</b>	<b>200.0</b>	<b>65.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	" "	" "	
1N3392 thru 1N3432 is an obsolete 500 mw series						
1N3433 thru 1N3463 is an obsolete 2 watt series						
<b>1N3477</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>60 @ 10mA</b>	No Suffix = 10% Suffix A = 5%	<b>250mw</b>	<b>DO-7</b>
<b>1N3496<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>5.9 - 6.5</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>15.0</b>	T.C. = .005% / °C <sup>(7)</sup>	"	DO-7
<b>1N3497<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>5.9 - 6.5</b>	"	"	T.C. = .002% / °C <sup>(7)</sup>	"	"
<b>1N3498<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>5.9 - 6.5</b>	"	"	T.C. = .001% / °C <sup>(7)</sup>	"	"
<b>1N3499<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>5.9 - 6.5</b>	"	"	T.C. = .0005% / °C <sup>(7)</sup>	"	"
<b>1N3500<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>5.9 - 6.5</b>	"	"	T.C. = .01% / °C <sup>(7)</sup>	"	"
<b>1N3501<sup>(2,18)</sup></b>	<b>6.2 - 6.5</b>	"	<b>12.0</b>	T.C. = .0013% / °C <sup>(13)</sup>	<b>250mw</b>	<b>DO-7</b>
<b>1N3502<sup>(2,18)</sup></b>	<b>6.2 - 6.5</b>	"	"	T.C. = .0006% / °C <sup>(13)</sup>	"	"
<b>1N3503<sup>(2,18)</sup></b>	<b>6.2 - 6.5</b>	"	"	T.C. = .0013% / °C <sup>(13)</sup>	"	"
<b>1N3504<sup>(2,18)</sup></b>	<b>6.2 - 6.5</b>	"	"	T.C. = .0013% / °C <sup>(13)</sup>	"	"
<b>1N3506<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>20.0</b>	<b>24.0</b>	5%	<b>400mw</b>	<b>DO-7/DO-35</b>
<b>1N3507<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>3.6</b>	"	<b>22.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3508<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>3.9</b>	"	<b>20.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3509<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>4.3</b>	"	<b>18.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3510<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>4.7</b>	"	<b>16.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3511<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>5.1</b>	"	<b>14.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3512<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>5.6</b>	"	<b>8.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3513<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>6.2</b>	"	<b>3.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3514<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>6.8</b>	"	"	"	"	"
<b>1N3515<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>4.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3516<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>8.2</b>	"	<b>5.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3517<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>9.1</b>	"	<b>6.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3518<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>7.0</b>	5%	<b>400mw</b>	"
<b>1N3519<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>11.0</b>	"	<b>8.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3520<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>12.0</b>	"	<b>10.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3521<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>13.0</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>12.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3522<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>15.0</b>	"	<b>14.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3523<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>16.0</b>	"	<b>16.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3524<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>18.0</b>	"	<b>18.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3525<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>20.0</b>	"	<b>20.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3526<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>22.0</b>	"	<b>35.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3527<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>24.0</b>	"	<b>38.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3528<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>27.0</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>40.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3529<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>30.0</b>	"	<b>48.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3530<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>33.0</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>50.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3531<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>36.0</b>	"	<b>75.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3532<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>39.0</b>	"	<b>100.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3533<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>43.0</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>130.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3534<sup>(19)</sup></b>	<b>47.0</b>	"	<b>150.0</b>	"	"	"
<b>1N3537<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>11.0 - 13.0</b>	<b>25.0</b>	<b>7.0</b>	8%	<b>1 watt</b>	<b>Case R<sup>(9)</sup></b> <b>1N3022</b>
<b>1N3553<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>6.3 \pm 3.2\%</math></b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>15.0</b>	T.C. = .01% / °C <sup>(4)</sup>	<b>250mw</b>	<b>DO-7</b>
<b>1N3580 (2)</b>	<b><math>11.7 \pm 5\%</math></b>	"	<b>25.0</b>	T.C. = .01% / °C <sup>(7)</sup>	<b>750mw</b>	<b>DO-13</b>
<b>1N3581 (2)</b>	<b><math>11.7 \pm 5\%</math></b>	"	"	T.C. = .005% / °C <sup>(7)</sup>	"	<b>1N941<sup>(27)</sup></b>
<b>1N3582 (2)</b>	<b><math>11.7 \pm 5\%</math></b>	"	"	T.C. = .002% / °C <sup>(7)</sup>	"	<b>1N942<sup>(27)</sup></b>
<b>1N3583 (2)</b>	<b><math>11.7 \pm 5\%</math></b>	"	"	T.C. = .001% / °C <sup>(7)</sup>	"	<b>1N943<sup>(27)</sup></b>
<b>1N3584 (2)</b>	<b><math>11.7 \pm 5\%</math></b>	"	"	T.C. = .0005% / °C <sup>(7)</sup>	"	<b>1N944<sup>(27)</sup></b>
<b>1N3585 (2)</b>	<b><math>11.7 \pm 5\%</math></b>	"	"	"	"	<b>1N945<sup>(27)</sup></b>
Type No.	PIV	Io 25°C	VF	IR	$T_{RR}$	Device Package
	Volts	Amps	Volts	$\mu A$		MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
<b>1N3595</b>	<b>150</b>	—	.83 min. 1.00 max.	1.0(nA)	( $\mu$ sec.) 3.0	<b>DO35</b>
<b>1N3611</b>	<b>200</b>	(100°C)A	1.0	1.1	1.0	
<b>1N3612</b>	<b>400</b>	1.0	1.1	1.0		A
<b>1N3613</b>	<b>600</b>	1.0	1.1	1.0		A
<b>1N3614</b>	<b>800</b>	1.0	1.1	1.0		A
<b>1N3644</b>	<b>1500</b>	.25	5.0	5		S
<b>1N3645</b>	<b>2000</b>	.25	5.0	5		S
<b>1N3646</b>	<b>2500</b>	.25	5.0	5		S
<b>1N3647</b>	<b>3000</b>	.25	5.0	5		S
Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$ Volts	Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ Ohms mA	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
<b>1N3675</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>18.5</b>	<b>4.5</b>	No Suffix = 20%	<b>750mw</b>	<b>Case X<sup>(28)</sup></b>
<b>1N3676</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>16.5</b>	<b>5.5</b>	suffix A = 10%	"	"
<b>1N3677</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>15.0</b>	<b>6.5</b>	suffix B = 5%	"	"

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$ Volts	Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
	@ mA					
1N3678	9.1	14.0	7.5	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5%	750 mw	Case X (28)
1N3679	10.0	12.5	8.5	"	"	"
1N3680	11.0	11.5	9.5	"	"	"
1N3681	12.0	10.5	11.5	" "	"	"
1N3682	13.0	9.5	13.0	" "	"	"
1N3683	15.0	8.5	16.0	" "	"	"
1N3684	16.0	7.8	17.0	" "	"	"
1N3685	18.0	7.0	21.0	" "	"	"
1N3686	20.0	6.2	25.0	" "	"	"
1N3687	22.0	5.6	29.0	" "	"	"
1N3688	24.0	5.2	33.0	" "	"	"
1N3689	27.0	4.6	41.0	" "	"	"
1N3690	30.0	4.2	49.0	" "	"	"
1N3691	33.0	3.8	58.0	" "	"	"
1N3692	36.0	3.4	70.0	" "	"	"
1N3693	39.0	3.2	80.0	" "	"	"
1N3694	43.0	3.0	93.0	" "	"	"
1N3695	47.0	2.7	105.0	" "	"	"
1N3696	51.0	2.5	125.0	" "	"	"
1N3697	56.0	2.2	150.0	" "	"	"
1N3698	62.0	2.0	185.0	" "	"	"
1N3699	68.0	1.8	230.0	" "	"	"
1N3700	75.0	1.7	270.0	" "	"	"
1N3701	82.0	1.5	330.0	" "	"	"
1N3702	91.0	1.4	400.0	" "	"	"
1N3703	100.0	1.3	500.0	" "	"	"
1N3704	110.0	1.1	750.0	" "	"	"
1N3705	120.0	1.0	900.0	" "	"	"
1N3706	130.0	0.95	1100.0	" "	"	"
1N3707	150.0	0.85	1500.0	" "	"	"
1N3708	160.0	0.80	1700.0	" "	"	"
1N3709	180.0	0.68	2200.0	" "	"	"
1N3710	200.0	0.65	2500.0	" "	"	"
1N3732	5.1	40.0	8.5	5%	1 watt	DO-3 (9)
1N3763(2)	20 ± 5%	10.0	35.0	T.C. = .002% / °C	1.5 watt	Case CC
1N3776(1)	10.0	25.0	6.0	10%	6 watt	DO-4
1N3779(2)	6.3 - 6.7	7.5	10.0	T.C. = .015% / °C (4) T.C. = .01% / °C (4)	400 mw	DO-7
1N3780(2)	6.3 - 6.7	"	"	T.C. = .005% / °C (4)	"	"
1N3781(2)	6.3 - 6.7	"	"	T.C. = .002% / °C (4) T.C. = .001% / °C (4)	"	"
1N3782(2)	6.3 - 6.7	"	"	T.C. = .0005% / °C (4)	"	"
1N3783(2)	6.3 - 6.7	"	"	"	"	"
1N3784(2)	6.3 - 6.7	"	"	"	"	"
1N3785	6.8	55.0	2.7	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5%	1.5 watt	Case AA (28)
1N3786	7.5	50.0	3.0	"	"	2EZ6.8D
1N3787	8.2	46.0	3.5	"	"	2EZ7.5D
						2EZ8.2D
1N3788	9.1	41.0	4.0	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5%	1.5 watt	Case AA (28)
1N3789	10.0	37.0	5.0	"	"	2EZ9.1D
1N3790	11.0	34.0	6.0	"	"	2EZ10D
						2EZ11D
1N3791	12.0	31.0	7.0	" "	"	2EZ12D
1N3792	13.0	29.0	9.0	" "	"	2EZ13D
1N3793	15.0	25.0	10.0	" "	"	2EZ15D
1N3794	16.0	23.0	11.0	" "	"	2EZ16D
1N3795	18.0	21.0	13.0	" "	"	2EZ18D
1N3796	20.0	19.0	15.0	" "	"	2EZ20D
1N3797	22.0	17.0	16.0	" "	"	2EZ22D
1N3798	24.0	16.0	17.0	" "	"	2EZ24D
1N3799	27.0	14.0	20.0	" "	"	2EZ27D
1N3800	30.0	12.0	25.0	" "	"	2EZ30D
1N3801	33.0	11.0	30.0	" "	"	2EZ33D
1N3802	36.0	10.0	35.0	" "	"	2EZ36D
1N3803	39.0	10.0	40.0	" "	"	2EZ39D
1N3804	43.0	9.0	45.0	" "	"	2EZ43D
1N3805	47.0	8.0	55.0	" "	"	2EZ47D
1N3806	51.0	7.4	65.0	" "	"	2EZ51D
1N3807	56.0	6.7	75.0	" "	"	2EZ56D
1N3808	62.0	6.0	85.0	" "	"	2EZ62D
1N3809	68.0	5.5	95.0	" "	"	2EZ68D
1N3810	75.0	5.0	110.0	" "	"	2EZ75D
1N3811	82.0	4.5	130.0	" "	"	2EZ82D
1N3812	91.0	4.1	150.0	" "	"	2EZ91D
1N3813	100.0	3.7	200.0	" "	"	2EZ100D
1N3814	110.0	3.4	300.0	" "	"	2EZ110D

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(1) Double anode type

(2) Temperature compensated zener diode

(4) Temperature range -55°C to +100°C

(7) No suffix denotes temp. range 0°C to +75°C

Suffix A denotes -55°C to +100°C

Suffix B denotes temp. range -55°C to +150°C

(9) Supplied by Microsemi in DO-13 Case

(14) TC=.005V/°C @ +25°C to +100°C or  
.025V/°C @ -55°C to +25°C

(19) Low reverse leakage diode

(28) Supplied by Microsemi in Case J (DO-41)

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$		Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
Volts	@ mA						
<b>1N3815</b>	120.0	3.1	350.0	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5%	1.5 watt	Case AA <sup>(28)</sup>	<b>2EZ120D</b> <b>2EZ130D</b> <b>2EZ150D</b>
<b>1N3816</b>	130.0	2.9	400.0	" "	" "	" "	
<b>1N3817</b>	150.0	2.5	700.0	" "	" "	" "	
<b>1N3818</b>	160.0	2.3	750.0	" "	" "	" "	<b>2EZ160D</b>
<b>1N3819</b>	180.0	2.1	800.0	" "	" "	" "	<b>2EZ180D</b>
<b>1N3820</b>	200.0	1.9	1000.0	" "	" "	" "	<b>2EZ200D</b>
<b>1N3821</b>	3.3	76.0	10.0	No Suffix = 10% Suffix A = 5%	1 watt	DO-13	
<b>1N3822</b>	3.6	69.0	10.0	" "	" "	" "	
<b>1N3823</b>	3.9	64.0	9.0	" "	" "	" "	
<b>1N3824</b>	4.3	58.0	9.0	" "	" "	" "	
<b>1N3825</b>	4.7	53.0	8.0	" "	" "	" "	
<b>1N3826</b>	5.1	49.0	7.0	" "	" "	" "	
<b>1N3827</b>	5.6	45.0	5.0	" "	" "	" "	
<b>1N3828</b>	6.2	41.0	2.0	" "	" "	" "	
<b>1N3829</b>	6.8	37.0	1.5	" "	" "	" "	
<b>1N3830</b>	7.5	34.0	1.5	" "	" "	" "	
Type No.	PIV	$I_0$ 25°C	VF	IR	$T_{RR}$	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
	Volts	Amps	Volts	µA			
<b>1N3879</b>	50	6	1.4	15	200 (n sec)	DO4	
<b>1N3880</b>	100	6	1.4	15	200	DO4	
<b>1N3881</b>	200	6	1.4	15	200	DO4	
<b>1N3882</b>	300	6	1.4	15	200	DO4	
<b>1N3883</b>	400	6	1.4	15	200	DO4	
<b>1N3889</b>	50	12	1.4	25	200 (n sec)	DO4	
<b>1N3890</b>	100	12	1.4	25	200	DO4	
<b>1N3891</b>	200	12	1.4	25	200	DO4	
<b>1N3892</b>	300	12	1.4	25	200	DO4	
<b>1N3893</b>	400	12	1.4	25	200	DO4	
Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$		Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
Volts	@ mA						
<b>1N3949</b>	20.0	250.0	3.0	5%	10 watt	DO-4	
<b>1N3950</b>	20.0	19.0	15.0	5%	1.5 watt	Case AA <sup>(28)</sup>	
<b>1N3951</b>	25.0	15.0	18.0	"	"	"	
Type No.	PIV	$I_0$ 25°C	VF	IR	$T_{RR}$	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
	Volts	Amps	Volts	µA			
<b>1N3957</b>	1150	(100°C)A 1.0	1.1	1.0		A	
Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$		Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
Volts	@ mA						
<b>1N3984</b>	5.5	1000.0	0.7	5%	10 watt	DO-4	
<b>1N3985</b>	6.0	1000.0	0.7	"	"	"	
<b>1N3986</b>	6.2	805.0	1.5	5%	10 watt	DO-4	
<b>1N3993</b>	3.9	640.0	2.0	No Suffix = 10% Suffix A = 5% Suffix R = Rev. Polarity	10 watt	DO-4	
<b>1N3994</b>	4.3	580.0	1.5	"	"	"	
<b>1N3995</b>	4.7	530.0	1.2	"	"	"	
<b>1N3996</b>	5.1	490.0	1.1	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3997</b>	5.6	445.0	1.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3998</b>	6.2	405.0	1.1	" "	"	"	
<b>1N3999</b>	6.8	370.0	1.2	" "	"	"	
<b>1N4000</b>	7.5	335.0	1.3	" "	"	"	
<b>1N4010<sup>(2)</sup></b>	$6.2 \pm 5\%$	7.5	15.0	T.C. <sup>(14)</sup>	400 mw	DO-7	
<b>1N4016</b>	8.2	150.0	1.5	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5%	5 watt	DO-4	
<b>1N4017</b>	9.1	135.0	2.0		"	"	
<b>1N4018</b>	10.0	125.0	2.0		"	"	
<b>1N4019</b>	11.0	115.0	2.5	" "	"	"	
<b>1N4020</b>	12.0	105.0	2.5	" "	"	"	
<b>1N4021</b>	13.0	95.0	3.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N4022</b>	15.0	85.0	"	" "	"	"	
<b>1N4023</b>	16.0	80.0	"	" "	"	"	
<b>1N4024</b>	18.0	70.0	4.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N4025</b>	20.0	65.0	4.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N4026</b>	22.0	55.0	5.0	" "	"	"	
<b>1N4027</b>	24.0	50.0	6.0	" "	"	"	

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$ Volts	@ mA	Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
1N4028	27.0	45.0	6.0	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5%	5 watt	Case K (32)	
1N4029	30.0	42.0	8.0	" "	"	"	
1N4030	33.0	38.0	10.0	" "	"	"	
1N4031	36.0	35.0	12.0	" "	"	"	
1N4032	39.0	32.0	15.0	" "	"	"	
1N4033	43.0	29.0	20.0	" "	"	"	
1N4034	47.0	27.0	20.0	" "	"	"	
1N4035	51.0	24.5	25.0	" "	"	"	
1N4036	56.0	22.0	30.0	" "	"	"	
1N4037	62.0	20.0	50.0	" "	"	"	
1N4038	68.0	18.5	75.0	" "	"	"	
1N4039	75.0	16.5	100.0	" "	"	"	
1N4040	82.0	15.0	100.0	" "	"	"	
1N4041	91.0	13.5	125.0	" "	"	"	
1N4042	100.0	12.5	150.0	" "	"	"	
1N4057(2)	12.4 ± 5%	10.0	25.0	No Suffix T.C. = .005% / °C (4) Suffix A T.C. = .002% / °C (4)	1.5 watt	Case CC	
1N4058(2)	14.6 ± 5%	"	30.0		"	"	
1N4059(2)	16.8 ± 5%	"	"		"	"	
1N4060(2)	18.5 ± 5%	"	"	" "	"	"	
1N4061(2)	21.0 ± 5%	"	35.0	" "	"	"	
1N4062(2)	23.0 ± 5%	"	40.0	" "	"	"	
1N4063(2)	27.0 ± 5%	"	45.0	" "	"	"	
1N4064(2)	30.0 ± 5%	"	50.0	" "	"	"	
1N4065(2)	33.0 ± 5%	"	55.0	" "	"	"	
1N4066(2)	37.0 ± 5%	7.5	80.0	" "	"	"	
1N4067(2)	43.0 ± 5%	"	90.0	" "	"	"	
1N4068(2)	47.0 ± 5%	"	100.0	" "	"	"	
1N4069(2)	51.0 ± 5%	"	110.0	" "	2.0 watt	Case DD	
1N4070(2)	56.0 ± 5%	"	120.0	" "		"	
1N4071(2)	62.0 ± 5%	"	135.0	" "		"	
1N4072(2)	68.0 ± 5%	5.0	230.0	" "	"	"	
1N4073(2)	75.0 ± 5%	"	250.0	" "	"	"	
1N4074(2)	82.0 ± 5%	"	270.0	" "	"	"	
1N4075(2)	87.0 ± 5%	"	290.0	" "	"	"	
1N4076(2)	91.0 ± 5%	"	310.0	" "	"	"	
1N4077(2)	100 ± 5%	"	340.0	" "	"	"	
1N4078(2)	105 ± 5%	2.5	700.0	" "	"	"	
1N4079(2)	110 ± 5%	"	740.0	" "	"	"	
1N4080(2)	120 ± 5%	"	800.0	" "	"	"	
1N4081(2)	130 ± 5%	"	840.0	" "	2.5 watt	Case EE	
1N4082(2)	140 ± 5%	"	960.0	" "		"	
1N4083(2)	150 ± 5%	"	1020.0	" "		"	
1N4084(2)	175 ± 5%	"	1150.0	" "	"	"	
1N4085(2)	200 ± 5%	"	1350.0	" "	"	"	

1N4094 is an obsolete device

1N4095	5.0	40.0	15.0	10%	275 mw	DO-7/DO-35
1N4096	90.0	8.0	150.0	5%	3 watt	Case JJ (28)
1N4097	100.0	5.0	175.0	"		"
1N4098	150.0	5.0	650.0	"		"
1N4099(19,20)	6.8	0.25	200.0	5%	250 mw	DO-7/DO-35
1N4100(19,20)	7.5	"	"	"		"
1N4101(19,20)	8.2	"	"	"		"
1N4102(19,20)	8.7	"	"	"	"	"
1N4103(19,20)	9.1	"	"	"	"	"
1N4104(19,20)	10.0	"	"	"	"	"
1N4105(19,20)	11.0	"	"	"	"	"
1N4106(19,20)	12.0	"	"	"	"	"
1N4107(19,20)	13.0	"	"	"	"	"
1N4108(19,20)	14.0	"	"	"	"	"
1N4109(19,20)	15.0	"	100.0	"	"	"
1N4110(19,20)	16.0	"	"	"	"	"
1N4111(19,20)	17.0	"	"	"	"	"
1N4112(19,20)	18.0	"	"	"	"	"
1N4113(19,20)	19.0	"	150.0	"	"	"
1N4114(19,20)	20.0	"	"	"	"	"
1N4115(19,20)	22.0	"	"	"	"	"
1N4116(19,20)	24.0	"	"	"	"	"
1N4117(19,20)	25.0	"	"	"	"	"
1N4118(19,20)	27.0	"	"	"	"	"
1N4119(19,20)	28.0	"	200.0	"	"	"
1N4120(19,20)	30.0	"	"	"	"	"
1N4121(19,20)	33.0	"	"	"	"	"
1N4122(19,20)	36.0	"	"	"	"	"

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(2) Temperature compensated zener diode

(4) Temperature range -55°C to +100°C

(19) Low reverse leakage diode

(20) Low noise diode

(28) Supplied by Microsemi in Case J (DO-41)

(32) Supplied by Microsemi in DO-4 Case

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at I <sub>ZT</sub>	Max. Zener Impedance @ I <sub>Z</sub> , Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
	Volts	@ mA				
<b>IN4123<sup>(19,20)</sup></b>	39.0	0.25	200.0	5%	250 mw	DO-7/DO-35
<b>IN4124<sup>(19,20)</sup></b>	43.0	"	250.0	"	"	
<b>IN4125<sup>(19,20)</sup></b>	47.0	"	"	"	"	
<b>IN4126<sup>(19,20)</sup></b>	51.0	"	300.0	"	"	
<b>IN4127<sup>(19,20)</sup></b>	56.0	"	"	"	"	
<b>IN4128<sup>(19,20)</sup></b>	60.0	"	400.0	"	"	
<b>IN4129<sup>(19,20)</sup></b>	62.0	"	500.0	"	"	
<b>IN4130<sup>(19,20)</sup></b>	68.0	"	700.0	"	"	
<b>IN4131<sup>(19,20)</sup></b>	75.0	"	"	"	"	
<b>IN4132<sup>(19,20)</sup></b>	82.0	"	800.0	"	"	
<b>IN4133<sup>(19,20)</sup></b>	87.0	"	1000.0	"	"	
<b>IN4134<sup>(19,20)</sup></b>	91.0	"	1200.0	"	"	
<b>IN4135<sup>(19,20)</sup></b>	100.0	"	1500.0	"	"	
<b>IN4158</b>	6.8	37.0	3.5	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5%	1 watt	Case DO-29 <sup>(28)</sup>
<b>IN4159</b>	7.5	34.0	4.0		"	
<b>IN4160</b>	8.2	31.0	4.5		"	
<b>IN4161</b>	9.1	28.0	5.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4162</b>	10.0	25.0	7.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4163</b>	11.0	23.0	8.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4164</b>	12.0	21.0	9.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4165</b>	13.0	19.0	10.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4166</b>	15.0	17.0	14.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4167</b>	16.0	15.5	16.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4168</b>	18.0	14.0	20.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4169</b>	20.0	12.5	22.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4170</b>	22.0	11.5	23.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4171</b>	24.0	10.5	25.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4172</b>	27.0	9.5	35.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4173</b>	30.0	8.5	40.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4174</b>	33.0	7.5	45.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4175</b>	36.0	7.0	50.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4176</b>	39.0	6.5	60.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4177</b>	43.0	6.0	70.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4178</b>	47.0	5.5	80.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4179</b>	51.0	5.0	95.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4180</b>	56.0	4.5	110.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4181</b>	62.0	4.0	125.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4182</b>	68.0	3.7	150.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4183</b>	75.0	3.3	175.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4184</b>	82.0	3.0	200.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4185</b>	91.0	2.8	250.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4186</b>	100.0	2.5	350.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4187</b>	110.0	2.3	450.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4188</b>	120.0	2.0	550.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4189</b>	130.0	1.9	700.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4190</b>	150.0	1.7	1000.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4191</b>	160.0	1.6	1100.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4192</b>	180.0	1.4	1200.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4193</b>	200.0	1.2	1500.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4194</b>	6.8	370.0	1.2	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5%	10 watt	Case HH <sup>(32)</sup>
<b>IN4195</b>	7.5	335.0	1.3		"	
<b>IN4196</b>	8.2	305.0	1.5		"	
<b>IN4197</b>	9.1	275.0	2.0	" "	"	"
<b>IN4198</b>	10.0	250.0	3.0	" "	"	IN2973
<b>IN4199</b>	11.0	230.0	"	" "	"	IN2974 IN2975
<b>IN4200</b>	12.0	210.0	"	" "	"	"
<b>IN4201</b>	13.0	190.0	"	" "	"	IN2976
<b>IN4202</b>	14.0	180.0	"	" "	"	IN2977 IN2978
<b>IN4203</b>	15.0	170.0	"	" "	"	IN2979
<b>IN4204</b>	16.0	155.0	4.0	" "	"	IN2980
<b>IN4205</b>	17.0	145.0	"	" "	"	IN2981
<b>IN4206</b>	18.0	140.0	"	" "	"	IN2982
<b>IN4207</b>	19.0	130.0	"	" "	"	IN2983
<b>IN4208</b>	20.0	125.0	"	" "	"	IN2984
<b>IN4209</b>	22.0	115.0	5.0	" "	"	IN2985
<b>IN4210</b>	24.0	105.0	"	" "	"	IN2986
<b>IN4211</b>	25.0	100.0	6.0	" "	"	IN2987
<b>IN4212</b>	27.0	95.0	7.0	" "	"	IN2988
<b>IN4213</b>	30.0	85.0	8.0	" "	"	IN2989
<b>IN4214</b>	33.0	75.0	9.0	" "	"	IN2990
<b>IN4215</b>	36.0	70.0	10.0	" "	"	IN2991
<b>IN4216</b>	39.0	65.0	11.0	" "	"	IN2992
<b>IN4217</b>	43.0	60.0	12.0	" "	"	IN2993

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(28) Supplied by Microsemi in Case DO-29.

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$		Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
Type No.	Volts	@ mA					
1N4218	45.0	55.0	13.0	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5%	10 watt	Case HH <sup>(32)</sup>	1N2994
1N4219	47.0	55.0	14.0	"	"	"	1N2995
1N4220	50.0	50.0	15.0	"	"	"	1N2996
1N4221	51.0	"	"	"	"	"	1N2997
1N4222	52.0	"	"	"	"	"	1N2998
1N4223	56.0	45.0	16.0	"	"	"	1N2999
1N4224	62.0	40.0	17.0	"	"	"	1N3000
1N4225	68.0	37.0	18.0	"	"	"	1N3001
1N4226	75.0	33.0	22.0	"	"	"	1N3002
1N4227	82.0	30.0	25.0	"	"	"	1N3003
1N4228	91.0	38.0	35.0	"	"	"	1N3004
1N4229	100.0	25.0	40.0	"	"	"	1N3005
1N4230	105.0	25.0	45.0	"	"	"	1N3006
1N4231	110.0	23.0	55.0	"	"	"	1N3007
1N4232	120.0	20.0	75.0	"	"	"	1N3008
1N4233	130.0	19.0	100.0	"	"	"	1N3009
1N4234	140.0	18.0	125.0	"	"	"	1N3010
1N4235	150.0	17.0	175.0	"	"	"	1N3011
1N4236	160.0	16.0	200.0	"	"	"	1N3012
1N4237	175.0	14.0	250.0	"	"	"	1N3013
1N4238	180.0	14.0	260.0	"	"	"	1N3014
1N4239	200.0	12.0	300.0	"	"	"	1N3015
1N4240	5 ± .1	400.0	0.68	—	10 watt	DO-4	
1N4241	6 ± .1	350.0	0.50	—	"	"	
Type No.	PIV	$I_o$ 25°C	VF	IR	$T_{RR}$	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
	Volts	Amps	Volts	$\mu A$			
	(100°C)A				(n sec.)		
1N4245	200	1.00	1.3	1.0	5.0	A	
1N4246	400	1.00	1.3	1.0	5.0	A	
1N4247	600	1.00	1.3	1.0	5.0	A	
1N4248	800	1.00	1.3	1.0	5.0	A	
1N4249	1000	1.00	1.3	1.0	5.0	A	
Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$		Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
	Volts	@ mA					
1N4258	6.8	370.0	1.2	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5%	10 watt	Case KK	1N2970
1N4259	7.5	335.0	1.3	"	"	"	1N2971
1N4260	8.2	305.0	1.5	"	"	"	1N2972
1N4261	9.1	275.0	2.0	"	"	"	1N2973
1N4262	10.0	250.0	3.0	"	"	"	1N2974
1N4263	11.0	230.0	"	"	"	"	1N2975
1N4264	12.0	210.0	"	"	"	"	1N2976
1N4265	13.0	190.0	"	"	"	"	1N2977
1N4266	15.0	170.0	"	"	"	"	1N2979
1N4267	16.0	155.0	4.0	"	"	"	1N2980
1N4268	18.0	140.0	"	"	"	"	1N2982
1N4269	20.0	125.0	"	"	"	"	1N2984
1N4270	22.0	115.0	5.0	"	"	"	1N2985
1N4271	24.0	105.0	"	"	"	"	1N2986
1N4272	27.0	95.0	7.0	"	"	"	1N2988
1N4273	30.0	85.0	8.0	"	"	"	1N2989
1N4274	33.0	75.0	9.0	"	"	"	1N2990
1N4275	36.0	70.0	10.0	"	"	"	1N2991
1N4276	39.0	65.0	11.0	"	"	"	1N2992
1N4277	43.0	60.0	12.0	"	"	"	1N2993
1N4278	47.0	55.0	14.0	"	"	"	1N2995
1N4279	51.0	50.0	15.0	"	"	"	1N2997
1N4280	56.0	45.0	16.0	"	"	"	1N2999
1N4281	62.0	40.0	17.0	"	"	"	1N3000
1N4282	68.0	37.0	18.0	"	"	"	1N3001
1N4283	75.0	33.0	22.0	"	"	"	1N3002
1N4284	82.0	30.0	25.0	"	"	"	1N3003
1N4285	91.0	28.0	35.0	"	"	"	1N3004
1N4286	100.0	25.0	40.0	"	"	"	1N3005
1N4287	110.0	23.0	55.0	"	"	"	1N3007
1N4288	120.0	20.0	75.0	"	"	"	1N3008
1N4289	130.0	19.0	100.0	"	"	"	1N3009
1N4290	150.0	17.0	175.0	"	"	"	1N3011

NOTE - Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(2) Temperature compensated zener diode

(7) No suffix denotes temp. range 0°C

Suffix A denotes temp. range -55°C to +100°C

(15) T.C. = 0 to +.012%/°C.

Temp. range = -55°C to +150°C

(16)  $I_Z$  (nom.) is shown. T.C. is guaranteed over current ranges:

150-250mA for 1N4297.8; 110-190 mA for 1N4299, 300;

750-1250 for 1N4301.2; 550-950 mA for 1N4303.4

(28) Can be supplied by Microsemi in Case J (DO-41)

(32) Can be supplied by Microsemi in DO-4 Case

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at I <sub>ZT</sub> Volts	Max. Zener Impedance @ I <sub>ZT</sub> Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
1N4291	160.0	16.0	200.0	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5%	10 watt	Case KK
1N4292	180.0	14.0	260.0	"	"	1N3014
1N4293	200.0	12.0	300.0	"	"	1N3015
<b>1N4295<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>20.0</b>	<b>No Suf. = 2% Suf. A = 1%<sup>(15)</sup></b>	<b>400 mw</b>	<b>DO-7</b>
<b>1N4296<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>20.0</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>No Suf. = 2% Suf. A = 1%<sup>(15)</sup></b>	<b>1 watt</b>	<b>DO-13</b>
1N4297 <sup>(2)</sup>	8.36 - 9.24	200.0 <sup>(16)</sup>	1.4	T.C. = .01%/°C <sup>(7)</sup>	10 watt	DO-4
1N4298 <sup>(2)</sup>	8.36 - 9.24	200.0 <sup>(16)</sup>	"	T.C. = .005%/°C <sup>(7)</sup>	"	"
1N4299 <sup>(2)</sup>	10.74 - 11.86	150.0 <sup>(16)</sup>	"	T.C. = .01%/°C <sup>(7)</sup>	"	"
1N4300 <sup>(2)</sup>	10.74 - 11.86	150.0 <sup>(16)</sup>	"	T.C. = .005%/°C <sup>(7)</sup>	"	"
1N4301 <sup>(2)</sup>	8.36 - 9.24	1000.0 <sup>(16)</sup>	4.9	T.C. = .01%/°C <sup>(7)</sup>	50 watt	DO-5
1N4302 <sup>(2)</sup>	8.36 - 9.24	1000.0 <sup>(16)</sup>	"	T.C. = .005%/°C <sup>(7)</sup>	"	"
1N4303 <sup>(2)</sup>	10.74 - 11.86	750.0 <sup>(16)</sup>	3.8	T.C. = .01%/°C <sup>(7)</sup>	"	"
1N4304 <sup>(2)</sup>	10.74 - 11.86	750.0 <sup>(16)</sup>	"	T.C. = .005%/°C <sup>(7)</sup>	"	"
1N4321	50.0	15.0	50.0	10%	3 watt	Case LL
1N4323	6.8	37.0	3.5	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5%	1 watt	DO-7 <sup>(28)</sup>
1N4324	7.5	34.0	4.0	"	"	"
1N4325	8.2	31.0	4.5	"	"	"
1N4326	9.1	28.0	5.0	"	"	"
1N4327	10.0	25.0	7.0	"	"	"
1N4328	11.0	23.0	8.0	"	"	"
1N4329	12.0	21.0	9.0	"	"	"
1N4330	13.0	19.0	10.0	"	"	"
1N4331	15.0	17.0	14.0	"	"	"
1N4332	16.0	15.5	16.0	"	"	"
1N4333	18.0	14.0	20.0	"	"	"
1N4334	20.0	12.5	22.0	"	"	"
1N4335	22.0	11.5	23.0	"	"	"
1N4336	24.0	10.5	25.0	"	"	"
1N4337	27.0	9.5	35.0	"	"	"
1N4338	30.0	8.5	40.0	"	"	"
1N4339	33.0	7.5	45.0	"	"	"
1N4340	36.0	7.0	55.0	"	"	"
1N4341	39.0	6.5	60.0	"	"	"
1N4342	43.0	6.0	70.0	"	"	"
1N4343	47.0	5.5	80.0	"	"	"
1N4344	51.0	5.0	95.0	"	"	"
1N4345	56.0	4.5	110.0	"	"	"
1N4346	62.0	4.0	125.0	"	"	"
1N4347	68.0	3.7	150.0	"	"	"
1N4348	75.0	3.3	175.0	"	"	"
1N4349	82.0	3.0	200.0	"	"	"
1N4350	91.0	2.8	250.0	"	"	"
1N4351	100.0	2.5	350.0	"	"	"
1N4352	110.0	2.3	450.0	"	"	"
1N4353	120.0	2.0	550.0	"	"	"
1N4354	130.0	1.9	700.0	"	"	"
1N4355	150.0	1.7	1000.0	"	"	"
1N4356	160.0	1.6	1100.0	"	"	"
1N4357	180.0	1.4	1200.0	"	"	"
1N4358	200.0	1.2	1500.0	"	"	"
1N4360	2.4	10.0	60.0	5%	250mw	DO-7
1N4370	2.4	20.0	30.0	No Suffix = 10% Suffix A = 5% " "	400 mw	DO-7
1N4371	2.7	"	30.0		"	"
1N4372	3.0	"	29.0		"	"
1N4400	6.8	37.0	2.0	20%	1 watt	Case NN <sup>(29)</sup>
1N4401	7.5	34.0	2.0	"	"	"
1N4402	8.2	31.0	2.0	"	"	"
1N4403	9.1	28.0	2.5	"	"	"
1N4404	10.0	25.0	3.0	"	"	"
1N4405	11.0	23.0	3.5	"	"	"
1N4406	12.0	21.0	4.0	"	"	"
1N4407	13.0	19.0	5.0	"	"	"
1N4408	15.0	17.0	6.0	"	"	"
1N4409	16.0	15.5	8.0	"	"	"
1N4410	18.0	14.0	10.0	"	"	"
1N4411	20.0	12.5	11.0	"	"	"
1N4412	22.0	11.5	12.0	"	"	"
1N4413	24.0	10.5	13.0	"	"	"
1N4414	27.0	9.5	14.0	"	"	"
1N4415	30.0	8.5	15.0	"	"	"
1N4416	33.0	7.5	17.0	"	"	"
1N4417	36.0	7.0	19.0	"	"	"

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$		Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ , Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
Type No.	Volts	@ mA					
1N4418	39.0	6.5	21.0	20%	1 watt	Case NN <sup>(28)</sup>	
1N4419	43.0	6.0	23.0	"	"	"	
1N4420	47.0	5.5	26.0	"	"	"	
1N4421	51.0	5.0	30.0	"	"	"	
1N4422	56.0	4.5	33.0	"	"	"	
1N4423	62.0	4.0	40.0	"	"	"	
1N4424	68.0	3.7	44.0	"	"	"	
1N4425	75.0	3.3	60.0	"	"	"	
1N4426	82.0	3.0	85.0	"	"	"	
1N4427	91.0	2.8	115.0	20%	1 watt	Case NN <sup>(28)</sup>	
1N4428	100.0	2.5	165.0	"	"	"	
1N4429	110.0	2.3	250.0	"	"	"	
1N4430	120.0	2.0	350.0	"	"	"	
1N4431	130.0	1.9	500.0	"	"	"	
1N4432	150.0	1.7	800.0	"	"	"	
1N4433	160.0	1.6	1000.0	"	"	"	
1N4434	180.0	1.4	1100.0	"	"	"	
1N4435	200.0	1.2	1400.0	"	"	"	
Type No.	PIV	$I_0$ 25°C	VF	IR	T <sub>RR</sub>	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
	Volts	Amps	Volts	$\mu$ A			
1N4449 500 mw	75	—	1.0	.025	4 (n sec.)	DO35	
Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$		Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ , Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
Volts	@ mA						
1N4460	6.2	40.0	4.0	5%	1.5 watt	Case MM <sup>(28)</sup>	
1N4461	6.8	37.0	2.5	"	"	"	
1N4462	7.5	34.0	"	"	"	"	
1N4463	8.2	31.0	3.0	"	"	"	
1N4464	9.1	28.0	4.0	"	"	"	
1N4465	10.0	25.0	5.0	"	"	"	
1N4466	11.0	23.0	6.0	"	"	"	
1N4467	12.0	21.0	7.0	"	"	"	
1N4468	13.0	19.0	8.0	"	"	"	
1N4469	15.0	17.0	9.0	"	"	"	
1N4470	16.0	15.5	10.0	"	"	"	
1N4471	18.0	14.0	11.0	"	"	"	
1N4472	20.0	12.5	12.0	"	"	"	
1N4473	22.0	11.5	14.0	"	"	"	
1N4474	24.0	10.5	16.0	"	"	"	
1N4475	27.0	9.5	18.0	"	"	"	
1N4476	30.0	8.5	20.0	"	"	"	
1N4477	33.0	7.5	25.0	"	"	"	
1N4478	36.0	7.0	27.0	"	"	"	
1N4479	39.0	6.5	30.0	"	"	"	
1N4480	43.0	6.0	40.0	"	"	"	
1N4481	47.0	5.5	50.0	"	"	"	
1N4482	51.0	5.0	60.0	"	"	"	
1N4483	56.0	4.5	70.0	"	"	"	
1N4484	62.0	4.0	80.0	"	"	"	
1N4485	68.0	3.7	100.0	"	"	"	
1N4486	75.0	3.3	130.0	"	"	"	
1N4487	82.0	3.0	160.0	"	"	"	
1N4488	91.0	2.8	200.0	"	"	"	
1N4489	100.0	2.5	250.0	5%	1.5 watt	Case MM <sup>(28)</sup>	
1N4490	110.0	2.3	300.0	"	"	"	
1N4491	120.0	2.0	400.0	"	"	"	
1N4492	130.0	1.9	500.0	"	"	"	
1N4493	150.0	1.7	700.0	"	"	"	
1N4494	160.0	1.6	1000.0	"	"	"	
1N4495	180.0	1.4	1300.0	"	"	"	
1N4496	200.0	1.2	1500.0	"	"	"	
1N4499	6.2	7.5	20.0	5%	1 watt	DO-7 <sup>(28)</sup>	1N4735
1N4501 <sup>(2)</sup>	6.7-7.4	10.0	10.0	T.C. = .01% / °C <sup>(4)</sup>	210 mw	Case GG <sup>(27)</sup>	
1N4503	33.0	20.0	21.0	10%	3 watt	Case OO	
1N4504	200.0	4.0	1000.0	"	"	"	
1N4535	3.45 <sup>(1)</sup>	10.0	65.0 <sup>(22)</sup>	5%	500 mw	DO-7	

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(1) Double anode type

(22) Extended temperature range devices

(2) Temperature compensated zener diode

1N4611, 1.0-3.0 mA; 1N4612, 3.0-7.0 mA;

(3) Temperature range -55°C to +100°C

1N4613, 7.0-15 mA

(7) No suffix denotes temp. range 0°C to +75°C

(23) Special low current series

Suffix A denotes temp. range -55°C to +100°C

(27) Supplied by Microsemi in DO-7 Case

(19) Low reverse leakage diode

(28) Supplied by Microsemi in Case J (DO-41)

(20) Low noise diode

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at I <sub>ZT</sub> Volts	@ mA	Max. Zener Impedance @ I <sub>ZT</sub> Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
<b>1N4549</b>	3.9	3200	0.16	No Suffix = 20%	50 watt	DO-5	
<b>1N4550</b>	4.3	2900	0.16	Suffix A = 10%, Suffix B = 5%	"	"	
<b>1N4551</b>	4.7	2650	0.12	Suffix R = Rev. Polarity	"	"	
<b>1N4552</b>	5.1	2450	0.12	" "	"	"	
<b>1N4553</b>	5.6	2250	0.12	" "	"	"	
<b>1N4554</b>	6.2	2000	0.14	" "	"	"	
<b>1N4555</b>	6.8	1850	0.16	" "	"	"	
<b>1N4556</b>	7.5	1650	0.24	" "	"	"	
<b>1N4557</b>	3.9	3200	0.16	No Suffix = 20%	50 watt	TO-3	
<b>1N4558</b>	4.3	2900	0.16	Suffix A = 10%, Suffix B = 5%	"	"	
<b>1N4559</b>	4.7	2650	0.12	Suffix R = Rev. Polarity	"	"	
<b>1N4560</b>	5.1	2450	0.12	" "	"	"	
<b>1N4561</b>	5.6	2250	0.12	" ~"	"	"	
<b>1N4562</b>	6.2	2000	0.14	" "	"	"	
<b>1N4563</b>	6.8	1850	0.16	" "	"	"	
<b>1N4564</b>	7.5	1650	0.24	" "	"	"	
<b>1N4565(2,23)</b>	<b>6.4 ± 5%</b>	0.5	200.0	T.C. = .01% / °C(7)	400 mw	DO-7	
<b>1N4566(2,23)</b>	<b>6.4 ± 5%</b>	"	"	T.C. = .005% / °C(7)	"	"	
<b>1N4567(2,23)</b>	<b>6.4 ± 5%</b>	"	"	T.C. = .002% / °C(7)	"	"	
<b>1N4568(2,23)</b>	<b>6.4 ± 5%</b>	"	"	T.C. = .001% / °C(7)	"	"	
<b>1N4569(2,23)</b>	<b>6.4 ± 5%</b>	"	"	T.C. = .0005% / °C(7)	"	"	
<b>1N4570(2,23)</b>	<b>6.4 ± 5%</b>	1.0	100.0	T.C. = .01% / °C(7)	"	"	
<b>1N4571(2,23)</b>	<b>6.4 ± 5%</b>	"	"	T.C. = .005% / °C(7)	"	"	
<b>1N4572(2,23)</b>	<b>6.4 ± 5%</b>	"	"	T.C. = .002% / °C(7)	"	"	
<b>1N4573(2,23)</b>	<b>6.4 ± 5%</b>	"	"	T.C. = .001% / °C(7)	"	"	
<b>1N4574(2,23)</b>	<b>6.4 ± 5%</b>	"	"	T.C. = .0005% / °C(7)	"	"	
<b>1N4575(2,23)</b>	<b>6.4 ± 5%</b>	2.0	50.0	T.C. = .01% / °C(7)	"	"	
<b>1N4576(2,23)</b>	<b>6.4 ± 5%</b>	"	"	T.C. = .005% / °C(7)	"	"	
<b>1N4577(2,23)</b>	<b>6.4 ± 5%</b>	"	"	T.C. = .002% / °C(7)	"	"	
<b>1N4578(2,23)</b>	<b>6.4 ± 5%</b>	"	"	T.C. = .001% / °C(7)	"	"	
<b>1N4579(2,23)</b>	<b>6.4 ± 5%</b>	"	"	T.C. = .0005% / °C(7)	"	"	
<b>1N4580(2,23)</b>	<b>6.4 ± 5%</b>	4.0	25.0	T.C. = .01% / °C(7)	"	"	
<b>1N4581(2,23)</b>	<b>6.4 ± 5%</b>	"	"	T.C. = .005% / °C(7)	"	"	
<b>1N4582(2,23)</b>	<b>6.4 ± 5%</b>	"	"	T.C. = .002% / °C(7)	"	"	
<b>1N4583(2,23)</b>	<b>6.4 ± 5%</b>	"	"	T.C. = .001% / °C(7)	"	"	
<b>1N4584(2,23)</b>	<b>6.4 ± 5%</b>	"	"	T.C. = .0005% / °C(7)	"	"	
<b>1N4611(2)</b>	<b>6.6 ± 5%</b>	2.0(22)	75.0	Suffix A = .0005% / °C	250 mw	DO-7	
<b>1N4612(2)</b>	<b>6.6 ± 5%</b>	5.0(22)	25.0	Suffix B = .001% / °C	"	"	
<b>1N4613(2)</b>	<b>6.6 ± 5%</b>	10.0(22)	15.0	Suffix C = .002% / °C	"	"	
<b>1N4614(19,20)</b>	1.8	250.0 μA	1200.0	±5%	250 mw	DO-7/DO-35	
<b>1N4615(19,20)</b>	2.0	"	1250.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4616(19,20)</b>	2.2	"	1300.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4617(19,20)</b>	2.4	"	1400.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4618(19,20)</b>	2.7	"	1500.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4619(19,20)</b>	3.0	"	1600.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4620(19,20)</b>	3.3	"	1650.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4621(19,20)</b>	3.6	"	1700.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4622(19,20)</b>	3.9	"	1650.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4623(19,20)</b>	4.3	"	1600.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4624(19,20)</b>	4.7	"	1550.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4625(19,20)</b>	5.1	"	1500.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4626(19,20)</b>	5.6	"	1400.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4627(19,20)</b>	6.2	"	1200.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4628</b>	6.8	18.5	4.5	No Suffix = 5%	600 mw	DO-7	
<b>1N4629</b>	7.5	16.5	5.5	"	"	"	
<b>1N4630</b>	8.2	15.0	6.5	"	"	"	
<b>1N4631</b>	9.1	14.0	7.5	"	"	"	
<b>1N4632</b>	10.0	12.5	8.5	"	"	"	
<b>1N4633</b>	11.0	11.5	9.5	"	"	"	
<b>1N4634</b>	12.0	10.5	11.5	"	"	"	
<b>1N4635</b>	13.0	9.5	13.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4636</b>	15.0	8.5	16.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4637</b>	16.0	7.8	17.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4638</b>	18.0	7.0	21.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4639</b>	20.0	6.2	25.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4640</b>	22.0	5.6	29.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4641</b>	24.0	5.2	33.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4642</b>	27.0	4.6	41.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4643</b>	30.0	4.2	49.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4644</b>	33.0	3.8	58.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4645</b>	36.0	3.4	70.0	"	"	"	

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$ Volts	@ mA	Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
<b>1N4646</b>	39.0	3.2	80.0	No Suffix = 5%	600 mw	DO-7	
<b>1N4647</b>	43.0	3.0	93.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4648</b>	47.0	2.7	105.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4649<sup>(19)</sup></b>	3.3	76.0	10.0	"	1 watt	Case QQ <sup>(28)</sup>	
<b>1N4650<sup>(19)</sup></b>	3.6	69.0	10.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4651<sup>(19)</sup></b>	3.9	64.0	9.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4652<sup>(19)</sup></b>	4.3	58.0	9.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4653<sup>(19)</sup></b>	4.7	53.0	8.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4654<sup>(19)</sup></b>	5.1	49.0	7.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4655<sup>(19)</sup></b>	5.6	45.0	5.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4656<sup>(19)</sup></b>	6.2	41.0	2.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4657<sup>(19)</sup></b>	6.8	37.0	3.5	"	"	"	
<b>1N4658<sup>(19)</sup></b>	7.5	34.0	4.0	No Suffix = 5%	1 watt	Case QQ <sup>(28)</sup>	
<b>1N4659<sup>(19)</sup></b>	8.2	31.0	4.5	"	"	"	
<b>1N4660<sup>(19)</sup></b>	9.1	28.0	5.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4661<sup>(19)</sup></b>	10.0	25.0	7.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4662<sup>(19)</sup></b>	11.0	23.0	8.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4663<sup>(19)</sup></b>	12.0	21.0	9.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4664<sup>(19)</sup></b>	13.0	19.0	10.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4665<sup>(19)</sup></b>	15.0	17.0	14.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4666<sup>(19)</sup></b>	16.0	15.5	16.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4667<sup>(19)</sup></b>	18.0	14.0	20.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4668<sup>(19)</sup></b>	20.0	12.5	22.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4669<sup>(19)</sup></b>	22.0	11.5	23.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4670<sup>(19)</sup></b>	24.0	10.5	25.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4671<sup>(19)</sup></b>	27.0	9.5	35.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4672<sup>(19)</sup></b>	30.0	8.5	40.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4673<sup>(19)</sup></b>	33.0	7.5	45.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4674<sup>(19)</sup></b>	36.0	7.0	50.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4675<sup>(19)</sup></b>	39.0	6.5	60.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4676<sup>(19)</sup></b>	43.0	6.0	70.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4677<sup>(19)</sup></b>	47.0	5.5	80.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4678<sup>(23)</sup></b>	1.8	0.05	(24)	No Suffix = 5%	250 mw	DO-7/DO-35	
<b>1N4679<sup>(23)</sup></b>	2.0	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4680<sup>(23)</sup></b>	2.2	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4681<sup>(23)</sup></b>	2.4	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4682<sup>(23)</sup></b>	2.7	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4683<sup>(23)</sup></b>	3.0	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4684<sup>(23)</sup></b>	3.3	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4685<sup>(23)</sup></b>	3.6	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4686<sup>(23)</sup></b>	3.9	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4687<sup>(23)</sup></b>	4.3	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4688<sup>(23)</sup></b>	4.7	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4689<sup>(23)</sup></b>	5.1	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4690<sup>(23)</sup></b>	5.6	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4691<sup>(23)</sup></b>	6.2	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4692<sup>(23)</sup></b>	6.8	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4693<sup>(23)</sup></b>	7.5	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4694<sup>(23)</sup></b>	8.2	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4695<sup>(23)</sup></b>	8.7	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4696<sup>(23)</sup></b>	9.1	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4697<sup>(23)</sup></b>	10.0	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4698<sup>(23)</sup></b>	11.0	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4699<sup>(23)</sup></b>	12.0	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4700<sup>(23)</sup></b>	13.0	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4701<sup>(23)</sup></b>	14.0	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4702<sup>(23)</sup></b>	15.0	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4703<sup>(23)</sup></b>	16.0	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4704<sup>(23)</sup></b>	17.0	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4705<sup>(23)</sup></b>	18.0	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4706<sup>(23)</sup></b>	19.0	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4707<sup>(23)</sup></b>	20.0	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4708<sup>(23)</sup></b>	22.0	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4709<sup>(23)</sup></b>	24.0	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4710<sup>(23)</sup></b>	25.0	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4711<sup>(23)</sup></b>	27.0	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4712<sup>(23)</sup></b>	28.0	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4713<sup>(23)</sup></b>	30.0	"	"	"	"	"	

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(1) Double anode type

(2) Temperature compensated zener diode

(7) No suffix denotes temp. range 0°C to +75°C

Suffix A denotes temp. range -55°C to +100°C

(9) Low reverse leakage diode

(23) Special low current series

(24) Z<sub>Z</sub> specified in terms of voltage regulation

(28) Can be supplied by Microsemi in Case J (DO-41)

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$ Volts	@ mA	Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_z$ , Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
<b>1N4714<sup>(23)</sup></b>	33.0	0.05	(24)	No Suffix = 5%	250 mw	DO-7/DO-35	
<b>1N4715<sup>(23)</sup></b>	36.0	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4716<sup>(23)</sup></b>	39.0	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4717<sup>(23)</sup></b>	43.0	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N4728</b>	3.3	76.0	10.0	No Suffix = 10%	1 watt		
<b>1N4729</b>	3.6	69.0	10.0	Suffix A = 5%	"	Case J or DO-41 glass	
<b>1N4730</b>	3.9	64.0	9.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4731</b>	4.3	58.0	9.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4732</b>	4.7	53.0	8.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4733</b>	5.1	49.0	7.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4734</b>	5.6	45.0	5.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4735</b>	6.2	41.0	2.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4736</b>	6.8	37.0	3.5	"	"	"	
<b>1N4737</b>	7.5	34.0	4.0	No Suffix = 10%	1 watt		
<b>1N4738</b>	8.2	31.0	4.5	Suffix A = 5%	"	Case J or DO-41 glass	
<b>1N4739</b>	9.1	28.0	5.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4740</b>	10.0	25.0	7.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4741</b>	11.0	23.0	8.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4742</b>	12.0	21.0	9.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4743</b>	13.0	19.0	10.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4744</b>	15.0	17.0	14.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4745</b>	16.0	15.5	16.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4746</b>	18.0	14.0	20.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4747</b>	20.0	12.5	22.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4748</b>	22.0	11.5	23.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4749</b>	24.0	10.5	25.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4750</b>	27.0	9.5	35.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4751</b>	30.0	8.5	40.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4752</b>	33.0	7.5	45.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4753</b>	36.0	7.0	50.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4754</b>	39.0	6.5	60.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4755</b>	43.0	6.0	70.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4756</b>	47.0	5.5	80.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4757</b>	51.0	5.0	95.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4758</b>	56.0	4.5	110.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4759</b>	62.0	4.0	125.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4760</b>	68.0	3.7	150.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4761</b>	75.0	3.3	175.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4762</b>	82.0	3.0	200.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4763</b>	91.0	2.8	250.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4764</b>	100.0	2.5	350.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N4765<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>9.1 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>350.0</b>	<b>.01% / °C<sup>(7)</sup></b>	<b>250 mw</b>	<b>DO-7</b>	
<b>1N4766<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>		<b>.005% / °C<sup>(7)</sup></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4767<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>		<b>.002% / °C<sup>(7)</sup></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4768<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>9.1 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>.001% / °C<sup>(7)</sup></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4769<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>9.1 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>.0005% / °C<sup>(7)</sup></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4770<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>9.1 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>200.0</b>	<b>.01% / °C<sup>(7)</sup></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4771<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>9.1 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>.005% / °C<sup>(7)</sup></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4772<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>9.1 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>.002% / °C<sup>(7)</sup></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4773<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>9.1 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>.001% / °C<sup>(7)</sup></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4774<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>9.1 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>.0005% / °C<sup>(7)</sup></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4775<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>8.5 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>200.0</b>	<b>.01% / °C<sup>(7)</sup></b>	<b>250 mw</b>	<b>DO-7</b>	
<b>1N4776<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>8.5 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>.005% / °C<sup>(7)</sup></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4777<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>8.5 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>.002% / °C<sup>(7)</sup></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4778<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>8.5 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>.001% / °C<sup>(7)</sup></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4779<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>8.5 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>.01% / °C<sup>(7)</sup></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4780<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>8.5 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>.0005% / °C<sup>(7)</sup></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4781<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>8.5 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>.005% / °C<sup>(7)</sup></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4782<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>8.5 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>.002% / °C<sup>(7)</sup></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4783<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>8.5 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>.001% / °C<sup>(7)</sup></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4784<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b><math>8.5 \pm 5\%</math></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>.0005% / °C<sup>(7)</sup></b>	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4831</b>	<b>9.1</b>	<b>28.0</b>	<b>8.0</b>	No Suffix = 20%	<b>1.2 watt</b>	<b>Case FF<sup>(28)</sup></b>	
<b>1N4832</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>25.0</b>	<b>9.0</b>	Suffix A = 10%	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4833</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>23.0</b>	<b>10.0</b>	Suffix B = 5%	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4834</b>	<b>12.0</b>	<b>21.0</b>	<b>12.0</b>	Double Anode	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4835</b>	<b>13.0</b>	<b>19.0</b>	<b>15.0</b>	"	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4836</b>	<b>15.0</b>	<b>17.0</b>	<b>17.0</b>	"	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4837</b>	<b>16.0</b>	<b>16.0</b>	<b>19.0</b>	"	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4838</b>	<b>18.0</b>	<b>14.0</b>	<b>20.0</b>	"	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	
<b>1N4839</b>	<b>20.0</b>	<b>12.5</b>	<b>22.0</b>	"	<b>"</b>	<b>"</b>	

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at I <sub>ZT</sub> Volts	Max. Zener Impedance @ I <sub>ZT</sub> Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
1N4840	22.0	11.3	23.0	Double Anode	1.2 watt	Case FF (28)
1N4841	24.0	10.5	25.0	" "	"	"
1N4842	27.0	9.3	35.0	" "	"	"
1N4843	30.0	8.3	40.0	" "	"	"
1N4844	33.0	7.5	45.0	" "	"	"
1N4845	36.0	7.0	50.0	" "	"	"
1N4846	39.0	6.5	60.0	" "	"	"
1N4847	43.0	5.8	70.0	" "	"	"
1N4848	47.0	5.3	80.0	" "	"	"
1N4849	51.0	5.0	95.0	" "	"	"
1N4850	56.0	4.5	110.0	" "	"	"
1N4851	62.0	4.0	125.0	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5%	1.2 watt	Case FF (28)
1N4852	68.0	3.7	150.0	" "	"	"
1N4853	75.0	3.3	175.0	" "	"	"
1N4854	82.0	3.0	200.0	Double Anode	"	"
1N4855	91.0	2.8	250.0	" "	"	"
1N4856	100.0	2.5	350.0	" "	"	"
1N4857	110.0	2.3	450.0	" "	"	"
1N4858	120.0	2.1	550.0	" "	"	"
1N4859	130.0	1.9	700.0	" "	"	"
1N4860	150.0	1.7	100.0	" "	"	"
1N4881	20.0	40.0	9.0	±10%	3 watt	Case LL (28)
1N4882	36.0	20.0	21.0	±10%	"	"
1N4883	12.0	65.0	5.0	±5%	"	"
1N4884	20.0	40.0	9.0	±5%	"	"
1N4889	62.0	20.0	42.5	±5%	5 watt	Case RR
1N4890(2,18)	6.35v ± 5%	7.5 mA	10.0	.001% / °C(13,26) .0005% / °C(13,26); .001% / °C(13,26)	400 mw	D0-7
1N4891(2,18)	"	"	"	"	"	"
1N4892(2,18)	"	"	"	"	"	"
1N4893(2,18)	"	"	"	.0005% / °C(13,26)	"	"
1N4894(2,18)	"	"	"	.001% / °C(13,26)	"	"
1N4895(2,18)	"	"	"	.0005% / °C(13,26)	"	"
1N4896(2,20)	12.8V ± 5%	0.5	400.0	.01% / °C(13) .005% / °C(13) .002% / °C(13) .001% / °C(13)	400 mw	D0-7
1N4897(2,20)	"	"	"	"	"	"
1N4898(2,20)	"	"	"	"	"	"
1N4899(2,20)	"	"	"	"	"	"
1N4900(2,20)	"	1.0	200.0	.01% / °C(13) .005% / °C(13) .002% / °C(13) .001% / °C(13)	"	"
1N4901(2,20)	"	"	"	"	"	"
1N4902(2,20)	"	"	"	"	"	"
1N4903(2,20)	"	"	"	"	"	"
1N4904(2,20)	"	2.0	100.0	.01% / °C(13) .005% / °C(13) .002% / °C(13) .001% / °C(13)	"	"
1N4905(2,20)	"	"	"	"	"	"
1N4906(2,20)	"	"	"	"	"	"
1N4907(2,20)	"	"	"	"	"	"
1N4908(2,20)	"	4.0	50.0	.01% / °C(13)	"	"
1N4909(2,20)	"	"	"	.005% / °C(13)	"	"
1N4910(2,20)	"	"	"	.002% / °C(13)	"	"
1N4911(2,20)	"	"	"	.001% / °C(13)	"	"
1N4912(2,20)	"	7.5	25.0	.01% / °C(13) .005% / °C(13)	"	"
1N4913(2,20)	"	"	"	"	"	"
1N4914(2,20)	"	"	"	.002% / °C(13) .001% / °C(13)	"	"
1N4915(2,20)	"	"	"	"	"	"
1N4916(2,20)	19.2v ± 5%	0.5	600.0	.01% / °C(13) .005% / °C(13) .002% / °C(13)	"	"
1N4917(2,20)	"	"	"	"	"	"
1N4918(2,20)	"	"	"	"	"	"
1N4919(2,20)	"	1.0	300.0	.01% / °C(13) .005% / °C(13) .002% / °C(13)	"	"
1N4920(2,20)	"	"	"	"	"	"
1N4921(2,20)	"	"	"	"	"	"
1N4922(2,20)	"	2.0	150.0	.01% / °C(13) .005% / °C(13) .002% / °C(13)	"	"
1N4923(2,20)	"	"	"	"	"	"
1N4924(2,20)	"	"	"	"	"	"
1N4925(2,20)	"	4.0	75.0	.01% / °C(13) .005% / °C(13) .002% / °C(13)	"	"
1N4926(2,20)	"	"	"	"	"	"
1N4927(2,20)	"	"	"	"	"	"
1N4928(2,20)	"	"	"	.001% / °C(13)	"	"
1N4929(2,20)	"	7.5	36.0	.01% / °C(13) .005% / °C(13)	"	"
1N4930(2,20)	"	"	"	".005% / °C(13)	"	"
1N4931(2,20)	"	"	"	.002% / °C(13)	"	"
1N4932(2,20)	"	"	"	.001% / °C(13)	"	"

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(1) Double anode type

(2) Temperature compensated zener diode

(13) No suffix denotes temp. range 25 to 100°C

"A" Suffix denotes temp. range -55° to +100°C

(18) Certified voltage time stability

(20) Low noise diode

(26) 1N4890 & 91 have a certified voltage time stability of 50ppm

1N4892 & 93 have a certified voltage time stability of 20ppm

1N4894 & 95 have a certified voltage time stability of 10ppm

(28) Can be supplied by Microsemi in Case J (DO-41)

Type No.	PIV	Io 25°C	VF	IR	TRR	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
	Volts	Amps	Volts	µA			
<b>1N4938-1</b>	200	.1	1.0	.10		B	
1N4942	200	(55°C)A 1.0	1.3	1.0		(n sec.) 150	A
<b>1N4944</b>	400	1.0	1.3	1.0		150	A
1N4946	600	1.0	1.3	1.0		250	A
<b>1N4947</b>	800	1.0	1.3	1.0		250	A
1N4948	1000	1.0	1.3	1.0		500	A
Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at I <sub>ZT</sub>	Max. Zener Impedance @ I <sub>ZT</sub> Ohms		Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
Volts	@ mA						
1N4954	6.8	175.0	1.0	±5%	5 watt	Case VV	
1N4955	7.5	"	1.5	"	"	"	
1N4956	8.2	150.0	"	"	"	"	
1N4957	9.1	"	2.0	"	"	"	
1N4958	10.0	125.0	"	"	"	"	
1N4959	11.0	"	2.5	"	"	"	
1N4960	12.0	100.0	"	"	"	"	
1N4961	13.0	"	3.0	"	"	"	
1N4962	15.0	75.0	3.5	"	"	"	
1N4963	16.0	"	"	"	"	"	
1N4964	18.0	65.0	4.0	"	"	"	
1N4965	20.0	"	4.5	"	"	"	
1N4966	22.0	50.0	5.0	"	"	"	
1N4967	24.0	"	"	"	"	"	
1N4968	27.0	"	6.0	"	"	"	
1N4969	30.0	40.0	8.0	"	"	"	
1N4970	33.0	"	10.0	"	"	"	
1N4971	36.0	30.0	11.0	"	"	"	
1N4972	39.0	"	14.0	"	"	"	
1N4973	43.0	"	20.0	"	"	"	
1N4974	47.0	25.0	25.0	"	"	"	
1N4975	51.0	"	27.0	"	"	"	
1N4976	56.0	20.0	35.0	"	"	"	
1N4977	62.0	"	42.0	"	"	"	
1N4978	68.0	"	44.0	"	"	"	
1N4979	75.0	"	45.0	"	"	"	
1N4980	82.0	15.0	65.0	"	"	"	
1N4981	91.0	"	75.0	"	"	"	
1N4982	100.0	12.0	90.0	"	"	"	
1N4983	110.0	"	125.0	"	"	"	
1N4984	120.0	10.0	170.0	"	"	"	
1N4985	130.0	"	190.0	"	"	"	
1N4986	150.0	8.0	330.0	"	"	"	
1N4987	160.0	"	350.0	"	"	"	
1N4988	180.0	5.0	430.0	"	"	"	
1N4989	200.0	"	480.0	"	"	"	
1N4990	220.0	"	550.0	"	"	"	
1N4991	240.0	"	650.0	"	"	"	
1N4992	270.0	"	800.0	"	"	"	
1N4993	300.0	4.0	950.0	"	"	"	
1N4994	330.0	"	1175.0	"	"	"	
1N4995	360.0	3.0	1400.0	"	"	"	
1N4996	390.0	"	1800.0	"	"	"	
1N5008	3.3	189.0	6.0	No Suffix = 10% A Suffix = 5%	2.5 watt	Case SS	
1N5009	3.6	173.0	5.5	"	"	"	
1N5010	3.9	160.0	5.0	"	"	"	
1N5011	4.3	145.0	4.0	" "	"	"	
1N5012	4.7	133.0	3.5	" "	"	"	
1N5013	5.1	122.0	3.0	" "	"	"	
1N5014	5.6	111.0	2.5	" "	"	"	
1N5015	6.2	101.0	3.0	" "	"	"	
1N5016	6.8	92.0	1.6	" "	"	"	
1N5017	7.5	83.0	1.8	" "	"	"	
1N5018	8.2	76.0	2.1	" "	"	"	
1N5019	9.1	69.0	2.4	" "	"	"	
1N5020	10.0	62.0	3.0	" "	"	"	
1N5021	11.0	57.0	3.6	" "	"	"	
1N5022	12.0	52.0	4.2	" "	"	"	

NOTE -- Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at I <sub>ZT</sub>	Max. Zener Impedance @ I <sub>ZT</sub> Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
	Volts	@ mA				
<b>1N5023</b>	13.0	48.0	4.8	No Suffix = 10% A Suffix = 5%	2.5 watt	Case SS
<b>1N5024</b>	14.0	45.0	5.4	" "	"	
<b>1N5025</b>	15.0	42.0	6.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5026</b>	16.0	39.0	6.6	" "	"	
<b>1N5027</b>	17.0	37.0	7.2	" "	"	
<b>1N5028</b>	18.0	35.0	7.8	" "	"	
<b>1N5029</b>	19.0	33.0	8.4	No Suffix = 10% A Suffix = 5%	2.5 watt	Case SS
<b>1N5030</b>	20.0	31.0	9.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5031</b>	22.0	28.0	9.6	" "	"	
<b>1N5032</b>	24.0	26.0	10.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5033</b>	25.0	25.0	11.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5034</b>	27.0	23.0	12.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5035</b>	30.0	21.0	15.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5036</b>	33.0	19.0	18.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5037</b>	36.0	17.0	21.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5038</b>	39.0	16.0	24.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5039</b>	43.0	15.0	27.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5040</b>	45.0	14.0	30.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5041</b>	47.0	13.0	33.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5042</b>	50.0	12.0	36.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5043</b>	51.0	12.0	36.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5044</b>	52.0	12.0	39.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5045</b>	56.0	11.0	45.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5046</b>	62.0	10.0	51.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5047</b>	68.0	9.2	57.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5048</b>	75.0	8.3	66.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5049</b>	82.0	7.6	78.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5050</b>	91.0	6.9	90.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5051</b>	100.0	6.2	120.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5063</b>	6.8	75.0	2.0	±5%	3 watt	Case UU <sup>(28)</sup>
<b>1N5064</b>	7.5	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5065</b>	8.2	"	3.0	"	"	
<b>1N5066</b>	9.1	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5067</b>	10.0	"	4.0	"	"	
<b>1N5068</b>	11.0	70.0	5.0	"	"	
<b>1N5069</b>	13.0	50.0	6.0	"	"	
<b>1N5070</b>	14.0	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5071</b>	15.0	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5072</b>	16.0	"	7.0	"	"	
<b>1N5073</b>	18.0	40.0	8.0	"	"	
<b>1N5074</b>	22.0	30.0	10.0	"	"	
<b>1N5075</b>	24.0	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5076</b>	27.0	25.0	12.0	"	"	
<b>1N5077</b>	30.0	"	15.0	"	"	
<b>1N5078</b>	33.0	20.0	21.0	"	"	
<b>1N5079</b>	36.0	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5080</b>	39.0	"	27.0	"	"	
<b>1N5081</b>	40.0	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5082</b>	43.0	15.0	35.0	"	"	
<b>1N5083</b>	45.0	"	37.0	"	"	
<b>1N5084</b>	47.0	"	43.0	"	"	
<b>1N5085</b>	50.0	"	50.0	"	"	
<b>1N5086</b>	51.0	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5087</b>	56.0	10.0	70.0	"	"	
<b>1N5088</b>	60.0	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5089</b>	62.0	"	75.0	"	"	
<b>1N5090</b>	68.0	"	85.0	"	"	
<b>1N5091</b>	70.0	"	90.0	"	"	
<b>1N5092</b>	75.0	"	100.0	"	"	
<b>1N5093</b>	80.0	"	115.0	"	"	
<b>1N5094</b>	82.0	"	120.0	"	"	
<b>1N5095</b>	91.0	8.0	155.0	"	"	
<b>1N5096</b>	110.0	5.0	250.0	"	"	
<b>1N5097</b>	120.0	"	325.0	"	"	
<b>1N5098</b>	130.0	"	375.0	"	"	
<b>1N5099</b>	140.0	"	550.0	"	"	
<b>1N5100</b>	160.0	4.0	700.0	"	"	
<b>1N5101</b>	170.0	"	750.0	"	"	

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(19) Low reverse leakage diode

(28) Supplied by Microsemi in Case J (DO-41)

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at I <sub>ZT</sub> Volts	Max. Zener Impedance @ I <sub>ZT</sub> Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute	
<b>1N5102</b>	180.0	4.0	850.0	±5%	3 watt	Case UU <sup>(28)</sup>	
<b>1N5103</b>	190.0	"	900.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5104</b>	200.0	"	950.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5105</b>	220.0	3.0	1100.0	±5%	3 watt	Case UU	
<b>1N5106</b>	240.0	"	1300.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5107</b>	260.0	"	1500.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5108</b>	270.0	"	1600.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5109</b>	280.0	"	1700.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5110</b>	300.0	"	1900.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5111</b>	320.0	2.0	2100.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5112</b>	330.0	"	2250.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5113</b>	340.0	"	2400.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5114</b>	360.0	"	2700.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5115</b>	380.0	"	3000.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5116</b>	390.0	"	3250.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5117</b>	400.0	"	3500.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5118</b>	14.0	100.0	3.0	"	5 watt	Case VV	
<b>1N5119</b>	40.0	30.0	14.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5120</b>	45.0	"	20.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5121</b>	50.0	25.0	25.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5122</b>	60.0	20.0	40.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5123</b>	70.0	"	45.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5124</b>	80.0	15.0	60.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5125</b>	90.0	"	75.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5126</b>	140.0	8.0	230.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5127</b>	170.0	"	380.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5128</b>	190.0	5.0	450.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5129</b>	260.0	"	650.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5130</b>	280.0	4.0	850.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5131</b>	320.0	"	1100.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5132</b>	340.0	"	1200.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5133</b>	380.0	3.0	1500.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5134</b>	400.0	"	1800.0	"	"	"	
Type No.	PIV Volts	I <sub>0</sub> 25°C Amps	VF Volts	IR μA	T <sub>RR</sub>	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
<b>1N5194</b>	80	.2	1.0	.025		DO35	
<b>1N5195</b>	200	.2	1.0	.025		DO35	
<b>1N5196</b>	250	.2	1.0	.025		DO35	
Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at I <sub>ZT</sub> Volts	Max. Zener Impedance @ I <sub>ZT</sub> Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute	
<b>1N5221 (19)</b>	2.4	20.0	30.0	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5%	500mw	DO-7/DO-35	
<b>1N5222 (19)</b>	2.5	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5223 (19)</b>	2.7	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5224 (19)</b>	2.8	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5225 (19)</b>	3.0	"	29.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5226 (19)</b>	3.3	"	28.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5227 (19)</b>	3.6	"	24.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5228 (19)</b>	3.9	"	23.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5229 (19)</b>	4.3	"	22.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5230 (19)</b>	4.7	"	19.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5231 (19)</b>	5.1	"	17.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5232 (19)</b>	5.6	"	11.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5233 (19)</b>	6.0	"	7.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5234 (19)</b>	6.2	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5235 (19)</b>	6.8	"	5.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5236 (19)</b>	7.5	"	6.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5237 (19)</b>	8.2	"	8.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5238 (19)</b>	8.7	"	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5239 (19)</b>	9.1	"	10.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5240 (19)</b>	10.0	"	17.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5241 (19)</b>	11.0	"	22.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5242 (19)</b>	12.0	"	30.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5243 (19)</b>	13.0	9.5	13.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5244 (19)</b>	14.0	9.0	15.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5245 (19)</b>	15.0	8.5	16.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5246 (19)</b>	16.0	7.8	17.0	"	"	"	
<b>1N5247 (19)</b>	17.0	7.4	19.0	"	"	"	

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at I <sub>ZT</sub> Volts	Max. Zener Impedance @ I <sub>ZT</sub> Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
<b>1N5248</b> (19)	18.0	7.0	21.0	No Suffix = 20%	500 mw	DO-7/DO-35
<b>1N5249</b> (19)	19.0	6.6	23.0	Suffix A = 10%	"	"
<b>1N5250</b> (19)	20.0	6.2	25.0	Suffix B = 5%	"	"
<b>1N5251</b> (19)	22.0	5.6	29.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5252</b> (19)	24.0	5.2	33.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5253</b> (19)	25.0	5.0	35.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5254</b> (19)	27.0	4.6	41.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5255</b> (19)	28.0	4.5	44.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5256</b> (19)	30.0	4.2	49.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5257</b> (19)	33.0	3.8	58.0	No Suffix = 20%	500 mw	DO-7/DO-35
<b>1N5258</b> (19)	36.0	3.4	70.0	Suffix A = 10%	"	"
<b>1N5259</b> (19)	39.0	3.2	80.0	Suffix B = 5%	"	"
<b>1N5260</b> (19)	43.0	3.0	93.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5261</b> (19)	47.0	2.7	105.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5262</b> (19)	51.0	2.5	125.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5263</b> (19)	56.0	2.2	150.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5264</b> (19)	60.0	2.1	170.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5265</b> (19)	62.0	2.0	185.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5266</b> (19)	68.0	1.8	230.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5267</b> (19)	75.0	1.7	270.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5268</b> (19)	82.0	1.5	330.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5269</b> (19)	87.0	1.4	370.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5270</b> (19)	91.0	"	400.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5271</b> (19)	100.0	1.3	500.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5272</b> (19)	110.0	1.1	750.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5273</b> (19)	120.0	1.0	900.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5274</b> (19)	130.0	0.95	1100.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5275</b> (19)	140.0	0.90	1300.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5276</b> (19)	150.0	0.85	1500.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5277</b> (19)	160.0	0.80	1700.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5278</b> (19)	170.0	0.74	1900.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5279</b> (19)	180.0	0.68	2200.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5280</b> (19)	190.0	0.66	2400.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5281</b> (19)	200.0	0.65	2500.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5333</b>	3.3	380	3.0	No Suffix = 20%	5 watt	Alee <sup>(30) (31)</sup>
<b>1N5334</b>	3.6	350	2.5	Suffix A = 10%	"	"
<b>1N5335</b>	3.9	320	2.0	Suffix B = 5%	"	"
<b>1N5336</b>	4.3	290	2.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5337</b>	4.7	260	2.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5338</b>	5.1	240	1.5	" "	"	"
<b>1N5339</b>	5.6	220	1.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5340</b>	6.0	200	1.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5341</b>	6.2	200	1.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5342</b>	6.8	175	1.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5343</b>	7.5	175	1.5	" "	"	"
<b>1N5344</b>	8.2	150	1.5	" "	"	"
<b>1N5345</b>	8.7	150	2.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5346</b>	9.1	150	2.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5347</b>	10	125	2.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5348</b>	11	125	2.5	" "	"	"
<b>1N5349</b>	12	100	2.5	" "	"	"
<b>1N5350</b>	13	100	2.5	" "	"	"
<b>1N5351</b>	14	100	2.5	" "	"	"
<b>1N5352</b>	15	75	2.5	" "	"	"
<b>1N5353</b>	16	75	2.5	" "	"	"
<b>1N5354</b>	17	70	2.5	" "	"	"
<b>1N5355</b>	18	65	2.5	" "	"	"
<b>1N5356</b>	19	65	3.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5357</b>	20	65	3.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5358</b>	22	50	3.5	" "	"	"
<b>1N5359</b>	24	50	3.5	" "	"	"
<b>1N5360</b>	25	50	4.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5361</b>	27	50	5.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5362</b>	28	50	6.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5363</b>	30	40	8.0	" "	"	"
<b>1N5364</b>	33	40	10	" "	"	"
<b>1N5365</b>	36	30	11	" "	"	"

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(19) Low leakage series.

(20) Low noise series.

(28) Supplied by Microsemi in Case J (DO-41).

(30) This is the package referenced in the Autumn 1972  
Semiconductor Diode & SCR D.A.T.A. book.

(31) Supplied by Microsemi in Case T-18 which is identical to Alee.

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$ Volts	Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ , Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
<b>1N5366</b>	39	30	14	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5%	5 watt	A1ee <sup>(30) (31)</sup>
<b>1N5367</b>	43	30	20	" "	"	"
<b>1N5368</b>	47	25	25	" "	"	"
<b>1N5369</b>	51	25	27	" "	"	"
<b>1N5370</b>	56	20	35	" "	"	"
<b>1N5371</b>	60	20	40	" "	"	"
<b>1N5372</b>	62	20	42	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5%	5 watts	A1ee <sup>(30) (31)</sup>
<b>1N5373</b>	68	20	44	" "	"	"
<b>1N5374</b>	75	20	45	" "	"	"
<b>1N5375</b>	82	15	65	" "	"	"
<b>1N5376</b>	87	15	75	" "	"	"
<b>1N5377</b>	91	15	75	" "	"	"
<b>1N5378</b>	100	12	90	" "	"	"
<b>1N5379</b>	110	12	125	" "	"	"
<b>1N5380</b>	120	10	170	" "	"	"
<b>1N5381</b>	130	10	190	" "	"	"
<b>1N5382</b>	140	8	230	" "	"	"
<b>1N5383</b>	150	8	330	" "	"	"
<b>1N5384</b>	160	8	350	" "	"	"
<b>1N5385</b>	170	8	380	" "	"	"
<b>1N5386</b>	180	5	430	" "	"	"
<b>1N5387</b>	190	5	450	" "	"	"
<b>1N5388</b>	200	5	480	" "	"	"
Type No.	PIV	$I_0$ 25°C	VF	IR	$T_{RR}$	Device Package
	Volts	Amps	Volts	$\mu A$		MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
<b>1N5415</b>	50	(55°C) 3.0	1.1	1.0	(n sec.) 150	E
<b>1N5416</b>	100	3.0	1.1	1.0	150	E
<b>1N5417</b>	200	3.0	1.1	1.0	150	E
<b>1N5418</b>	400	3.0	1.1	1.0	150	E
<b>1N5419</b>	500	3.0	1.1	1.0	250	E
<b>1N5420</b>	600	3.0	1.1	1.0	400	E
Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_{ZT}$ Volts	Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$ , Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
<b>1N5518<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	3.3	20	26	No Suffix = $\pm$ 20% A Suffix = $\pm$ 10% B Suffix = $\pm$ 5%	400 mw	DO-7/DO-35
<b>1N5519<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	3.6	20	24	" "	"	"
<b>1N5520<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	3.9	20	22	" "	"	"
<b>1N5521<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	4.3	20	18	C Suffix = $\pm$ 2% D Suffix = $\pm$ 1%	" "	"
<b>1N5522<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	4.7	10	22	" "	"	"
<b>1N5523<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	5.1	5	26	" "	"	"
<b>1N5524<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	5.6	3	30	" "	"	"
<b>1N5525<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	6.2	1	30	" "	"	"
<b>1N5526<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	6.8	1	30	" "	"	"
<b>1N5527<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	7.5	1	35	" "	"	"
<b>1N5528<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	8.2	1	40	" "	"	"
<b>1N5529<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	9.1	1	45	" "	"	"
<b>1N5530<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	10.0	1	60	" "	"	"
<b>1N5531<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	11.0	1	80	" "	"	"
<b>1N5532<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	12.0	1	90	" "	"	"
<b>1N5533<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	13.0	1	90	" "	"	"
<b>1N5534<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	14.0	1	100	" "	"	"
<b>1N5535<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	15.0	1	100	" "	"	"
<b>1N5536<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	16.0	1	100	" "	"	"
<b>1N5537<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	17.0	1	100	" "	"	"
<b>1N5538<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	18.0	1	100	" "	"	"
<b>1N5539<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	19.0	1	100	" "	"	"
<b>1N5540<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	20.0	1	100	" "	"	"
<b>1N5541<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	22.0	1	100	" "	"	"
<b>1N5542<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	24.0	1	100	" "	"	"
<b>1N5543<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	25.0	1	100	" "	"	"
<b>1N5544<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	28.0	1	100	" "	"	"
<b>1N5545<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	30.0	1	100	" "	"	"
<b>1N5546<sup>(19) (20)</sup></b>	33.0	1	100	" "	"	"

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(19) Low reverse leakage diode.

(27) Supplied by Microsemi in DO-7 Case

(28) Supplied by Microsemi in Case J (DO-41)

(30) This is the package referenced in the Autumn 1972 Semiconductor Diode & SCR D.A.T.A. book.

Type No.	PIV	Io 25°C	VF	IR	T <sub>RR</sub>	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
	Volts	Amps	Volts	μA			
<b>1N5550</b>	200	(55°C) 5.0	1.0	1.0		E	
<b>1N5551</b>	400	5.0	1.0	1.0		E	
<b>1N5552</b>	600	5.0	1.0	1.0		E	
<b>1N5553</b>	800	5.0	1.1	1.0		E	
<b>1N5554</b>	1000	5.0	1.1	1.0		E	
Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at I <sub>ZT</sub>	Max. Zener Impedance @ I <sub>ZT</sub> Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute	
<b>1N5555</b>	33.0	1	No Impedance Specified	No Tolerance Specified	1,500 watts for im's	DO-13	
<b>1N5556</b>	43.7	1	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5557</b>	54.0	1	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5558</b>	191.0	1	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5559</b>	6.8	37	No Impedance Specified	No Suffix = ± 20%	1.0 watt	A196d <sup>(28)(30)</sup>	
<b>1N5560</b>	7.5	34	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5561</b>	8.2	31	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5562</b>	9.1	28	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5563</b>	10	25	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5564</b>	11	23	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5565</b>	12	21	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5566</b>	13	19	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5567</b>	15	17	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5568</b>	16	15.5	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5569</b>	18	14	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5570</b>	20	12.5	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5571</b>	22	11.5	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5572</b>	24	10.5	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5573</b>	27	9.5	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5574</b>	30	8.5	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5575</b>	33	7.5	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5576</b>	36	7.0	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5577</b>	39	6.5	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5578</b>	43	6.0	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5579</b>	47	5.5	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5580</b>	51	5.0	No Impedance Specified	No Suffix = ± 20%	1.0 watt	A196d <sup>(28)(30)</sup>	
<b>1N5581</b>	56	4.5	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5582</b>	62	4.0	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5583</b>	68	3.7	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5584</b>	75	3.3	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5585</b>	82	3.0	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5586</b>	91	2.8	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5587</b>	100	2.5	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5588</b>	110	2.3	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5589</b>	120	2.0	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5590</b>	130	1.9	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5591</b>	150	1.7	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5592</b>	160	1.6	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5593</b>	180	1.4	"	"	"	"	
<b>1N5594</b>	200	1.2	"	"	"	"	
Type No.	PIV	Io 25°C	VF	IR	T <sub>RR</sub>	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
	Volts	Amps	Volts	μA			
<b>1N5614</b>	200	(55°C) 1.00		1.0	(n sec.)		
<b>1N5616</b>	400	1.00	.8 min.	1.0	2.0	A	
<b>1N5618</b>	600	1.00	to 1.3 max.	1.0	2.0	A	
<b>1N5620</b>	800	1.00		1.0	2.0	A	
<b>1N5622</b>	1000	1.00		1.0	2.0	A	
<b>1N5615</b>	200	1.0		.5	150	A	
<b>1N5617</b>	400	1.0	.8 min.	.5	150	A	
<b>1N5619</b>	600	1.0	to 1.6 max.	.5	250	A	
<b>1N5621</b>	800	1.0		.5	300	A	
<b>1N5623</b>	1000	1.0		.5	500	A	

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(19) Low reverse leakage diode

(30) This is the package referenced in the Autumn

(27) Supplied by Microsemi in DO-7 Case

1972 Semiconductor Diode & SCR D.A.T.A. book.

(28) Supplied by Microsemi in Case J (DO-41)

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at I <sub>Z</sub> Volts	Max. Zener Impedance @ I <sub>Z</sub> ; Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
<b>1N5629</b>	6.8	10	No Impedance Specified	No Suffix = 10% Suffix A = 5%	1500 watts for 1ms	DO-13
<b>1N5629A</b>	6.8	10	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5630</b>	7.5	10	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5630A</b>	7.5	10	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5631</b>	8.2	10	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5631A</b>	8.2	10	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5632</b>	9.1	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5632A</b>	9.1	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5633</b>	10.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5633A</b>	10.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5634</b>	11.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5634A</b>	11.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5635</b>	12.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5635A</b>	12.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5636</b>	13.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5636A</b>	13.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5637</b>	15.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5637A</b>	15.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5638</b>	16.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5638A</b>	16.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5639</b>	18.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5639A</b>	18.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5640</b>	20.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5640A</b>	20.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5641</b>	22.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5641A</b>	22.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5642</b>	24.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5642A</b>	24.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5643</b>	27.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5643A</b>	27.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5644</b>	30.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5644A</b>	30.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5645</b>	33.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5645A</b>	33.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5646</b>	36.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5646A</b>	36.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5647</b>	39.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5647A</b>	39.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5648</b>	43.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5648A</b>	43.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5649</b>	47.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5649A</b>	47.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5650</b>	51.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5650A</b>	51.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5651</b>	56.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5651A</b>	56.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5652</b>	62.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5652A</b>	62.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5653</b>	68.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5653A</b>	68.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5654</b>	75.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5654A</b>	75.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5655</b>	82.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5655A</b>	82.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5656</b>	91.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5656A</b>	91.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5657</b>	100.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5657A</b>	100.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5658</b>	110.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5658A</b>	110.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5659</b>	120.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5659A</b>	120.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5660</b>	130.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5660A</b>	130.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5661</b>	150.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5661A</b>	150.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5662</b>	160.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5662A</b>	160.0	1	"	"	"	"

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(19) Low reverse leakage diode.

(27) Supplied by Microsemi in DO-7 Case

(28) Supplied by Microsemi in Case J (DO-41)

(30) This is the package referenced in the Autumn 1972 Semiconductor Diode & SCR D.A.T.A. book.

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at I <sub>ZT</sub>	Max. Zener Impedance @ I <sub>ZT</sub> Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
<b>1N5663</b>	170.0	1	No Impedance Specified	No Suffix = 10% Suffix A = 5%	1,500 watts for im's	DO-13
<b>1N5663A</b>	170.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5664</b>	180.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5664A</b>	180.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5665</b>	200.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5665A</b>	200.0	1	"	"	"	"
<b>1N5666</b>	1.8	1	65 <sup>(2)</sup>	No Suffix = ± 10%	250 mw	C29N <sup>(3)</sup>
<b>1N5667</b>	2.0	1	65	" "	"	"
<b>1N5668</b>	2.2	1	65	" "	"	"
<b>1N5669</b>	2.4	1	65	" "	"	"
<b>1N5670</b>	2.7	1	65	" "	"	"
<b>1N5671</b>	3.0	1	65	" "	"	"
<b>1N5672</b>	3.3	1	65	" "	"	"
<b>1N5673</b>	3.6	1	65	" "	"	"
<b>1N5674</b>	3.9	1	65	" "	"	"
<b>1N5675</b>	4.3	1	65	" "	"	"
<b>1N5676</b>	4.7	1	65	" "	"	"
<b>1N5677</b>	5.1	1	65	" "	"	"
<b>1N5678</b>	5.6	1	65	" "	"	"
<b>1N5728<sup>(19)</sup></b>	4.7	10	70	B Suffix = ± 5% C Suffix = ± 2% D Suffix = ± 1%	400mw	DO-35
<b>1N5729<sup>(19)</sup></b>	5.1	10	50	"	"	"
<b>1N5730<sup>(19)</sup></b>	5.6	10	25	"	"	"
<b>1N5731<sup>(19)</sup></b>	6.2	10	10	"	"	"
<b>1N5732<sup>(19)</sup></b>	6.8	10	10	B Suffix = ± 5% C Suffix = ± 2% D Suffix = ± 1%	400 mw	DO-35
<b>1N5733<sup>(19)</sup></b>	7.5	10	10	"	"	"
<b>1N5734<sup>(19)</sup></b>	8.2	10	15	"	"	"
<b>1N5735<sup>(19)</sup></b>	9.1	10	15	" "	"	"
<b>1N5736<sup>(19)</sup></b>	10	10	20	" "	"	"
<b>1N5737<sup>(19)</sup></b>	11	5	20	" "	"	"
<b>1N5738<sup>(19)</sup></b>	12	5	30	" "	"	"
<b>1N5739<sup>(19)</sup></b>	13	5	30	" "	"	"
<b>1N5740<sup>(19)</sup></b>	15	5	30	" "	"	"
<b>1N5741<sup>(19)</sup></b>	16	5	40	" "	"	"
<b>1N5742<sup>(19)</sup></b>	18	5	45	" "	"	"
<b>1N5743<sup>(19)</sup></b>	20	5	55	" "	"	"
<b>1N5744<sup>(19)</sup></b>	22	5	55	" "	"	"
<b>1N5745<sup>(19)</sup></b>	24	5	70	" "	"	"
<b>1N5746<sup>(19)</sup></b>	27	2	80	" "	"	"
<b>1N5747<sup>(19)</sup></b>	30	2	80	" "	"	"
<b>1N5748<sup>(19)</sup></b>	33	2	90	" "	"	"
<b>1N5749<sup>(19)</sup></b>	36.0	2	90	" "	"	"
<b>1N5750<sup>(19)</sup></b>	39.0	2	130	" "	"	"
<b>1N5751<sup>(19)</sup></b>	43.0	2	150	" "	"	"
<b>1N5752<sup>(19)</sup></b>	47.0	2	170	" "	"	"
<b>1N5753<sup>(19)</sup></b>	51.0	2	180	" "	"	"
<b>1N5754<sup>(19)</sup></b>	56.0	2	200	" "	"	"
<b>1N5755<sup>(19)</sup></b>	62.0	2	215	" "	"	"
<b>1N5756<sup>(19)</sup></b>	68.0	2	240	" "	"	"
<b>1N5757<sup>(19)</sup></b>	75.0	2	255	" "	"	"
Type No.	PIV	I <sub>o</sub> 25°C	VF	IR	T <sub>RR</sub>	Device Package
Type No.	Volts	Amps	Volts	μA	(n sec.)	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
<b>1N5802</b>	50	2.5	.875	1.0	25	A
<b>1N5803</b>	75	@	@	1.0	25	A
<b>1N5804</b>	100	TL=75°C (L=% <sup>11</sup> )	1.0Adc 250 msec pulse width	1.0	25	A
<b>1N5805</b>	125			1.0	25	A
<b>1N5806</b>	150			1.0	25	A
<b>1N5807</b>	50	6.0	.875	5.0	30	E
<b>1N5808</b>	75	@	5.0	5.0	30	E
<b>1N5809</b>	100	TL=75°C (L=% <sup>11</sup> )	4Adc 250 msec pulse width	5.0	30	E
<b>1N5810</b>	125			5.0	30	E
<b>1N5811</b>	150			5.0	30	E
<b>1N5812</b>	50	20	.9	1.0	35	DO4
<b>1N5813</b>	75	20	.9	1.0	35	DO4
<b>1N5814</b>	100	20	.9	1.0	35	DO4
<b>1N5815</b>	125	20	.9	1.0	35	DO4
<b>1N5816</b>	150	20	.9	1.0	35	DO4

NOTE - Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(19) Low reverse leakage diode

(27) Supplied by Microsemi in DO-7 Case

(28) Supplied by Microsemi in Case J (DO-41)

(30) This is the package referenced in the Autumn 1972 Semiconductor Diode & SCR D.A.T.A. book.

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at I <sub>ZT</sub>	Max. Zener Impedance @ I <sub>ZT</sub> Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
	Volts	@ mA				
1N5837	2.40	20.0	50.0	Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5%	500 mW	1N5221
1N5838	2.50	20.0	50.0	" "	"	1N5222
1N5839	2.70	20.0	50.0	" "	"	1N5223
1N5840	2.80	20.0	50.0	" "	"	1N5224
1N5841	3.00	20.0	50.0	" "	"	1N5225
1N5842	3.30	20.0	50.0	" "	"	1N5226
1N5843	3.60	20.0	48.0	" "	"	1N5227
1N5844	3.90	20.0	40.0	" "	"	1N5228
1N5845	4.30	20.0	25.0	" "	"	1N5229
1N5846	4.70	20.0	19.0	" "	"	1N5230
1N5847	5.10	20.0	17.0	" "	"	1N5231
1N5848	5.60	20.0	15.0	" "	"	1N5232
1N5849	6.00	20.0	13.0	" "	"	1N5233
1N5850	6.20	20.0	14.0	" "	"	1N5234
1N5851	6.80	20.0	17.0	" "	"	1N5235
1N5852	7.50	20.0	23.0	" "	"	1N5236
1N5853	8.20	20.0	34.0	" "	"	1N5237
1N5854	8.70	20.0	44.0	" "	"	1N5238
1N5855	9.10	20.0	50.0	" "	"	1N5239
1N5856	10.00	20.0	62.0	" "	"	1N5240
1N5857	11.00	20.0	68.0	" "	"	1N5241
1N5858	12.00	20.0	70.0	" "	"	1N5242
1N5859	13.00	9.5	70.0	" "	"	1N5243
1N5860	14.00	9.0	70.0	" "	"	1N5244
1N5861	15.0	8.5	34.0	" "	"	1N5245
1N5862	16.0	7.8	38.0	" "	"	1N5246
1N5863	17.0	7.4	42.0	" "	"	1N5247
1N5864	18.0	7.0	48.0	" "	"	1N5248
1N5865	19.0	6.6	52.0	" "	"	1N5249
1N5866	20.0	6.2	57.0	" "	"	1N5250
1N5867	22.0	5.6	68.0	" "	"	1N5251
1N5868	24.0	5.2	78.0	" "	"	1N5252
1N5869	25.0	5.0	85.0	" "	"	1N5253
1N5870	27.0	4.6	98.0	" "	"	1N5254
1N5871	28.0	4.5	105.0	" "	"	1N5255
1N5872	30.0	4.2	117.0	" "	"	1N5256
1N5873	33.0	3.8	140.0	" "	"	1N5257
1N5874	36.0	3.4	160.0	" "	"	1N5258
1N5875	39.0	3.2	190.0	" "	"	1N5259
1N5876	43.0	3.0	225.0	" "	"	1N5260
1N5877	47.0	2.7	260.0	" "	"	1N5261
1N5878	51.0	2.5	300.0	" "	"	1N5262
1N5879	56.0	2.2	360.0	" "	"	1N5263
1N5880	60.0	2.1	410.0	" "	"	1N5264
1N5881	62.0	2.0	430.0	" "	"	1N5265
1N5882	68.0	1.8	520.0	" "	"	1N5266
1N5883	75.0	1.7	600.0	" "	"	1N5267
1N5884	82.0	1.5	700.0	" "	"	1N5268
<b>1N5913</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>113.6</b>	<b>10.0</b>	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5% Suffix C = 2% Suffix D = 1%	<b>1.5 Watt</b>	Case J or DO-41 glass
1N5914	3.6	104.2	9.0	"	"	
1N5915	3.9	96.1	7.5	"	"	
1N5916	4.3	87.2	6.0	"	"	
1N5917	4.7	79.8	5.0	"	"	
<b>1N5918</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>73.5</b>	<b>4.0</b>	" "	"	
1N5919	5.6	66.9	2.0	" "	"	
1N5920	6.2	60.5	2.0	" "	"	
1N5921	6.8	55.1	2.5	" "	"	
1N5922	7.5	50.0	3.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5923</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>45.7</b>	<b>3.5</b>	" "	"	
1N5924	9.1	41.2	4.0	" "	"	
1N5925	10.0	37.5	4.5	" "	"	
1N5926	11.0	34.1	5.5	" "	"	
<b>1N5927</b>	<b>12.0</b>	<b>31.2</b>	<b>6.5</b>	" "	"	
1N5928	13.0	28.8	7.0	" "	"	
1N5929	15.0	25.0	9.0	" "	"	
1N5930	16.0	23.4	10.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5931</b>	<b>18.0</b>	<b>20.8</b>	<b>12.0</b>	" "	"	
1N5932	20.0	18.7	14.0	" "	"	
1N5933	22.0	17.0	17.5	" "	"	
1N5934	24.0	15.6	19.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5935</b>	<b>27.0</b>	<b>13.9</b>	<b>23.0</b>	" "	"	
1N5936	30.0	12.5	28.0	" "	"	
<b>1N5937</b>	<b>33.0</b>	<b>11.4</b>	<b>33.0</b>	" "	"	
1N5938	36.0	10.4	38.0	" "	"	

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(19) Low reverse leakage diode

(27) Supplied by Microsemi in DO-7 Case

(28) Supplied by Microsemi in Case J (DO-41)

(30) This is the package referenced in the Autumn 1972 Semiconductor Diode & SCR D.A.T.A. book.

Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at $I_Z$ Volts	Max. Zener Impedance @ $I_Z$ Ohms	Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
<b>1N5939</b>	39.0	9.6	45.0	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5% Suffix C = 2% Suffix D = 1%	1.5 Watt	Case J or DO-41 glass
<b>1N5940</b>	43.0	8.7	53.0	"	"	
<b>1N5941</b>	47.0	8.0	67.0	"	"	
<b>1N5942</b>	51.0	7.3	70.0	"	"	
<b>1N5943</b>	56.0	6.7	86.0	"	"	
<b>1N5944</b>	62.0	6.0	100.0	"	"	
<b>1N5945</b>	68.0	5.5	120.0	"	"	
<b>1N5946</b>	75.0	5.0	140.0	"	"	
<b>1N5947</b>	82.0	4.6	160.0	"	"	
<b>1N5948</b>	91.0	4.1	200.0	"	"	
<b>1N5949</b>	100.0	3.7	250.0	"	"	
<b>1N5950</b>	110.0	3.4	300.0	"	"	
<b>1N5951</b>	120.0	3.1	380.0	"	"	
<b>1N5952</b>	130.0	2.9	450.0	"	"	
<b>1N5953</b>	150.0	2.5	600.0	"	"	
<b>1N5954</b>	160.0	2.3	700.0	"	"	
<b>1N5955</b>	180.0	2.1	900.0	"	"	
<b>1N5956</b>	200.0	1.9	1200.0	"	"	
<b>1N5985</b>	2.4	5.0	110	A Suffix = $\pm 10\%$ B Suffix = $\pm 5\%$	500mw	DO-35
<b>1N5986</b>	2.7	5.0	110	"	"	
<b>1N5987</b>	3.0	5.0	100	"	"	
<b>1N5988</b>	3.3	5.0	100	"	"	
<b>1N5989</b>	3.6	5.0	95	"	"	
<b>1N5990</b>	3.9	5.0	95	"	"	
<b>1N5991</b>	4.3	5.0	90	"	"	
<b>1N5992</b>	4.7	5.0	90	"	"	
<b>1N5993</b>	5.1	5.0	88	"	"	
<b>1N5994</b>	5.6	5.0	70	"	"	
<b>1N5995</b>	6.2	5.0	50	"	"	
<b>1N5996</b>	6.8	5	25	A suffix = $\pm 10\%$ B Suffix = $\pm 5\%$	500 mw	DO-35
<b>1N5997</b>	7.5	5	10	"	"	
<b>1N5998</b>	8.2	5	15	"	"	
<b>1N5999</b>	9.1	5	18	"	"	
<b>1N6000</b>	10	5	22	"	"	
<b>1N6001</b>	11	5	25	"	"	
<b>1N6002</b>	12	5	32	"	"	
<b>1N6003</b>	13	5	36	"	"	
<b>1N6004</b>	15	5	42	"	"	
<b>1N6005</b>	16	5	48	"	"	
<b>1N6006</b>	18	5	55	"	"	
<b>1N6007</b>	20	5	62	"	"	
<b>1N6008</b>	22	5	70	"	"	
<b>1N6009</b>	24	5	78	"	"	
<b>1N6010</b>	27	5	88	"	"	
<b>1N6011</b>	30	5	95	"	"	
<b>1N6012</b>	33	5	110	"	"	
<b>1N6013</b>	36	5.0	130	"	"	
<b>1N6014</b>	39	2.0	170	"	"	
<b>1N6015</b>	43	2.0	180	"	"	
<b>1N6016</b>	47	2.0	200	"	"	
<b>1N6017</b>	51	2.0	225	"	"	
<b>1N6018<sup>(27)</sup></b>	56	2.0	240	"	"	
<b>1N6019<sup>(27)</sup></b>	62	2.0	265	"	"	
<b>1N6020<sup>(27)</sup></b>	68	2.0	280	"	"	
<b>1N6021<sup>(27)</sup></b>	75	2.0	300	"	"	
<b>1N6022<sup>(27)</sup></b>	82	2.0	350	"	"	
<b>1N6023<sup>(27)</sup></b>	91	2.0	400	"	"	
<b>1N6024<sup>(27)</sup></b>	100	1.0	800	"	"	
<b>1N6025<sup>(27)</sup></b>	110	1.0	950	"	"	
<b>1N6026<sup>(27)</sup></b>	120	1.0	1250	"	"	
<b>1N6027<sup>(27)</sup></b>	130	1.0	1400	"	"	
<b>1N6028<sup>(27)</sup></b>	150	1.0	1700	"	"	
<b>1N6029<sup>(27)</sup></b>	160	1.0	2000	"	"	
<b>1N6030<sup>(27)</sup></b>	180	1.0	2350	"	"	
<b>1N6031<sup>(27)</sup></b>	200	1.0	2700	"	"	

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(19) Low reverse leakage diode

(20) Low noise diodes

(27) Supplied by Microsemi in DO-7 Case

(28) Supplied by Microsemi in Case J (DO-41)

(30) This is the package referenced in the Autumn 1972 Semiconductor Diode & SCR D.A.T.A. book.

Type No.	PIV	Io 25°C	VF	IR	T <sub>RR</sub>	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
	Volts	Amps	Volts	µA	(n sec.)		
<b>IN6073</b>	50	3.0	2.04	1.0	30	A	
<b>IN6074</b>	100	3.0	2.04	1.0	30	A	
<b>IN6075</b>	150	3.0	2.04	1.0	30	A	
<b>IN6076</b>	50	6.0	1.76	5.0	30	E	
<b>IN6077</b>	100	6.0	1.76	5.0	30	E	
<b>IN6078</b>	150	6.0	1.76	5.0	30	E	
<b>IN6079</b>	50	12.0	1.50	10.0	30	G	
<b>IN6080</b>	100	12.0	1.50	10.0	(n sec.)		
<b>IN6081</b>	150	12.0	1.50	10.0	30	G	
Zener Type No.	Zener Voltage at I <sub>Zr</sub>	Max. Zener Impedance @ I <sub>Zr</sub> , Ohms		Zener Voltage Tolerance	Power Rating	Device Package	MICROSEMI Recommended Substitute
<b>IN6082<sup>(19,20)</sup></b>	4.3	20.0	18.0	No Suffix = 20% Suffix A = 10% Suffix B = 5% Suffix C = 2% Suffix D = 1%	400 mW	DO-7/DO-35	
<b>IN6083<sup>(19,20)</sup></b>	4.7	10.0	10.0	"	"		
<b>IN6084<sup>(19,20)</sup></b>	5.1	5.0	10.0	"	"		
<b>IN6085<sup>(19,20)</sup></b>	5.6	1.0	40.0	"	"		
<b>IN6086<sup>(19,20)</sup></b>	6.2	1.0	45.0	"	"		
<b>IN6087<sup>(19,20)</sup></b>	6.8	1.0	50.0	"	"		
<b>IN6088<sup>(19,20)</sup></b>	7.5	1.0	50.0	"	"		
<b>IN6089<sup>(19,20)</sup></b>	8.2	1.0	60.0	"	"		
<b>IN6090<sup>(19,20)</sup></b>	9.1	1.0	60.0	"	"		
<b>IN6091<sup>(19,20)</sup></b>	10.0	1.0	60.0	"	"		

NOTE — Diode types presently available from Microsemi Corporation are shown in bold type.

(19) Low reverse leakage diode

(20) Low noise series

(27) Supplied by Microsemi in DO-7 Case

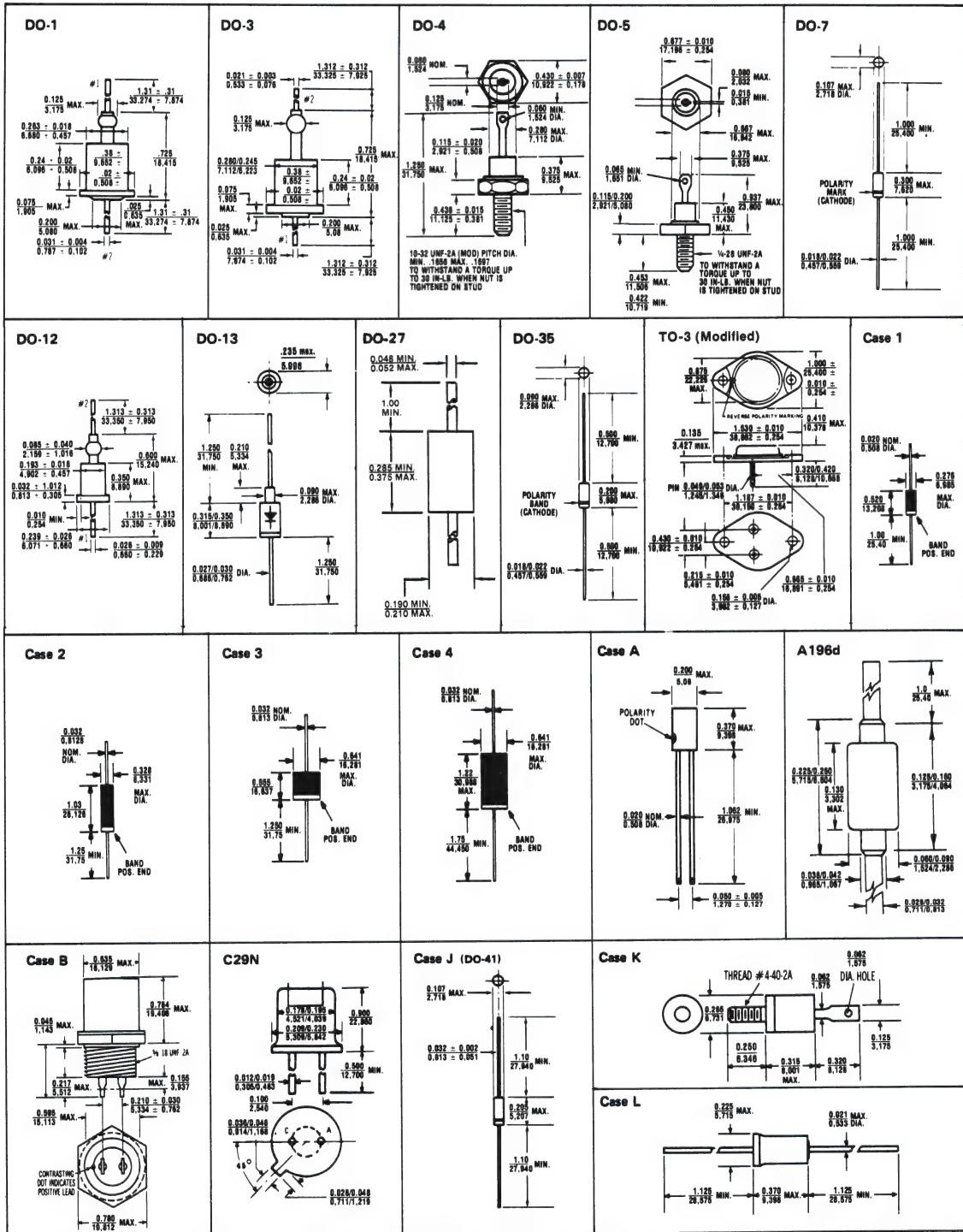
(28) Supplied by Microsemi in Case J (DO-41)

(30) This is the package referenced in the Autumn 1972 Semiconductor Diode & SCR D.A.T.A. book.

In addition to the JEDEC registered zener devices listed previously in this section, Microsemi Corp. supplies the following Pro Electron zener device types frequently used outside of the United States. The numerical digits following "C" in each type number indicates the zener voltage. If further specific information is required on defined parameters of these device types, contact the factory.

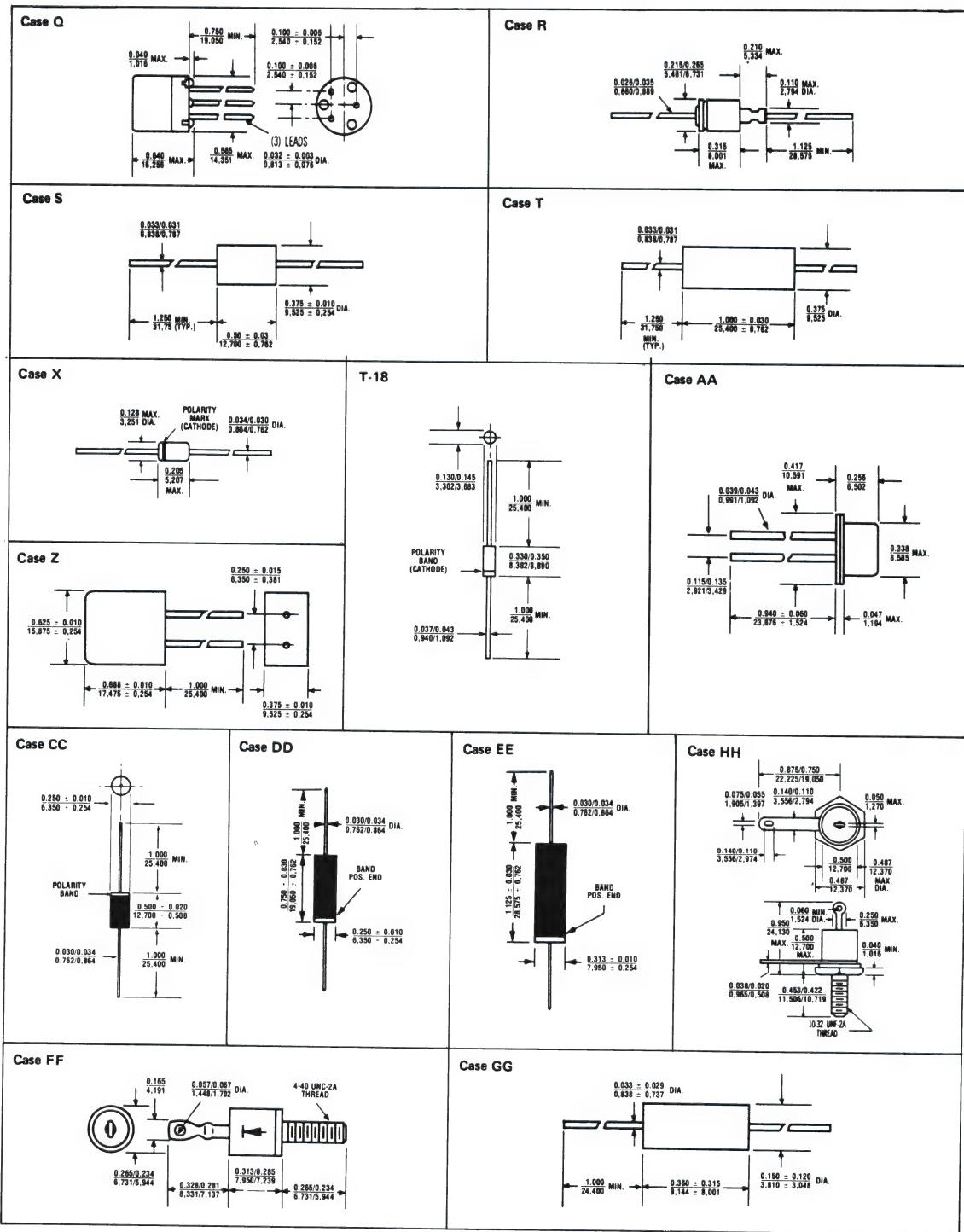
Zener Series No.	Power Rating	Device Package
BZX83 COV8 to C51	500mW	DO-35
BZX97 COV8 to C51	500mW	DO-35
BZX98 C3V9 to C200	10W	DO-4 (metric thread)
BZY97 C3V3 to C200	1.32W	J case (plastic)
BZD10 C3V3 to C200	1.32W	DO-13
BZW22 C3V3 to C200	1.30W	DO-41 (glass)
BZV40 C3V3 to C200	5.00W	T-18 (plastic)

# CASE CONFIGURATION CHART



All dimensions in **INCH**  
m.m.

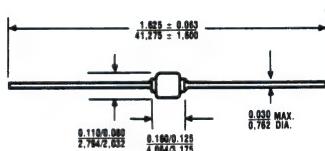
# CASE CONFIGURATION CHART



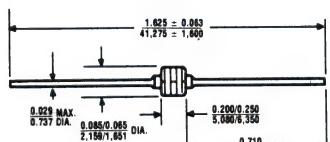
All dimensions in INCH  
m.m.

# CASE CONFIGURATION CHART

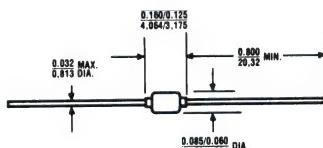
Case JJ



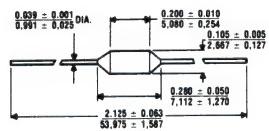
Case LL



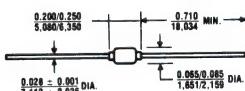
Case MM



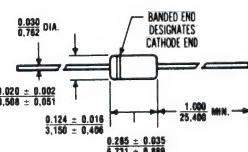
Case NN



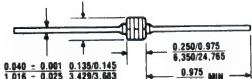
Case OO



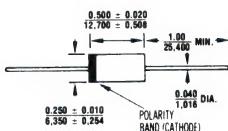
Case QQ



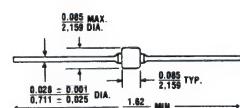
Case RR



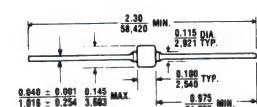
Case SS



Case UU



Case VV

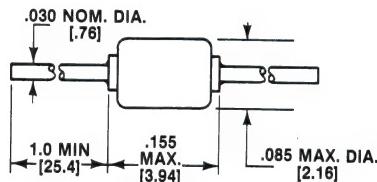


# CASE CONFIGURATION CHART

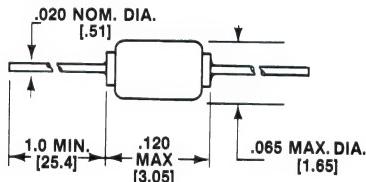
## MECHANICAL CONFIGURATIONS PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

DIMENSIONS IN INCHES (MM)

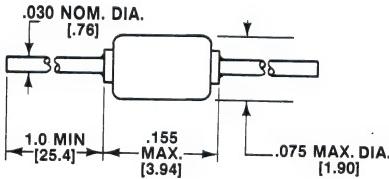
PACKAGE A



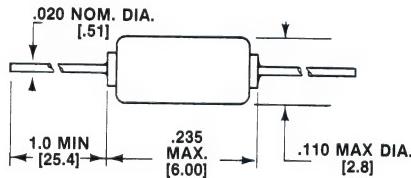
PACKAGE B [D034]



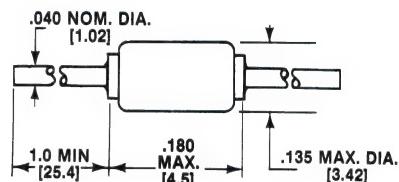
PACKAGE C



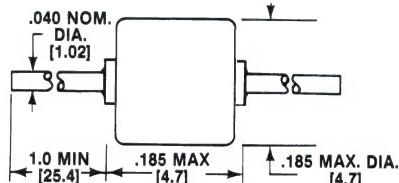
PACKAGE D



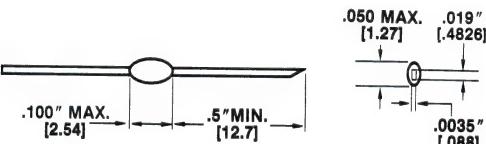
PACKAGE E



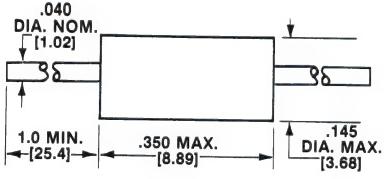
PACKAGE G



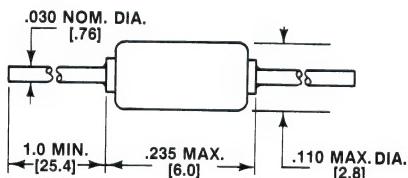
PACKAGE H



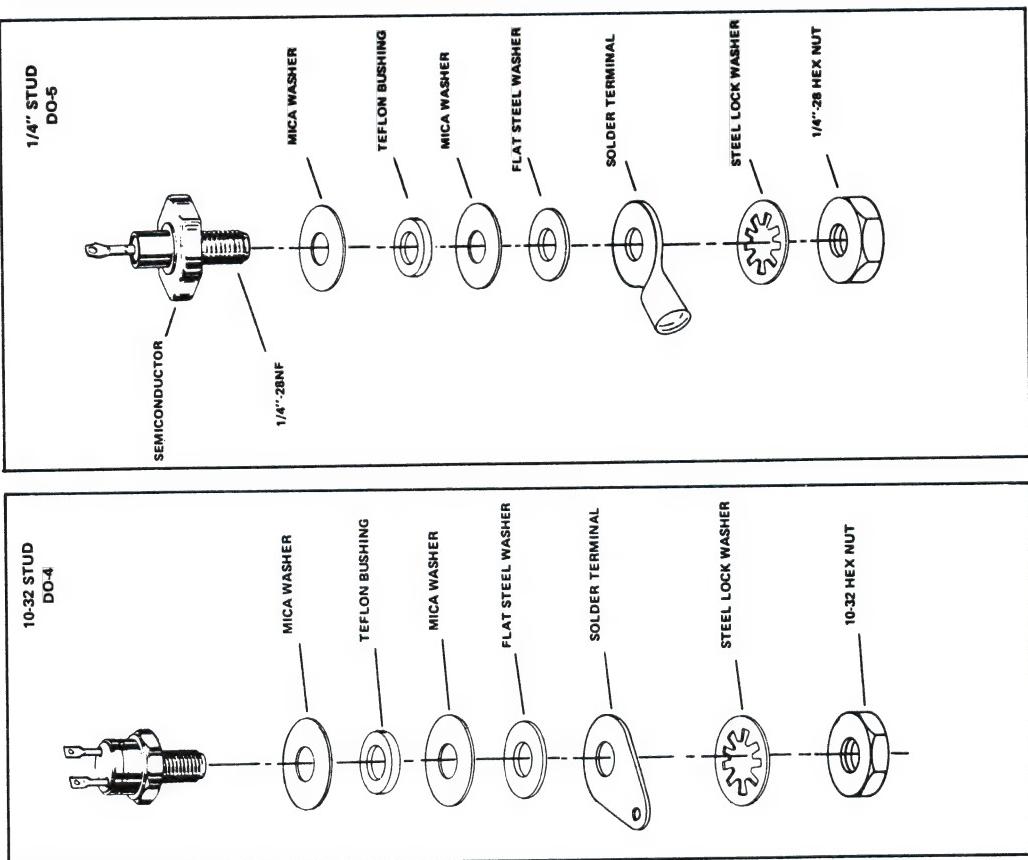
PACKAGE R



PACKAGE S



## Mounting Hardware



# GUIDE TO AVAILABLE AXIAL LEADED ZENER DIODES

Early Industry Standard	Early Industry Standard	Low Noise Low Current Milli-Spec	Low Current (50 uA) Low Leakage	Low Noise Low Current Milli-Spec	Industry Standard Milli-Spec	Industry Standard Milli-Spec	High Performance	Low Voltage Avalanche	Low Noise Low # Milli-Spec
<b>Power</b>	250 mw	250 mw	250mw	250mw	400mw	400mw	400 mw	400 mw	400 mw
	DO-35	DO-35	DO-35	DO-35	DO-35	DO-35	DO-35	DO-7	DO-35
	DO-7	DO-7	DO-7	DO-7	DO-7	DO-7	DO-7	DO-35	DO-7
<b>Vz Volts</b>									
1.8			1N4678	1N4614					
2.0			1N4679	1N4615					
2.2		[MIL-S-19500/435]	1N4680	1N4616					[MIL-S-19500/437]
2.4			1N4681	1N4617	1N4370				
2.7	1N702		1N4682	1N4618	1N4371				
2.8									
3.0			1N4683	1N4619	1N4372	[MIL-S-19500/117]			
3.3			1N4684	1N4620	1N746		1N3506		1N5518
3.6	1N703		1N4685	1N4621	1N747		1N3507		1N5519
3.9			1N4686	1N4622	1N748		1N3508		1N5520
4.3	1N704		1N4687	1N4623	1N749		1N3509	1N6082	1N5521
4.7		1N761	1N4688	1N4624	1N750		1N3510	1N6083	1N5522
5.1	1N705		1N4689	1N4625	1N751		1N3511	1N6084	1N5523
5.6	1N708	1N762	1N4690	1N4626	1N752		1N3512	1N6085	1N5524
6.2	1N709		1N4691	1N4627	1N753		1N3513	1N6086	1N5525
6.8	1N710		1N4099	1N4692		1N754	1N957	1N3514	1N6087
7.1	1N707	1N763							1N5526
7.5	1N711		1N4100	1N4693	[MIL-S-19500/435]	1N755	1N958	1N3515	1N6088
8.2	1N712		1N4101	1N4694		1N756	1N959	1N3516	1N6089
8.8		1N764	1N4102	1N4695					1N5528
9.1	1N713		1N4103	1N4696		1N757	1N960	1N3517	1N6090
10	1N714		1N4104	1N4697		1N758	1N961	1N3518	1N6091
10.5		1N765							1N5530
11	1N715		1N4105	1N4698					
12	1N716		1N4106	1N4699		1N759	1N963	1N3520	1N5532
12.8		1N766							
13	1N717		1N4107	1N4700			1N964	1N3521	1N5533
14			1N4108	1N4701					1N5534
15	1N718		1N4109	1N4702			1N965	1N3522	1N5535
15.8		1N767							
16	1N719		1N4110	1N4703	[MIL-S-19500/127]	1N966	1N3523		1N5536
17			1N4111	1N4704					1N5537
18	1N720		1N4112	1N4705		1N967	1N3524		1N5538
19		1N768	1N4113	1N4706					
20	1N721		1N4114	1N4707			1N968	1N3525	1N5539
22	1N722		1N4115	1N4708			1N969	1N3526	1N5540
23.5		1N769							1N5541
24	1N723		1N4116	1N4709			1N970	1N3527	1N5542
25			1N4117	1N4710					1N5543
27	1N724		1N4118	1N4711			1N971	1N3528	
28			1N4119	1N4712					
30	1N725		1N4120	1N4713			1N972	1N3529	1N5544
33	1N726		1N4121	1N4714			1N973	1N3530	1N5545
36	1N727		1N4122	1N4715			1N974	1N3531	1N5546
39	1N728		1N4123	1N4716			1N975	1N3532	
40									
43	1N729		1N4124	1N4717			1N976	1N3533	
45									
47	1N730		1N4125				1N977	1N3534	
50									
51	1N731		1N4126				1N978		
52									
56	1N732		1N4127				1N979		
60			1N4128						
62	1N733		1N4129				1N980		
68	1N734		1N4130				1N981		
70									
75	1N735		1N4131				1N982		
80									
82	1N736		1N4132				1N983		
87			1N4133						
90									
91	1N737		1N4134				1N984		
100	1N738		1N4135				1N985		
110	1N739						1N986		
120	1N740						1N987		
130	1N741						1N988		
140									
150	1N742						1N989		
160	1N743						1N990		
170									
180	1N744						1N991		
190									
200	1N745						1N992		

# GUIDE TO AVAILABLE AXIAL LEADED ZENER DIODES

										1 Watt Epoxy Case J Commercial and Industrial Applications
	Popular Industrial Commercial	Double Stud $I_{\frac{1}{2}} = 5$ MA	Double Stud	Replaced By 1N4728A Series	Obsolete Metal Can Mil - Spec	Obsolete Use 1N4728 Series	Obsolete Use 1N4728 Series	Obsolete Use 1N4728 Series	Very Popular Industrial Commercial	
<b>Power</b>	500 mw	500 mw	500mw	1 watt	1 watt	1 watt	1 watt	1 watt	1 watt	
	DO-35	DO-35	DO-35	DO-41	DO-41	DO-41	DO-41	DO-41	DO-41	
	DO-7	DO-35	DO-35	DO-41	DO-13	DO-29	DO-7	DO-14	DO-41	
<b>Vz Volts</b>										
1.8										
2.0										
2.2										
2.4	1N5221	1N5985								
2.7	1N5223	1N5986								
2.8	1N5224									
3.0	1N5225	1N5987								
3.3	1N5226	1N5988								
3.6	1N5227	1N5989								
3.9	1N5228	1N5990								
4.3	1N5229	1N5991								
4.7	1N5230	1N5992	1N5728							
5.1	1N5231	1N5993	1N5729							
5.6	1N5232	1N5994	1N5730							
6.2	1N5234	1N5995	1N5739							
6.8	1N5235	1N5996	1N5732	1N3675	1N3016	1N4158	1N4323	1N4657	1N4736	
7.1										
7.5	1N5236	1N5997	1N5733	1N3676	1N3017	1N4159	1N4324	1N4658	1N4737	
8.2	1N5237	1N5998	1N5734	1N3677	1N3018	1N4160	1N4325	1N4659	1N4738	
8.8	1N5238									
9.1	1N5239	1N5999	1N5735	1N3678	1N3019	1N4161	1N4326	1N4660	1N4739	
10	1N5240	1N6000	1N5736	1N3679	1N3020	1N4162	1N4327	1N4661	1N4740	
10.5										
11	1N5241	1N6001	1N5737	1N3680	1N3021	1N4163	1N4328	1N4662	1N4741	
12	1N5242	1N6002	1N5738	1N3681	1N3022	1N4164	1N4329	1N4663	1N4742	
12.8										
13	1N5243	1N6003	1N5739	1N3682	1N3023	1N4165	1N4330	1N4664	1N4743	
14	1N5244									
15	1N5245	1N6004	1N5740	1N3683	1N3024	1N4166	1N4331	1N4665	1N4744	
15.8										
16	1N5246	1N6005	1N5741	1N3684	1N3025	1N4167	1N4332	1N4666	1N4745	
17	1N5247									
18	1N5248	1N6006	1N5742	1N3685	1N3026	1N4168	1N4333	1N4667	1N4746	
19	1N5249									
20	1N5250	1N6007	1N5743	1N3686	1N3027	1N4169	1N4334	1N4668	1N4747	
22	1N5251	1N6008	1N5744	1N3687	1N3028	1N4170	1N4335	1N4669	1N4748	
23.5										
24	1N5252	1N6009	1N5745	1N3688	1N3029	1N4171	1N4336	1N4670	1N4749	
25	1N5253									
27	1N5254	1N6010	1N5746	1N3689	1N3030	1N4172	1N4337	1N4671	1N4750	
28	1N5255									
30	1N5256	1N6011	1N5747	1N3690	1N3031	1N4173	1N4338	1N4672	1N4751	
33	1N5257	1N6012	1N5748	1N3691	1N3032	1N4174	1N4339	1N4673	1N4752	
36	1N5258	1N6013	1N5749	1N3692	1N3033	1N4175	1N4340	1N4674	1N4753	
39	1N5259	1N6014	1N5750	1N3693	1N3034	1N4176	1N4341	1N4675	1N4754	
40										
43	1N5260	1N6015	1N5751	1N3694	1N3035	1N4177	1N4342	1N4676	1N4755	
45										
47	1N5261	1N6016	1N5752	1N3695	1N3036	1N4178	1N4343	1N4677	1N4756	
50										
51	1N5262	1N6017	1N5753	1N3696	1N3037	1N4179	1N4344		1N4757	
52										
56	1N5263	1N6018	1N5754	1N3697	1N3038	1N4180	1N4345		1N4758	
60	1N5264									
62	1N5265	1N6019	1N5755	1N3698	1N3039	1N4181	1N4346		1N4759	
68	1N5266	1N6020	1N5756	1N3699	1N3040	1N4182	1N4347		1N4760	
70										
75	1N5267	1N6021	1N5757	1N3700	1N3041	1N4183	1N4348		1N4761	
80										
82	1N5268	1N6022		1N3701	1N3042	1N4184	1N4349		1N4762	
87	1N5269									
90										
91	1N5270	1N6023		1N3702	1N3043	1N4185	1N4350		1N4763	
100	1N5271	1N6024		1N3703	1N3044	1N4186	1N4351		1N4764	
110	1N5272	1N6025		1N3704	1N3045	1N4187	1N4352		1EZ110D5	
120	1N5273	1N6026		1N3705	1N3046	1N4188	1N4353		1EZ120D5	
130	1N5274	1N6027		1N3706	1N3047	1N4189	1N4354		1EZ130D5	
140	1N5275								1EZ140D5	
150	1N5276	1N6028		1N3707	1N3048	1N4190	1N4355		1EZ150D5	
160	1N5277	1N6029		1N3708	1N3049	1N4191	1N4356		1EZ160D5	
170	1N5278								1EZ170D5	
180	1N5279	1N6030		1N3709	1N3050	1N4192	1N4357		1EZ180D5	
190	1N5280								1EZ190D5	
200	1N5281	1N6031		1N3710	1N3051	1N4193	1N4358		1EZ200D5	

# GUIDE TO AVAILABLE AXIAL LEADED ZENER DIODES

Metal Can Mil-Spec	Double Stud Glass	Double Anode	Commercial Plastic	Mil-Std-701 Preferred Mil - Spec	2 Watt Epoxy Case J Commercial and Industrial Applications		Commercial Plastic	Industry Standard	3 Watt Epoxy Case J Commercial and Industrial Applications
					Commercial	Industrial			
<b>Power</b>	1 Watt	1 Watt	1.2 Watt	1.5 Watt	1.5 Watt		2.5 Watt	3.0 Watt	
DO-41	"A"	"A"	"A"	"A"	"A"		"A"	"A"	
DO-13	DO-41	DO-29	DO-41	"A"			"A"		
<b>Vz Volts</b>									
1.8									
2.0									
2.2									
2.4									
2.7	[MII-S- 19500/115]			[MII-S- 19500/406]					
2.8									
3.0									
3.3	1N3821		1N5913	1N6485		1N5008			
3.6	1N3822		1N5914	1N6486	2EZ3.6D5	1N5009			
3.9	1N3823		1N5915	1N6487	2EZ3.9D5	1N5010			3EZ3.9D5
4.3	1N3824		1N5916	1N6488	2EZ4.3D5	1N5011			3EZ4.3D5
4.7	1N3825		1N5917	1N6489	2EZ4.7D5	1N5012			3EZ4.7D5
5.1	1N3826		1N5918	1N6490	2EZ5.1D5	1N5013			3EZ5.1D5
5.6	1N3827		1N5919	1N6491	2EZ5.6D5	1N5014			3EZ5.6D5
6.2	1N3828		1N5920	1N4460	2EZ6.2D5	1N5015			3EZ6.2D5
6.8	1N3829	1N5559	1N5921	1N4461	2EZ6.8D5	1N5016	1N5063		3EZ6.8D5
7.1									
7.5	1N3830	1N5560	1N5922	1N4462	2EZ7.5D5	1N5017	1N5064		3EZ7.5D5
8.2	1N5561		1N5923	1N4463	2EZ8.2D5	1N5018	1N5065		3EZ8.2D5
8.8									
9.1	1N5562	1N4831	1N5924	1N4464	2EZ9.1D5	1N5019	1N5066		3EZ9.1D5
10	1N5563	1N4832	1N5925	1N4465	2EZ10D5	1N5020	1N5067		3EZ10D5
10.5									
11	1N5564	1N4833	1N5926	1N4466	2EZ11D5	1N5021	1N5068		3EZ11D5
12	1N5565	1N4834	1N5927	1N4467	2EZ12D5	1N5022	1N4883		3EZ12D5
12.8									
13	1N5566	1N4835	1N5928	1N4468	2EZ13D5	1N5023	1N5069		3EZ13D5
14									
15	1N5567	1N4836	1N5929	1N4469	2EZ15D5	1N5025	1N5071		3EZ15D5
15.8									
16	1N5568	1N4837	1N5930	1N4470	2EZ16D5	1N5026	1N5072		3EZ16D5
17									
18	1N5569	1N4838	1N5931	1N4471	2EZ18D5	1N5028	1N5073		3EZ18D5
19									
20	1N5570	1N4839	1N5932	1N4472	2EZ20D5	1N5030	1N4884		3EZ20D5
22	1N5571	1N4840	1N5933	1N4473	2EZ22D5	1N5031	1N5074		3EZ22D5
23.5									
24	1N5572	1N4841	1N5934	1N4474	2EZ24D5	1N5032	1N5075		3EZ24D5
25							1N5033		
27	1N5573	1N4842	1N5935	1N4475	2EZ27D5	1N5034	1N5076		3EZ27D5
28									
30	1N5574	1N4843	1N5936	1N4476	2EZ30D5	1N5035	1N5077		3EZ30D5
33	1N5575	1N4844	1N5937	1N4477	2EZ33D5	1N5036	1N5078		3EZ33D5
36	1N5576	1N4845	1N5938	1N4478	2EZ36D5	1N5037	1N5079		3EZ36D5
39	1N5577	1N4846	1N5939	1N4479	2EZ39D5	1N5038	1N5080		3EZ39D5
40									
43	1N5578	1N4847	1N5940	1N4480	2EZ43D5	1N5039	1N5082		3EZ43D5
45									
47	1N5579	1N4848	1N5941	1N4481	2EZ47D5	1N5041	1N5084		3EZ47D5
50									
51	1N5580	1N4849	1N5942	1N4482	2EZ51D5	1N5043	1N5086		3EZ51D5
52							1N5044		
56	1N5581	1N4850	1N5943	1N4483	2EZ56D5	1N5045	1N5087		3EZ56D5
60									
62	1N5582	1N4851	1N5944	1N4484	2EZ62D5	1N5046	1N5088		3EZ62D5
68	1N5583	1N4852	1N5945	1N4485	2EZ68D5	1N5047	1N5090		3EZ68D5
70									
75	1N5584	1N4853	1N5946	1N4486	2EZ75D5	1N5048	1N5092		3EZ75D5
80									
82	1N5585	1N4854	1N5947	1N4487	2EZ82D5	1N5049	1N5094		3EZ82D5
87									
90									
91	1N5586	1N4855	1N5948	1N4488	2EZ91D5	1N5050	1N5095		3EZ91D5
100	1N5587	1N4856	1N5949	1N4489	2EZ100D5	1N5051	1N4097		3EZ100D5
110	1N5588	1N4857	1N5950	1N4490	2EZ110D5	1N5052	1N5096		3EZ110D5
120	1N5589	1N4858	1N5951	1N4491	2EZ120D5	1N5053	1N5097		3EZ120D5
130	1N5590	1N4859	1N5952	1N4492	2EZ130D5	1N5054	1N5098		3EZ130D5
140									
150	1N5591	1N4860	1N5953	1N4493	2EZ150D5	1N5055	1N4098		3EZ150D5
160	1N5592	1N4861	1N5954	1N4494	2EZ160D5	1N5056	1N5100		3EZ160D5
170									
180	1N5593		1N5955	1N4495	2EZ180D5	1N5101	1N5092		3EZ180D5
190									
200	1N5594		1N5956	1N4496	2EZ200D5	1N5104	1N5094		3EZ200D5

# GUIDE TO AVAILABLE AXIAL LEADED ZENER DIODES

Mil-Std-701 Preferred MIL - Spec	Popular Plastic Package	10 Watt Stud Package DO-4 Industrial & Military Applications	50 Watt Stud Package DO-5 Industrial & Military Applications	50 Watt Diamond Package TO-3 Industrial & Military Applications
<b>Power</b>	5.0 Watt "E" "E"	5.0 Watt "R"		
<b>Vz Volts</b>				
1.8				
2.0				
2.2				
2.4	[MIL-S-19500/356]			
2.7				
2.8				
3.0				
3.3	1N5333			
3.6	1N5334			
3.9	1N5335	1N3993	1N4549	1N4557
4.3	1N5336	1N3994	1N4550	1N4558
4.7	1N5337	1N3995	1N4551	1N4559
5.1	1N5338	1N3996	1N4552	1N4560
5.6	1N5968	1N5339	1N4553	1N4561
6.2	1N5969	1N5341	1N3998	1N4562
6.8	1N4954	1N5342	1N2970	1N3999
			1N4555	1N3305
				1N4563
				1N2804
7.1				
7.5	1N4955	1N5343	1N2971	1N4000
8.2	1N4956	1N5344	1N2972	
8.8		1N5345		
9.1	1N4957	1N5346	1N2973	
10	1N4958	1N5347	1N2974	
10.5				
11	1N4959	1N5348	1N2975	
12	1N4960	1N5349	1N2976	
12.8				
13	1N4961	1N5350	1N2977	
14	1N5118	1N5351	1N2978	
15	1N4962	1N5352	1N2979	
15.8				
16	1N4963	1N5353	1N2980	
17		1N5354	1N2981	
18	1N4964	1N5355	1N2982	
19		1N5356	1N2983	
20	1N4965	1N5357	1N2984	
22	1N4966	1N5358	1N2985	
23.5				
24	1N4967	1N5359	1N2986	
25		1N5360	1N2987	
27	1N4968	1N5361	1N2988	
28		1N5362		
30	1N4969	1N5363	1N2989	
33	1N4970	1N5364	1N2990	
36	1N4971	1N5365	1N2991	
39	1N4972	1N5366	1N2992	
40		1N5119		
43	1N4973	1N5367	1N2993	
43.7				
45	1N5120		1N2994	
47	1N4974	1N5368	1N2995	
50	1N5121		1N2996	
51	1N4975	1N5369	1N2997	
52			1N2998	
54.0				
56	1N4976	1N5370	1N2999	
60	1N5122	1N5371		
62	1N4977	1N5372	1N3000	
68	1N4978	1N5373	1N3001	
70	1N5123			
75	1N4979	1N5374	1N3002	
80	1N5124			
82	1N4980	1N5375	1N3003	
87		1N5376		
90	1N5125			
91	1N4981	1N5377	1N3004	
100	1N4982	1N5378	1N3005	
105			1N3006	
110	1N4983	1N5379	1N3007	
120	1N4984	1N5380	1N3008	
130	1N4985	1N5381	1N3009	
140	1N5126	1N5382	1N3010	
150	1N4986	1N5383	1N3011	
160	1N4987	1N5384	1N3012	
170	1N5127	1N5385		
175			1N3013	
180	1N4988	1N5386	1N3014	
190	1N5128	1N5387		
200	1N4989	1N5388	1N3015	



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**1N746 thru  
1N759A  
and  
1N4370 thru  
1N4372A  
DO-7**  
1% and 2% VERSIONS  
"C" and "D" AVAILABLE

## FEATURES

- ZENER VOLTAGE 2.4V to 12.0V
- AVAILABLE IN JAN, JANTX and JANTXV QUALIFICATIONS TO MIL-S-19500/127
- 1N746A THRU 1N759A HAVE S1N QUALIFICATION

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Junction and Storage Temperatures: -65°C to +175°C

DC Power Dissipation: 400 mW

Power Derating: 3.2 mW/°C above 50°C

Forward Voltage @ 200 mA: 1.5 Volts

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

JEDEC TYPE NO. (NOTE 1)	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE $V_z$ @ $I_{zT}$ (NOTE 2)	ZENER TEST CURRENT $I_{zT}$	MAXIMUM ZENER IMPEDANCE $Z_{zT}$ @ $I_{zT}$ (NOTE 3)	MAXIMUM REVERSE CURRENT @ $V_r = 1$ VOLT		MAXIMUM ZENER CURRENT $I_{zM}$ (NOTE 4)	TYPICAL TEMP COEFF. OF ZENER VOLTAGE $\alpha_{Vz}$		
				@ 25°C					
				μA	μA				
1N4370	2.4	20	30	100	200	150	-.085		
1N4371	2.7	20	30	75	150	135	-.080		
1N4372	3.0	20	29	50	100	120	-.075		
1N746	3.3	20	28	10	30	110	-.066		
1N747	3.6	20	24	10	30	100	-.058		
1N748	3.9	20	23	10	30	95	-.046		
1N749	4.3	20	22	2	30	85	-.033		
1N750	4.7	20	19	2	30	75	-.015		
1N751	5.1	20	17	1	20	70	±.010		
1N752	5.6	20	11	1	20	65	+.030		
1N753	6.2	20	7	.1	20	60	+.049		
1N754	6.8	20	5	.1	20	55	+.053		
1N755	7.5	20	6	.1	20	50	+.057		
1N756	8.2	20	8	.1	20	45	+.060		
1N757	9.1	20	10	.1	20	40	+.061		
1N758	10.0	20	17	.1	20	35	+.062		
1N759	12.0	20	30	.1	20	30	+.062		

\*JEDEC Registered Data

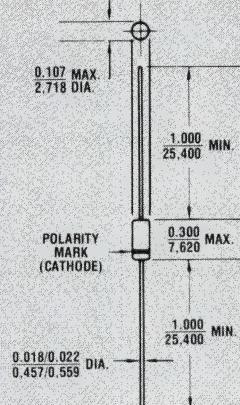
**NOTE 1** Standard tolerance on JEDEC types shown is ± 10%. Suffix letter A denotes ± 5% tolerance; suffix letter C denotes ± 2%; and suffix letter D denotes ± 1% tolerance.

**NOTE 2** Voltage measurements to be performed 20 sec. after application of D.C. test current.

**NOTE 3** Zener impedance derived by superimposing on  $I_{zT}$ , a 60 cps, rms ac current equal to 10%  $I_{zT}$  (2 mA ac).

**NOTE 4** Allowance has been made for the increase in  $V_z$  due to  $Z_Z$  and for the increase in junction temperature as the unit approaches thermal equilibrium at the power dissipation of 400 mW.

**SILICON  
400 mW  
ZENER DIODES**



**FIGURE 1**  
All dimensions in  
INCH  
m.m.

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case, DO-7.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion-resistant and leads solderable.

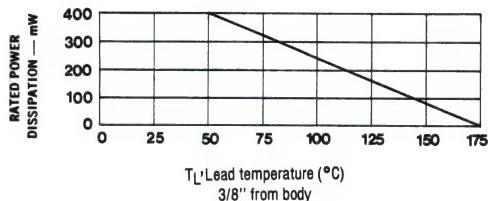
THERMAL RESISTANCE: 300°C/W (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body.

POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

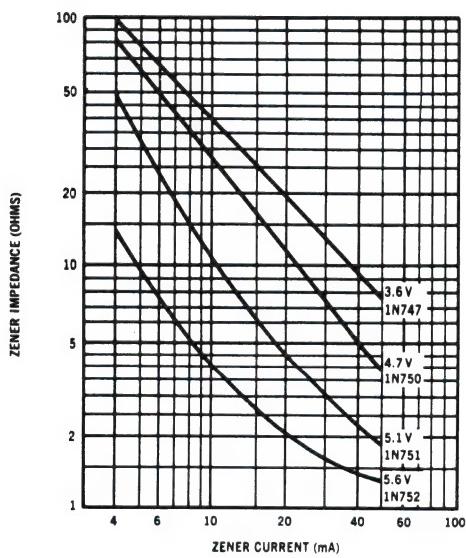
WEIGHT: 0.2 grams.

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 1N746 thru 1N759A, 1N4370 thru 1N4372A DO-7

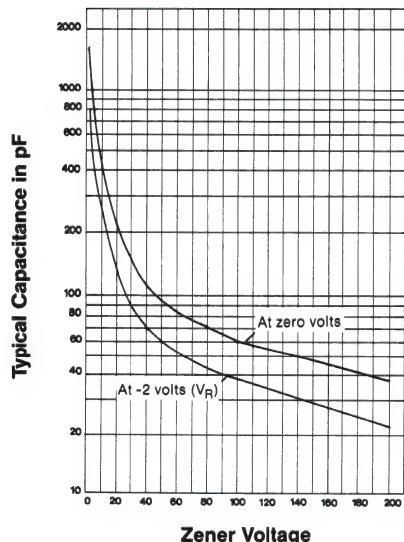


**FIGURE 2** POWER DERATING CURVE



**FIGURE 3**

ZENER IMPEDANCE VS ZENER CURRENT  
(TYPICAL)



**FIGURE 4**

CAPACITANCE VS. ZENER VOLTAGE  
(TYPICAL)

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**1N746 thru  
1N759A  
and  
1N4370 thru  
1N4372A  
DO-35**  
1% and 2% VERSIONS  
"C" and "D" AVAILABLE

**FEATURES**

- ZENER VOLTAGE 2.4 V to 12.0 V
- AVAILABLE IN JAN, JANTX AND JANTXV-1 QUALIFICATIONS TO MIL-S-19500/127
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED DEVICE TYPES

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Junction and Storage Temperatures: -65°C to +175°C

DC Power Dissipation: 400 mW

Power Derating: 4.0 mW/°C above 75°C

Forward Voltage @ 200 mA: 1.5 Volts

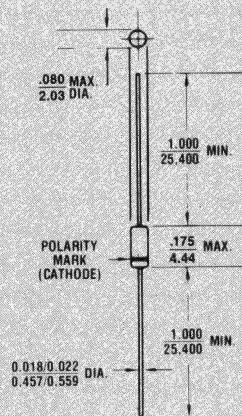
**\* ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C**

JEDEC TYPE NO. (NOTE 1)	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE $V_z$ @ $I_{zT}$ (NOTE 2)	ZENER TEST CURRENT $I_{zT}$	MAXIMUM ZENER IMPEDANCE $Z_{zz}$ @ $I_{zT}$ (NOTE 3)	MAXIMUM REVERSE CURRENT @ $V_r = 1$ VOLT		MAXIMUM ZENER CURRENT $I_{zM}$ (NOTE 4)	TYPICAL TEMP COEFF. OF ZENER VOLTAGE $\alpha_{vz}$		
				@ 25°C					
				mA	μA				
1N4370	2.4	20	30	100	200	150	-.085		
1N4371	2.7	20	30	75	150	135	-.080		
1N4372	3.0	20	29	50	100	120	-.075		
1N746	3.3	20	28	10	30	110	-.066		
1N747	3.6	20	24	10	30	100	-.058		
1N748	3.9	20	23	10	30	95	-.046		
1N749	4.3	20	22	2	30	85	-.033		
1N750	4.7	20	19	2	30	75	-.015		
1N751	5.1	20	17	1	20	70	$\pm .010$		
1N752	5.6	20	11	1	20	65	$\pm .030$		
1N753	6.2	20	7	.1	20	60	+.049		
1N754	6.8	20	5	.1	20	55	+.053		
1N755	7.5	20	6	.1	20	50	+.057		
1N756	8.2	20	8	.1	20	45	+.060		
1N757	9.1	20	10	.1	20	40	+.061		
1N758	10.0	20	17	.1	20	35	+.062		
1N759	12.0	20	30	.1	20	30	+.062		

\* JEDEC Registered Data

**NOTE 1** Standard tolerance on JEDEC types shown is  $\pm 10\%$ . Suffix letter A denotes  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance; suffix letter C denotes  $\pm 2\%$ ; and suffix letter D denotes  $\pm 1\%$  tolerance.**NOTE 2** Voltage measurements to be performed 20 sec. after application of D.C. test current.**NOTE 3** Zener impedance derived by superimposing on  $I_{zT}$ , a 60 cps, rms ac current equal to 10%  $I_{zT}$  (2 mA ac).**NOTE 4** Allowance has been made for the increase in  $V_z$  due to  $Z_Z$  and for the increase in junction temperature as the unit approaches thermal equilibrium at the power dissipation of 400 mW.

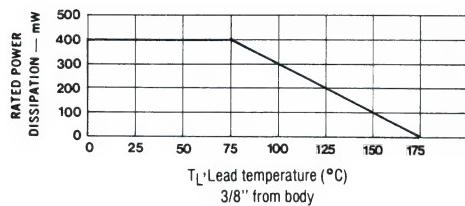
**SILICON  
400 mW  
ZENER DIODES**



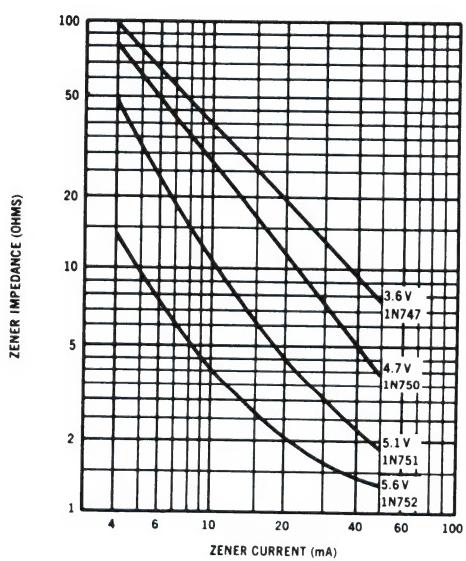
**FIGURE 1**  
All dimensions in  
INCH  
m.m.

**MECHANICAL  
CHARACTERISTICS****CASE:** Hermetically sealed glass case. DO-35.**FINISH:** All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.**THERMAL RESISTANCE:** 200°C/W (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body. Metallurgically bonded DO-35's exhibit less than 100 °C/W at zero distance from body.**POLARITY:** Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.**WEIGHT:** 0.2 grams.**MOUNTING POSITIONS:** Any.

**1N746 thru 1N759A DO-35  
1N4370 thru 1N4372A**

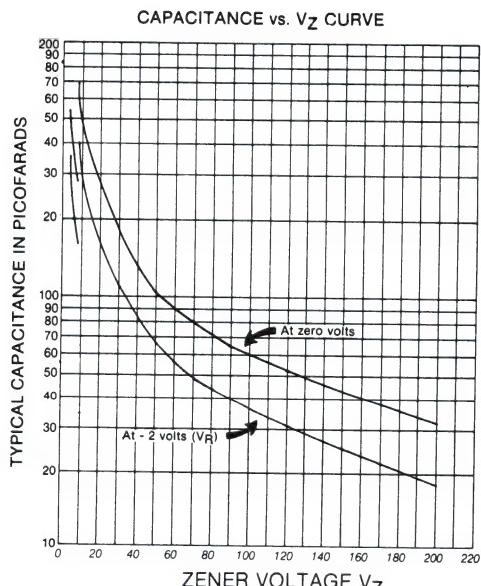


**FIGURE 2** POWER DERATING CURVE



**FIGURE 3**

ZENER IMPEDANCE VS ZENER CURRENT  
(TYPICAL)



**FIGURE 4**

CAPACITANCE VS. ZENER VOLTAGE  
(TYPICAL)

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**1N754A-1  
 thru  
 1N759A-1  
 DO-35**

## FEATURES

- ZENER VOLTAGE 6.8 V to 12.0 V
- AVAILABLE IN JAN, JANTX, JANTXV-1 AND JANS QUALIFICATIONS TO MIL-S-19500/127
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED VOIDLESS DEVICE TYPES

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Junction and Storage Temperatures: -65°C to +175°C

DC Power Dissipation: 400 mW

Power Derating: 4.0 mW/°C above 75°C

Forward Voltage @ 200 mA: 1.5 Volts

## \* ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

JEDEC TYPE NO. (NOTE 1)	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE $V_z$ @ $I_{zT}$ (NOTE 2)	ZENER TEST CURRENT $I_{zT}$	MAXIMUM ZENER IMPEDANCE $Z_z$ @ $I_{zT}$ (NOTE 3)	MAXIMUM REVERSE CURRENT @ $V_x = 1$ VOLT		MAXIMUM ZENER CURRENT $I_{zW}$ (NOTE 4)	TYPICAL TEMP. COEFF. OF ZENER VOLTAGE $\alpha_{Vz}$
				@ 25°C	@ +150°C		
	Volts	mA	Ohms	μA	μA	mA	% / °C
1N754A	6.8	20	5	.1	20	55	+.053
1N755A	7.5	20	6	.1	20	50	+.057
1N756A	8.2	20	8	.1	20	45	+.060
1N757A	9.1	20	10	.1	20	40	+.061
1N758A	10.0	20	17	.1	20	35	+.062
1N759A	12.0	20	30	.1	20	30	+.062

\* JEDEC Registered Data

**NOTE 1** Standard tolerance on JEDEC types shown is  $\pm 5\%$ .

**NOTE 2** Voltage measurements to be performed 20 sec. after application of D.C. test current.

**NOTE 3** Zener impedance derived by superimposing on  $I_{zT}$ , a 60 cps, rms ac current equal to 10%  $I_{zT}$  (2 mA ac).

**NOTE 4** Allowance has been made for the increase in  $V_z$  due to  $Z_z$  and for the increase in junction temperature as the unit approaches thermal equilibrium at the power dissipation of 400 mW.

**SILICON  
 400 mW  
 ZENER DIODES**

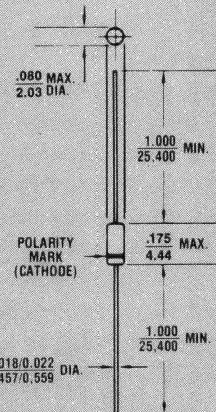


FIGURE 1

All dimensions in  $\frac{\text{INCH}}{\text{m.m.}}$

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case. DO-35.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

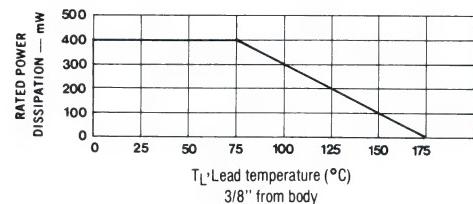
THERMAL RESISTANCE:  $200^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$  (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body. Metallurgically bonded DO-35's exhibit less than  $100^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$  at zero distance from body.

POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

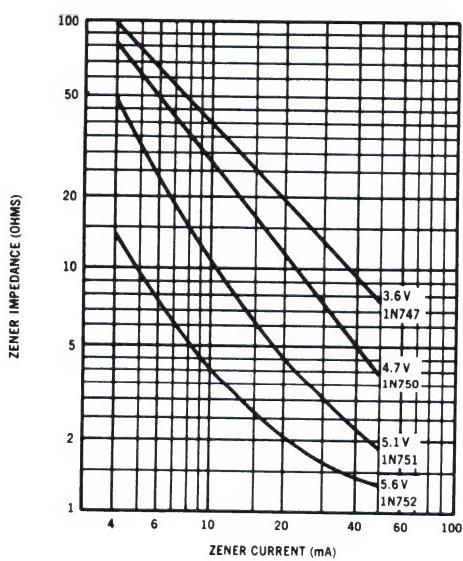
WEIGHT: 0.2 grams.

MOUNTING POSITIONS: Any.

# 1N754A-1 thru 1N759A-1 DO-35

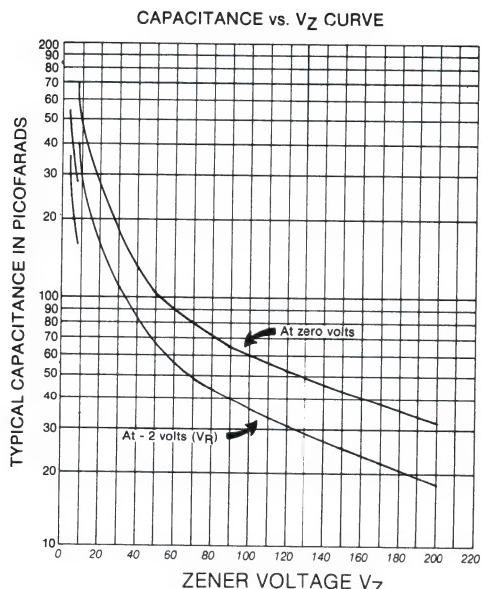


**FIGURE 2** POWER DERATING CURVE



**FIGURE 3**

ZENER IMPEDANCE VS ZENER CURRENT  
(TYPICAL)



**FIGURE 4**

CAPACITANCE VS. ZENER VOLTAGE  
(TYPICAL)

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**1N957B  
thru  
1N992B  
DO-7**

## FEATURES

- 6.8 TO 200V ZENER VOLTAGE RANGE
- 1N962B THRU 1N992B HAVE JAN, JANTX AND JANTXV QUALIFICATIONS TO MIL-S-19500/117
- 1N962B THRU 1N973B HAVE S1N QUALIFICATION

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Steady State Power Dissipation: 400 mW

Operating and Storage Temperatures: -65°C to +175°C

Derating Factor Above 50°C: 3.2 mW/C

Forward Voltage @ 200 mA: 1.5 Volts

## \*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER (Note 1)	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE (Note 2) V <sub>Z</sub>	ZENER TEST CURRENT I <sub>ZT</sub>	MAX. ZENER IMPEDANCE (Note 3)		MAX. DC CURNENT CURRENT (Note 4) I <sub>ZM</sub>	MAX. SURGE CURRENT (RECURRENT) I <sub>Z</sub> (SURGE)	MAX. REVERSE LEAKAGE CURRENT		MAX. TEMP. COEFFICIENT α <sub>VZ</sub>
	VOLTS	mA	OHMS	OHMS	mA	mA	μA	VOLTS	%/°C
1N957B	6.8	18.5	4.5	700	1.0	55	300	150	5.2 +0.05
1N958B	7.5	16.5	5.5	700	.5	50	275	75	5.7 +0.058
1N959B	8.2	15.0	6.5	700	.5	45	250	50	6.2 +0.065
1N960B	9.1	14.0	7.5	700	.5	41	225	25	6.9 +0.068
1N961B	10	12.5	8.5	700	.25	38	200	10	7.6 +0.075
1N962B	11	11.5	9.5	700	.25	32	175	5	8.4 +0.076
1N963B	12	10.5	11.5	700	.25	31	160	5	9.1 +0.077
1N964B	13	9.5	13.0	700	.25	28	150	5	9.9 +0.079
1N965B	15	8.5	16	700	.25	25	130	5	11.4 +0.082
1N966B	16	7.8	17	700	.25	24	120	5	12.2 +0.083
1N967B	18	7.0	21	750	.25	20	110	5	13.7 +0.085
1N968B	20	6.2	25	750	.25	18	100	5	15.2 +0.086
1N969B	22	5.6	29	750	.25	16	90	5	16.7 +0.087
1N970B	24	5.2	33	750	.25	15	80	5	18.2 +0.088
1N971B	27	4.6	41	750	.25	13	70	5	20.6 +0.090
1N972B	30	4.2	49	1000	.25	12	65	5	22.8 +0.091
1N973B	33	3.8	58	1000	.25	11	60	5	25.1 +0.092
1N974B	36	3.4	70	1000	.25	10	55	5	27.4 +0.093
1N975B	39	3.2	80	1000	.25	9.5	46	5	29.7 +0.094
1N976B	43	3.0	93	1500	.25	8.8	44	5	32.7 +0.095
1N977B	47	2.7	105	1500	.25	7.9	40	5	35.8 +0.095
1N978B	51	2.5	125	1500	.25	7.4	37	5	38.8 +0.096
1N979B	56	2.2	150	2000	.25	6.8	35	5	42.6 +0.096
1N980B	62	2.0	185	2000	.25	6.0	30	5	47.1 +0.097
1N981B	68	1.8	230	2000	.25	5.5	28	5	51.7 +0.097
1N982B	75	1.7	270	2000	.25	5.0	26	5	56.0 +0.098
1N983B	82	1.5	330	3000	.25	4.6	23	5	62.2 +0.098
1N984B	91	1.4	400	3000	.25	4.1	21	5	69.2 +0.099
1N985B	100	1.3	500	3000	.25	3.7	18	5	76.0 +0.11
1N986B	110	1.1	750	4000	.25	3.3	16	5	83.6 +0.11
1N987B	120	1.0	900	4500	.25	3.1	15	5	91.2 +0.11
1N988B	130	0.95	1100	5000	.25	2.7	13	5	98.8 +0.11
1N989B	150	0.85	1500	6000	.25	2.4	12	5	114.0 +0.11
1N990B	160	0.80	1700	6500	.25	2.2	11	5	121.6 +0.11
1N991B	180	0.68	2200	7100	.25	2.0	10	5	136.8 +0.11
1N992B	200	0.65	2500	8000	.25	1.8	9	5	152.0 +0.11

\*JEDEC Registered Data

**SILICON  
400 mW  
ZENER DIODES**

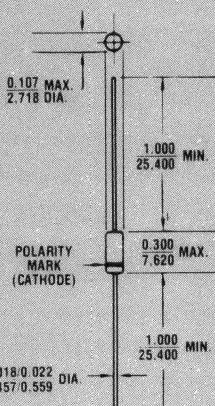


FIGURE 1  
All dimensions in  
INCH  
m.m.

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case. DO-7.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE: 300°C/W (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body.

POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

WEIGHT: 0.2 grams.

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 1N957B thru 1N992B DO-7

**NOTE 1** The JEDEC type numbers shown (B suffix) have a  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance on nominal zener voltage. The suffix A is used to identify  $\pm 10\%$  tolerance; suffix C is used to identify  $\pm 2\%$ ; and suffix D is used to identify  $\pm 1\%$  tolerance; no suffix indicates  $\pm 20\%$  tolerance.

**NOTE 2** Zener voltage ( $V_Z$ ) is measured after the test current has been applied for  $20 \pm 5$  seconds. The device shall be suspended by its leads with the inside edge of the mounting clips between .375" and .500" from the body. Mounting clips shall be maintained at a temperature of  $25 +8/-2^\circ\text{C}$ .

**NOTE 3** The zener impedance is derived from the 60 cycle A.C. voltage, which results when an A.C. current

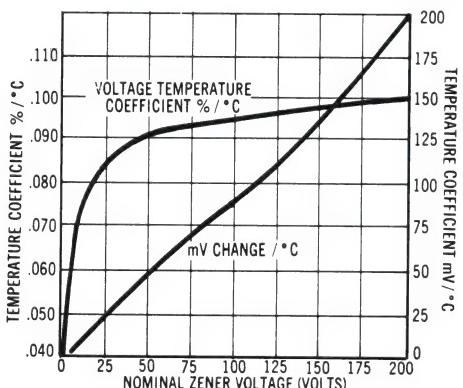


FIGURE 2

ZENER VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE COEFF. vs. ZENER VOLTAGE

having an R.M.S. value equal to 10% of the D.C. zener current ( $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ . Zener impedance is measured at 2 points to insure a sharp knee on the breakdown curve and to eliminate unstable units.

**NOTE 4** The values of  $I_{ZM}$  are calculated for a  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance on nominal zener voltage. Allowance has been made for the rise in zener voltage above  $V_{ZT}$  which results from zener impedance and the increase in junction temperature as power dissipation approaches 400 mW. In the case of individual diodes  $I_{ZM}$  is that value of current which results in a dissipation of 400 mW at  $50^\circ\text{C}$  lead temperature at  $3/8$ " from body.

**NOTE 5** Surge is 1/2 square wave or equivalent sine wave pulse of 1/120 sec. duration.

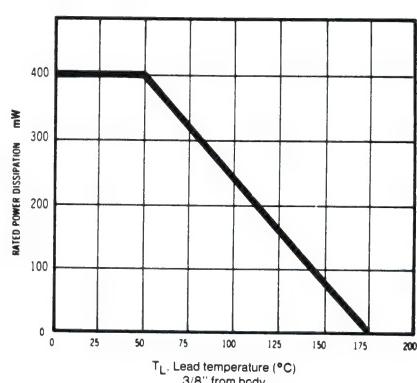


FIGURE 3

POWER DERATING CURVE

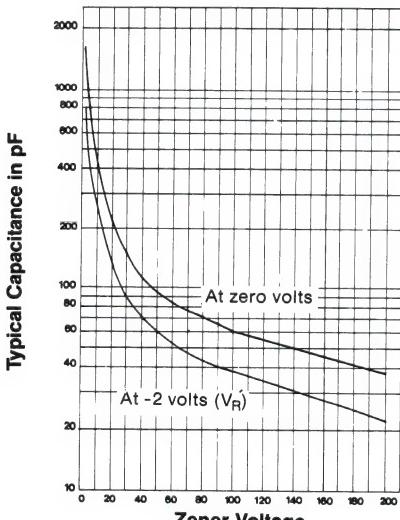


FIGURE 4

CAPACITANCE VS. ZENER VOLTAGE (TYPICAL)

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**1N957B  
 thru  
 1N992B  
 DO-35**

## FEATURES

- 6.8 TO 200 V ZENER VOLTAGE RANGE
- 1N962B-1 THRU 1N992B-1 AVAILABLE IN JAN, JANTX AND JANTXV QUALIFICATIONS TO MIL-S-19500/117
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED DEVICE TYPES
- CONSULT FACTORY FOR VOLTAGES ABOVE 200 V

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Steady State Power Dissipation: 400 mW

Operating and Storage Temperature: -65°C to +175°C

Derating Factor Above 75°C: 4.0 mW/°C

Forward Voltage @ 200 mA: 1.5 Volts

## \* ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER (Note 1)	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE (Note 2) V <sub>Z</sub>	ZENER TEST CURRENT I <sub>ZT</sub>	MAX. ZENER IMPEDANCE (Note 3) Z <sub>ZT</sub> @ I <sub>ZT</sub> Z <sub>ZX</sub> @ I <sub>ZX</sub>		MAX. DC ZENER CURRENT (Note 4) I <sub>ZM</sub>	MAX. SURGE CURRENT (RECURRENT) (Note 5) I <sub>Z</sub> (SURGE)	MAX. REVERSE LEAKAGE CURRENT I <sub>R</sub>	MAX. TEMP. COEFFICIENT α <sub>VZ</sub>
	VOLTS	mA	OHMS	OHMS	mA			
1N957B	6.8	18.5	4.5	700	1.0	55	300	+0.05
1N958B	7.5	16.5	5.5	700	.5	50	275	+0.058
1N959B	8.2	15.0	6.5	700	.5	45	250	+0.065
1N960B	9.1	14.0	7.5	700	.5	41	225	+0.068
1N961B	10	12.5	8.5	700	.25	38	200	+0.075
1N962B	11	11.5	9.5	700	.25	32	175	+0.076
1N963B	12	10.5	11.5	700	.25	31	160	+0.077
1N964B	13	9.5	13.0	700	.25	28	150	+0.079
1N965B	15	8.5	16	700	.25	25	130	+0.082
1N966B	16	7.8	17	700	.25	24	120	+0.083
1N967B	18	7.0	21	750	.25	20	110	+0.085
1N968B	20	6.2	25	750	.25	18	100	+0.086
1N969B	22	5.6	29	750	.25	16	90	+0.087
1N970B	24	5.2	33	750	.25	15	80	+0.088
1N971B	27	4.6	41	750	.25	13	70	+0.090
1N972B	30	4.2	49	1000	.25	12	65	+0.091
1N973B	33	3.8	58	1000	.25	11	60	+0.092
1N974B	36	3.4	70	1000	.25	10	55	+0.093
1N975B	39	3.2	90	1000	.25	9.5	46	+0.094
1N976B	43	3.0	93	1500	.25	8.8	44	+0.095
1N977B	47	2.7	105	1500	.25	7.9	40	+0.095
1N978B	51	2.5	125	1500	.25	7.4	37	+0.096
1N979B	56	2.2	150	2000	.25	6.8	35	+0.096
1N980B	62	2.0	185	2000	.25	6.0	30	+0.097
1N981B	68	1.8	230	2000	.25	5.5	28	+0.097
1N982B	75	1.7	270	2000	.25	5.0	26	+0.098
1N983B	82	1.5	330	3000	.25	4.6	23	+0.098
1N984B	91	1.4	400	3000	.25	4.1	21	+0.099
1N985B	100	1.3	500	3000	.25	3.7	18	+0.11
1N986B	110	1.1	750	4000	.25	3.3	16	+0.11
1N987B	120	1.0	900	4500	.25	3.1	15	+0.11
1N988B	130	0.95	1100	5000	.25	2.7	13	+0.11
1N989B	150	0.85	1500	6000	.25	2.4	12	+0.11
1N990B	160	0.80	1700	6500	.25	2.2	11	+0.11
1N991B	180	0.68	2200	7100	.25	2.0	10	+0.11
1N992B	200	0.65	2500	8000	.25	1.8	9	+0.11

\* JEDEC Registered Data

## SILICON 400 mW ZENER DIODES

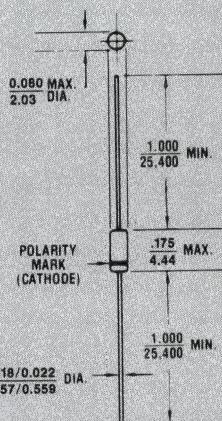


FIGURE 1

All dimensions in INCH  
m.m.

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case. DO-35.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE: 200°C/W (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body. Metallurgically bonded DO-35's exhibit less than 100°C/W at zero distance from body.

POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

WEIGHT: 0.2 grams.

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 1N957B thru 1N992B DO-35

**NOTE 1** The JEDEC type numbers shown (B suffix) have a  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance on nominal zener voltage. The suffix A is used to identify  $\pm 10\%$  tolerance; suffix C is used to identify  $\pm 2\%$ ; and suffix D is used to identify  $\pm 1\%$  tolerance; no suffix indicates  $\pm 20\%$  tolerance.

**NOTE 2** Zener voltage ( $V_Z$ ) is measured after the test current has been applied for  $20 \pm 5$  seconds. The device shall be suspended by its leads with the inside edge of the mounting clips between .375" and .500" from the body. Mounting clips shall be maintained at a temperature of  $25 +8/-2^\circ\text{C}$ .

**NOTE 3** The zener impedance is derived from the 60 cycle A.C. voltage, which results when an A.C. current

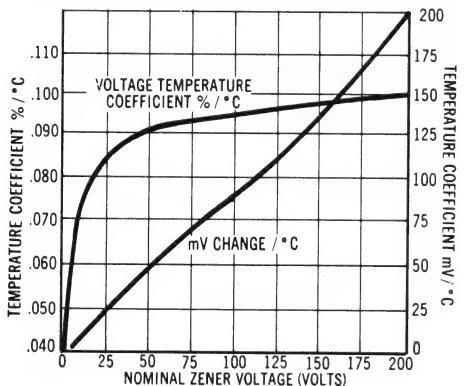


FIGURE 2

ZENER VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE COEFF. vs. ZENER VOLTAGE

having an R.M.S. value equal to 10% of the D.C. zener current ( $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ . Zener impedance is measured at 2 points to insure a sharp knee on the breakdown curve and to eliminate unstable units.

**NOTE 4** The values of  $I_{ZM}$  are calculated for a  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance on nominal zener voltage. Allowance has been made for the rise in zener voltage above  $V_{ZT}$  which results from zener impedance and the increase in junction temperature as power dissipation approaches 400 mW. In the case of individual diodes  $I_{ZM}$  is that value of current which results in a dissipation of 400 mW at  $75^\circ\text{C}$  lead temperature at  $3/8"$  from body.

**NOTE 5** Surge is 1/2 square wave or equivalent sine wave pulse of 1/120 sec. duration.

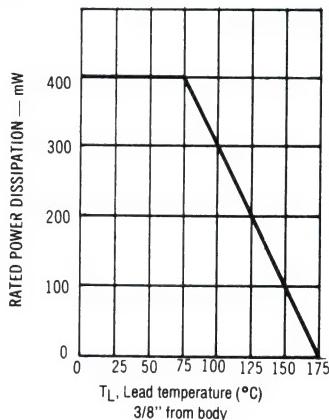


FIGURE 3

POWER DERATING CURVE

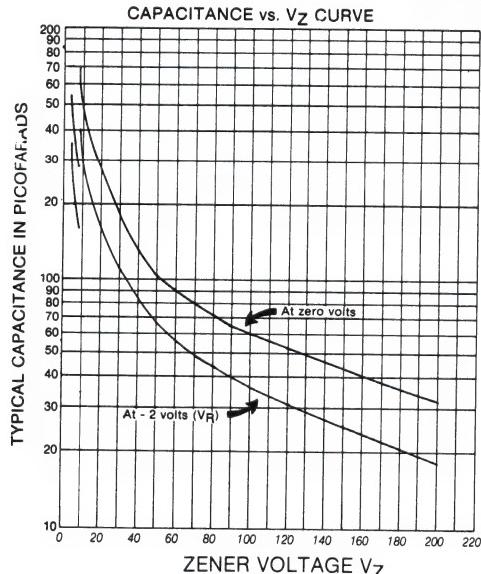


FIGURE 4

CAPACITANCE VS. ZENER VOLTAGE  
(TYPICAL)



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**1N962B  
thru  
1N973B  
DO-35**

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## FEATURES

- 6.8 TO 200 V ZENER VOLTAGE RANGE
- AVAILABLE IN JAN, JANTX AND JANTXV, AND JANS QUALIFICATIONS TO MIL-S-19500/117
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED VOIDLESS DEVICE TYPES
- CONSULT FACTORY FOR VOLTAGES ABOVE 200 V

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Steady State Power Dissipation: 400 mW

Operating and Storage Temperature: -65°C to +175°C

Derating Factor Above 75°C: 4.0 mW/°C

Forward Voltage @ 200 mA: 1.5 Volts

## \* ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER (Note 1)	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE (Note 2) V <sub>Z</sub>	ZENER TEST CURRENT I <sub>ZT</sub>	MAX. ZENER IMPEDANCE (Note 3)		MAX. DC ZENER CURRENT (Note 4) I <sub>ZM</sub>	MAX. SURGE CURRENT (RECURRENT) (Note 5) I <sub>Z</sub> (SURGE)	MAX. REVERSE LEAKAGE CURRENT I <sub>R</sub>	MAX. VOLTAGE V <sub>R</sub>	MAX. TEMP. COEFFICIENT α <sub>VZ</sub>
			Z <sub>ZT</sub> @ I <sub>ZT</sub>	Z <sub>ZK</sub> @ I <sub>ZK</sub>					
	VOLTS		mA	OHMS	mA	mA	μA	Volts	%/°C
1N962B	11	11.5	9.5	700	.25	32	175	5	+0.076
1N963B	12	10.5	11.5	700	.25	31	160	5	-0.077
1N964B	13	9.5	13.0	700	.25	28	150	5	-0.078
1N965B	15	8.5	16	700	.25	25	130	5	-0.082
1N966B	16	7.8	17	700	.25	24	120	5	+0.083
1N967B	18	7.0	21	750	.25	20	110	5	+0.085
1N968B	20	6.2	25	750	.25	18	100	5	+0.086
1N969B	22	5.6	29	750	.25	16	90	5	-0.087
1N970B	24	5.2	33	750	.25	15	80	5	+0.088
1N971B	27	4.6	41	750	.25	13	70	5	+0.090
1N972B	30	4.2	49	1000	.25	12	65	5	+0.091
1N973B	33	3.8	58	1000	.25	11	60	5	+0.092

\* JEDEC Registered Data

## SILICON 400 mW ZENER DIODES

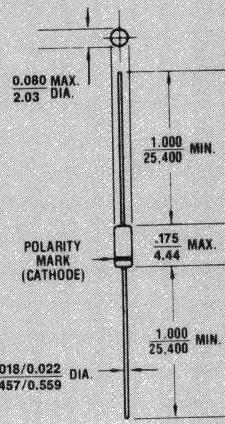


FIGURE 1

All dimensions in  
INCH  
m.m.

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case. DO-35.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE: 200°C/W (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body. Metallurgically bonded DO-35's exhibit less than 100°C/W at zero distance from body.

POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

WEIGHT: 0.2 grams.

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 1N962B thru 1N973B DO-35

**NOTE 1** The JEDEC type numbers shown (B suffix) have a  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance on nominal zener voltage. The suffix A is used to identify  $\pm 10\%$  tolerance; suffix C is used to identify  $\pm 2\%$ ; and suffix D is used to identify  $\pm 1\%$  tolerance; no suffix indicates  $\pm 20\%$  tolerance.

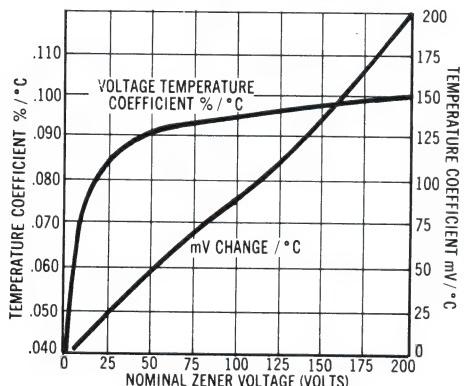
**NOTE 2** Zener voltage ( $V_Z$ ) is measured after the test current has been applied for  $20 \pm 5$  seconds. The device shall be suspended by its leads with the inside edge of the mounting clips between .375" and .500" from the body. Mounting clips shall be maintained at a temperature of  $25 +8/-2^\circ\text{C}$ .

**NOTE 3** The zener impedance is derived from the 60 cycle A.C. voltage, which results when an A.C. current

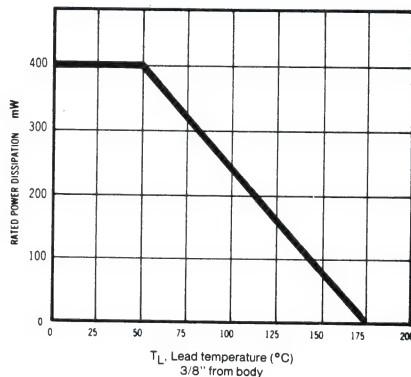
having an R.M.S. value equal to 10% of the D.C. zener current ( $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ . Zener impedance is measured at 2 points to insure a sharp knee on the breakdown curve and to eliminate unstable units.

**NOTE 4** The values of  $I_{ZM}$  are calculated for a  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance on nominal zener voltage. Allowance has been made for the rise in zener voltage above  $V_{ZT}$  which results from zener impedance and the increase in junction temperature as power dissipation approaches 400 mW. In the case of individual diodes  $I_{ZM}$  is that value of current which results in a dissipation of 400 mW at  $50^\circ\text{C}$  lead temperature at  $3/8"$  from body.

**NOTE 5** Surge is 1/2 square wave or equivalent sine wave pulse of  $1/120$  sec. duration.



**FIGURE 2**  
ZENER VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE  
COEFF. vs. ZENER VOLTAGE



**FIGURE 3**  
POWER DERATING CURVE

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1N2846B**  
**and**  
**1N4557B thru  
1N4564B**

**FEATURES**

- ZENER VOLTAGE 3.9V to 200V
- AVAILABLE IN TOLERANCES OF  $\pm 5\%$ ,  $\pm 10\%$  and  $\pm 20\%$
- DESIGNED FOR MILITARY ENVIRONMENTS (See Below)

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**Junction and Storage Temperatures:  $-65^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+175^\circ\text{C}$ 

DC Power Dissipation: 50 watts

Power Derating:  $0.5\text{W}/^\circ\text{C}$  above  $75^\circ\text{C}$ 

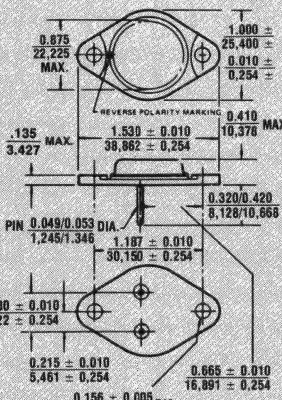
Forward Voltage @ 10 A: 1.5 Volts

**\*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @  $25^\circ\text{C}$** 

JEDEC TYPE NO. (Note 1)	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE V. @ I <sub>Z</sub> Volts (Note 2)	ZENER TEST CURRENT (I <sub>T</sub> ) mA	MAX. ZENER IMPEDANCE (Note 3)		MAX. DC ZENER CURRENT (I <sub>Z</sub> ) @ 75°C Case Temp. (Note 4) mA	TYPICAL ZENER VOLTAGE Temp. Coeff. $\alpha_{VZ}$ %/°C	MAXIMUM LEAKAGE CURRENT ** I <sub>LN</sub> @ V <sub>R</sub> V
			Z <sub>Z</sub> @ I <sub>T</sub> OHMS	Z <sub>Z</sub> @ 5 mA (I <sub>z</sub> ) OHMS			
†IN4557B	3.9	3200	0.16	400	11,980	-0.046	150 0.5
†IN4558B	4.3	2900	0.16	500	10,650	-0.033	150 0.5
†IN4559B	4.7	2650	0.12	600	9,700	-0.015	100 1
†IN4560B	5.1	2450	0.12	650	8,900	$\pm 0.010$	20 1
†IN4561B	5.6	2250	0.12	900	8,100	+0.03	20 1
†IN4562B	6.2	2000	0.14	1000	7,300	+0.049	20 2
†IN4563B	6.8	1850	0.16	200	6,650	+0.053	10 2
†IN4564B	7.5	1650	0.24	100	6,050	+0.057	10 3
†IN2804B	6.8	1850	0.2	70	7,400	.040	150 4.5
†IN2805B	7.5	1700	0.3	70	6,600	.045	100 5
†IN2806B	8.2	1500	0.4	70	5,800	.048	50 5.4
†IN2807B	9.1	1370	0.5	70	5,300	.050	25 6.1
†IN2808B	10	1200	0.6	80	4,800	.055	25 6.7
†IN2809B	11	1100	0.8	80	4,300	.060	10 8.4
†IN2810B	12	1000	1.0	80	4,000	.065	10 9.1
†IN2811B	13	960	1.1	80	3,700	.065	10 9.9
IN2812B	14	890	1.2	80	3,400	.070	10 10.6
†IN2813B	15	830	1.4	80	3,100	.070	10 11.4
†IN2814B	16	780	1.6	80	2,950	.070	10 12.2
IN2815B	17	740	1.8	80	2,750	.075	10 13.0
†IN2816B	18	700	2.0	80	2,550	.075	10 13.7
IN2817B	19	660	2.2	80	2,450	.075	10 14.4
†IN2818B	20	630	2.4	80	2,350	.075	10 15.2
†IN2819B	22	570	2.5	80	2,100	.080	10 16.7
†IN2820B	24	520	2.6	80	1,950	.080	10 18.2
IN2821B	25	500	2.7	90	1,850	.080	10 19
IN2822B	27	460	2.8	90	1,650	.085	10 20.6
†IN2823B	30	420	3.0	90	1,550	.085	10 22.8
†IN2824B	33	380	3.2	90	1,450	.085	10 25.1
†IN2825B	36	350	3.5	90	1,300	.085	10 27.4
†IN2826B	39	320	4.0	90	1,175	.090	10 29.7
†IN2827B	43	290	4.5	90	1,075	.090	10 32.7
IN2828B	45	280	4.5	100	1,030	.090	10 34.2
†IN2829B	47	270	5.0	100	980	.090	10 35.8
IN2830B	50	250	5.0	100	935	.090	10 38
†IN2831B	51	245	5.2	100	925	.090	10 38.8
†IN2832B	56	220	6	110	825	.090	10 42.6
†IN2833B	62	200	7	120	735	.090	10 47.1
†IN2834B	68	180	8	140	670	.090	10 51.7
†IN2835B	75	170	9	150	600	.090	10 56
†IN2836B	82	150	11	160	550	.090	10 62.2
†IN2837B	91	140	15	180	470	.090	10 69.2
†IN2838B	100	120	20	200	450	.090	10 76
†IN2839B	105	120	25	210	430	.095	10 79.8
†IN2840B	110	110	30	220	410	.095	10 83.6
†IN2841B	120	100	40	240	375	.095	10 91.2
†IN2842B	130	95	50	275	345	.095	10 98.8
†IN2843B	150	85	75	400	300	.095	10 114.0
†IN2844B	160	80	80	450	285	.095	10 121.6
†IN2845B	180	68	90	525	250	.095	10 136.8
†IN2846B	200	65	100	600	220	.100	10 152.0

\*JEDEC Registered Data. \*\*Not JEDEC Data.

†Have JAN, JANTX and JANTXV Qualifications to MIL-S-19500/114.

**SILICON  
50 WATT  
ZENER DIODES****MECHANICAL  
CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Industry Standard TO-3,  
(modified), hermetically sealed,  
0.052 inch diameter pins.

FINISH: All external surfaces are  
corrosion resistant and terminal  
solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE:  $1.5^\circ\text{C/W}$   
(Typical) junction to base.

POLARITY: Standard Polarity units  
are connected anode to case. Re-  
verse polarity (cathode to case is  
indicated by a red dot on the  
base plate. (Suffix R))

WEIGHT: 15 grams.

MOUNTING HARDWARE: See  
page 41.

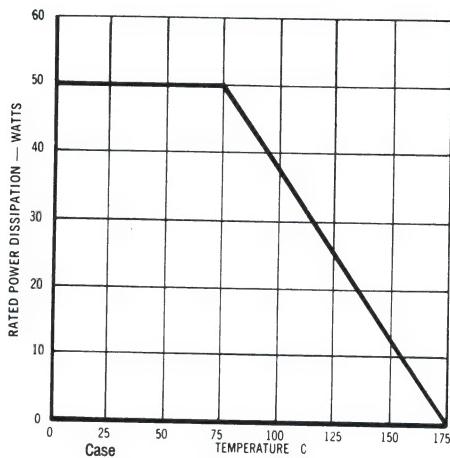
# 1N2804 thru 1N2846B, 1N457B thru 1N4564B

**NOTE 1** The JEDEC type numbers shown (B suffix) have a  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance on nominal zener voltage. The suffix A is used to identify  $\pm 10\%$  tolerance; no suffix indicates  $\pm 20\%$  tolerance. If tighter tolerance is required, consult factory. Standard polarity units have the anode connected to the case. Reverse polarity (cathode-to-case) units are available and are indicated by suffixing an R to the part number.

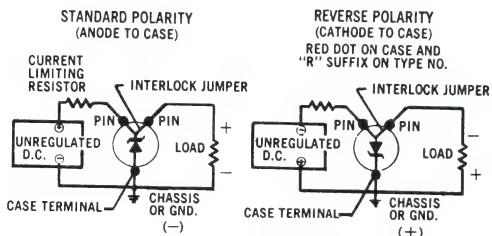
**NOTE 2** Zener Voltage ( $V_Z$ ) is measured with junction in thermal equilibrium with  $30^\circ\text{C}$  base temperature. The test currents ( $I_{ZT}$ ) have been selected so that at nominal voltages the dissipation is a constant 12.5 watts. This results in a nominal junction temperature rise of  $18.75^\circ\text{C}$ .

**NOTE 3** The zener impedance is derived from the 60 cycle A.C. voltage, which results when an A.C. current having an R.M.S. value equal to 10% of the D.C. zener current ( $I_{Zt}$  or  $I_{Zk}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{Zt}$  or  $I_{Zk}$ . Zener impedance is measured at 2 points to insure a sharp knee on the breakdown curve and to eliminate unstable units. A curve showing the variation of zener impedance vs. zener current for six representative types is shown in Figure 3. A 100% cathode ray tube curve trace test is used to insure that each zener diode breakdown region begins at a current lower than  $I_{Zk}$  and continues at nearly constant voltage to a current level in excess of  $I_{Zm}$ .

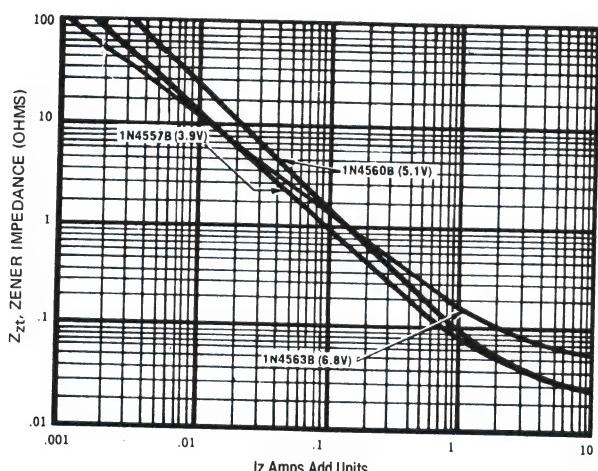
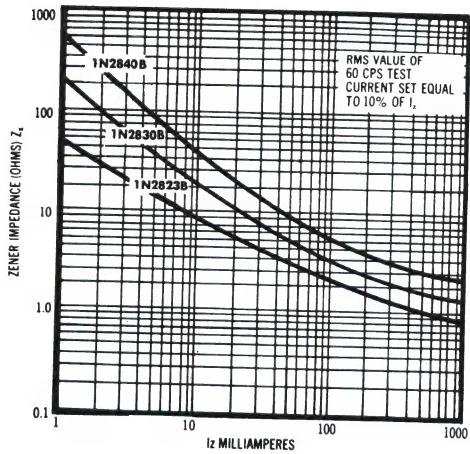
**NOTE 4** The values of  $I_{Zm}$  are calculated for a  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance on nominal zener voltage. Allowance has been made for the rise in zener voltage above  $V_{Zt}$  which results from zener impedance and the increase in junction temperature as power dissipation approaches 50 watts. In the case of individual diodes  $I_{Zm}$  is that value of current which results in a dissipation of 50 watts.



**FIGURE 2**  
POWER DERATING CURVE



Typical circuit connections for anode-to-case and cathode-to-case polarities (standard and reverse polarities, respectively).



**FIGURE 3**  
TYPICAL ZENER IMPEDANCE vs. ZENER CURRENT  
FOR TYPES SHOWN

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**1N2970 thru  
1N3015B  
and  
1N3993 thru  
1N4000A**

**FEATURES**

- ZENER VOLTAGE 3.9 to 200V
- VOLTAGE TOLERANCES;  $\pm 5\%$ ,  $\pm 10\%$  and  $\pm 20\%$  (See Note 1)
- MAXIMUM RELIABILITY FOR MILITARY ENVIRONMENTS (See † Below)

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**Junction and Storage Temperatures:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

DC Power Dissipation: 10 Watts

Power Derating:  $80 \text{ mW}/^{\circ}\text{C}$  above  $50^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Forward Voltage @ 2.0 A: 1.5 Volts

**\*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** @  $30^{\circ}\text{C}$  Case Temperature

JEDEC TYPE NO. (Note 1)	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE V <sub>Z</sub> @ I <sub>Z</sub> Volts (Note 2)	ZENER TEST CURRENT I <sub>Z</sub> mA	MAX. DYNAMIC IMPEDANCE (Note 3)		MAX. DC ZENER CURRENT (I <sub>ZM</sub> ) @ $75^{\circ}\text{C}$ Stud Temp. (Note 4) mA	TYPICAL TEMP. COEFF. $\alpha_{VZ}$ %/°C	MAX* LEAKAGE CURRENT I <sub>R</sub> @ V <sub>R</sub> μA	Polarity
			Z <sub>gk</sub> @ I <sub>Z</sub> OHMS	Z <sub>gk</sub> @ 1mA OHMS				
†1N3993A	3.9	640	2.0	400	2380	-.046	100	0.5
†1N3994A	4.3	580	1.5	400	2130	-.033	100	0.5
†1N3995A	4.7	530	1.2	500	1940	-.015	50	1.0
†1N3996A	5.1	490	1.1	550	1780	±.010	10	1.0
†1N3997A	5.6	445	1.0	600	1620	+.030	10	1.0
†1N3998A	6.2	405	1.1	750	1460	+.049	10	2.0
†1N3999A	6.8	370	1.2	500	1330	+.040	10	2.0
†1N4000A	7.5	335	1.3	250	1210	+.045	10	3.0
†1N2970B	8.8	370	1.2	500	1320	.040	150	5.2
††1N2971B	7.5	335	1.3	250	1180	.045	100	5.7
††1N2972B	8.2	305	1.5	250	1040	.048	50	6.2
††1N2973B	9.1	275	2.0	250	960	.051	25	6.9
††1N2974B	10	250	3	250	860	.055	25	7.6
††1N2975B	11	230	3	250	780	.060	10	8.4
††1N2976B	12	210	3	250	720	.065	10	9.1
††1N2977B	13	190	3	250	660	.065	10	9.9
††1N2978B	14	180	3	250	600	.070	10	10.5
††1N2979B	15	170	3	250	560	.070	10	11.4
††1N2980B	16	155	4	250	530	.070	10	12.2
††1N2981B	17	145	4	250	500	.075	10	13.0
††1N2982B	18	140	4	250	460	.075	10	13.7
††1N2983B	19	130	4	250	440	.075	10	14.0
††1N2984B	20	125	4	250	420	.075	10	15.2
††1N2985B	22	115	5	250	380	.080	10	16.7
††1N2986B	24	105	5	250	350	.080	10	18.2
††1N2987B	25	100	6	250	310	.080	10	18.2
††1N2988B	27	95	7	250	300	.085	10	20.6
††1N2989B	30	85	8	300	280	.085	10	22.8
††1N2990B	33	75	9	300	260	.085	10	25.1
††1N2991B	36	70	10	300	230	.085	10	27.4
††1N2992B	39	65	11	300	210	.090	10	29.7
††1N2993B	43	60	12	400	195	.090	10	32.7
†1N2994B	45	55	13	400	185	.090	10	33.0
††1N2995B	47	55	14	400	175	.090	10	35.8
††1N2996B	50	50	15	500	165	.090	10	36.0
††1N2997B	51	50	15	500	160	.090	10	38.8
††1N2998B	52	50	15	500	160	.090	10	39.0
††1N2999B	56	45	16	500	150	.090	10	42.6
††1N3000B	62	40	17	600	130	.090	10	47.1
††1N3001B	68	37	18	600	120	.090	10	51.7
††1N3002B	75	33	22	600	110	.090	10	56.0
††1N3003B	82	30	25	700	100	.090	10	62.2
††1N3004B	91	28	35	800	85	.090	10	69.2
††1N3005B	100	25	40	900	80	.090	10	76.0
††1N3006B	105	25	45	1000	75	.095	10	76.0
††1N3007B	110	23	55	1100	72	.095	10	83.6
††1N3008B	120	20	75	1200	67	.095	10	91.2
††1N3009B	130	19	100	1300	62	.095	10	98.8
1N3010B	140	18	125	1400	58	.095	10	100.0
††1N3011B	150	17	175	1500	54	.095	10	114.0
††1N3012B	160	16	200	1600	50	.095	10	121.6
††1N3013B	175	14	250	1750	46	.095	10	135.0
††1N3014B	180	14	260	1850	45	.095	10	138.8
††1N3015B	200	12	300	2000	40	.100	10	152.0

\*JEDEC Registered Data. \*\*Not JEDEC Data.

†Have JAN and JANTX Qualifications to MIL-S-19500/272.

††Have JAN, JANTX and JANTXV Qualifications to MIL-S-19500/124.

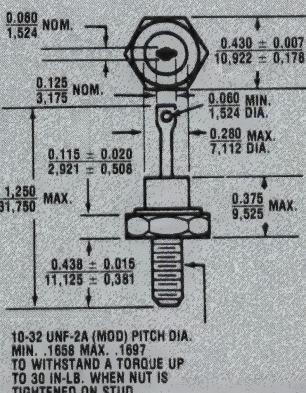


FIGURE 1

All dimensions in INCH  
m.m.**MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**CASE: Industry Standard DO-4,  
7/16" Hex. stud with 10-32  
threads, welded, hermetically  
sealed metal and glass.FINISH: All external surfaces are  
corrosion resistant and terminal  
solderable.

WEIGHT: 7.5 grams.

MOUNTING POSITION: Any

THERMAL RESISTANCE:  $10^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$  (Typical) junction to stud.**POLARITY**1N3993 - 1N4000: Std. Polarity is  
cathode to stud. Reverse polarity  
(anode to stud) indicated by  
suffix "R."1N2970 - 1N3015: Std. Polarity is  
anode to stud. Reverse polarity  
indicated by suffix "R."MOUNTING HARDWARE: See  
page 41.

# 1N2970 thru 1N3015B, 1N3993 thru 1N4000A

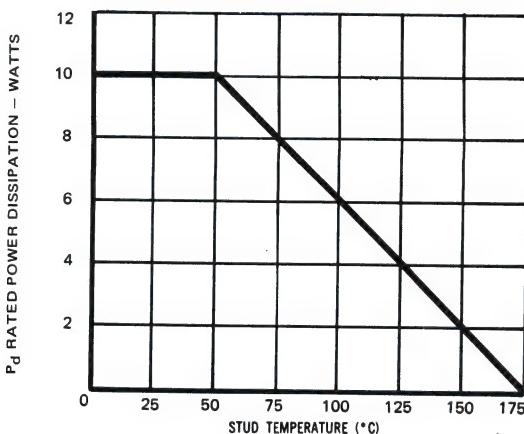
**NOTE 1** 1N3993-1N4000 series: suffix A indicates  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance, no suffix indicates  $\pm 10\%$  tolerance. 1N2970-1N3015 series: suffix B indicates  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance, suffix A indicates  $\pm 10\%$ , no suffix indicates  $\pm 20\%$  tolerance. If tighter tolerance is required, consult factory.

**NOTE 2** The electrical characteristics are measured after allowing the device to stabilize for 90 seconds with  $30^\circ\text{C}$  Base temperature.

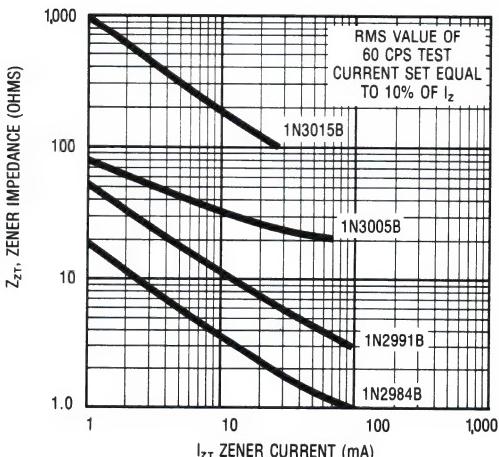
**NOTE 3** The zener impedance ( $Z_{ZT}$ ) is derived from the 60 Hz ac voltage, which results when an ac current having an rms value equal to 10% of the DC zener current ( $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ ) is

superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ . When making zener impedance measurements at the  $I_{ZK}$  test point, it may be necessary to insert a 60 Hz band pass filter between the diode and voltmeter to avoid errors resulting from low level noise signals. A curve showing the variation of zener impedance vs. zener current for three representative types is shown in Figures 3 and 4.

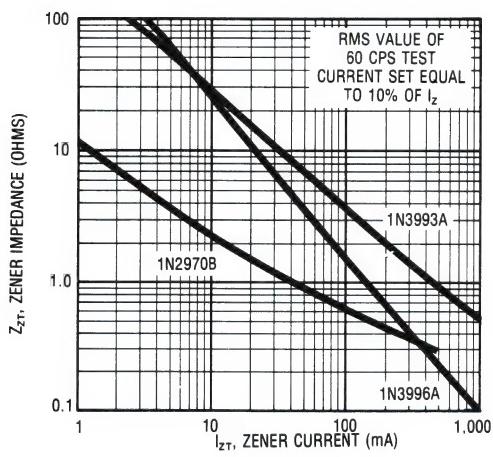
**NOTE 4** These values of  $I_{zm}$  may be exceeded in the case of individual diodes. The values shown are calculated for the worst case which is a unit of  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance at the high voltage end of its tolerance range. Allowance has also been made for the rise in zener voltage above  $V_{zt}$ , which results from zener impedance and the increase in junction temperature as power dissipation approaches 10 watts.



**FIGURE 2**  
POWER DERATING CURVE



**FIGURE 3**  
TYPICAL ZENER IMPEDANCE vs. ZENER CURRENT  
FOR TYPES SHOWN



**FIGURE 4**  
TYPICAL ZENER IMPEDANCE vs. ZENER CURRENT  
FOR TYPES SHOWN

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## FEATURES

- ZENER VOLTAGE RANGE: 6.8V TO 200V
- IN3016B THROUGH IN3051B HAVE JAN, JANTX, and JANTXV QUALIFICATIONS TO MIL-S-19500/115
- S1N3016B THROUGH S1N3051B ALSO AVAILABLE

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Junction and Storage Temperatures:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$

DC Power Dissipation: 1 Watt

Derating:  $6.67 \text{ mW}/^{\circ}\text{C}$  above  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$

Forward Voltage @ 200 mA: 1.5 Volts

## \*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ $25^{\circ}\text{C}$

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER (Note 1)	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE $V_z$ @ $I_z$ (Note 2)	ZENER TEST CURRENT $I_z$	MAXIMUM ZENER IMPEDANCE (Note 3)			MAXIMUM ZENER CURRENT $I_{zM}$ (Note 4)	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE CURRENT† $I_R$ @ $V_R$	TYPICAL TEMP. COEFF. OF ZENER VOLTAGE $\alpha_{Vz}$	
			$Z_{zT}$ @ $I_z$	$Z_{zx}$ @ $I_{zK}$					
			Volts	mA	Ohms	Ohms	mA	% / $^{\circ}\text{C}$	
IN3016B	6.8	.37	3.5	700	1.0	140	150	5.2	.040
IN3017B	7.5	.34	4.0	700	.5	125	100	5.7	.045
IN3018B	8.2	.31	4.5	700	.5	115	50	6.2	.048
IN3019B	9.1	.28	5	700	.5	105	25	6.9	.050
IN3020B	10	.25	7	700	.25	95	25	7.6	.055
IN3021B	11	.23	8	700	.25	85	10	8.4	.060
IN3022B	12	.21	9	700	.25	80	10	9.1	.065
IN3023B	13	.19	10	700	.25	74	10	9.9	.065
IN3024B	15	.17	14	700	.25	63	10	11.4	.070
IN3025B	16	15.5	16	700	.25	60	10	12.2	.070
IN3026B	18	14	20	750	.25	52	10	13.7	.075
IN3027B	20	12.5	22	750	.25	47	10	15.2	.075
IN3028B	22	11.5	23	750	.25	43	10	16.7	.080
IN3029B	24	10.5	25	750	.25	40	10	18.2	.080
IN3030B	27	9.5	35	750	.25	34	10	20.6	.085
IN3031B	30	8.5	40	1000	.25	31	10	22.8	.085
IN3032B	33	7.5	45	1000	.25	28	10	25.1	.085
IN3033B	36	7.0	50	1000	.25	26	10	27.4	.085
IN3034B	39	6.5	60	1000	.25	23	10	29.7	.090
IN3035B	43	6.0	70	1500	.25	21	10	32.7	.090
IN3036B	47	5.5	80	1500	.25	19	10	35.8	.090
IN3037B	51	5.0	95	1500	.25	18	10	38.8	.090
IN3038B	56	4.5	110	2000	.25	17	10	42.6	.090
IN3039B	62	4.0	125	2000	.25	15	10	47.1	.090
IN3040B	68	3.7	150	2000	.25	14	10	51.7	.090
IN3041B	75	3.3	175	2000	.25	12	10	56.0	.090
IN3042B	82	3.0	200	3000	.25	11	10	62.2	.090
IN3043B	91	2.8	250	3000	.25	10	10	69.2	.090
IN3044B	100	2.5	350	3000	.25	9.0	10	76.0	.090
IN3045B	110	2.3	450	4000	.25	8.3	10	83.6	.095
IN3046B	120	2.0	550	4500	.25	8.0	10	91.2	.095
IN3047B	130	1.9	700	5000	.25	6.9	10	98.8	.095
IN3048B	150	1.7	1000	6000	.25	5.7	10	114.0	.095
IN3049B	160	1.6	1100	6500	.25	5.4	10	121.6	.095
IN3050B	180	1.4	1200	7000	.25	4.9	10	136.8	.095
IN3051B	200	1.2	1500	8000	.25	4.6	10	152.0	.100

\*JEDEC Registered Data. †Not JEDEC Data.

**1N3016B  
thru  
1N3051B**

**SILICON  
1 WATT  
ZENER DIODES**

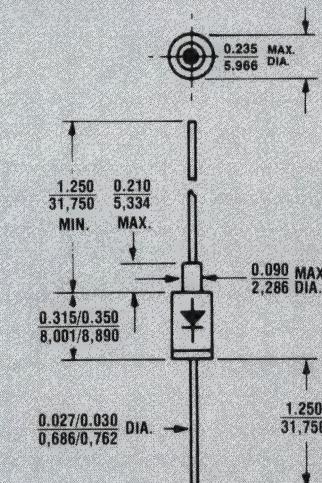


FIGURE 1

All dimensions in  
INCH  
m.m

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: DO-13, welded, hermetically sealed metal and glass.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE:  $100^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$  (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body.

POLARITY: Cathode connected case.

WEIGHT: 1.4 grams.

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 1N3016B thru 1N3051B

**NOTE 1** When using JEDEC Numbers B suffix signifies a  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance on nominal zener voltage. The suffix A is used to identify  $\pm 10\%$  tolerance; no suffix indicates  $\pm 20\%$  tolerance. If tighter tolerance is required, consult factory.

**NOTE 2** Zener Voltage ( $V_Z$ ) is measured with junction in thermal equilibrium with still air at a temperature of  $25^\circ C$ . The test currents ( $I_{ZT}$ ) have been selected so that at nominal voltages the dissipation is a constant 0.25 watts. This results in a nominal junction temperature rise of  $25^\circ C$ .

**NOTE 3** The zener impedance is derived from the 60 cycle ac voltage, which results when an ac current having an rms value equal to 10% of the DC zener current ( $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ . Zener impedance is measured at 2 points to insure a sharp knee on the breakdown curve

and to eliminate unstable units. A curve showing the variation of zener impedance vs. zener current for four representative types is shown in Figure 2.

**NOTE 4** These values of  $I_{ZM}$  may often be exceeded in the case of individual diodes. The values shown are calculated for a unit at the high voltage end of its tolerance range. Allowance has also been made for the rise in zener voltage above  $V_{ZT}$  which results from zener impedance and the increase in junction temperature as a unit approaches thermal equilibrium at a dissipation of 1 watt. The  $I_{ZM}$  values shown for  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance units may be used with little error for  $\pm 10\%$  tolerance units, but should be reduced by 7% to include a  $\pm 20\%$  tolerance unit near the high voltage end of its tolerance range.

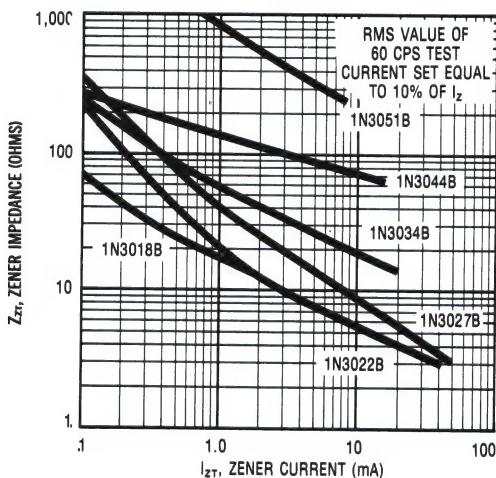


FIGURE 2

TYPICAL ZENER IMPEDANCE vs. ZENER CURRENT FOR TYPES SHOWN

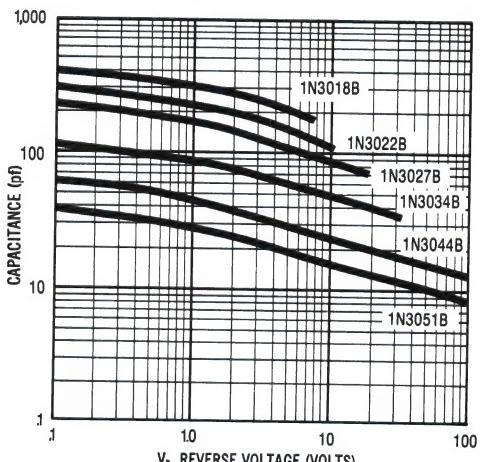


FIGURE 4

TYPICAL CAPACITANCE vs. REVERSE VOLTAGE FOR 1-WATT ZENERS

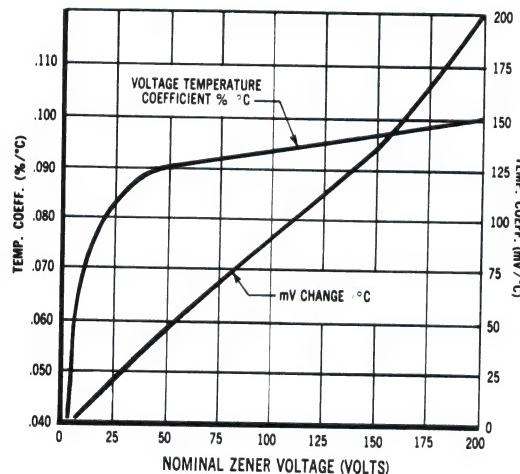


FIGURE 3

TYPICAL ZENER VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE COEFF. vs. ZENER VOLTAGE

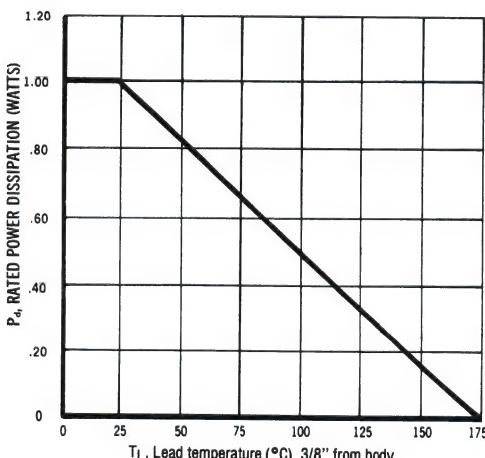


FIGURE 5

POWER DERATING CURVE

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**1N3305 thru  
1N3350B**  
**and**  
**1N4549B thru  
1N4556B**

## FEATURES

- ZENER VOLTAGE 3.9 TO 200V
- LOW ZENER IMPEDANCE
- HIGHLY RELIABLE AND RUGGED
- FOR MILITARY AND OTHER DEMANDING APPLICATIONS (See Below)

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Junction and Storage Temperatures:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$

DC Power Dissipation: 50 Watts

Power Derating: 0.5 W/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$  above  $75^{\circ}\text{C}$

Forward Voltage @ 10 A: 1.5 Volts

## \* ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ $30^{\circ}\text{C}$ Case Temperature

JEDEC TYPE NO. (Note 1)	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE V, @ 1, Volts (Note 2)	ZENER TEST CURRENT I <sub>T</sub> , (I <sub>T</sub> ) mA †	MAX. DYNAMIC IMPEDANCE (Note 3) Z <sub>ZT</sub> @ I <sub>T</sub> , I <sub>ZK</sub> = 5mA OHMS		MAX. DC ZENER CURRENT I <sub>Z</sub> , (I <sub>Z</sub> ) mA OHMS	MAX. REVERSE LEAKAGE** CURRENT I <sub>R</sub> (max) @ V <sub>R</sub> mA	TYPICAL TEMP. COEFF. α <sub>VZ</sub> %/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$
			I <sub>T</sub>	Z <sub>ZT</sub>			
†1N4549B	3.9	3,200	0.16	400	11,900	150	0.5 -0.046
†1N4550B	4.3	2,900	0.16	500	10,650	150	0.5 -0.033
†1N4551B	4.7	2,650	0.12	600	9,700	100	1.0 -0.015
†1N4552B	5.1	2,450	0.12	650	8,900	20	1.0 ± 0.010
†1N4553B	5.6	2,250	0.12	900	8,100	20	1.0 +0.030
†1N4554B	6.2	2,000	0.14	1,000	7,300	20	2.0 +0.049
1N4555B	6.8	1,850	0.18	200	6,850	10	2.0 +0.053
1N4556B	7.5	1,650	0.24	100	6,050	10	3.0 +0.057
†1N3305B	6.8	1,850	0.20	70	6,600	300	4.5 0.040
†1N3306B	7.5	1,700	0.30	70	5,900	125	5.0 0.045
†1N3307B	8.2	1,500	0.40	70	5,200	50	5.4 0.048
†1N3308B	9.1	1,370	0.50	70	4,800	26	6.1 0.060
†1N3309B	10.0	1,200	0.60	80	4,300	26	6.7 0.065
†1N3310B	11.0	1,100	0.80	80	3,900	10	8.4 0.060
†1N3311B	12.0	1,000	1.00	80	3,800	10	9.1 0.065
†1N3312B	13.0	960	1.10	80	3,300	10	9.9 0.065
1N3313B	14.0	890	1.20	80	3,000	10	11.4 0.070
†1N3314B	15.0	830	1.40	80	2,800	10	11.4 0.070
†1N3315B	16.0	780	1.60	80	2,650	10	12.2 0.070
1N3316B	17.0	740	1.80	80	2,500	10	13.0 0.075
†1N3317B	18.0	700	2.00	80	2,300	10	13.7 0.075
†1N3318B	19.0	660	2.20	80	2,200	10	13.7 0.075
†1N3319B	20.0	630	2.40	80	2,100	10	15.2 0.075
†1N3320B	22.0	570	2.50	80	1,900	10	16.7 0.080
†1N3321B	24.0	520	2.60	80	1,750	10	18.2 0.080
1N3322B	25.0	500	2.70	90	1,550	10	18.2 0.080
†1N3323B	27.0	460	2.80	90	1,500	10	20.6 0.085
†1N3324B	30.0	420	3.00	90	1,400	10	22.8 0.086
†1N3325B	33.0	380	3.20	90	1,300	10	25.1 0.085
†1N3326B	36.0	350	3.50	90	1,150	10	27.4 0.085
†1N3327B	39.0	320	4.00	90	1,050	10	29.7 0.090
†1N3328B	43.0	290	4.50	90	975	10	32.7 0.090
1N3329B	45.0	280	4.50	100	930	10	32.7 0.090
†1N3330B	47.0	270	5.00	100	880	10	34.0 0.090
1N3331B	50.0	250	5.50	100	830	10	36.8 0.090
†1N3332B	51.0	245	6.20	100	810	10	38.8 0.090
†1N3333B	52.0	240	5.50	100	790	10	42.6 0.090
1N3334B	56.0	220	6.00	110	740	10	42.6 0.090
†1N3335B	62.0	200	7.00	120	660	10	47.1 0.090
†1N3336B	68.0	180	8.00	140	600	10	51.7 0.090
†1N3337B	75.0	170	9.00	150	540	10	56.0 0.090
†1N3338B	82.0	150	11.00	160	490	10	62.2 0.090
†1N3339B	91.0	140	15.00	180	420	10	69.2 0.090
1N3340B	100.0	120	20.00	200	400	10	76.0 0.090
1N3341B	105.0	120	25.00	210	380	10	83.0 0.095
†1N3342B	110.0	110	30.00	220	365	10	83.0 0.096
†1N3343B	120.0	100	40.00	240	336	10	91.2 0.095
†1N3344B	130.0	95	50.00	275	310	10	99.8 0.096
1N3345B	140.0	90	60.00	325	290	10	114.0 0.095
†1N3346B	150.0	85	75.00	400	270	10	124.0 0.100
†1N3347B	160.0	80	80.00	450	250	10	121.6 0.095
†1N3348B	175.0	70	85.00	500	230	10	121.6 0.095
†1N3349B	180.0	68	90.00	525	220	10	136.8 0.095
†1N3350B	200.0	65	100.00	600	200	10	162.0 0.100

\*JEDEC Registered Data. \*\*Not JEDEC Data.

†Have JAN and JANTX Qualifications to MIL-S-19500/358.

## SILICON 50 WATT ZENER DIODES

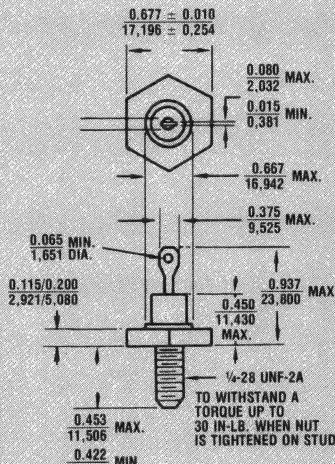


FIGURE 1

All dimensions in **INCH**  
m.m.

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Industry Standard DO-5, 11/16" Hex. stud with 1/4-28 threads, welded, hermetically sealed metal and glass.

DIMENSIONS: See outline drawing Fig. 1.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and terminal solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE:  $1.5^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$  (Typical) junction to stud.

POLARITY: Standard polarity anode to case. Reverse polarity (cathode to case) indicated by suffix R.

MOUNTING HARDWARE: See page 41.

# 1N3305 thru 1N3350B, 1N4549B thru 1N4556B

## NOTE 1

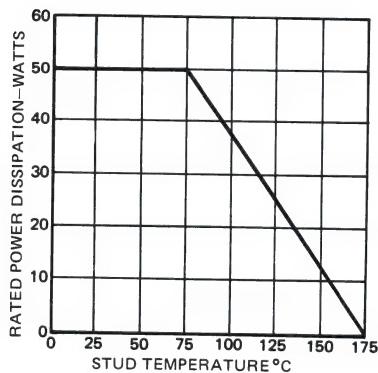
When using JEDEC numbers an R suffix should be used to signify reversed polarity. The suffixes A and B indicate tolerances of 10% and 5% respectively. No suffix or just R denotes  $\pm 20\%$  tolerance. Example: 1N3319RB is a REVERSED polarity, 20 volt unit having a  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance on Zener Voltage.

## NOTE 2

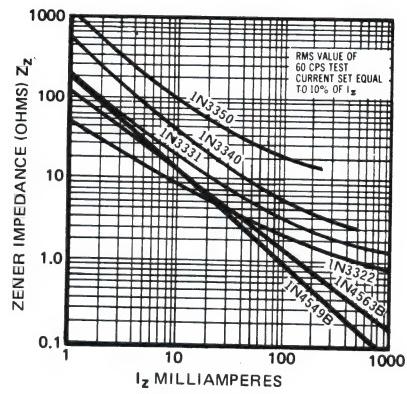
Zener Voltage ( $V_z$ ) is measured with junction in thermal equilibrium with  $30^\circ\text{C}$  stud temperature.

## NOTE 3

The zener impedance is derived from the 60 cycle A.C. voltage, which results when an A.C. current having an R.M.S. value equal to 10% of the D.C. zener current ( $I_{zt}$  or  $I_{zk}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{zt}$  or  $I_{zk}$ . Zener impedance is measured at 2 points to insure a sharp knee on the breakdown curve and to eliminate unstable units. A curve showing the variation of zener impedance vs. zener current for three representative types is shown in Figure 3.



**FIGURE 2**  
POWER DERATING CURVE



**FIGURE 3**  
TYPICAL ZENER IMPEDANCE  
vs. ZENER CURRENT

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**1N3821  
thru  
1N3830A**

## FEATURES

- ZENER VOLTAGE RANGE: 3.3V to 7.5V
- 1N3821A-1N3828A HAVE JAN, JANTX and JANTXV QUALIFICATIONS TO MIL-S-19500/115

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Junction and Storage Temperatures:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$

DC Power Dissipation: 1 Watt

Derating:  $6.67 \text{ mW}/^{\circ}\text{C}$  above  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$

Forward Voltage @ 200 mA: 1.5 Volts

## \*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ $25^{\circ}\text{C}$

JEDEC TYPE NO.	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE $V_z$ @ $I_{ZT}$ (Note 1)	ZENER TEST CURRENT $I_{ZT}$	MAX. ZENER IMPEDANCE (Note 2)		MAXIMUM ZENER CURRENT $I_{ZM}$ (Note 3)	MAXIMUM REVERSE CURRENT $I_R$ @ $V_R$		TYPICAL TEMP. COEFF. of ZENER VOLTAGE $\alpha_{Vz}$ %/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$
			$Z_{ZT}$ @ $I_{ZT}$	$Z_{ZK}$ @ $I_{ZK} = 1\text{mA}$		$I_{ZM}$	$I_R$	
			VOLTS	mA	OHMS	OHMS	mA	%/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$
1N3821	3.3	76	10	400	276	100	1	-.066
1N3821A	3.3	76	10	400	276	100	1	-.066
1N3822	3.6	69	10	400	252	100	1	-.058
1N3822A	3.6	69	10	400	252	100	1	-.058
1N3823	3.9	64	9	400	238	50	1	-.046
1N3823A	3.9	64	9	400	238	50	1	-.046
1N3824	4.3	58	9	400	213	10	1	-.033
1N3824A	4.3	58	9	400	213	10	1	-.033
1N3825	4.7	53	8	500	194	10	1	-.015
1N3825A	4.7	53	8	500	194	10	1	-.015
1N3826	5.1	49	7	550	178	10	1	$\pm .010$
1N3826A	5.1	49	7	550	178	10	1	$\pm .010$
1N3827	5.6	45	5	600	162	10	2	.030
1N3827A	5.6	45	5	600	162	10	2	.030
1N3828	6.2	41	2	700	146	10	3	.049
1N3828A	6.2	41	2	700	146	10	3	.049
1N3829	6.8	37	1.5	500	133	10	3	.053
1N3829A	6.8	37	1.5	500	133	10	3	.053
1N3830	7.5	34	1.5	250	121	10	3	.057
1N3830A	7.5	34	1.5	250	121	10	3	.057

\* JEDEC Registered Data

**NOTE 1** The JEDEC type numbers shown with suffix A have a standard tolerance of  $\pm 5\%$  on the nominal zener voltage.  $V_z$  measured with device in thermal equilibrium in  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  still air and mounted in test clips,  $3/4"$  from unit body. If tighter tolerance on  $V_z$  is required, consult factory.

**NOTE 2** ZENER Impedance derived by superimposing on  $I_{ZT}$ - $I_{ZK}$  a 60 cps, rms. a.c. current equal to  $10\% I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ .

**NOTE 3** Allowance has been made for the increase in  $V_z$  due to  $Z_z$  and for the increase in junction temperature as the unit approaches thermal equilibrium at the power dissipation of 1 watt.

## SILICON 1 WATT ZENER DIODES

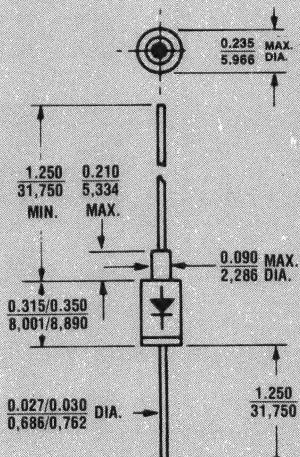


FIGURE 1

All dimensions in  
INCH  
mm.

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: DO-13, welded, hermetically sealed metal and glass.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

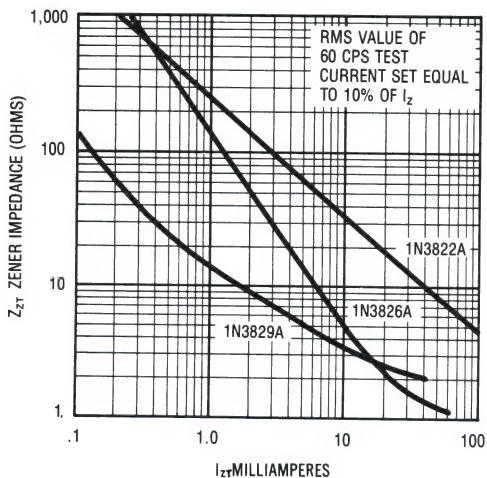
THERMAL RESISTANCE:  $100^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$  (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body.

POLARITY: Cathode connected case.

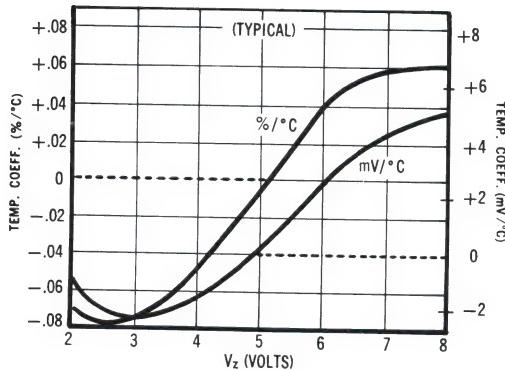
WEIGHT: 1.4 grams.

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

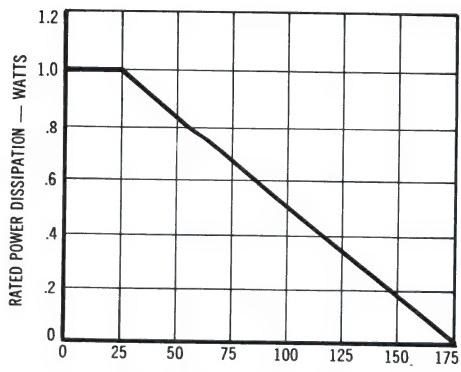
# 1N3821 thru 1N3830A



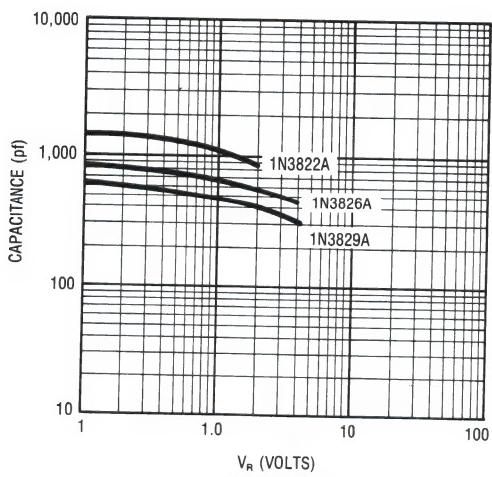
**FIGURE 2**  
TYPICAL ZENER IMPEDANCE vs.  
ZENER CURRENT FOR TYPES SHOWN



**FIGURE 3**  
TEMP. COEFF. vs. ZENER VOLTAGE



**FIGURE 4**  
POWER DERATING CURVE



**FIGURE 5**  
TYPICAL CAPACITANCE vs. REVERSE  
VOLTAGE FOR 1-WATT ZENERS

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**1N4099 thru  
1N4135  
and  
1N4614 thru  
1N4627  
DO-7**

## FEATURES

- ZENER VOLTAGE 1.8V to 100V
- ALL HAVE JAN, JANTX and JANTXV QUALIFICATIONS TO MIL-S-19500/435
- LOW NOISE
- LOW REVERSE LEAKAGE

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Junction and Storage Temperatures: -65°C to +200°C

DC Power Dissipation: 400 mW

Power Derating: 2.66 mW/°C above 50°C in DO-7

Forward Voltage @ 200 mA: 1.0 Volts 1N4099 - 1N4135

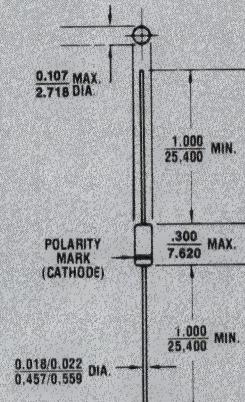
@ 100 mA: 1.0 Volts 1N4614 - 1N4627

## \* ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

JEDEC TYPE NO.	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE $V_z @ I_{ZT}$ (Note 1)	ZENER TEST CURRENT $I_{ZT}$	MAXIMUM ZENER IMPEDANCE $Z_{ZT}$ (Note 2)	MAXIMUM REVERSE CURRENT $I_z @ V_R$		MAXIMUM NOISE DENSITY $N_d @ I_{ZT}$ (Figure 2)	MAXIMUM ZENER CURRENT $I_{ZM}$ (Note 3)	TYPICAL TEMP. COEFF. OF ZENER VOLTAGE $\alpha_{Vz}$
	VOLTS	μA	OHMS	μA	VOLTS	μV/√Hz	mA	%/°C
1N4614	1.8	250	1200	7.5	1	1	120	-0.075
1N4615	2.0	250	1250	5.0	1	1	110	-0.075
1N4616	2.2	250	1300	4.0	1	1	100	-0.075
1N4617	2.4	250	1400	2.0	1	1	95	-0.075
1N4618	2.7	250	1500	1.0	1	1	90	-0.075
1N4619	3.0	250	1600	0.8	1	1	87	-0.075
1N4620	3.3	250	1650	7.5	1.5	1	85	-0.075
1N4621	3.6	250	1700	7.5	2	1	83	-0.065
1N4622	3.9	250	1650	5.0	2	1	80	-0.060
1N4623	4.3	250	1600	4.0	2	1	77	-0.050
1N4624	4.7	250	1550	10.0	3	1	75	-0.040, +0.020
1N4625	5.1	250	1500	10.0	3	2	70	-0.045, +0.030
1N4626	5.6	250	1400	10.0	4	4	65	-0.020, +0.040
1N4627	6.2	250	1200	10.0	5	5	61	-0.010, -0.050
1N4099	6.8	250	200	10.0	5.17	40	56	0.040
1N4100	7.5	250	200	10.0	5.70	40	51	0.045
1N4101	8.2	250	200	1.0	6.24	40	46	0.048
1N4102	8.7	250	200	1.0	6.61	40	44	0.049
1N4103	9.1	250	200	1.0	6.92	40	42	0.050
1N4104	10	250	200	1.0	7.60	40	38	0.055
1N4105	11	250	200	.05	8.44	40	35	0.060
1N4106	12	250	200	.05	9.12	40	32	0.065
1N4107	13	250	200	.05	9.87	40	29	0.065
1N4108	14	250	200	.05	10.65	40	27	0.070
1N4109	15	250	100	.05	11.40	40	25	0.070
1N4110	16	250	100	.05	12.15	40	24	0.070
1N4111	17	250	100	.05	12.92	40	22	0.075
1N4112	18	250	100	.05	13.67	40	21	0.075
1N4113	19	250	150	.05	14.44	40	20	0.075
1N4114	20	250	150	.01	15.20	40	19	0.075
1N4115	22	250	150	.01	16.72	40	17	0.080
1N4116	24	250	150	.01	18.25	40	16	0.080
1N4117	26	250	150	.01	19.00	40	15	0.080
1N4118	27	250	150	.01	20.45	40	14	0.085
1N4119	28	250	200	.01	21.28	40	14	0.085
1N4120	30	250	200	.01	22.80	40	13	0.085
1N4121	33	250	200	.01	25.08	40	12	0.085
1N4122	36	250	200	.01	27.38	40	11	0.09
1N4123	39	250	200	.01	29.65	40	9.8	0.09
1N4124	43	250	250	.01	32.65	40	8.9	0.09
1N4125	47	250	250	.01	35.75	40	8.1	0.09
1N4126	51	250	300	.01	38.76	40	7.5	0.09
1N4127	56	250	300	.01	42.60	40	6.7	0.09
1N4128	60	250	400	.01	45.60	40	6.4	0.09
1N4129	62	250	500	.01	47.10	40	6.1	0.09
1N4130	68	250	700	.01	51.68	40	5.6	0.095
1N4131	75	250	700	.01	57.00	40	5.1	0.095
1N4132	82	250	800	.01	62.32	40	4.6	0.095
1N4133	87	250	1000	.01	66.12	40	4.4	0.095
1N4134	91	250	1200	.01	69.16	40	4.2	0.095
1N4135	100	250	1500	.01	76.00	40	3.8	0.095

\*JEDEC Registered Data.

**SILICON  
400 mW  
LOW NOISE  
ZENER DIODES**



**MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case. DO-7.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE: 300°C/W (Typical) junction to lead a 0.375-inches from body on DO-7

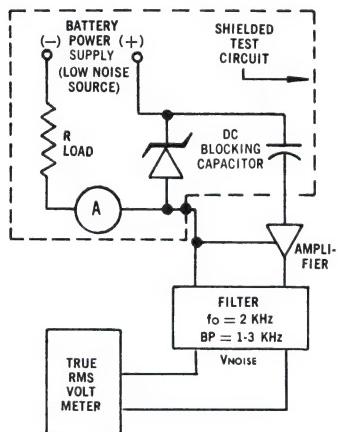
POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

WEIGHT: 0.2 grams.

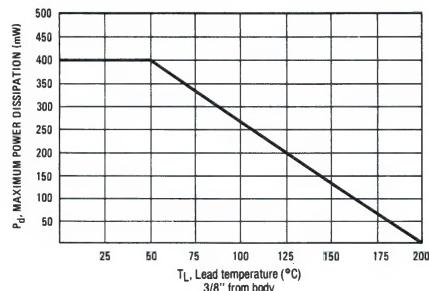
MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 1N4099 thru 1N4135, 1N4614 thru 1N4627 DO-7

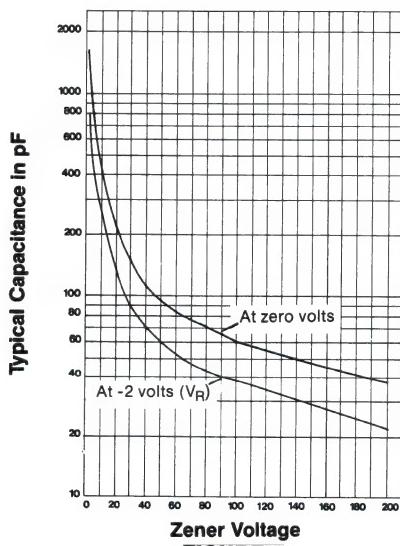
Noise density, ( $N_D$ ) is specified in microvolts-rms per square-root-hertz. Actual measurement is performed using a 1 KHz to 3 KHz frequency bandpass filter at a constant Zener test current ( $I_{ZT}$ ) at 25°C ambient temperature.  $N_D$  is calculated from the formula.



**FIGURE 2** NOISE DENSITY MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT



**FIGURE 3** POWER DERATING CURVE



CAPACITANCE VS. ZENER VOLTAGE  
(TYPICAL)

**NOTE 1** The JEDEC type numbers shown with no suffix have a standard tolerance of  $\pm 5\%$  on the nominal Zener voltage; suffix C is used to identify  $\pm 2\%$ ; and suffix D is used to identify  $\pm 1\%$  tolerance.  $V_Z$  is measured with the diode in thermal equilibrium in 25°C still air.

**NOTE 2** Zener impedance is derived by superimposing on  $I_{ZT}$ , a 60 Hz rms a.c. current equal to 10% of  $I_{ZT}$  (25  $\mu$ A a.c.).

**NOTE 3** Based upon 400 mW maximum power dissipation at 25°C ambient temperature, allowance has been made for the higher voltage associated with operation at higher currents.

**Micro**  
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**1N4099 thru  
1N4135  
and  
1N4614 thru  
1N4627  
DO-35**

## FEATURES

- ZENER VOLTAGE 1.8 TO 100 V
- ALL HAVE JAN, JANTX AND JANTXV-1 QUALIFICATIONS TO MIL-S-19500/435
- LOW NOISE
- LOW REVERSE LEAKAGE

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Junction and Storage Temperatures: -65°C to +200°C

DC Power Dissipation: 400 mW

Power Derating: 3.2 mW/°C above 75°C in DO-35

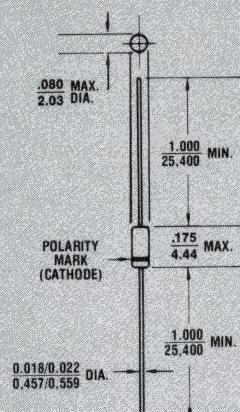
Forward Voltage @ 200 mA: 1.1 Volts 1N4099 - 1N4135  
@ 100 mA: 1.0 Volts 1N4614 - 1N4627

## \* ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

JEDEC TYPE NO.	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE V <sub>Z</sub> @ I <sub>ZT</sub> (Note 1)	ZENER TEST CURRENT I <sub>ZT</sub>	MAXIMUM ZENER IMPEDANCE Z <sub>ZT</sub> (Note 2)	MAXIMUM REVERSE CURRENT I <sub>Z</sub> @ V <sub>R</sub>		MAXIMUM NOISE DENSITY N <sub>D</sub> @ I <sub>ZT</sub> (Note 4)	MAXIMUM ZENER CURRENT I <sub>ZM</sub> (Note 3)	TYPICAL TEMP. COEFF. OF ZENER VOLTAGE ΔV <sub>Z</sub>
	VOLTS	μA	OHMS	μA	VOLTS	μV/√Hz	mA	%/°C
1N4614	1.8	250	1200	7.5	1	1	120	-0.075
1N4615	2.0	250	1250	5.0	1	1	110	-0.075
1N4616	2.2	250	1300	4.0	1	1	100	-0.075
1N4617	2.4	250	1400	2.0	1	1	95	-0.075
1N4618	2.7	250	1500	1.0	1	1	90	-0.075
1N4619	3.0	250	1600	0.8	1	1	87	-0.075
1N4620	3.3	250	1650	7.5	1.5	1	85	-0.075
1N4621	3.6	250	1700	7.5	2	1	83	-0.065
1N4622	3.9	250	1650	5.0	2	1	80	-0.060
1N4623	4.3	250	1600	4.0	2	1	77	-0.050
1N4624	4.7	250	1550	10.0	3	1	75	-0.040
1N4625	5.1	250	1500	10.0	3	2	70	-0.045
1N4626	5.6	250	1400	10.0	4	4	65	-0.020
1N4627	6.2	250	1200	10.0	5	5	61	-0.010
1N4099	6.8	250	200	10.0	5.17	40	56	0.040
1N4100	7.5	250	200	10.0	5.70	40	51	0.045
1N4101	8.2	250	200	1.0	6.24	40	46	0.048
1N4102	8.7	250	200	1.0	6.61	40	44	0.049
1N4103	9.1	250	200	1.0	6.92	40	42	0.050
1N4104	10	250	200	1.0	7.60	40	38	0.055
1N4105	11	250	200	.05	8.44	40	35	0.060
1N4106	12	250	200	.05	9.12	40	32	0.065
1N4107	13	250	200	.05	9.87	40	29	0.065
1N4108	14	250	200	.05	10.65	40	27	0.070
1N4109	15	250	100	.05	11.40	40	25	0.070
1N4110	16	250	100	.05	12.15	40	24	0.070
1N4111	17	250	100	.05	12.92	40	22	0.075
1N4112	18	250	100	.05	13.67	40	21	0.075
1N4113	19	250	150	.05	14.44	40	20	0.075
1N4114	20	250	150	.01	15.20	40	19	0.075
1N4115	22	250	150	.01	16.72	40	17	0.080
1N4116	24	250	150	.01	18.25	40	16	0.080
1N4117	25	250	150	.01	19.00	40	15	0.080
1N4118	27	250	150	.01	20.45	40	14	0.085
1N4119	28	250	200	.01	21.28	40	14	0.085
1N4120	30	250	200	.01	22.80	40	13	0.085
1N4121	33	250	200	.01	25.08	40	12	0.085
1N4122	36	250	200	.01	27.38	40	11	0.09
1N4123	39	250	200	.01	29.65	40	9.8	0.09
1N4124	43	250	250	.01	32.65	40	8.9	0.09
1N4125	47	250	250	.01	35.75	40	8.1	0.09
1N4126	51	250	300	.01	38.76	40	7.5	0.09
1N4127	56	250	300	.01	42.60	40	6.7	0.09
1N4128	60	250	400	.01	45.60	40	6.4	0.09
1N4129	62	250	500	.01	47.10	40	6.1	0.09
1N4130	68	250	700	.01	51.68	40	5.6	0.095
1N4131	75	250	700	.01	57.00	40	5.1	0.095
1N4132	82	250	800	.01	62.32	40	4.6	0.095
1N4133	87	250	1000	.01	66.12	40	4.4	0.095
1N4134	91	250	1200	.01	69.16	40	4.2	0.095
1N4135	100	250	1500	.01	76.00	40	3.8	0.095

\*JEDEC Registered Data.

**SILICON  
400 mW  
LOW NOISE  
ZENER DIODES**



## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case, DO-35.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

Thermal Resistance: 200°C/W (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body in DO-35. Metallurgically bonded DO-35's exhibit less than 100°C/W at zero distance from body.

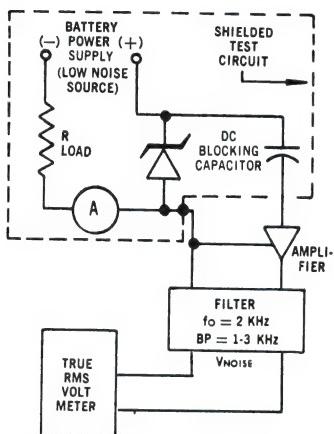
POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

WEIGHT: 0.2 grams.

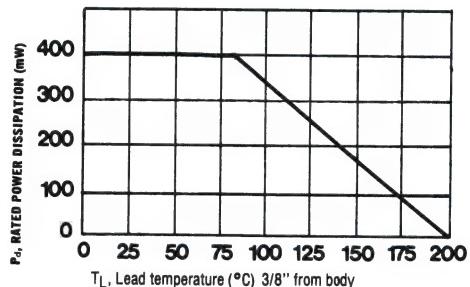
MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 1N4099 thru 1N4135, 1N4614 thru 1N4627 DO-35

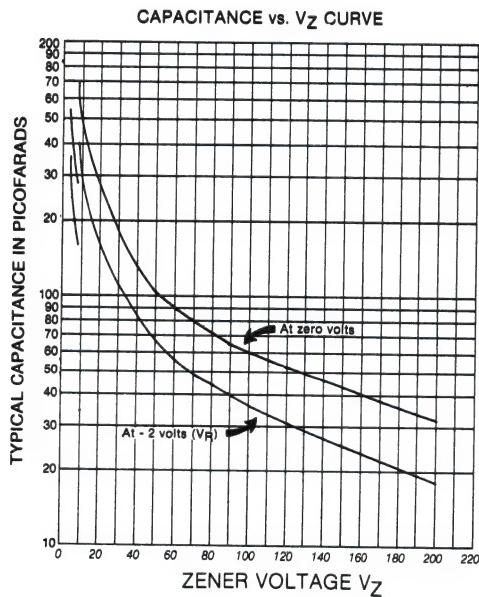
Noise density, ( $N_D$ ) is specified in microvolts-rms per square-root-hertz. Actual measurement is performed using a 1 KHz to 3 KHz frequency bandpass filter at a constant Zener test current ( $I_{ZT}$ ) at 25°C ambient temperature.  $N_D$  is calculated from the formula.



**FIGURE 2** NOISE DENSITY MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT



**FIGURE 3** POWER DERATING CURVE



**FIGURE 4**  
CAPACITANCE VS. ZENER VOLTAGE  
(TYPICAL)

**NOTE 1** The JEDEC type numbers shown above have a standard tolerance of  $\pm 5\%$  on the nominal Zener voltage. Also available in 2% and 1% tolerance, suffix C and D respectively.  $V_Z$  is measured with the diode in thermal equilibrium in 25°C still air.

**NOTE 2** Zener impedance is derived by superimposing on  $I_{ZT}$ , a 60 Hz rms a.c. current equal to 10% of  $I_{ZT}$  (25  $\mu$ A a.c.).

**NOTE 3** Based upon 400 mW maximum power dissipation at 75°C lead temperature, allowance has been made for the higher voltage associated with operation at higher currents.

SANTA ANA, CA

For more information call:  
 (714) 979-8220

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

**1N4460 thru  
 1N4496  
 and  
 1N6485 thru  
 1N6491**

## FEATURES

- Microminiature package.
- High performance characteristics.
- Stable operation at temperatures to 200°C.
- Voidless hermetically sealed glass package.
- Triple layer passivation.
- Very low thermal impedance.
- Metallurgically bonded.
- TX/TXV Types available per MIL-S-19500/406.

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +175°C.  
 Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C.  
 Power Dissipation: 1.5 Watts @ 30°C Air Ambient.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TYPE	ZENER VOLTAGE (NOM.) $V_z$	TEST CURRENT $I_{zT}$	DYNAMIC IMPEDANCE (MAX.) $Z_{zT} @ I_{zT}$	KNEE IMPEDANCE (MAX.) $Z_{zk} @ I_{zk}$	TEST CURRENT $I_{zk}$	REVERSE CURRENT (MAX.) $I_R @ V_R$	TEST VOLTAGE $V_R$	MAXIMUM CONT. $I_{zm}$	RATINGS MAXIMUM SURGE $I_S$		$T_A = 100^\circ\text{C}$
	VOLTS	mA	OHMS	OHMS	mA	$\mu\text{A}$	VOLTS	mA	Amps		
1N6485	3.3	76.0	10	400	1.0	.50	1.0	433	-	4.2	
1N6486	3.6	69.0	10	400	1.0	.50	1.0	397	-	3.9	
1N6487	3.9	64.0	9	400	1.0	.35	1.0	366	-	3.6	
1N6488	4.3	58.0	9	400	1.0	.50	1.0	332	-	3.3	
1N6489	4.7	53.0	8	500	1.0	.40	1.0	304	-	3.0	
1N6490	5.1	49.0	7	500	1.0	.10	1.0	280	-	2.7	
1N6491	5.6	45.0	5	600	1.0	.05	2.0	255	-	2.5	
1N4460	6.2	40.0	4	200	1.0	10.0	3.72	230	-	2.3	
1N4461	6.8	37.0	2.5	200	1.0	.50	4.08	210	5.0	2.1	
1N4462	7.5	34.0	2.5	400	.5	1.0	4.50	191	4.5	1.9	
1N4463	8.2	31.0	3	400	.5	.50	4.92	174	3.9	1.7	
1N4464	9.1	28.0	4	500	.5	.30	5.46	157	3.4	1.6	
1N4465	10.0	25.0	5	500	.25	.30	8.00	143	3.0	1.4	
1N4466	11.0	23.0	6	550	.25	.30	8.80	130	2.6	1.3	
1N4467	12.0	21.0	7	550	.25	.20	9.60	119	2.4	1.2	
1N4468	13.0	19.0	8	550	.25	.05	10.40	110	2.2	1.1	
1N4469	15.0	17.0	9	600	.25	.05	12.00	95	1.8	.95	
1N4470	16.0	15.5	10	600	.25	.05	12.80	90	1.6	.80	
1N4471	18.0	14.0	11	650	.25	.05	14.40	79	1.4	.79	
1N4472	20.0	12.5	12	650	.25	.05	16.00	71	1.2	.71	
1N4473	22.0	11.5	14	650	.25	.05	17.60	65	1.1	.65	
1N4474	24.0	10.5	16	700	.25	.05	19.20	60	.90	.60	
1N4475	27.0	9.5	18	700	.25	.05	21.60	53	.80	.53	
1N4476	30.0	8.5	20	750	.25	.05	24.00	48	.75	.48	
1N4477	33.0	7.5	25	800	.25	.05	26.40	43	.66	.43	
1N4478	36.0	7.0	27	850	.25	.05	28.80	40	.60	.40	
1N4479	39.0	6.5	30	900	.25	.05	31.2	37	.54	.37	
1N4480	43.0	6.0	40	950	.25	.05	34.4	33	.48	.33	
1N4481	47.0	5.5	50	1000	.25	.05	37.6	30	.45	.30	
1N4482	51.0	5.0	60	1100	.25	.05	40.8	28	.42	.28	
1N4483	56.0	4.5	70	1300	.25	.05	44.8	26	.39	.26	
1N4484	62.0	4.0	80	1500	.25	.05	49.6	23	.35	.23	
1N4485	68.0	3.7	100	1700	.25	.05	54.4	21	.32	.21	
1N4486	75.0	3.3	130	2000	.25	.05	60.4	19	.29	.19	
1N4487	82.0	3.0	160	2500	.25	.05	65.6	17	.26	.17	
1N4488	91.0	2.8	200	3000	.25	.05	72.8	16	.23	.16	
1N4489	100.0	2.5	250	3100	.25	.05	80.0	14	.20	.14	
1N4490	110.0	2.0	300	4000	.25	.05	88.0	13	.19	.13	
1N4491	120.0	2.0	400	4500	.25	.05	96.0	12	.18	.12	
1N4492	130.0	1.9	500	5000	.25	.05	104.0	11	.16	.11	
1N4493	150.0	1.7	700	6000	.25	.05	120.0	9.5	.14	.095	
1N4494	160.0	1.6	1000	6500	.25	.05	128.0	8.9	.12	.089	
1N4495	180.0	1.4	1300	7000	.25	.05	144.0	7.9	.10	.079	
1N4496	200.0	1.2	1500	8000	.25	.05	160.0	7.2	.08	.072	

## 1.5 WATT GLASS ZENER DIODES

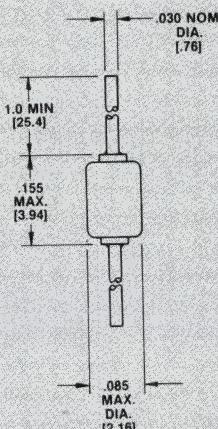
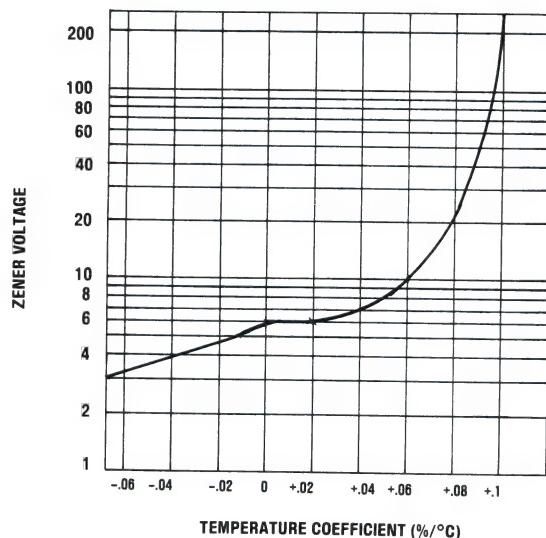


FIGURE 1

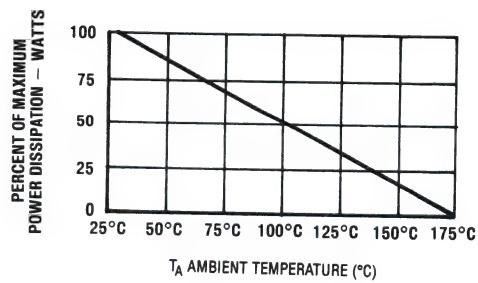
## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Case: Hermetically sealed glass case.  
 Lead Material: Tinned copper.  
 Marking: Body painted, alpha numeric with JEDEC number.  
 Polarity: Cathode band.

# **1N4460 thru 1N4496 and 1N6485 thru 1N6491**



**FIGURE 2**  
**TYPICAL TEMPERATURE**  
**COEFFICIENT CHARACTERISTICS**



**FIGURE 3**  
**POWER TEMPERATURE DERATING CURVE**

**1N4678  
thru  
1N4717**

**micro**

**Microsemi Corp.**

*The diode experts*

SANTA ANA, CA

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

## FEATURES

- LOW OPERATING CURRENT AT  $50\mu A$
- STANDARD  $\pm 5\%$  VOLTAGE TOLERANCE
- GUARANTEED VOLTAGE REGULATION
- ALSO AVAILABLE IN DO-35 PACKAGE

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Junction and Storage Temperature:  $-65^\circ C$  to  $+200^\circ C$

DC Power Dissipation: 250mW (Capable of 400mW in DO-7 package supplied)

Power Derating:  $1.66\text{mW}/^\circ C$  above  $50^\circ C$  Ambient ( $2.28\text{mW}/^\circ C$  above  $25^\circ C$  in DO-7)

Forward Voltage @ 100mA: 1.5 Volts

## \* ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ $25^\circ C$

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER (NOTE 1)	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE (NOTE 3)	ZENER TEST CURRENT	MAXIMUM VOLTAGE REGULATION (NOTE 2 & 3)	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE CURRENT	MAXIMUM DC ZENER CURRENT	
	$V_Z$ VOLTS *	$I_{ZT}$ $\mu A$	$\Delta V_Z$ VOLTS	$I_R$ @ $V_R$ $\mu A$ VOLTS	$I_{ZM}$ mA	
1N4678	1.8	50	0.70	7.5	120.0	
1N4679	2.0	50	0.70	5.0	110.0	
1N4680	2.2	50	0.75	4.0	100.0	
1N4681	2.4	50	0.80	2.0	95.0	
1N4682	2.7	50	0.85	1.0	90.0	
1N4683	3.0	50	0.90	0.8	85.0	
1N4684	3.3	50	0.95	7.5	1.5	80.0
1N4685	3.6	50	0.95	7.5	2.0	75.0
1N4686	3.9	50	0.97	5.0	2.0	70.0
1N4687	4.3	50	0.99	4.0	2.0	65.0
1N4688	4.7	50	0.99	10.0	3.0	60.0
1N4689	5.1	50	0.97	10.0	3.0	55.0
1N4690	5.6	50	0.96	10.0	4.0	50.0
1N4691	6.2	50	0.95	10.0	5.0	45.0
1N4692	6.8	50	0.90	10.0	5.1	35.0
1N4693	7.5	50	0.75	10.0	5.7	31.8
1N4694	8.2	50	0.50	1.0	6.2	29.0
1N4695	8.7	50	0.10	1.0	6.6	27.4
1N4696	9.1	50	0.08	1.0	6.9	26.2
1N4697	10.0	50	0.10	1.0	7.6	24.8
1N4698	11.0	50	0.11	0.05	8.4	21.6
1N4699	12.0	50	0.12	0.05	9.1	20.4
1N4700	13.0	50	0.13	0.05	9.8	19.0
1N4701	14.0	50	0.14	0.05	10.6	17.5
1N4702	15.0	50	0.15	0.05	11.4	16.3
1N4703	16.0	50	0.16	0.05	12.1	15.4
1N4704	17.0	50	0.17	0.05	12.9	14.5
1N4705	18.0	50	0.18	0.05	13.6	13.2
1N4706	19.0	50	0.19	0.05	14.4	12.5
1N4707	20.0	50	0.20	0.01	15.2	11.9
1N4708	22.0	50	0.22	0.01	16.7	10.8
1N4709	24.0	50	0.24	0.01	18.2	9.9
1N4710	25.0	50	0.25	0.01	19.0	9.5
1N4711	27.0	50	0.27	0.01	20.4	8.8
1N4712	28.0	50	0.28	0.01	21.2	8.5
1N4713	30.0	50	0.30	0.01	22.8	7.9
1N4714	33.0	50	0.33	0.01	25.0	7.2
1N4715	36.0	50	0.36	0.01	27.3	6.6
1N4716	39.0	50	0.39	0.01	29.6	6.1
1N4717	43.0	50	0.43	0.01	32.6	5.5

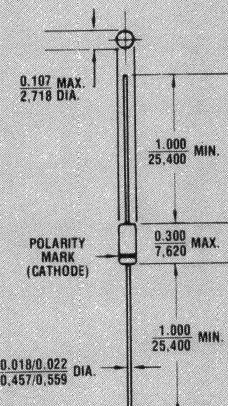
\* JEDEC Registered Data

**NOTE 1** All types as shown are  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance. Also available in 2% and 1% tolerance, suffix C and D respectively.

**NOTE 2**  $\Delta V_Z$  @  $100\mu A$  minus  $V_Z$  @  $10\mu A$ .

**NOTE 3** The electrical characteristics are measured after allowing the device to stabilize for 20 seconds when mounted with  $3/8"$  minimum lead length from the base.

## SILICON 250 mW ZENER DIODES



**FIGURE 1**  
All dimensions in  
INCH  
m.m.

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case. DO-7.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

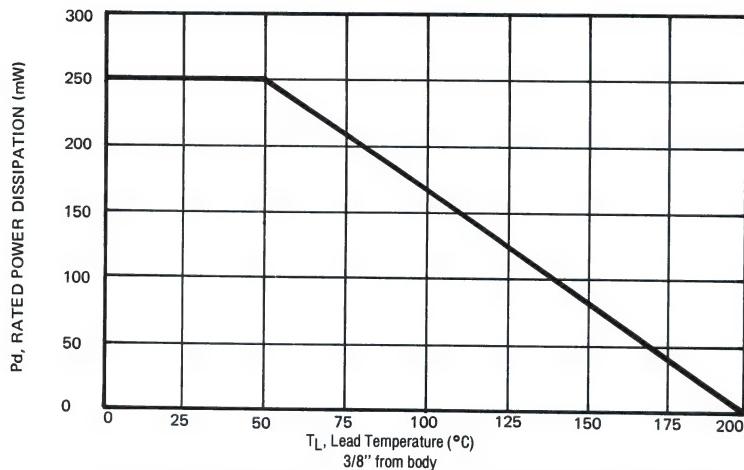
THERMAL RESISTANCE:  $300^\circ C/ W$  (Typical) junction to lead at  $0.375$ -inches from body.

POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

WEIGHT: 0.2 grams.

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

## **1N4678 thru 1N4717**



**FIGURE 2 POWER DERATING CURVE FOR SUPPLIED DO-7 PACKAGE**

**micro**  
**Microsemi Corp.**  
The diode experts

SANTA ANA, CA

SCOTTSDALE, AZ  
For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

**1N4728A  
thru  
1N4764A  
PLASTIC**

## FEATURES

- 3.3 THRU 100 VOLT VOLTAGE RANGE
- HIGH SURGE CURRENT RATING
- HIGHER Voltages Available, SEE 1EZ SERIES

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Junction and Storage Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+200^{\circ}\text{C}$

DC Power Dissipation: 1 Watt

Power Derating:  $10\text{mW}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ , from  $100^{\circ}\text{C}$

Forward Voltage @ 200 mA: 1.2 Volts

## \*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ $25^{\circ}\text{C}$

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER (Note 1)	ZENER VOLTAGE ( $V_z$ ) (Note 4)	TEST CURRENT ( $I_{zT}$ )	MAXIMUM DYNAMIC IMPEDANCE ( $Z_{zz} @ I_{zT}$ ) (Note 2)	MAXIMUM REVERSE CURRENT ( $I_R @ V_R$ )	TEST VOLTAGE ( $V_R$ )	MAXIMUM REGULATOR CURRENT ( $I_{zW}$ ) $T_A = 50^{\circ}\text{C}$	MAXIMUM KNEE IMPEDANCE ( $Z_{zx} @ I_{zx}$ ) (Note 2)	TEST CURRENT ( $I_{zx}$ )	MAXIMUM (SURGE) CURRENT ( $I_s$ ) (Note 3)
	VOLTS	mA	OHMS	mA	VOLTS	mA	OHMS	mA	mA
1N4728A	3.3	76	10	100	1	276	400	1.0	1380
1N4729A	3.6	69	10	100	1	252	400	1.0	1260
1N4730A	3.9	64	9	50	1	234	400	1.0	1190
1N4731A	4.3	58	9	10	1	217	400	1.0	1070
1N4732A	4.7	53	8	10	1	193	500	1.0	970
1N4733A	5.1	49	7	10	1	178	550	1.0	890
1N4734A	5.6	45	5	10	2	162	600	1.0	810
1N4735A	6.2	41	2	10	3	146	700	1.0	730
1N4736A	6.8	37	3.5	10	4	133	700	1.0	660
1N4737A	7.5	34	4.0	10	5	121	700	0.5	605
1N4738A	8.2	31	4.5	10	6	110	700	0.5	550
1N4739A	9.1	28	5.0	10	7	100	700	0.5	500
1N4740A	10	25	7	10	7.6	91	700	0.25	454
1N4741A	11	23	8	5	8.4	83	700	0.25	414
1N4742A	12	21	9	5	9.1	76	700	0.25	380
1N4743A	13	19	10	5	9.9	69	700	0.25	344
1N4744A	15	17	14	5	11.4	61	700	0.25	304
1N4745A	16	15.5	16	5	12.2	57	700	0.25	285
1N4746A	18	14	20	5	13.7	50	750	0.25	250
1N4747A	20	12.5	22	5	15.2	45	750	0.25	225
1N4748A	22	11.5	23	5	16.7	41	750	0.25	205
1N4749A	24	10.5	25	5	18.2	38	750	0.25	190
1N4750A	27	9.5	35	5	20.6	34	750	0.25	170
1N4751A	30	8.5	40	5	22.8	30	1000	0.25	150
1N4752A	33	7.5	45	5	25.1	27	1000	0.25	135
1N4753A	36	7.0	50	5	27.4	25	1000	0.25	125
1N4754A	39	6.5	60	5	29.7	23	1000	0.25	115
1N4755A	43	6.0	70	5	32.7	22	1500	0.25	110
1N4756A	47	5.5	80	5	35.8	19	1500	0.25	95
1N4757A	51	5.0	95	5	38.8	17	1500	0.25	90
1N4758A	55	4.5	110	5	42.6	16	2000	0.25	80
1N4759A	62	4.0	125	5	47.1	14	2000	0.25	70
1N4760A	68	3.7	150	5	51.7	13	2000	0.25	65
1N4761A	75	3.3	175	5	56.0	12	2000	0.25	60
1N4762A	82	3.0	200	5	62.2	11	3000	0.25	55
1N4763A	91	2.8	250	5	69.2	10	3000	0.25	50
1N4764A	100	2.5	350	5	76.0	9	3000	0.25	45

\*JEDEC Registered Data

## SILICON 1 WATT ZENER DIODES

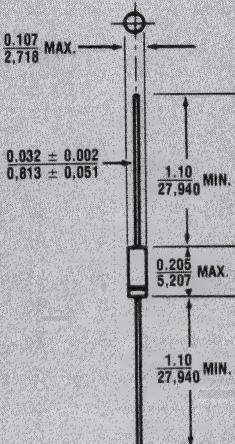


FIGURE 1

All dimensions in  
INCH  
m.m.

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Molded encapsulation, axial lead package (Case J).

FINISH: Corrosion resistant. Leads are solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE:  $45^{\circ}\text{C}/$  Watt junction to lead at  $0.375$  inches from body.

POLARITY: Banded end is cathode.

WEIGHT: 0.4 grams (Typical).

# 1N4728A thru 1N4764A PLASTIC

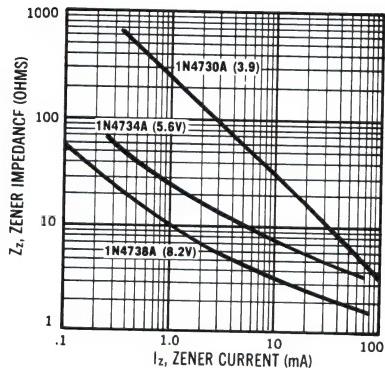
**NOTE 1** The JEDEC type numbers shown have a 5% tolerance on nominal zener voltage. No suffix signifies a 10% tolerance, C signifies 2%, and D signifies 1% tolerance.

**NOTE 2** The Zener impedance is derived from the 60 Hz ac voltage, which results when an ac current having an rms value equal to 10% of the DC Zener current ( $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ . Zener impedance is measured

at two points to insure a sharp knee on the breakdown curve and eliminate unstable units.

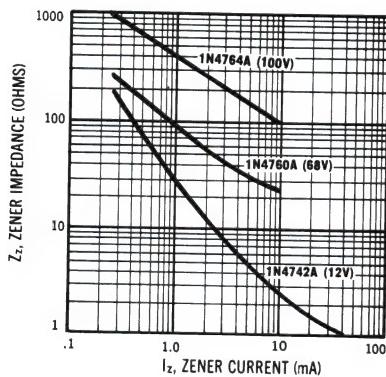
**NOTE 3** The reverse surge current is measured at 25°C ambient using a 1/2 square wave or equivalent sine wave pulse 1/120 second duration superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$ .

**NOTE 4** Voltage measurements to be performed 90 seconds after application of DC current.



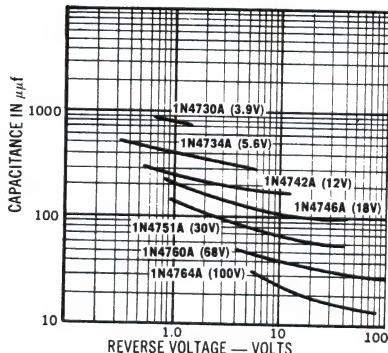
**FIGURE 2**

TYPICAL ZENER IMPEDANCE vs.  
ZENER CURRENT FOR TYPES SHOWN



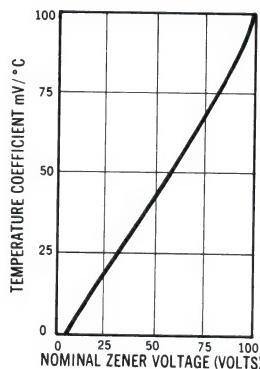
**FIGURE 3**

TYPICAL ZENER IMPEDANCE vs.  
ZENER CURRENT FOR TYPES SHOWN



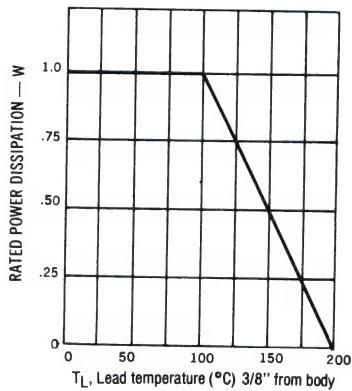
**FIGURE 4**

CAPACITANCE vs. VOLTAGE FOR  
REPRESENTATIVE TYPES



**FIGURE 5**

TEMP. COEFF. vs.  
ZENER VOLTAGE



**FIGURE 6**

POWER DERATING CURVE

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**1N4728A  
 thru  
 1N4764A  
 DO-41  
 GLASS**

## FEATURES

- 3.3 THRU 100 VOLTS
- HERMETIC GLASS PACKAGE
- CONSULT FACTORY FOR VOLTAGES OVER 100 V

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Junction and Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C

Power Dissipation at  $T_L$  100°C; 1.0 Watt

Power Derating from 100°C; 10 mW/°C

$T_L$  = lead temperature at 3/8" from body

**SILICON  
 1 WATT  
 ZENER DIODES**

## \*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(at +25°C ambient.)

Maximum forward voltage 1.2 volts at 200 mA

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER (Note 1)	ZENER VOLTAGE (Vz) (Note 4)	TEST CURRENT (IzT)	MAXIMUM DYNAMIC IMPEDANCE (Z <sub>DR</sub> @ I <sub>zT</sub> ) (Note 2)	MAXIMUM REVERSE CURRENT (I <sub>R</sub> @ V <sub>R</sub> )	TEST VOLTAGE (V <sub>R</sub> )	MAXIMUM REGULATOR CURRENT (I <sub>zRM</sub> ) $T_A = 50^\circ C$	MAXIMUM KNEE IMPEDANCE (Z <sub>DR</sub> @ I <sub>zK</sub> ) (Note 2)	TEST CURRENT (I <sub>zK</sub> )	MAXIMUM (SURGE) CURRENT (I <sub>S</sub> ) (Note 3)
	VOLTS	mA	OHMS	μA	VOLTS	mA	OHMS	mA	mA
1N4728A	3.3	76	10	100	1	276	400	1.0	1380
1N4729A	3.6	69	10	100	1	252	400	1.0	1260
1N4730A	3.9	64	9	50	1	234	400	1.0	1190
1N4731A	4.3	58	9	10	1	217	400	1.0	1070
1N4732A	4.7	53	8	10	1	193	500	1.0	970
1N4733A	5.1	49	7	10	1	178	550	1.0	890
1N4734A	5.6	45	5	10	2	162	600	1.0	810
1N4735A	6.2	41	2	10	3	146	700	1.0	730
1N4736A	6.8	37	3.5	10	4	133	700	1.0	660
1N4737A	7.5	34	4.0	10	5	121	700	0.5	605
1N4738A	8.2	31	4.5	10	6	110	700	0.5	550
1N4739A	9.1	28	5.0	10	7	100	700	0.5	500
1N4740A	10	25	7	10	7.6	91	700	0.25	454
1N4741A	11	23	8	5	8.4	83	700	0.25	414
1N4742A	12	21	9	5	9.1	76	700	0.25	380
1N4743A	13	19	10	5	9.9	69	700	0.25	344
1N4744A	15	17	14	5	11.4	61	700	0.25	304
1N4745A	16	15.5	16	5	12.2	57	700	0.25	285
1N4746A	18	14	20	5	13.7	50	750	0.25	250
1N4747A	20	12.5	22	5	15.2	45	750	0.25	225
1N4748A	22	11.5	23	5	16.7	41	750	0.25	205
1N4749A	24	10.5	25	5	18.2	38	750	0.25	190
1N4750A	27	9.5	35	5	20.6	34	750	0.25	170
1N4751A	30	8.5	40	5	22.8	30	1000	0.25	150
1N4752A	33	7.5	45	5	25.1	27	1000	0.25	135
1N4753A	36	7.0	50	5	27.4	25	1000	0.25	125
1N4754A	39	6.5	60	5	29.7	23	1000	0.25	115
1N4755A	43	6.0	70	5	32.7	22	1500	0.25	110
1N4756A	47	5.5	80	5	35.8	19	1500	0.25	95
1N4757A	51	5.0	95	5	38.8	18	1500	0.25	90
1N4758A	56	4.5	110	5	42.6	16	2000	0.25	80
1N4759A	62	4.0	125	5	47.1	14	2000	0.25	70
1N4760A	68	3.7	150	5	51.7	13	2000	0.25	65
1N4761A	75	3.3	175	5	56.0	12	2000	0.25	60
1N4762A	82	3.0	200	5	62.2	11	3000	0.25	55
1N4763A	91	2.8	250	5	68.2	10	3000	0.25	50
1N4764A	100	2.5	350	5	76.0	9	3000	0.25	45

\* JEDEC Registered Data

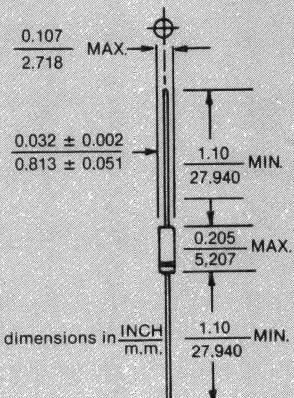


FIGURE 1

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case. DO-41 Outline.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE: Less than 100°C / Watt junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body.

POLARITY: Banded end is cathode.

WEIGHT: 0.378 grams (Typical).

# 1N4728A DO-41 thru 1N4764A DO-41

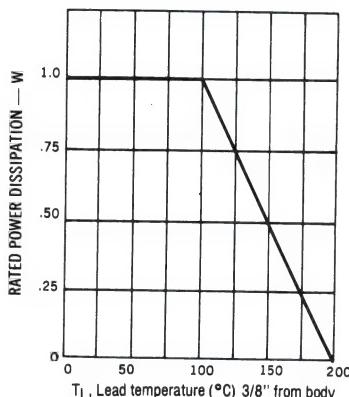


FIGURE 2. POWER DERATING CURVE

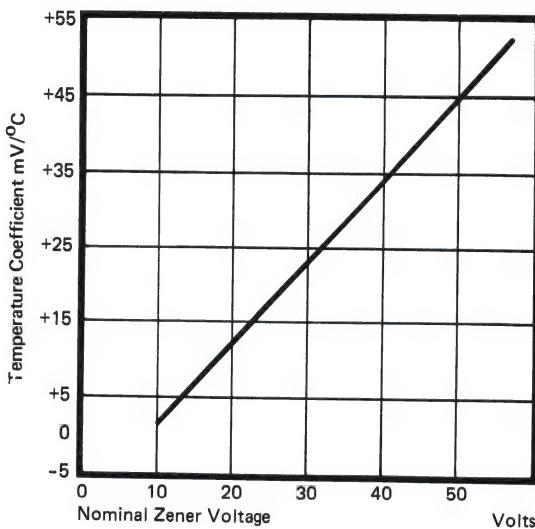


FIGURE 3. TYPICAL TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT vs ZENER VOLTAGE

NOTE 1. The JEDEC type numbers shown with an 'A' suffix have a 5% tolerance on nominal zener voltage. No suffix signifies a 10% tolerance, C signifies 2%, and D suffix signifies 1% tolerance.

NOTE 2. The Zener impedance is derived from the 60 Hz ac voltage, which results when an ac current having an rms value equal to 10% of the DC Zener current ( $I_{ZK}$  or  $I_{Zr}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{Zr}$ . Zener impedance is measured at two points to insure

a sharp knee on the breakdown curve and eliminate unstable units.

NOTE 3. The reverse surge current is measured at  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  ambient using a 1/2 square wave or equivalent sine wave pulse 1/120 second duration superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$ .

NOTE 4. Voltage measurements to be performed 90 seconds after application of DC current.

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SCOTTSDALE, AZ

**1N4954 thru****1N4996****and****1N5968, 1N5969****FEATURES**

- MICROMINIATURE PACKAGE
- VOIDLESS HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE
- TRIPLE LAYER PASSIVATION
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED
- HIGH PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

- VERY LOW THERMAL IMPEDANCE
- TX/TXV TYPES AVAILABLE PER MIL-S-19500/356

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +175°C  
 Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

TYPE*	ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS AT 25°C						MAXIMUM RATINGS			
	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE $V_Z @ I_ZT$	TEST CURRENT $I_ZT$	MAXIMUM ZENER IMPEDANCE		MAXIMUM REVERSE VOLTAGE		MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE COEFF. $T_G @ I_ZT$	MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS CURRENT $I_ZM$	SURGE CURRENT $I_{ZSM}$	
			$Z_Z @ I_ZT$	$Z_{ZK} @ I_{ZK} = 1mA$	REGULATION $\Delta V / \Delta V_Z$	LEAKAGE CURRENT $I_R \uparrow\downarrow$				
	VOLTS	mA	OHMS	OHMS	VOLTS	μA	VOLTS	%/°C	mA	AMPS
1N5968	5.6	220	1.0	400	0.4	5000	4.28	.04	865	20
1N5969	6.2	220	1.0	1000	0.5	1000	4.74	.04	765	20
1N4954	6.8	175	1.0	1000	0.7	150	5.2	.05	700	40
1N4955	7.5	175	1.5	800	0.7	100	5.7	.06	630	32
1N4956	8.2	150	1.5	600	0.7	50	6.2	.06	580	24
1N4957	9.1	150	2.0	400	0.7	25	6.9	.06	520	22
1N4958	10.0	125	2.0	125	0.8	25	7.6	.07	475	20
1N4959	11	125	2.5	130	0.8	10	8.4	.07	430	19
1N4960	12	100	2.5	140	0.8	10	9.1	.07	395	18
1N4961	13	100	3.0	145	0.8	10	9.9	.08	365	16
1N4962	15	75	3.5	150	1.0	5	11.4	.08	315	12
1N4963	16	75	3.5	155	1.1	5	12.2	.08	294	10
1N4964	18	65	4.0	160	1.2	5	13.7	.085	264	9.0
1N4965	20	65	4.5	165	1.5	2	15.2	.085	237	8.0
1N4966	22	50	5.0	170	1.8	2	16.7	.085	216	7.0
1N4967	24	50	5.0	175	2.0	2	18.2	.090	198	6.5
1N4968	27	50	6.0	180	2.0	2	20.6	.090	176	6.0
1N4969	30	40	8	190	2.5	2	22.8	.090	158	5.5
1N4970	33	40	10	200	2.8	2	25.1	.095	144	5.0
1N4971	36	30	11	220	3.0	2	27.4	.095	132	4.5
1N4972	39	30	14	230	3.0	2	29.7	.095	122	4.0
1N4973	43	30	20	240	3.3	2	32.7	.095	110	3.5
1N4974	47	25	25	250	3.5	2	35.8	.095	100	3.2
1N4975	51	25	27	270	4.0	2	38.8	.095	92	3.0
1N4976	56	20	35	320	4.4	2	42.6	.095	84	2.8
1N4977	62	20	42	400	5.0	2	47.1	.100	76	2.5
1N4978	68	20	50	500	5.5	2	51.7	.100	70	2.2
1N4979	75	20	55	620	6.0	2	56.0	.100	63.0	2.0
1N4980	82	15	80	720	6.6	2	62.2	.100	58.0	1.8
1N4981	91	15	90	760	7.5	2	69.2	.100	52.5	1.6
1N4982	100	12	110	800	8.0	2	76.0	.100	47.5	1.4
1N4983	110	12	125	1000	9.0	2	83.6	.100	43.0	1.2
1N4984	120	10	170	1150	10	2	91.2	.100	39.5	1.00
1N4985	130	10	190	1250	11	2	98.8	.105	36.6	0.80
1N4986	150	8	330	1500	13	2	114.0	.105	31.6	0.75
1N4987	160	8	350	1650	14	2	121.6	.105	29.4	0.70
1N4988	180	5	450	1750	16	2	136.8	.110	26.4	0.60
1N4989	200	5	500	1850	18	2	152	.110	23.6	0.50
1N4990	220	5	550	2000	19	2	167	.115	21.6	0.50
1N4991	240	5	650	2050	22	2	182	.115	19.8	0.40
1N4992	270	5	800	2100	25	2	206	.120	17.5	0.35
1N4993	300	4	950	2150	28	2	228	.120	15.6	0.30
1N4994	330	4	1175	2200	32	2	251	.120	14.4	0.25
1N4995	360	3	1400	2300	35	2	274	.120	13.0	0.22
1N4996	390	3	1800	2500	40	2	297	.120	12.0	0.20

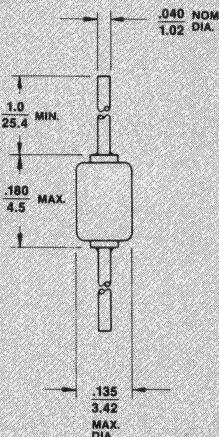
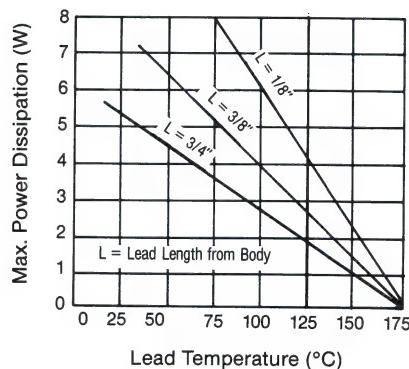
\*  $I_{ZK} = 5mA$  for 1N5968**5 WATT GLASS ZENER DIODES**

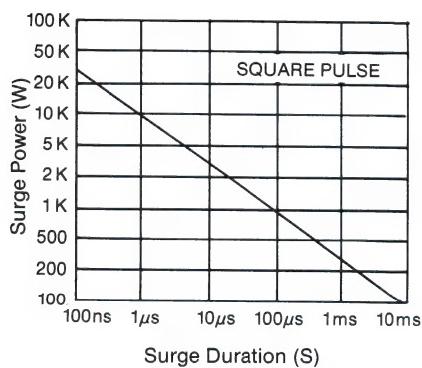
FIGURE 1

**MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS****CASE:** Hermetically sealed glass case.**LEAD MATERIAL:** Silver clad copper or tinned copper.**MARKING:** Body painted, alpha numeric.**POLARITY:** Cathode band.

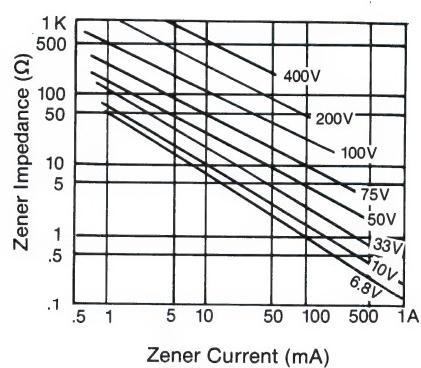
# **1N4954 thru 1N4996, 1N5968, 1N5969**



**FIGURE 1**  
POWER DISSIPATION VS. LEAD  
TEMPERATURE DERATING CURVE



**FIGURE 2**  
SURGE POWER  
VS. SURGE DURATION



**FIGURE 3**  
TYPICAL ZENER IMPEDANCE  
VS. ZENER CURRENT

SANTA ANA, CA

For more information call:  
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SCOTTSDALE, AZ

**1N5063 - 1N5117  
MZ806 - MZ890,  
MZ 210 - MZ 240**

## FEATURES

- Microminiature package.
- Voidless hermetically sealed glass package.
- Triple layer passivation.
- Metallurgically bonded.
- High performance characteristics.
- Stable operation at temperatures to 200°C.
- Very low thermal impedance.

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +175°C.

Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Jedec Registration	TYPE (Note 1) ±10% Tolerance	ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS AT 25°C						MAXIMUM RATINGS		
		NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE $V_Z @ I_{ZT}$	TEST CURRENT $I_Z @ V_R$	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE CURRENT		MAX. ZENER IMPEDANCE $Z_Z @ I_{ZT}$	TYP. TEMP. COEFFICIENT $T_C @ I_{ZT}$	MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS CURRENT $I_{ZM}$	MAXIMUM SURGE CURRENT $I_S$	
				$\pm 5\%$	$\pm 10\%$					
1N5063	MZ806	6.8	75	500	5.2	4.9	2	.04	440	10.0
1N5064	MZ807	7.5	75	300	5.7	5.4	2	.04	400	8.0
1N5065	MZ808	8.2	75	200	6.2	5.9	3	.05	360	7.0
1N5066	MZ809	9.1	75	100	6.9	6.6	3	.05	330	6.0
1N5067	MZ810	10.0	75	40	7.6	7.2	4	.06	300	5.0
1N4883	MZ812	12	65	10	9.1	8.6	5	.07	250	4.0
1N5069	MZ813	13	50	10	9.9	9.3	6	.07	230	4.0
1N5070	MZ814	14	50	10	10.6	10.1	6	.07	210	4.0
1N5071	MZ815	15	50	10	11.4	10.8	6	.07	200	3.0
1N5072	MZ816	16	50	5	12.2	11.5	7	.07	185	3.0
1N5073	MZ818	18	40	5	13.7	12.9	8	.08	170	2.0
1N4884	MZ820	20	40	5	15.2	14.4	9	.08	150	2.0
1N5074	MZ822	22	30	5	16.7	15.8	10	.08	135	2.0
1N5075	MZ824	24	30	5	18.2	17.3	10	.08	125	1.5
1N5076	MZ827	27	25	1	20.6	19.4	12	.09	110	1.5
1N5077	MZ830	30	25	1	22.8	21.6	15	.090	100	1.5
1N5078	MZ833	33	20	1	25.1	23.7	21	.090	90	1.2
1N5079	MZ836	36	20	1	27.4	25.9	21	.090	85	1.0
1N5081	MZ840	40	20	1	30.4	28.8	27	.095	75	1.0
1N5083	MZ845	45	15	1	34.2	32.4	37	.095	65	0.8
1N5085	MZ850	50	15	1	38.0	36.0	50	.095	60	0.8
1N5087	MZ856	56	10	1	42.6	40.3	70	.095	55	0.7
1N5088	MZ860	60	10	1	45.7	43.2	70	.095	50	0.6
1N5091	MZ870	70	10	1	53.3	50.5	90	.095	45	0.6
1N5092	MZ875	75	10	1	56.0	54.0	100	.095	40	0.5
1N5093	MZ880	80	10	1	60.8	57.7	115	.095	35	0.4
1N4096	MZ890	90	8.0	1	68.5	64.8	150	.095	30	0.4
1N4097	MZ210	100	5.0	1	76.0	72.0	175	.100	30	0.4
1N5096	MZ211	110	5.0	1	83.6	79.2	250	.100	25	0.3
1N5097	MZ212	120	5.0	1	91.2	86.4	325	.100	25	0.2
1N5098	MZ213	130	5.0	1	98.8	93.6	375	.100	20	0.20
1N5099	MZ214	140	5.0	1	106	101	550	.100	20	0.20
1N4098	MZ215	150	5.0	1	114	108	650	.100	20	0.20
1N5100	MZ216	160	4.0	1	122	115	700	.100	20	0.15
1N5101	MZ217	170	4.0	1	129	122	750	.100	18	0.15
1N5102	MZ218	180	4.0	1	137	129	850	.100	18	0.10
1N5103	MZ219	190	4.0	1	144	137	900	.100	15	0.10
1N5104	MZ220	200	4.0	1	152	144	950	.100	15	0.10
1N5105	MZ222	220	3.0	1	167	158	1100	.100	15	0.09
1N5106	MZ224	240	3.0	1	182	173	1300	.105	12	0.09
1N5107	MZ226	260	3.0	1	198	187	1500	.105	12	0.08
1N5109	MZ228	280	3.0	1	213	202	1700	.105	10	0.08
1N5110	MZ230	300	3.0	1	228	216	1900	.105	10	0.07
1N5111	MZ232	320	2.0	1	243	230	2100	.105	9	0.07
1N5113	MZ234	340	2.0	1	258	245	2400	.110	9	0.06
1N5114	MZ236	360	2.0	1	274	259	2700	.110	8	0.06
1N5115	MZ238	380	2.0	1	289	274	3000	.110	8	0.06
1N5117	MZ240	400	2.0	1	304	288	3500	.110	7	0.06

NOTE 1: JEDEC registration applies to ± 5% tolerance zeners only.  
Specify 5% voltage tolerance by changing first numeral of type number from 8 to 7.  
(MZ806 becomes 706) or from 2 to 1 (MZ211 becomes MZ111).

## 3-WATT GLASS ZENER DIODES

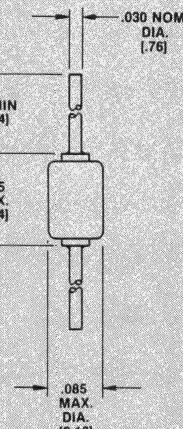


FIGURE 1

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

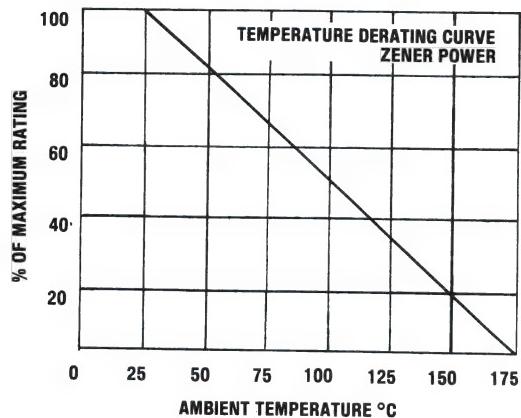
CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case.

LEAD MATERIAL: Tinned copper.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric with JEDEC number.

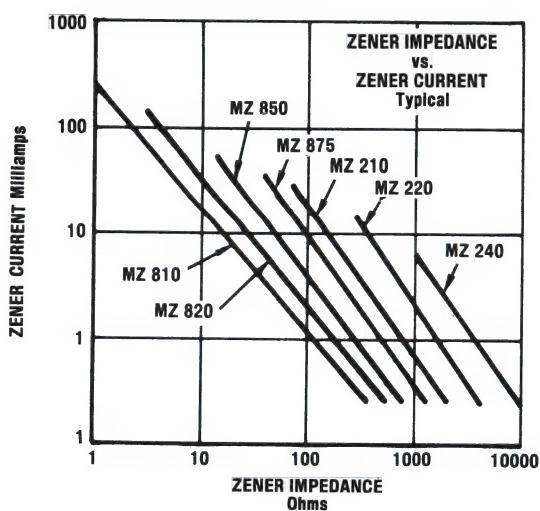
POLARITY: Cathode band.

# **1N5063 - 1N5117, MZ806 - MZ890, MZ 210 - MZ 240**



**FIGURE 2**

EXPLANATION OF ZENER CHARACTERISTICS



**FIGURE 3**

**micro**

## **Microsemi Corp.**

*The diode experts*

SANTA ANA, CA

**1N5221  
thru  
1N5281  
DO-7**

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

### **FEATURES**

- 2.4 THRU 200 VOLTS
- COMPACT PACKAGE

### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Operating and Storage Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+200^{\circ}\text{C}$

DC Power Dissipation: 500 mW

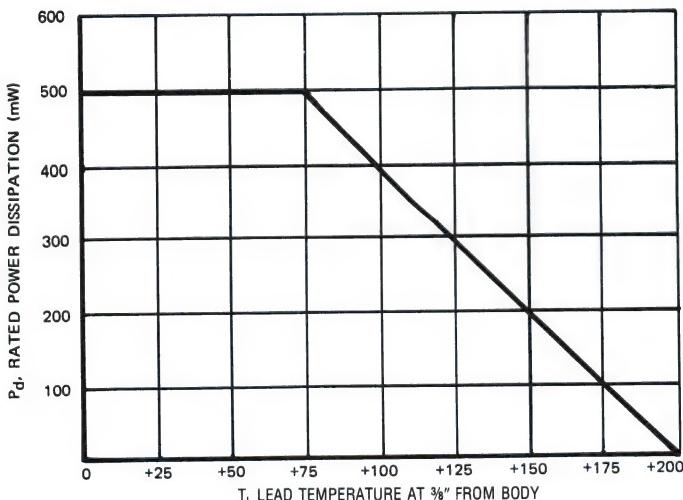
Power Derating: 4.0 mW/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$  above  $75^{\circ}\text{C}$

Forward Voltage @ 200 mA: 1.1 Volts

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

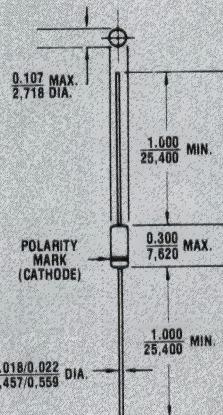
See following page for table of parameter values. (Fig. 3)

Table as shown on following page (Fig. 3) lists JEDEC type numbers, which indicate a tolerance of  $\pm 20\%$  with guaranteed limits on only  $V_Z$ ,  $I_F$ , and  $V_F$ . Devices with guaranteed limits on all six parameters are indicated by suffix A for  $\pm 10\%$  tolerance and suffix B for  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance. Also available with suffix C or D which indicates 2% and 1% tolerance respectively.



**FIGURE 2**  
POWER DERATING CURVE

### **SILICON 500 mW ZENER DIODES**



**FIGURE 1**  
All dimensions in **INCH**  
**m.m.**

### **MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case, DO-7.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

Thermal Resistance:  $300^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$  (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body.

POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

# 1N5221 thru 1N5281 DO-7

\*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

JEDEC Type No. Note 1	Nominal Zener Voltage $V_z$ @ $I_{zT}$ Volts	Test Current $I_{zT}$ mA	Max Zener Impedance A & B Suffix Only Note 2		Max Reverse Leakage Current			Max Zener Voltage Temp. Coeff. (A & B Suffix Only) $\alpha_{vz}(\% / ^\circ C)$ Note 3	
			$Z_{zT}$ @ $I_{zT}$ Ohms	$Z_{zx}$ @ $I_{zx} = 0.25$ mA Ohms	Max Reverse Leakage Current				
					$I_r$ μA	@ $V_r$ Volts	A, B, C & D Suffix Only	Non-Suffix	
					A	B, C & D	$I_r$ @ $V_r$ Used For Suffix A μA		
1N5221	2.4	20	30	1200	100	0.95	1.0	200	-0.085
1N5222	2.5	20	30	1250	100	0.95	1.0	200	-0.085
1N5223	2.7	20	30	1300	75	0.95	1.0	150	-0.080
1N5224	2.8	20	30	1400	75	0.95	1.0	150	-0.080
1N5225	3.0	20	29	1600	50	0.95	1.0	100	-0.075
1N5226	3.3	20	28	1600	25	0.95	1.0	100	-0.070
1N5227	3.6	20	24	1700	15	0.95	1.0	100	-0.065
1N5228	3.9	20	23	1900	10	0.95	1.0	75	-0.060
1N5229	4.3	20	22	2000	5.0	0.95	1.0	50	$\pm 0.055$
1N5230	4.7	20	19	1900	5.0	0.95	1.0	50	$\pm 0.030$
1N5231	5.1	20	17	1600	5.0	1.9	2.0	50	$\pm 0.030$
1N5232	5.6	20	11	1600	5.0	2.9	3.0	50	$\pm 0.038$
1N5233	6.0	20	7.0	1600	5.0	3.3	3.5	50	$\pm 0.038$
1N5234	6.2	20	7.0	1000	5.0	3.8	4.0	50	$\pm 0.045$
1N5235	6.8	20	5.0	750	3.0	4.8	5.0	30	$\pm 0.050$
1N5236	7.5	20	6.0	500	3.0	5.7	6.0	30	$\pm 0.058$
1N5237	8.2	20	8.0	500	3.0	6.2	6.5	30	$\pm 0.062$
1N5238	8.7	20	8.0	600	3.0	6.2	6.5	30	$\pm 0.065$
1N5239	9.1	20	10	600	3.0	6.7	7.0	30	$\pm 0.068$
1N5240	10	20	17	600	3.0	7.6	8.0	30	$\pm 0.075$
1N5241	11	20	22	600	2.0	8.0	8.4	30	$\pm 0.076$
1N5242	12	20	30	600	1.0	8.7	9.1	10	$\pm 0.077$
1N5243	13	20	13	600	0.5	9.4	9.9	10	$\pm 0.079$
1N5244	14	20	9.0	600	0.1	9.5	10	10	$\pm 0.082$
1N5245	15	20	8.5	600	0.1	10.5	11	10	$\pm 0.082$
1N5246	16	7.8	17	600	0.1	11.4	12	10	$\pm 0.083$
1N5247	17	7.4	19	600	0.1	12.4	13	10	$\pm 0.084$
1N5248	18	7.0	21	600	0.1	13.3	14	10	$\pm 0.085$
1N5249	19	6.6	23	600	0.1	13.3	14	10	$\pm 0.086$
1N5250	20	6.2	25	600	0.1	14.3	15	10	$\pm 0.086$
1N5251	22	5.6	29	600	0.1	16.2	17	10	$\pm 0.087$
1N5252	24	5.2	33	600	0.1	17.1	18	10	$\pm 0.088$
1N5253	25	5.0	35	600	0.1	18.1	19	10	$\pm 0.089$
1N5254	27	4.6	41	600	0.1	20	21	10	$\pm 0.090$
1N5255	28	4.5	44	600	0.1	20	21	10	$\pm 0.091$
1N5256	30	4.2	49	600	0.1	22	23	10	$\pm 0.091$
1N5257	33	3.8	58	700	0.1	24	25	10	$\pm 0.092$
1N5258	36	3.4	70	700	0.1	26	27	10	$\pm 0.093$
1N5259	39	3.2	80	800	0.1	29	30	10	$\pm 0.094$
1N5260	43	3.0	93	900	0.1	31	33	10	$\pm 0.095$
1N5261	47	2.7	105	1000	0.1	34	36	10	$\pm 0.095$
1N5262	51	2.5	125	1100	0.1	37	39	10	$\pm 0.096$
1N5263	56	2.2	150	1300	0.1	41	43	10	$\pm 0.096$
1N5264	60	2.1	170	1400	0.1	44	46	10	$\pm 0.097$
1N5265	62	2.0	185	1400	0.1	45	47	10	$\pm 0.097$
1N5266	68	1.8	230	1600	0.1	49	52	10	$\pm 0.097$
1N5267	75	1.7	270	1700	0.1	53	56	10	$\pm 0.098$
1N5268	82	1.5	330	2000	0.1	59	62	10	$\pm 0.098$
1N5269	87	1.4	370	2200	0.1	65	68	10	$\pm 0.099$
1N5270	91	1.4	400	2300	0.1	66	69	10	$\pm 0.099$
1N5271	100	1.3	500	2500	0.1	72	76	10	$\pm 0.110$
1N5272	110	1.1	750	3000	0.1	80	84	10	$\pm 0.110$
1N5273	120	1.0	900	4000	0.1	86	91	10	$\pm 0.110$
1N5274	130	0.95	1100	4500	0.1	94	99	10	$\pm 0.110$
1N5275	140	0.90	1300	4500	0.1	101	106	10	$\pm 0.110$
1N5276	150	0.85	1500	5000	0.1	108	114	10	$\pm 0.110$
1N5277	160	0.80	1700	5500	0.1	116	122	10	$\pm 0.110$
1N5278	170	0.74	1900	5500	0.1	123	129	10	$\pm 0.110$
1N5279	180	0.68	2200	6000	0.1	130	137	10	$\pm 0.110$
1N5280	190	0.66	2400	6500	0.1	137	144	10	$\pm 0.110$
1N5281	200	0.65	2500	7000	0.1	144	152	10	$\pm 0.110$

\* JEDEC registered data

FIGURE 3

**NOTE 1** The electrical characteristics are measured after allowing the device to stabilize for 20 seconds when mounted with a  $\frac{1}{2}$ " minimum lead length from the case.

**NOTE 2** The zener impedance is derived from the 60 Hz ac voltage, which results when an ac current having an r.m.s. value equal to 10% of the DC zener current ( $I_{zT}$  or  $I_{zx}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{zT}$  or  $I_{zx}$ . Zener impedance is measured at two points to insure a sharp knee on the breakdown curve, thereby eliminating unstable units.

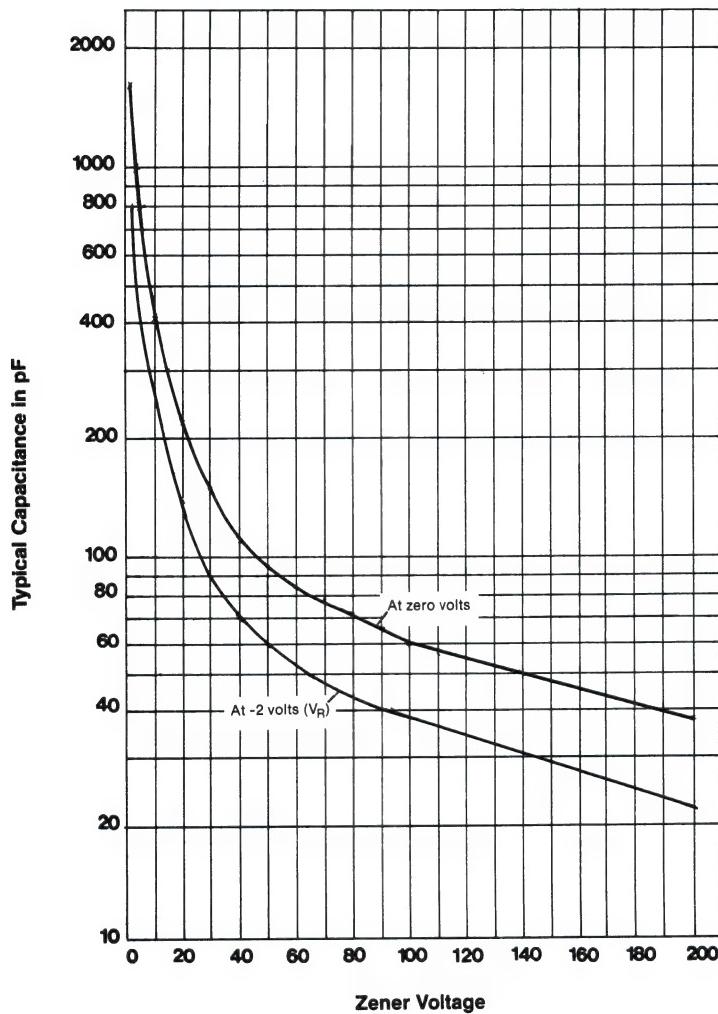
**NOTE 3** Temperature coefficient ( $\alpha_{vz}$ ). Test conditions for temperature coefficient are as follows:

a.  $I_{zT} = 7.5$  mA,  $T_1 = 25^\circ C$ ,  $T_2 = 125^\circ C$  (1N5221A, B thru 1N5242A, B.)

b.  $I_{zT} = \text{Rated } I_{zT}$ ,  $T_1 = 25^\circ C$ ,  $T_2 = 125^\circ C$  (1N5243A, B thru 1N5281A, B.)

Device to be temperature stabilized with current applied prior to reading breakdown voltage at the specified ambient temperature.

## 1N5221 thru 1N5281 DO-7



**FIGURE 4**  
CAPACITANCE VS. ZENER VOLTAGE  
(TYPICAL)

SANTA ANA, CA

**micro**  
**Microsemi Corp.**  
The diode experts

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

**1N5221  
thru  
1N5281  
DO-35**

## FEATURES

- 2.4 THRU 200 VOLTS
- COMPACT PACKAGE
- CONSULT FACTORY FOR VOLTAGES ABOVE 200 V

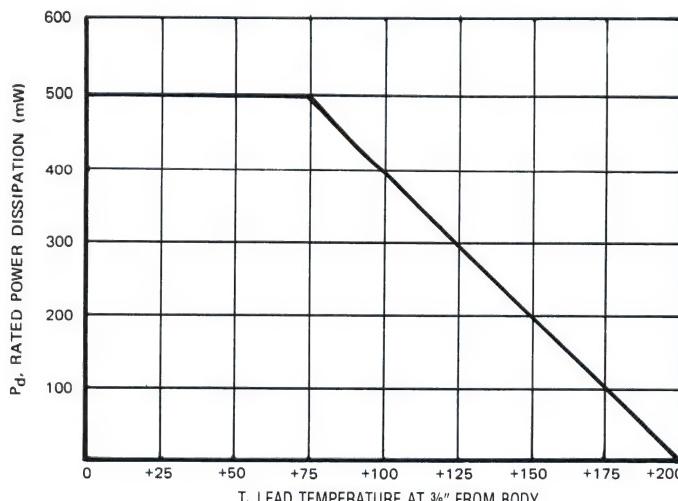
## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating and Storage Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+200^{\circ}\text{C}$   
DC Power Dissipation: 500 mW  
Power Derating: 4.0 mW/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$  above  $75^{\circ}\text{C}$   
Forward Voltage @ 200 mA: 1.1 Volts

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

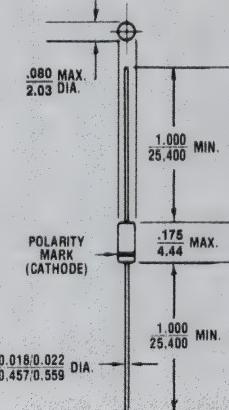
See following page for table of parameter values. (Fig. 3)

Table as shown on following page (Fig. 3) lists JEDEC type numbers, which indicate a tolerance of  $\pm 20\%$  with guaranteed limits on only  $V_Z$ ,  $I_F$ , and  $V_F$ . Devices with guaranteed limits on all six parameters are indicated by suffix A for  $\pm 10\%$  tolerance and suffix B for  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance. Also available with suffix C or D which indicates 2% and 1% tolerance respectively.



**FIGURE 2**  
POWER DERATING CURVE

**SILICON  
500 mW  
ZENER DIODES**



**FIGURE 1**  
All dimensions in  $\frac{\text{INCH}}{\text{m.m.}}$

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case. DO-35.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

Thermal Resistance:  $150^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$  (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body.

POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

# 1N5221 thru 1N5281 DO-35

\*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

JEDEC Type No. Note 1	Nominal Zener Voltage $V_z$ @ $I_{zT}$ Volts	Test Current $I_{zT}$ mA	Max Zener Impedance A & B Suffix Only Note 2		Max Reverse Leakage Current			Max Zener Voltage Temp. Coeff. (A & B Suffix Only) $\alpha_{vz}$ % / °C Note 3	
					A, B, C & D Suffix Only		Non-Suffix		
			$Z_{zT} @ I_{zT}$ Ohms	$Z_{zK} @ I_{zK} = 0.25$ mA Ohms	$I_z$ $\mu$ A @ $V_z$ Volts	A, B, C & D	$I_z$ @ $V_z$ Used For Suffix A $\mu$ A		
1N5221	2.4	20	30	1200	100	0.95	1.0	200	-0.085
1N5222	2.5	20	30	1250	100	0.95	1.0	200	-0.085
1N5223	2.7	20	30	1300	75	0.95	1.0	150	-0.080
1N5224	2.8	20	30	1400	75	0.95	1.0	150	-0.080
1N5225	3.0	20	29	1600	50	0.95	1.0	100	-0.075
1N5226	3.3	20	28	1600	25	0.95	1.0	100	-0.070
1N5227	3.6	20	24	1700	15	0.95	1.0	100	-0.065
1N5228	3.9	20	23	1900	10	0.95	1.0	75	-0.060
1N5229	4.3	20	22	2000	5.0	0.95	1.0	50	$\pm 0.055$
1N5230	4.7	20	19	1900	5.0	1.9	2.0	50	$\pm 0.030$
1N5231	5.1	20	17	1600	5.0	1.9	2.0	50	$\pm 0.030$
1N5232	5.6	20	11	1600	5.0	2.9	3.0	50	$\pm 0.038$
1N5233	6.0	20	7.0	1600	5.0	3.3	3.5	50	$\pm 0.038$
1N5234	6.2	20	7.0	1000	5.0	3.8	4.0	50	$\pm 0.045$
1N5235	6.8	20	5.0	750	3.0	4.8	5.0	30	$\pm 0.050$
1N5236	7.5	20	6.0	500	3.0	5.7	6.0	30	$\pm 0.058$
1N5237	8.2	20	8.0	500	3.0	6.2	6.5	30	$\pm 0.062$
1N5238	8.7	20	8.0	600	3.0	6.2	6.5	30	$\pm 0.065$
1N5239	9.1	20	10	600	3.0	6.7	7.0	30	$\pm 0.068$
1N5240	10	20	17	600	3.0	7.6	8.0	30	$\pm 0.075$
1N5241	11	20	22	600	2.0	8.0	8.4	30	$\pm 0.076$
1N5242	12	20	30	600	1.0	8.7	9.1	10	$\pm 0.077$
1N5243	13	9.5	13	600	0.5	9.4	9.9	10	$\pm 0.079$
1N5244	14	9.0	15	600	0.1	9.5	10	10	$\pm 0.082$
1N5245	15	8.5	16	600	0.1	10.5	11	10	$\pm 0.082$
1N5246	16	7.8	17	600	0.1	11.4	12	10	$\pm 0.083$
1N5247	17	7.4	19	600	0.1	12.4	13	10	$\pm 0.084$
1N5248	18	7.0	21	600	0.1	13.3	14	10	$\pm 0.085$
1N5249	19	6.5	23	600	0.1	13.3	14	10	$\pm 0.086$
1N5250	20	6.2	25	600	0.1	14.3	15	10	$\pm 0.086$
1N5251	22	5.6	29	600	0.1	16.2	17	10	$\pm 0.087$
1N5252	24	5.2	33	600	0.1	17.1	18	10	$\pm 0.088$
1N5253	25	5.0	35	600	0.1	18.1	19	10	$\pm 0.089$
1N5254	27	4.6	41	600	0.1	20	21	10	$\pm 0.090$
1N5255	28	4.5	44	600	0.1	20	21	10	$\pm 0.091$
1N5256	30	4.2	49	600	0.1	22	23	10	$\pm 0.091$
1N5257	33	3.8	58	700	0.1	24	25	10	$\pm 0.092$
1N5258	36	3.4	70	700	0.1	26	27	10	$\pm 0.093$
1N5259	39	3.2	80	800	0.1	29	30	10	$\pm 0.094$
1N5260	43	3.0	93	900	0.1	31	33	10	$\pm 0.095$
1N5261	47	2.7	105	1000	0.1	34	36	10	$\pm 0.095$
1N5262	51	2.5	125	1100	0.1	37	39	10	$\pm 0.096$
1N5263	56	2.2	150	1300	0.1	41	43	10	$\pm 0.096$
1N5264	60	2.1	170	1400	0.1	44	46	10	$\pm 0.097$
1N5265	62	2.0	185	1400	0.1	45	47	10	$\pm 0.097$
1N5266	68	1.8	230	1600	0.1	49	52	10	$\pm 0.097$
1N5267	75	1.7	270	1700	0.1	53	56	10	$\pm 0.098$
1N5268	82	1.5	330	2000	0.1	59	62	10	$\pm 0.098$
1N5269	87	1.4	370	2200	0.1	65	68	10	$\pm 0.099$
1N5270	91	1.4	400	2300	0.1	66	69	10	$\pm 0.099$
1N5271	100	1.3	500	2600	0.1	72	76	10	$\pm 0.110$
1N5272	110	1.1	750	3000	0.1	80	84	10	$\pm 0.110$
1N5273	120	1.0	900	4000	0.1	86	91	10	$\pm 0.110$
1N5274	130	0.95	1100	4500	0.1	94	99	10	$\pm 0.110$
1N5275	140	0.90	1300	4500	0.1	101	106	10	$\pm 0.110$
1N5276	150	0.85	1500	5000	0.1	108	114	10	$\pm 0.110$
1N5277	160	0.80	1700	5500	0.1	116	122	10	$\pm 0.110$
1N5278	170	0.74	1900	5500	0.1	123	129	10	$\pm 0.110$
1N5279	180	0.68	2200	6000	0.1	130	137	10	$\pm 0.110$
1N5280	190	0.66	2400	6500	0.1	137	144	10	$\pm 0.110$
1N5281	200	0.65	2500	7000	0.1	144	152	10	$\pm 0.110$

\*JEDEC registered data

FIGURE 3

**NOTE 1** The electrical characteristics are measured after allowing the device to stabilize for 20 seconds when mounted with a  $\frac{1}{8}$ " minimum lead length from the case.

**NOTE 2** The zener impedance is derived from the 60 HZ ac voltage, which results when an ac current having an r.m.s. value equal to 10% of the DC zener current ( $I_{zT}$  or  $I_{zK}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{zT}$  or  $I_{zK}$ . Zener impedance is measured at two points to insure a sharp knee on the breakdown curve, thereby, eliminating unstable units.

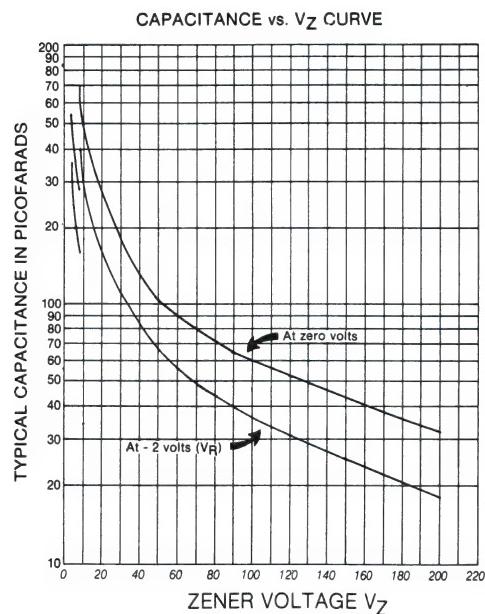
**NOTE 3** Temperature coefficient ( $\alpha_{vz}$ ).

Test conditions for temperature coefficient are as follows:

- a.  $I_{zT} = 7.5$  mA,  $T_1 = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $T_2 = 125^\circ\text{C}$  (1N5221A, B thru 1N5242A, B.)
- b.  $I_{zT}$  = Rated  $I_{zT}$ ,  $T_1 = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $T_2 = 125^\circ\text{C}$  (1N5243A, B thru 1N5281A, B.)

Device to be temperature stabilized with current applied prior to reading breakdown voltage at the specified ambient temperature.

# **1N5221 thru 1N5281 DO-35**



**FIGURE 4**  
CAPACITANCE VS. ZENER VOLTAGE  
(TYPICAL)

SANTA ANA, CA

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
 (602) 941-6300

**1N5333B  
 thru  
 1N5388B**

## FEATURES

- ZENER VOLTAGE 3.3V to 200V
- HIGH SURGE CURRENT CAPABILITY
- FOR AVAILABLE TOLERANCES — SEE NOTE 1

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +200°C

DC Power Dissipation: 5 Watts

Power Derating: 40 mW/°C above 75°C

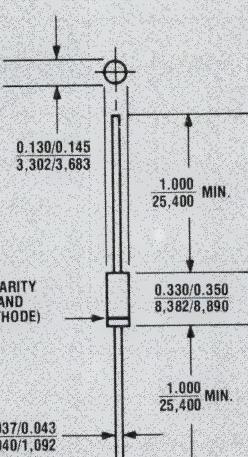
Forward Voltage @ 1.0 A: 1.2 Volts

## \* ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

TYPE NUMBER	REGULATOR VOLTAGE (V <sub>R</sub> )	TEST CURRENT (I <sub>T</sub> )	MAXIMUM DYNAMIC IMPEDANCE (Z <sub>D</sub> ) (A&B Suffix)	MAXIMUM REVERSE CURRENT (I <sub>R</sub> )	I <sub>T</sub> TEST VOLTAGE (V <sub>T</sub> ) (Non-Suffix & A Suffix)	I <sub>T</sub> TEST VOLTAGE (V <sub>T</sub> ) (B,C,D Suffix)	MAXIMUM REGULATOR CURRENT (I <sub>RM</sub> ) (B,C,D Suffix)	MAXIMUM DYNAMIC KNEE IMPEDANCE Z <sub>DR</sub> AT 1.0 mA (A,B,C,D Suffix)	MAXIMUM SURGE CURRENT (I <sub>SM</sub> ) (B,C,D Suffix)	MAXIMUM VOLTAGE REGULATION (ΔV <sub>R</sub> ) (A,B,C,D Suffix)
					V	mA dc	OHMS	μA	V	V
1N5333B	3.3	380	3.0	300	1.0	1.0	1440	400	20	0.85
1N5334B	3.6	350	2.5	150	1.0	1.0	1320	500	18.7	0.80
1N5335B	3.9	320	2.0	50	1.0	1.0	1220	500	17.6	0.54
1N5336B	4.3	230	2.0	10	1.0	1.0	1100	500	16.4	0.49
1N5337B	4.7	250	2.0	5.0	1.0	1.0	1010	450	15.3	0.44
1N5338B	5.1	240	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	930	400	14.4	0.39
1N5339B	5.6	220	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	865	400	13.4	0.25
1N5340B	6.0	200	1.0	1.0	3.0	3.0	790	300	12.7	0.19
1N5341B	6.2	200	1.0	1.0	3.0	3.0	785	200	12.4	0.10
1N5342B	6.8	175	1.0	10	4.9	5.2	700	200	11.5	0.15
1N5343B	7.5	175	1.5	10	5.4	5.7	630	200	10.7	0.15
1N5344B	8.2	150	1.5	10	5.9	6.2	580	200	10	0.20
1N5345B	8.7	150	2.0	10	5.25	6.6	545	200	9.5	0.20
1N5346B	9.1	150	2.0	7.5	6.6	6.9	520	150	9.2	0.22
1N5347B	10	125	2.0	5.0	7.2	7.6	475	125	8.6	0.22
1N5348B	11	125	2.5	5.0	8.0	8.4	430	125	8.0	0.25
1N5349B	12	100	2.5	2.0	8.6	9.1	395	125	7.5	0.25
1N5350B	13	100	2.5	1.0	9.4	9.9	365	100	7.0	0.25
1N5351B	14	100	2.5	1.0	10.1	10.6	340	75	6.7	0.25
1N5352B	15	75	2.5	1.0	10.8	11.5	315	75	6.3	0.25
1N5353B	16	75	2.5	1.0	11.5	12.2	295	75	6.0	0.30
1N5354B	17	70	2.5	0.5	12.2	12.9	280	75	5.8	0.35
1N5355B	18	65	2.5	0.5	13	13.7	264	75	5.5	0.40
1N5356B	19	65	3.0	0.5	13.7	14.4	250	75	5.3	0.40
1N5357B	20	65	3.0	0.5	14.4	15.2	237	75	5.1	0.40
1N5358B	22	50	3.5	0.5	15.8	16.7	216	75	4.7	0.45
1N5359B	24	50	3.5	0.5	17.3	18.2	198	100	4.4	0.55
1N5360B	25	50	4.0	0.5	18	19.2	190	110	4.3	0.55
1N5361B	27	50	5.0	0.5	19.4	20.6	176	120	4.1	0.60
1N5362B	28	50	6.0	0.5	20.1	21.2	170	130	3.9	0.60
1N5363B	30	40	8.0	0.5	21.6	22.8	158	140	3.7	0.60
1N5364B	33	40	8.0	0.5	23.8	25.1	144	150	3.5	0.60
1N5365B	36	30	9.5	0.5	25.9	27.4	132	160	3.3	0.65
1N5366B	39	30	14	0.5	28.1	29.7	122	170	3.1	0.65
1N5367B	43	30	20	0.5	31	32.7	110	190	2.8	0.70
1N5368B	47	25	25	0.5	33.8	35.8	100	210	2.7	0.80
1N5369B	51	23	27	0.5	36.7	38.8	93	230	2.5	0.90
1N5370B	56	20	35	0.5	40.3	42.6	86	280	2.3	1.00
1N5371B	60	20	40	0.5	43	45.5	79	350	2.2	1.20
1N5372B	62	20	42	0.5	44.6	47.1	76	400	2.1	1.35
1N5373B	68	20	44	0.5	49	51.7	70	500	2.0	1.50
1N5374B	75	20	45	0.5	54	56	63	620	1.9	1.60
1N5375B	82	15	65	0.5	59	62.2	58	720	1.8	1.80
1N5376B	87	15	75	0.5	63	66	54.5	760	1.7	2.00
1N5377B	91	15	75	0.5	65.5	69.2	52.5	760	1.6	2.20
1N5378B	100	12	90	0.5	72	76	47.5	800	1.5	2.30
1N5379B	110	12	95	0.5	79.2	83.6	43	1000	1.4	2.50
1N5380B	120	10	170	0.5	86.4	91.2	39.5	1150	1.3	2.50
1N5381B	130	10	190	0.5	93.6	98.8	36.6	1250	1.2	2.50
1N5382B	140	8.0	230	0.5	101	106	34	1500	1.2	2.50
1N5383B	150	8.0	330	0.5	108	114	31.6	1500	1.1	3.00
1N5384B	160	8.0	350	0.5	115	122	29.4	1650	1.1	3.00
1N5385B	170	8.0	360	0.5	122	129	28	1750	1.0	3.00
1N5386B	180	5.0	430	0.5	130	137	26.4	1750	1.0	4.00
1N5387B	190	5.0	450	0.5	137	144	25	1850	0.9	5.00
1N5388B	200	5.0	480	0.5	144	152	23.6	1850	0.9	5.00

\*JEDEC Registered Data.

## SILICON 5 WATT ZENER DIODES



**MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Void free, transfer molded, thermosetting plastic (T-18).

FINISH: Corrosion resistant, readily solderable.

POLARITY: Cathode Banded.

WEIGHT: 0.7 gram (approx.).

OUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 1N5333B thru 1N5388B

**NOTE 1** Devices listed have a  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance on nominal  $V_Z$ . The suffix A denotes a  $\pm 10\%$ , C denotes  $\pm 2\%$ , D denotes  $\pm 1\%$ , and no suffix denotes a  $\pm 20\%$  tolerance.

**NOTE 2** Nominal Zener Voltage ( $V_Z$ ) is read with the device in standard test clips with  $3/8$  to  $1/2$  inch spacing between clip and case of the diode. Before reading the diode is allowed to stabilize for a period of  $40 \pm 10$  milliseconds at  $25^\circ\text{C}$  ( $+8, -2^\circ\text{C}$ ).

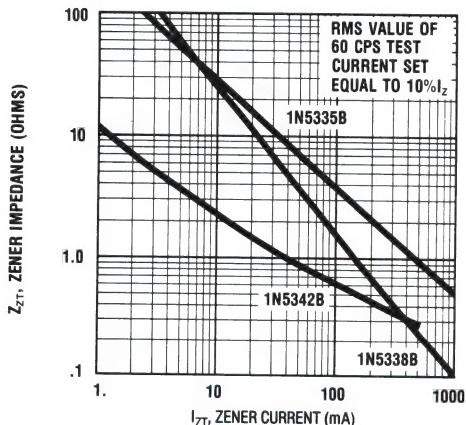
**NOTE 3** The Zener Impedance ( $Z_{ZT}$  or  $Z_{ZK}$ ) is derived from the 60 Hz ac voltage, which results when an ac current having a rms value equal to  $10\%$  of the DC zener current ( $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$  respectively.

**NOTE 4** The Maximum Reverse (leakage) Current is specified for devices with  $\pm 20\%$  and  $\pm 10\%$  voltage tolerances on nominal  $V_Z$  in another column.

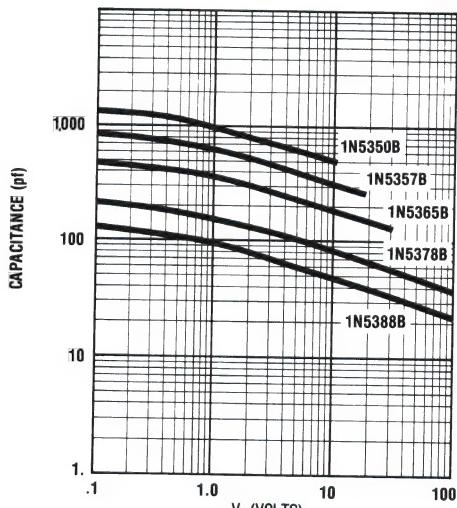
**NOTE 5** The Maximum Zener Current ( $I_{ZM}$ ) shown is for  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance devices.  $I_{ZM}$  for  $\pm 10\%$  and  $\pm 20\%$  devices can be calculated using the formula:

$$I_{ZM} = \frac{P}{V_{ZM}}$$

where " $V_{ZM}$ " is  $V_Z$  at the high end of the voltage tolerance specified and "P" is the rated power of the device.



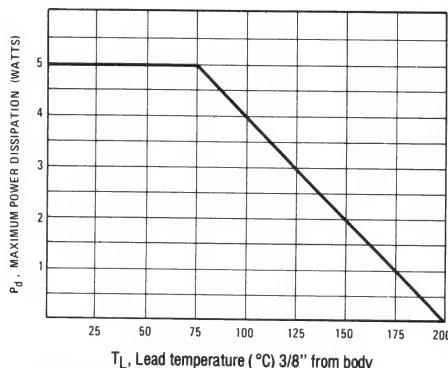
**FIGURE 3**  
TYPICAL ZENER IMPEDANCE VS.  
ZENER CURRENT FOR TYPES SHOWN



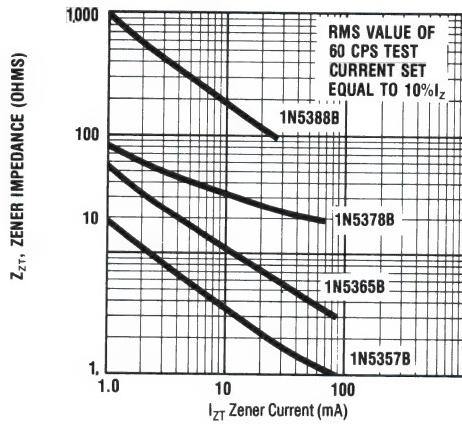
**FIGURE 5**  
TYPICAL CAPACITANCE VS.  
REVERSE VOLTAGE FOR 5 WATT ZENERS

**NOTE 6** The Surge Current ( $I_{ZSM}$ ) is specified as the maximum peak of a nonrecurrent sine wave of 8.3 milliseconds duration.

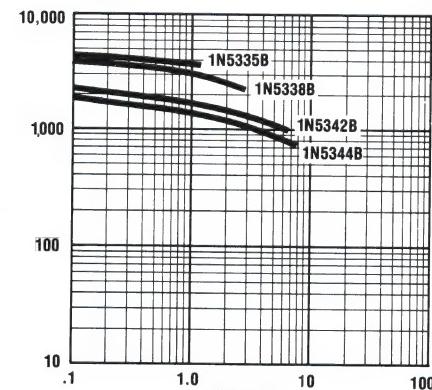
**NOTE 7** Voltage Regulation ( $\Delta V_Z$ ) is the difference between the voltage measured at 10% and 50% of  $I_{ZM}$ .



**FIGURE 2** POWER DERATING CURVE



**FIGURE 4**  
TYPICAL ZENER IMPEDANCE VS.  
ZENER CURRENT FOR TYPES SHOWN



**FIGURE 6**  
TYPICAL CAPACITANCE VS.  
REVERSE VOLTAGE FOR 5 WATT ZENERS

SANTA ANA, CA

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For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

**1N5518  
thru  
1N5546**

## FEATURES

- LOW ZENER NOISE SPECIFIED
- LOW ZENER IMPEDANCE
- LOW LEAKAGE CURRENT
- HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE
- JAN/JANTX/JANTV AVAILABLE ON 1N5518 THROUGH 1N5546B PER MIL-S-19500/437

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +200°C  
Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted. Based on dc measurements at thermal equilibrium;  
 $V_F = 1.1 \text{ Max} @ I_F = 200 \text{ mA for all types}$ )

JEDEC TYPE NO. (Note 1)	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE $V_Z @ I_ZT$ VOLTS (Note 2)	TEST CURRENT $I_{ZT}$ mA <sub>dc</sub>	MAX. ZENER IMPEDANCE B-C-D SUFFIX $Z_{ZT} @ I_ZT$ OMHS (Note 3)	MAX. REVERSE LEAKAGE CURRENT		B-C-D SUFFIX MAX. DC ZENER CURRENT $I_{ZM}$ mA <sub>dc</sub> (Note 5)	B-C-D SUFFIX MAX. NOISE DENSITY AT $I_Z = 250 \mu\text{A}$ $N_D$ (MICRO-VOLTS PER SQUARE ROOT CYCLE)	REGULATION FACTOR $\Delta V_Z$ VOLTS (Note 6)	LOW $V_Z$ CURRENT $I_{ZL}$ mA <sub>dc</sub>	
				$I_R$ mA <sub>dc</sub> (Note 4)	$V_R$ - VOLTS					
				$I_R$ mA <sub>dc</sub>	$V_R$ - VOLTS					
1N5518	3.3	20	26	5.0	0.90	1.0	115	0.5	0.90	2.0
1N5519	3.6	20	24	3.0	0.90	1.0	105	0.5	0.90	2.0
1N5520	3.9	20	22	3.0	0.90	1.0	99	0.5	0.85	2.0
1N5521	4.3	20	18	3.0	1.0	1.5	88	0.5	0.75	2.0
1N5522	4.7	10	22	2.0	1.5	2.0	81	0.5	0.60	1.0
1N5523	5.1	5.0	26	2.0	2.0	2.5	75	0.5	0.65	0.25
1N5524	5.6	3.0	30	2.0	3.0	3.5	68	1.0	0.30	0.25
1N5525	6.2	1.0	30	1.0	4.5	5.0	61	1.0	0.20	0.01
1N5526	6.8	1.0	30	1.0	5.5	6.2	56	1.0	0.10	0.01
1N5527	7.5	1.0	35	0.5	6.0	6.8	51	2.0	0.05	0.01
1N5528	8.2	1.0	40	0.5	6.5	7.5	46	4.0	0.05	0.01
1N5529	9.1	1.0	45	0.1	7.0	8.2	42	4.0	0.05	0.01
1N5530	10.0	1.0	60	0.05	8.0	9.1	38	4.0	0.10	0.01
1N5531	11.0	1.0	80	0.05	9.0	9.9	35	5.0	0.20	0.01
1N5532	12.0	1.0	90	0.05	9.5	10.8	32	10	0.20	0.01
1N5533	13.0	1.0	90	0.01	10.5	11.7	29	15	0.20	0.01
1N5534	14.0	1.0	100	0.01	11.5	12.6	27	20	0.20	0.01
1N5535	15.0	1.0	100	0.01	12.5	13.5	25	20	0.20	0.01
1N5536	16.0	1.0	100	0.01	13.0	14.4	24	20	0.20	0.01
1N5537	17.0	1.0	100	0.01	14.0	15.3	22	20	0.20	0.01
1N5538	18.0	1.0	100	0.01	15.0	16.2	21	20	0.20	0.01
1N5539	19.0	1.0	100	0.01	16.0	17.1	20	20	0.20	0.01
1N5540	20.0	1.0	100	0.01	17.0	18.0	19	20	0.20	0.01
1N5541	22.0	1.0	100	0.01	18.0	19.8	17	20	0.25	0.01
1N5542	24.0	1.0	100	0.01	20.0	21.6	16	20	0.30	0.01
1N5543	25.0	1.0	100	0.01	21.0	22.4	15	20	0.35	0.01
1N5544	28.0	1.0	100	0.01	23.0	25.2	14	20	0.40	0.01
1N5545	30.0	1.0	100	0.01	24.0	27.0	13	20	0.45	0.01
1N5546	33.0	1.0	100	0.01	28.0	29.0	12	20	0.50	0.01

### NOTE 1 — TOLERANCE AND VOLTAGE DESIGNATION

The JEDEC type numbers shown are  $\pm 20\%$  with guaranteed limits for only  $V_Z$ ,  $I_R$ , and  $V_F$ . Units with "A" suffix are  $\pm 10\%$  with guaranteed limits for  $V_Z$ ,  $I_R$ , and  $V_F$ . Units with guaranteed limits for all six parameters are indicated by a "B" suffix for  $\pm 5.0\%$  units, "C" suffix for  $\pm 2.0\%$  and "D" suffix for  $\pm 1.0\%$ .

### NOTE 2 — ZENER VOLTAGE ( $V_Z$ ) MEASUREMENT

Nominal zener voltage is measured with the device junction in thermal equilibrium with ambient temperature of  $25^\circ\text{C}$ .

### NOTE 3 — ZENER IMPEDANCE ( $Z_Z$ ) DERIVATION

The zener impedance is derived from the 60 Hz ac voltage, which results when an ac current having an rms value equal to 10% of the dc zener current ( $I_{ZT}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$ .

### NOTE 4 — REVERSE LEAKAGE CURRENT ( $I_R$ )

Reverse leakage currents are guaranteed and are measured at  $V_R$  as shown on the table.

### NOTE 5 — MAXIMUM REGULATOR CURRENT ( $I_{ZM}$ )

The maximum current shown is based on the maximum voltage of a 5.0% type unit, therefore, it applies only to the "B" suffix device. The actual  $I_{ZM}$  for any device may not exceed the value of 400 milliwatts divided by the actual  $V_Z$  of the device.

### NOTE 6 — MAXIMUM REGULATION FACTOR ( $\Delta V_Z$ )

$\Delta V_Z$  is the maximum difference between  $V_Z$  at  $I_{ZT}$  and  $V_Z$  at  $I_{ZL}$  measured with the device junction in thermal equilibrium.

## LOW VOLTAGE AVALANCHE DIODES DO-7

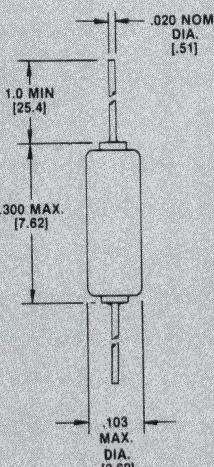


FIGURE 1

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case, DO-7.

FINISH: Corrosion resistant. Leads are solderable.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

THERMAL RESISTANCE:  $300^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$  (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body.

# 1N5518 thru 1N5546 DO-7

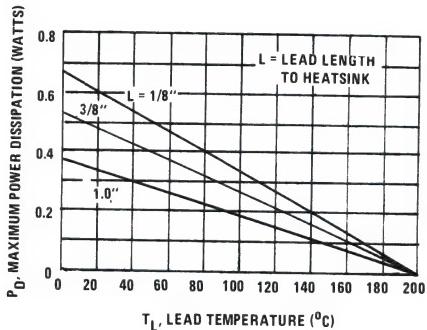


FIGURE 2  
POWER-TEMPERATURE  
DERATING CURVE

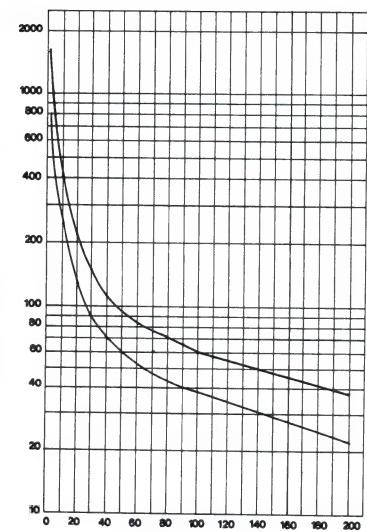


FIGURE 3  
CAPACITANCE VS. ZENER VOLTAGE  
(TYPICAL)

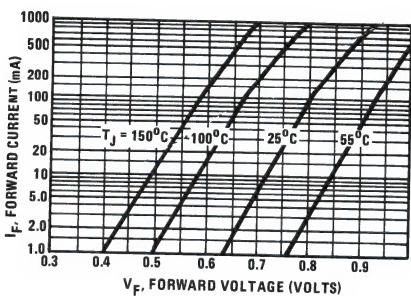


FIGURE 4  
TYPICAL FORWARD  
CHARACTERISTICS

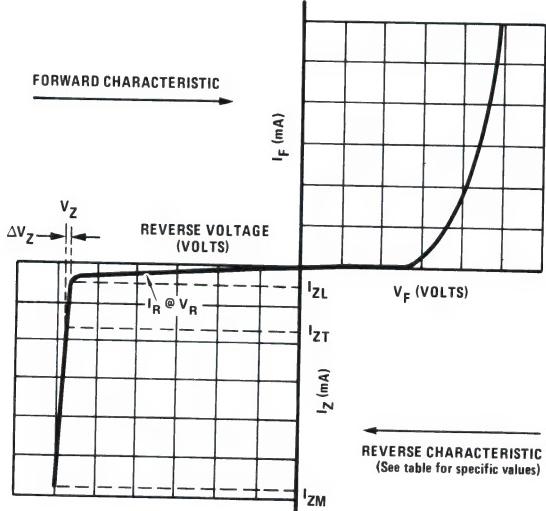


FIGURE 5  
ZENER DIODE CHARACTERISTICS  
AND SYMBOL IDENTIFICATION

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**1N5518  
thru  
1N5546**

## FEATURES

- LOW ZENER NOISE SPECIFIED
- LOW ZENER IMPEDANCE
- LOW LEAKAGE CURRENT
- HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE
- JAN/JANTX/JANTV AVAILABLE ON 1N5518-1 THROUGH 1N5546B-1 PER MIL-S-19500/437

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +200°C

Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted. Based on dc measurements at thermal equilibrium;

$V_F = 1.1 \text{ Max.} @ I_F = 200 \text{ mA}$  for all types)

JEDEC TYPE NO. (Note 1)	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE $V_Z @ I_{ZT}$ mAdc (Note 2)	TEST CURRENT $I_{ZL}$ mAdc (Note 3)	MAX. ZENER IMPEDANCE B-C-D SUFFIX $Z_{ZT} @ I_{ZT}$ OHMS (Note 4)	MAX. REVERSE LEAKAGE CURRENT		B-C-D SUFFIX MAX. REGULATORY INTENSITY AT $I_{ZL} = 250 \mu\text{A}$ $N_D$	REGULATION FACTOR $\Delta V_Z$ VOLTS (Note 5)	LOW V <sub>Z</sub> CURRENT $I_{ZM}$ mAdc		
				$I_R$ μAdc (Note 4)	$V_R$ VOLTS	NON A SUFFIX	B-C-D SUFFIX	(MICRO VOLTS PER SQUARE ROOT CYCLE)		
1N5518	3.3	20	26	5.0	0.80	1.0	115	0.5	0.90	2.0
1N5519	3.6	20	24	3.0	0.90	1.0	105	0.5	0.90	2.0
1N5520	3.9	20	22	1.0	0.90	1.0	98	0.5	0.85	2.0
1N5521	4.3	10	18	3.0	1.0	1.5	86	0.5	0.75	2.0
1N5522	4.2	10	22	2.0	1.1	2.0	81	0.5	0.60	1.0
1N5523	5.1	5.0	26	2.0	2.0	2.5	75	0.5	0.65	0.25
1N5524	5.6	5.0	30	2.0	3.0	3.5	68	1.0	0.30	0.25
1N5525	6.2	1.0	30	1.0	4.5	5.0	61	1.0	0.05	0.01
1N5526	6.8	1.0	30	1.0	5.5	6.2	56	1.0	0.10	0.01
1N5527	7.5	1.0	35	0.5	6.0	6.8	51	2.0	0.05	0.01
1N5528	8.2	1.0	40	0.5	6.5	7.5	46	4.0	0.05	0.01
1N5529	9.1	1.0	45	0.1	7.0	8.2	42	4.0	0.05	0.01
1N5530	10.0	1.0	60	0.05	8.0	9.1	38	4.0	0.10	0.01
1N5531	11.0	1.0	80	0.05	9.0	9.9	35	5.0	0.20	0.01
1N5532	12.0	1.0	90	0.05	9.5	10.8	32	10	0.20	0.01
1N5533	13.0	1.0	90	0.01	10.5	11.7	29	15	0.20	0.01
1N5534	14.0	1.0	100	0.01	11.0	12.3	27	20	0.20	0.01
1N5535	15.0	1.0	100	0.01	12.5	13.5	25	20	0.20	0.01
1N5536	16.0	1.0	100	0.01	13.0	14.4	24	20	0.20	0.01
1N5537	17.0	1.0	100	0.01	14.0	15.3	22	20	0.20	0.01
1N5538	18.0	1.0	100	0.01	15.0	16.2	21	20	0.20	0.01
1N5539	19.0	1.0	100	0.01	16.0	17.1	20	20	0.20	0.01
1N5540	20.0	1.0	100	0.01	17.0	18.0	19	20	0.20	0.01
1N5541	22.0	1.0	100	0.01	18.0	18.8	17	20	0.25	0.01
1N5542	24.0	1.0	100	0.01	20.0	21.6	16	20	0.30	0.01
1N5543	25.0	1.0	100	0.01	21.0	22.4	15	20	0.35	0.01
1N5544	28.0	1.0	100	0.01	23.0	25.2	14	20	0.40	0.01
1N5545	30.0	1.0	100	0.01	24.0	27.0	13	20	0.45	0.01
1N5546	33.0	1.0	100	0.01	26.0	29.7	12	20	0.50	0.01

## NOTE 1 — TOLERANCE AND VOLTAGE DESIGNATION

The JEDEC type numbers shown are  $\pm 20\%$  with guaranteed limits for only  $V_Z$ ,  $I_{ZT}$ , and  $V_F$ . Units with A suffix are  $\pm 10\%$  with guaranteed limits for only  $V_Z$ ,  $I_{ZT}$ , and  $V_F$ . Units with B suffix have guaranteed limits for all six parameters are indicated by a B suffix for  $\pm 5.0\%$  units, C suffix for  $\pm 2.0\%$  and D suffix for  $\pm 1.0\%$ .

## NOTE 2 — ZENER (V<sub>Z</sub>) VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT

Nominal zener voltage is measured with the device junction in thermal equilibrium with ambient temperature of 25°C.

## NOTE 3 — ZENER IMPEDANCE (Z<sub>Z</sub>) DERIVATION

The zener impedance is derived from the 60 Hz ac voltage, which results when an ac current having an rms value equal to 10% of the dc zener current ( $I_{ZT}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$ .

## NOTE 4 — REVERSE LEAKAGE CURRENT (I<sub>R</sub>)

Reverse leakage currents are guaranteed and are measured at  $V_R$  as shown on the table.

## NOTE 5 — MAXIMUM REGULATOR CURRENT (I<sub>ZM</sub>)

The maximum current shown is based on the maximum voltage of a 5.0% type unit, therefore, it applies only to the B suffix device. The actual  $I_{ZM}$  for any device may not exceed the value of 400 milliwatts divided by the actual  $V_Z$  of the device.

## NOTE 6 — MAXIMUM REGULATION FACTOR ( $\Delta V_Z$ )

$\Delta V_Z$  is the maximum difference between  $V_Z$  at  $I_{ZT}$  and  $V_Z$  at  $I_{ZL}$  measured with the device junction in thermal equilibrium.

## LOW VOLTAGE AVALANCHE DIODES DO-35

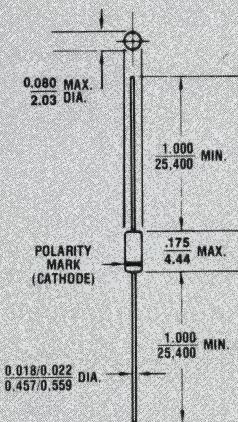


FIGURE 1  
All dimensions in  
INCH  
m.m.

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case. DO-35.

LEAD MATERIAL: Tinned copper clad steel.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

THERMAL RESISTANCE: 200°C/W (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body. Metallurgically bonded DO-35's exhibit less than 100°C/Watt at zero distance from body.

# 1N5518 thru 1N5546 DO-35

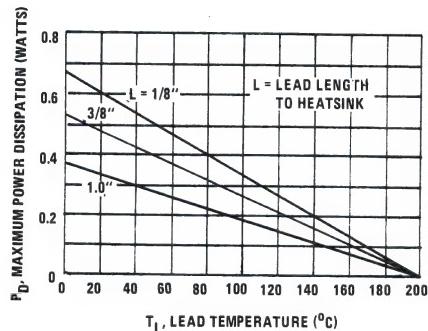


FIGURE 2  
POWER-TEMPERATURE  
DERATING CURVE

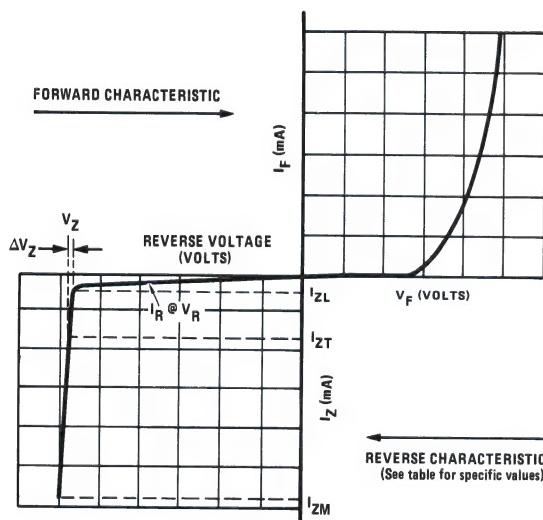


FIGURE 3  
ZENER DIODE CHARACTERISTICS  
AND SYMBOL IDENTIFICATION

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(602) 941-6300**1N5728  
thru  
1N5757****FEATURES**

- ZENER VOLTAGE 4.7 TO 75 V
- SMALL RUGGED DOUBLE SLUG CONSTRUCTION DO-35
- CONSTRUCTED WITH AN OXIDE PASSIVATED ALL DIFFUSED DIE

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**Operating Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+200^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

DC Power Dissipation: 400 mW

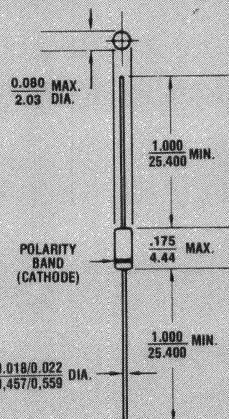
Power Derating: 2.63 mW/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$  above  $50^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Forward Voltage @ 10 mA: 0.9 Volts

**\*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$** 

TYPE NUMBER (Note 1)	REGULATOR VOLTAGE	TEST CURRENT	DYNAMIC IMPEDANCE	REVERSE CURRENT	I <sub>T</sub> TEST VOLTAGE	MAXIMUM REGULATOR CURRENT	TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT
	(V <sub>R</sub> ) VOLTS	(I <sub>T</sub> ) MODE	(Z <sub>D</sub> ) OHMS	(I <sub>R</sub> ) $\mu\text{A}$	(V <sub>R</sub> ) VOLTS	(I <sub>ZM</sub> ) mA	( $\alpha_{VZ}$ ) mV/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$
<b>1N5728B</b>	4.7	10	70	3.0	2	70	-1.0
<b>1N5729B</b>	5.1	10	50	3.0	2	65	-0.2
<b>1N5730B</b>	5.6	10	25	3.0	2	60	+1.2
<b>1N5731B</b>	6.2	10	10	3.0	4	55	+2.3
<b>1N5732B</b>	6.8	10	10	3.0	4	50	+3.0
<b>1N5733B</b>	7.5	10	10	2.0	5	45	+4.0
<b>1N5734B</b>	8.2	10	15	1.0	5	40	+5.0
<b>1N5735B</b>	9.1	10	15	0.5	6	40	+6.0
<b>1N5736B</b>	10	10	20	0.2	7	35	+7.0
<b>1N5737B</b>	11	5	20	0.1	8	30	+8.0
<b>1N5738B</b>	12	5	25	0.1	8	30	+9.0
<b>1N5739B</b>	13	5	30	0.1	9	25	+10.5
<b>1N5740B</b>	15	5	30	0.1	10	25	+12.9
<b>1N5741B</b>	16	5	40	0.1	11	20	+13
<b>1N5742B</b>	18	5	45	0.1	12	20	+15
<b>1N5743B</b>	20	5	55	0.1	14	15	+17
<b>1N5744B</b>	22	5	55	0.1	15	15	+19
<b>1N5745B</b>	24	5	70	0.1	17	15	+21
<b>1N5746B</b>	27	2	80	0.1	19	10	+23.5
<b>1N5747B</b>	30	2	80	0.1	21	10	+26
<b>1N5748B</b>	33	2	90	0.1	23	10	+29
<b>1N5749B</b>	36	2	90	0.1	25	10	+31
<b>1N5750B</b>	39	2	130	0.1	27	9	+34
<b>1N5751B</b>	43	2	150	0.1	30	9	+37
<b>1N5752B</b>	47	2	170	0.1	33	8	+40
<b>1N5753B</b>	51	2	180	0.1	36	7	+44
<b>1N5754B</b>	56	2	200	0.1	39	6	+47
<b>1N5755B</b>	62	2	215	0.1	43	6	+51
<b>1N5756B</b>	68	2	240	0.1	48	5	+56
<b>1N5757B</b>	75	2	255	0.1	53	5	+60

\*JEDEC Registered Data. The Type Number indicates 5% Tolerance. See Note 1.

**SILICON  
400 mW  
ZENER DIODES**

**FIGURE 1**  
All dimensions in  
INCH  
m.m.

**MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case. DO-35.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE:  $200^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$  (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body.

POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

WEIGHT: 0.2 grams.

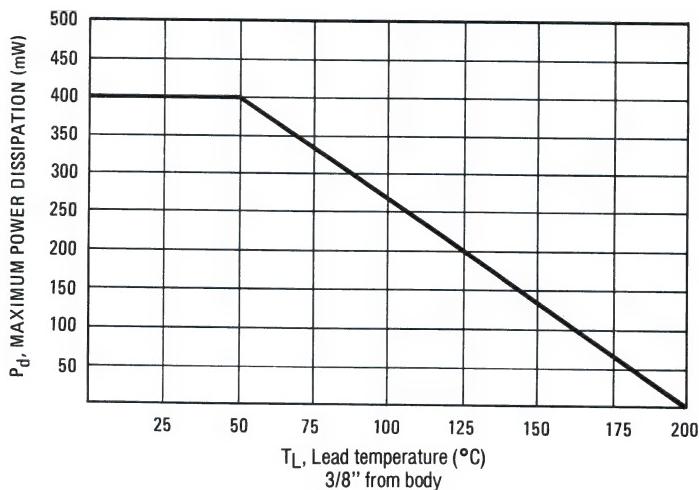
MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 1N5728 thru 1N5757

**NOTE 1** Devices listed have a  $\pm 5\%$  voltage tolerance on nominal  $V_Z$ . Suffix C denotes a  $\pm 2\%$  tolerance and suffix D denotes a  $\pm 1\%$  tolerance.

**NOTE 2** All static parameters measured under pulsed conditions,  $t_p = 300 \mu\text{sec}$ .

**NOTE 3** Dynamic Impedance measured by superimposing 0.2 mA I<sub>ac</sub> rms at 1000 hz on I DC.



**FIGURE 2** POWER DERATING CURVE

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**1N5913B**  
thru  
**1N5956B**

## FEATURES

- ZENER VOLTAGE 3.3 V TO 200 V
- WITHSTANDS LARGE SURGE STRESSES

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Junction and Storage: -55°C to +200°C

DC Power Dissipation: 1.5 Watt

12 mW/°C above 75°C

Forward Voltage @ 200 mA: 1.2 Volts

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ $T_L = 30^\circ\text{C}$

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER	ZENER VOLTAGE $V_z$	TEST CURRENT $I_{zT}$	DYNAMIC IMPEDANCE $Z_{zT}$	KNEE CURRENT $I_{zK}$	KNEE IMPEDANCE $Z_{zK}$	REVERSE CURRENT $I_R$	REVERSE VOLTAGE $V_R$	MAX. DC CURRENT $I_{zM}$
	Volts	mA	$\Omega$	mA	$\Omega$	$\mu\text{A}/\text{dC}$	Volts	mA
1N5913	3.3	113.6	10	1.0	500	100	1.0	454
1N5914	3.6	104.2	9.0	1.0	500	75	1.0	416
1N5915	3.9	96.1	7.5	1.0	500	25	1.0	384
1N5916	4.3	87.2	6.0	1.0	500	5.0	1.0	348
1N5917	4.7	79.8	5.0	1.0	500	5.0	1.5	319
1N5918	5.1	73.5	4.0	1.0	350	5.0	2.0	294
1N5919	5.6	66.9	2.0	1.0	250	5.0	3.0	267
1N5920	6.2	60.5	2.0	1.0	200	5.0	4.0	241
1N5921	6.8	55.1	2.5	1.0	200	5.0	5.2	220
1N5922	7.5	50	3.0	0.5	400	5.0	6.0	200
1N5923	8.2	45.7	3.5	0.5	400	5.0	6.5	182
1N5924	9.1	41.2	4.0	0.5	500	5.0	7.0	164
1N5925	10	37.5	4.5	0.25	500	5.0	8.0	150
1N5926	11	34.1	5.5	0.25	550	1.0	8.4	125
1N5927	12	31.2	6.5	0.25	550	1.0	9.1	125
1N5928	13	28.8	7.0	0.25	550	1.0	9.9	115
1N5929	15	25	9.0	0.25	600	1.0	11.4	100
1N5930	16	23.4	10	0.25	600	1.0	12.2	93
1N5931	18	20.8	12	0.25	650	1.0	13.7	83
1N5932	20	18.7	14	0.25	650	1.0	15.2	75
1N5933	22	17	17.5	0.25	650	1.0	16.7	68
1N5934	24	15.6	19	0.25	700	1.0	18.2	62
1N5935	27	13.9	23	0.25	700	1.0	20.6	55
1N5936	30	12.5	28	0.25	750	1.0	22.8	50
1N5937	33	11.4	33	0.25	800	1.0	25.1	45
1N5938	36	10.4	38	0.25	850	1.0	27.4	41
1N5939	39	9.6	45	0.25	900	1.0	29.7	38
1N5940	43	8.7	53	0.25	950	1.0	32.7	34
1N5941	47	8.0	67	0.25	1000	1.0	35.8	31
1N5942	51	7.3	70	0.25	1100	1.0	38.8	29
1N5943	56	6.7	86	0.25	1300	1.0	42.6	26
1N5944	62	6.0	100	0.25	1500	1.0	47.1	24
1N5945	68	5.5	120	0.25	1700	1.0	51.2	22
1N5946	75	5.0	140	0.25	2000	1.0	56	20
1N5947	82	4.6	160	0.25	2500	1.0	62.2	18
1N5948	91	4.1	200	0.25	3000	1.0	69.2	16
1N5949	100	3.7	250	0.25	3100	1.0	76	15
1N5950	110	3.4	300	0.25	4000	1.0	83.6	13
1N5951	120	3.1	380	0.25	4500	1.0	91.2	12
1N5952	130	2.9	450	0.25	5000	1.0	98.8	11
1N5953	150	2.5	600	0.25	6000	1.0	114	10
1N5954	160	2.3	700	0.25	6500	1.0	121.6	9.0
1N5955	180	2.1	900	0.25	7000	1.0	136.8	8.0
1N5956	200	1.9	1200	0.25	8000	1.0	152	7.0

## SILICON 1.5 WATT ZENER DIODES

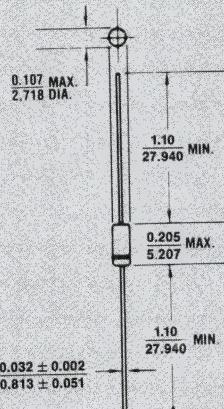


FIGURE 1  
All dimensions in INCH  
m.m.

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed, axial leaded glass package (DO-41).

FINISH: Corrosion resistant. Leads are solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE: 60°C/W junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body.

POLARITY: Banded end is cathode.

WEIGHT: 0.4 grams (Typical).

# 1N5913B thru 1N5956B

**NOTE 1** No suffix indicates a  $\pm 20\%$  tolerance on nominal  $V_Z$ . Suffix A denotes a  $\pm 10\%$  tolerance, B denotes a  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance, C denotes a  $\pm 2\%$  tolerance, and D denotes a  $\pm 1\%$  tolerance.

**NOTE 2** Zener voltage ( $V_Z$ ) is measured at  $T_L = 30^\circ\text{C}$ . Voltage measurement to be performed 90 seconds after application of DC current.

**NOTE 3** The zener impedance is derived from the 60 Hz ac voltage, which results when an ac current having an rms value equal to 10% of the DC zener current ( $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ .

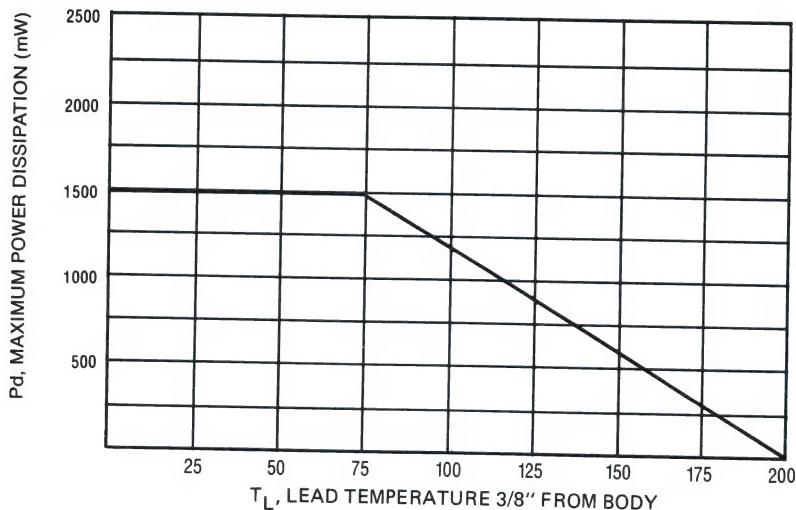
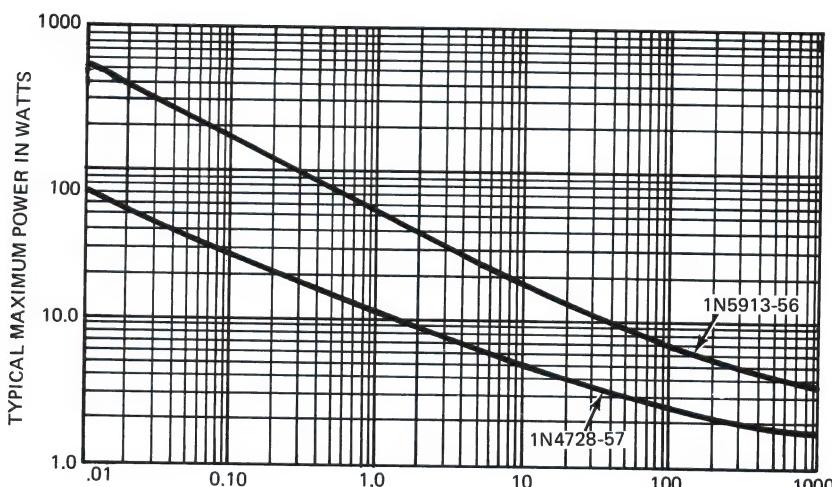


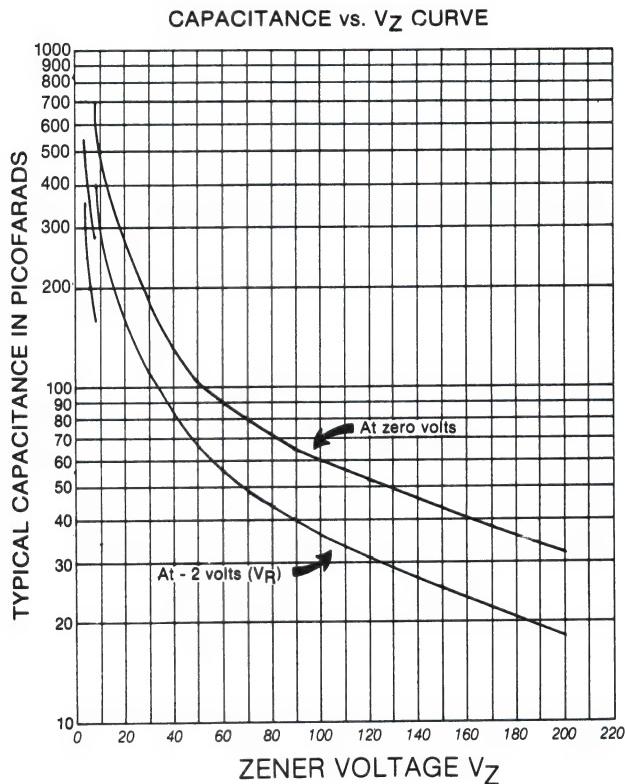
FIGURE 2. POWER DERATING CURVE



SQUARE WAVE PULSE WIDTH (NON-REPETITIVE) IN MILLISECONDS

FIGURE 3. TRANSIENT SURGE CAPABILITY OF DO-41 GLASS DIODE

## 1N5913B thru 1N5956B



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SANTA ANA, CA

**1N5985  
thru  
1N6031**

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300**FEATURES**

- Popular DO-35 Package—Small and Rugged
- Double Slug Construction
- Constructed with an Oxide Passivated All Diffused Die

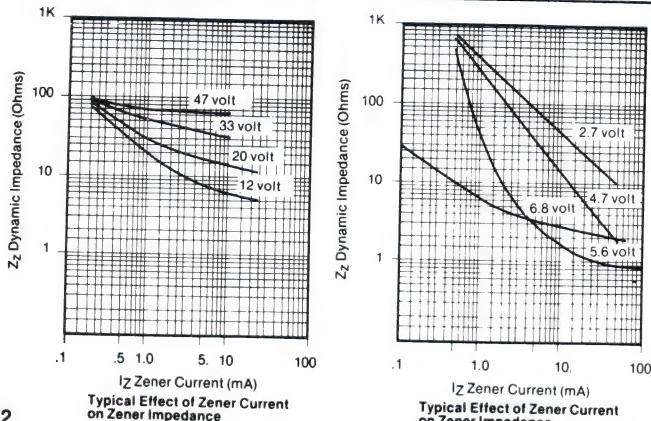
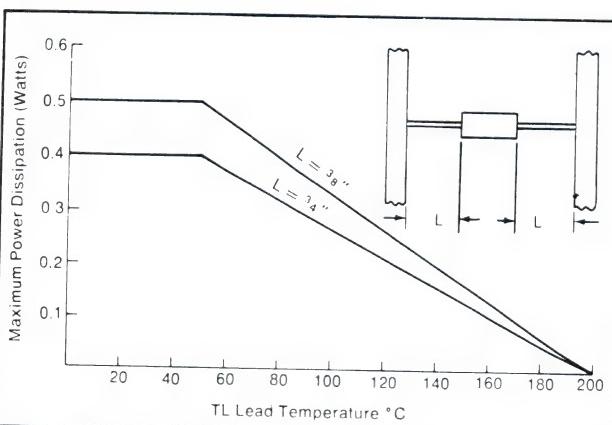
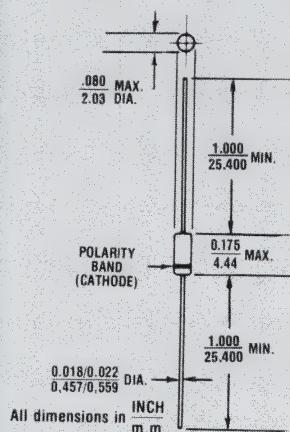
**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Operating & Storage Temp.:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+200^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 DC Power Dissipation: At Lead Temp.  $\text{TL} \leqslant 50^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 Lead length  $3/8''$ : 500 mW  
 Derate above  $+50^{\circ}\text{C}$ :  $3.33\text{mW}/^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 Forward voltage @ 100mA: 1.5V  
 and  $\text{TL} = 30^{\circ}\text{C}$   $L = 3/8''$

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

See the following table:

The type number listed indicates a 20% tolerance. For 10% tolerance, add suffix A; for 5% tolerance, add suffix B; for 2% tolerance add suffix C; for 1% tolerance, add suffix D.


**SILICON  
500 mW  
ZENER DIODES**
**FIGURE 1****MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case. DO-35.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE:  $200^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$  (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body.

POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

# 1N5985 thru 1N6031

**\*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** @ 30°C Lead Temperature. Lead Length 3/8".

JEDEC Type Number	Nominal Zener Voltage V <sub>Z</sub> @ I <sub>ZT</sub> Volts (Note 2)	Test Current I <sub>ZT</sub> mA	Max. Zener Impedance (Note 1)				Max. Reverse Leakage Current Current				Max. DC Zener Current I <sub>ZM</sub> (Note 3)	Typical Temp. Coef. of Zener Voltage $\alpha_{VZ}$ %/°C		
			Z <sub>ZT</sub> @ I <sub>ZT</sub> Ohms		Z <sub>ZK</sub> @ I <sub>ZK</sub> = 0.25 mA Ohms		I <sub>R</sub> μA		V <sub>R</sub> Volts					
			B, C, D Suffix	A, Non-Suffix	B, C, D Suffix	A, Non-Suffix	B, C, D Suffix	A, Non-Suffix	B, C, D Suffix	A, Non-Suffix				
1N5985	2.4	5.0	100	110	1800	2000	100	100	1.0	0.5	208	-0.09		
1N5986	2.7	5.0	100	110	1900	2200	75	100	1.0	0.5	185	-0.075		
1N5987	3.0	5.0	95	100	2000	2300	50	100	1.0	0.5	167	-0.07		
1N5988	3.3	5.0	95	100	2200	2400	25	75	1.0	0.5	152	-0.06		
1N5989	3.6	5.0	90	95	2300	2500	15	50	1.0	0.5	139	-0.055		
1N5990	3.9	5.0	90	95	2400	2500	10	25	1.0	1.0	128	-0.045		
1N5991	4.3	5.0	88	90	2500	2500	5.0	15	1.0	1.0	116	-0.01		
1N5992	4.7	5.0	70	90	2200	2500	3.0	10	1.5	1.0	106	+0.01		
1N5993	5.1	5.0	50	88	2050	2500	2.0	5.0	2.0	1.0	98	+0.025		
1N5994	5.6	5.0	25	70	1800	2200	2.0	3.0	3.0	1.5	89	+0.035		
1N5995	6.2	5.0	10	50	1300	2050	1.0	2.0	4.0	2.0	81	+0.04		
1N5996	6.8	5.0	8.0	25	750	1800	1.0	2.0	5.2	3.0	74	+0.044		
1N5997	7.5	5.0	7.0	10	600	1300	0.5	1.0	6.0	4.0	67	+0.051		
1N5998	8.2	5.0	7.0	15	600	750	0.5	1.0	6.5	5.2	61	+0.055		
1N5999	9.1	5.0	10	18	600	600	0.1	0.5	7.0	6.0	55	+0.061		
1N6000	10	5.0	15	22	600	600	0.1	0.5	8.0	6.5	50	+0.065		
1N6001	11	5.0	18	25	600	600	0.1	0.1	8.4	7.0	45	+0.068		
1N6002	12	5.0	22	32	600	600	0.1	0.1	9.1	8.0	42	+0.073		
1N6003	13	5.0	25	36	600	600	0.1	0.1	9.9	8.4	38	+0.075		
1N6004	15	5.0	32	42	600	600	0.1	0.1	11	9.1	33	+0.079		
1N6005	16	5.0	36	48	600	600	0.1	0.1	12	9.9	31	+0.080		
1N6006	18	5.0	42	55	600	600	0.1	0.1	14	11	28	+0.083		
1N6007	20	5.0	48	62	600	600	0.1	0.1	15	12	25	+0.085		
1N6008	22	5.0	55	70	600	600	0.1	0.1	17	14	23	+0.087		
1N6009	24	5.0	62	78	600	600	0.1	0.1	18	15	21	+0.090		
1N6010	27	5.0	70	88	600	700	0.1	0.1	21	17	19	+0.091		
1N6011	30	5.0	78	95	600	700	0.1	0.1	23	18	17	+0.093		
1N6012	33	5.0	88	110	700	800	0.1	0.1	25	21	15	+0.094		
1N6013	36	5.0	95	130	700	900	0.1	0.1	27	23	14	+0.094		
1N6014	39	2.0	130	170	800	1000	0.1	0.1	30	25	13	+0.095		
1N6015	43	2.0	150	180	900	1100	0.1	0.1	33	27	12	+0.095		
1N6016	47	2.0	170	200	1000	1300	0.1	0.1	36	30	11	+0.096		
1N6017	51	2.0	180	225	1300	1400	0.1	0.1	39	33	9.8	+0.096		
1N6018	56	2.0	200	240	1400	1600	0.1	0.1	43	36	8.9	+0.096		
1N6019	62	2.0	225	265	1400	1700	0.1	0.1	47	39	8.0	+0.097		
1N6020	68	2.0	240	280	1600	2000	0.1	0.1	52	43	7.4	+0.097		
1N6021	75	2.0	265	300	1700	2300	0.1	0.1	56	47	6.7	+0.098		
1N6022	82	2.0	280	350	2000	2600	0.1	0.1	62	52	6.1	+0.098		
1N6023	91	2.0	300	400	2300	3000	0.1	0.1	69	56	5.5	+0.099		
1N6024	100	1.0	500	800	2600	4000	0.1	0.1	76	62	5.0	+0.110		
1N6025	110	1.0	650	950	3000	4500	0.1	0.1	84	69	4.5	+0.110		
1N6026	120	1.0	800	1250	4000	5000	0.1	0.1	91	76	4.2	+0.110		
1N6027	130	1.0	950	1400	4500	5500	0.1	0.1	99	84	3.8	+0.110		
1N6028	150	1.0	1250	1700	5000	6000	0.1	0.1	114	91	3.3	+0.110		
1N6029	160	1.0	1400	2000	5500	7000	0.1	0.1	122	99	3.1	+0.110		
1N6030	180	1.0	1700	2350	6000	8000	0.1	0.1	137	114	2.8	+0.110		
1N6031	200	1.0	2000	2700	7000	9000	0.1	0.1	152	122	2.5	+0.110		

\*Indicates JEDEC Registered Data.

# 1N5985 thru 1N6031

## NOTE 1.

Zener impedance is derived from the 1KHz AC voltage which results when an AC current having an rms value equal to 10% of DC zener current ( $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ .

## NOTE 2.

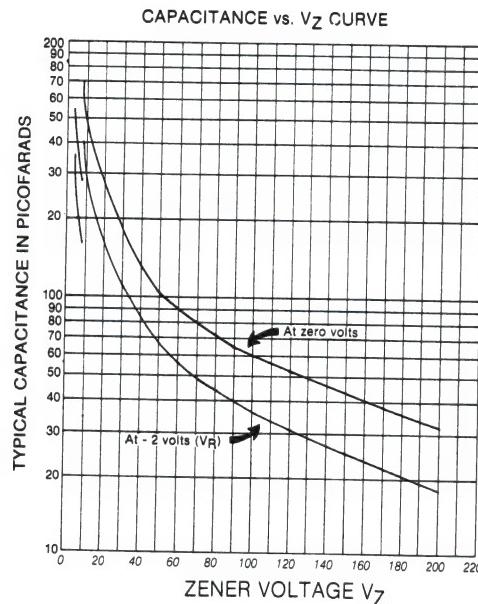
Voltage measurements to be performed 20 seconds after application of the DC test current.

## NOTE 3.

The maximum zener current  $I_{zm}$  shown is for the nominal voltages. The following formula can be used to determine the worst case current for any tolerance device.

$$I_{zm} = \frac{P}{V_{zm}}$$

Where  $V_{zm}$  is the high end of the voltage tolerance specified and  $P$  is the rated power of the device.



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The diode experts

SANTA ANA, CA

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SCOTTSDALE, AZ

**1N6309  
thru  
1N6355**

## FEATURES

- VOIDLESS HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE
- MICROMINIATURE PACKAGE
- TRIPLE LAYER PASSIVATION
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED (ABOVE 6.2 VOLTS)
- JAN/TX/TXV TYPES AVAILABLE PER MIL-S-19500/533

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

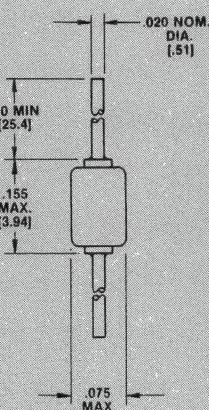
Operating Temperature: -65°C to +200°C

Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TYPE	V <sub>Z2</sub> 50M. ±5% @ I <sub>Z2</sub> 250 μA	V <sub>Z1</sub> MIN. @ I <sub>Z1</sub> 250 μA	I <sub>Z2</sub> TEST CURRENT	Z <sub>Z2</sub> @ I <sub>Z2</sub>	Z <sub>ZK</sub> @ 250 μA	I <sub>ZM</sub>	V <sub>Z</sub> (reg)	I <sub>ZSM</sub> SURGE	V <sub>R</sub>	I <sub>R1</sub> @ 25°C	I <sub>R2</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 150°C	N <sub>D</sub> @ 250 μA	αV <sub>Z</sub>	C @ 0V
	VOLTS	VOLTS	mA	OHMS	OHMS	mA	VOLTS	AMPS	VOLTS	μA	μA	μV/√Hz	%/°C	pF
1N6309	2.4	1.1	20	30	1200	177	1.6	2.5	1.0	100	200	1.0	-0.05	2000
1N6310	2.7	1.2	20	30	1300	157	1.6	2.2	1.0	60	150	1.0	-0.05	1900
1N6311	3.0	1.3	20	29	1400	141	1.6	2.0	1.0	30	100	1.0	-0.05	1800
1N6312	3.3	1.5	20	24	1400	128	1.6	1.8	1.0	5.0	20	1.0	-0.05	1650
1N6313	3.6	1.8	20	22	1400	109	1.6	1.65	1.0	3.0	12	1.0	+0.020	1600
1N6314	3.9	2.0	20	20	1700	118	1.6	1.5	1.0	2.0	12	1.0	-0.043	1400
1N6315	4.3	2.4	20	18	1400	99	0.9	1.4	1.0	2.0	12	1.0	+0.025	1350
1N6316	4.7	2.8	20	16	1500	90	0.5	1.27	1.5	5.0	12	1.0	+0.032	1300
1N6317	5.1	3.3	20	14	1300	83	0.4	1.17	2.0	5.0	12	1.0	+0.045	1200
1N6318	5.6	4.3	20	8.0	1200	76	0.4	1.10	2.5	5.0	10	2.0	+0.055	1150
1N6319	6.2	5.2	20	3.0	800	68	0.3	0.97	3.5	5.0	10	5.0	0.060	1050
1N6320	6.8	6.0	20	3.0	400	63	0.35	1.23	4.0	2.0	10	5.0	0.062	1000
1N6321	7.5	6.6	20	4.0	400	57	0.4	1.16	5.0	2.0	10	5.0	0.068	900
1N6322	8.2	7.5	20	5.0	400	52	0.4	1.07	6.0	1.0	10	20	0.075	800
1N6323	9.1	8.4	20	6.0	500	47	0.5	0.97	7.0	1.0	10	40	0.076	700
1N6324	10	9.1	20	6.0	500	43	0.5	.89	8.0	1.0	10	80	0.079	600
1N6325	11	10	20	7.0	550	39	0.5	.83	8.5	1.0	10	100	0.082	500
1N6326	12	11	20	7.0	550	35	0.55	.77	9.0	1.0	10	100	0.084	450
1N6327	13	11.9	9.5	8.0	550	33	0.55	0.71	9.9	1.0	10	100	0.079	400
1N6328	15	13.8	8.5	10	600	28	.70	.62	11	1.0	10	100	0.082	350
1N6329	16	14.7	7.8	12	600	27	.75	.58	12	0.5	10	100	0.083	325
1N6330	18	16.6	7.0	14	600	24	.85	.52	14	0.5	10	100	0.085	300
1N6331	20	18.5	6.2	18	500	21	.95	.47	15	0.5	10	100	0.086	275
1N6332	22	20.4	5.6	20	500	19	1.05	.43	17	0.5	10	100	0.087	260
1N6333	24	22.3	5.2	24	500	18	1.15	.39	18	0.5	10	100	0.088	240
1N6334	27	25.2	4.6	27	500	16	1.30	.35	21	0.5	10	100	+0.090	220
1N6335	30	28	4.2	32	500	14	1.45	.31	23	0.5	10	100	0.091	200
1N6336	33	30.9	3.8	40	600	13	1.60	.26	25	0.5	10	100	0.092	185
1N6337	36	33.7	3.4	50	600	12	1.75	.26	27	0.6	10	100	0.093	175
1N6338	39	36.6	3.2	55	700	11	1.90	.24	30	0.6	10	100	0.094	170
1N6339	43	40.4	3.0	65	800	9.9	2.10	.22	33	0.6	10	80	0.095	165
1N6340	47	44.2	2.7	75	900	9.0	2.25	.20	36	0.6	10	80	0.095	155
1N6341	51	48	2.5	85	1000	8.5	2.50	.18	39	0.6	10	80	0.096	145
1N6342	56	52.7	2.2	100	1200	7.6	2.70	.17	43	0.6	10	80	0.097	135
1N6343	62	58.4	2.0	125	1300	6.8	2.90	.15	47	0.6	10	80	0.097	130
1N6344	68	64.1	1.8	155	1500	6.3	3.29	.12	52	0.6	10	80	0.098	120
1N6345	75	70.8	1.7	160	1600	5.7	3.40	.125	56	0.6	10	80	0.098	110
1N6346	82	77.4	1.5	220	1800	5.2	3.80	.115	62	0.6	10	80	0.099	105
1N6347	91	86	1.4	270	2100	4.7	4.20	.100	69	0.6	10	80	0.099	100
1N6348	100	94.5	1.3	340	2400	4.3	4.40	.095	76	0.6	10	80	0.110	95
1N6349	110	104	1.1	500	2800	3.9	4.80	.085	84	0.6	10	80	0.110	90
1N6350	120	113	1.0	600	3200	3.5	5.20	.080	91	0.6	10	80	0.110	70
1N6351	130	122	0.95	850	4100	3.3	5.60	.070	99	0.6	10	80	0.110	70
1N6352	150	141	.85	1000	4500	2.8	7.00	.065	114	0.6	10	80	0.110	65
1N6353	160	151	.80	1200	5000	2.1	7.50	.060	120	0.6	10	80	0.110	65
1N6354	180	170	.65	1500	5600	2.4	9.00	.050	137	0.6	10	80	0.110	60
1N6355	200	189	.65	1800	6500	2.1	12.0	.045	152	0.6	10	80	0.110	55

## REGULATOR DIODES



## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed hard glass.

LEAD MATERIAL: Copper clad steel.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.

## 1N6309 thru 1N6355

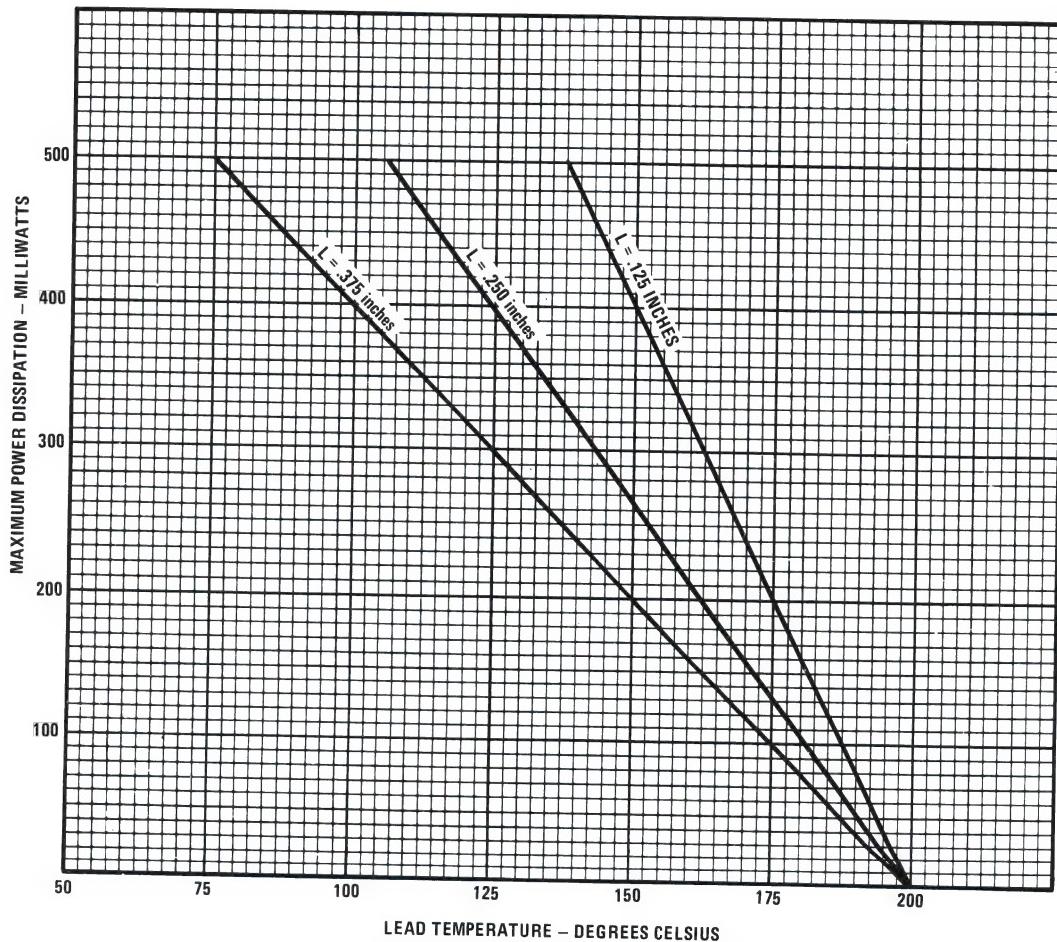


FIGURE 2. MAXIMUM POWER VS. LEAD TEMPERATURE



SANTA ANA, CA

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**1EZ110D5  
thru  
1EZ200D5**

## FEATURES

- ZENER VOLTAGE 110 V TO 200 V
- WITHSTANDS LARGE SURGE STRESSES
- ALSO AVAILABLE IN GLASS. (See Note 6.)

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Junction and Storage Temperatures: -65°C to +175°C

DC Power Dissipation: 1 Watt

Power Derating: 13.3 mW/°C above 100°C

Forward Voltage @ 200 mA: 1.2 volts

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

MICRO TYPE NUMBER Note 1	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE (Note 2 & 5)		MAXIMUM ZENER IMPEDANCE Note 3			MAXIMUM RATED ZENER CURRENT @ 100°C	TYPICAL TEMP. COEF. OF ZENER VOLTAGE	MAXIMUM SURGE CURRENT $I_s$
	$V_z$ @ $I_{zT}$		$Z_{zT}$ @ $I_{zT}$	$Z_{zK}$ @ $I_{zK}$	$I_{zM}$			
	VOLTS	mA	OHMS	OHMS	mA			
1EZ110D5	110	2.3	570	5200	0.25	8.3	+0.095	0.15
1EZ120D5	120	2.0	710	5800	0.25	8.0	+0.095	0.14
1EZ130D5	130	1.9	910	6500	0.25	6.9	+0.095	0.13
1EZ140D5	140	1.8	1100	7000	0.25	6.5	+0.095	0.12
1EZ150D5	150	1.7	1300	7500	0.25	5.7	+0.095	0.12
1EZ160D5	160	1.6	1400	8000	0.25	5.4	+0.095	0.11
1EZ170D5	170	1.5	1450	8500	0.25	5.2	+0.095	0.10
1EZ180D5	180	1.4	1500	9000	0.25	4.9	+0.095	0.10
1EZ190D5	190	1.3	1700	9500	0.25	4.7	+0.095	0.10
1EZ200D5	200	1.2	1900	10000	0.25	4.6	+0.100	0.10

## SILICON 1 WATT ZENER DIODE

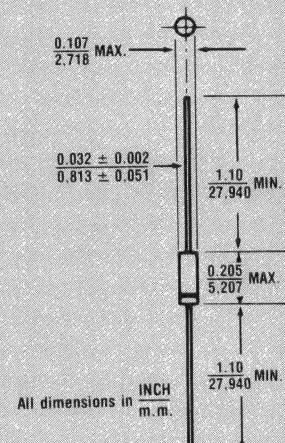


FIGURE 1

**NOTE 1** Suffix 5 indicates  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance. Suffix 10 indicates  $\pm 10\%$ , no suffix indicates  $\pm 20\%$ . Also, Suffix 1 indicates  $\pm 1\%$ , 2nd suffix 2 indicates  $\pm 2\%$  on  $V_z$  tolerance.

**NOTE 2** Zener Voltage ( $V_z$ ) is measured in still air at a temperature of 25°C. The test currents ( $I_{zT}$ ) have been selected so that at nominal voltages the dissipation is a constant 0.25 watts. This results in a nominal junction temperature rise of 10°C.

**NOTE 3** The Zener impedance is derived from the 60 Hz ac voltage, which results when an ac current having an rms value equal to 10% of the DC zener current ( $I_{zT}$  or  $I_{zK}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{zT}$  or  $I_{zK}$ .

**NOTE 4** Maximum Surge Current is a non recurrent maximum peak reverse surge with a pulse width of 8.3 milliseconds at  $T_A$  25°C (+8, -2°C).

**NOTE 5** Voltage measurements to be performed 90 seconds after application of DC current.

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**CASE:** Molded encapsulation, axial lead package (Case J).

**FINISH:** Corrosion resistant. Leads are solderable.

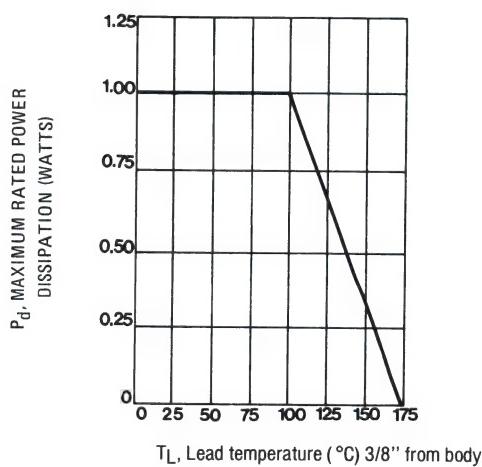
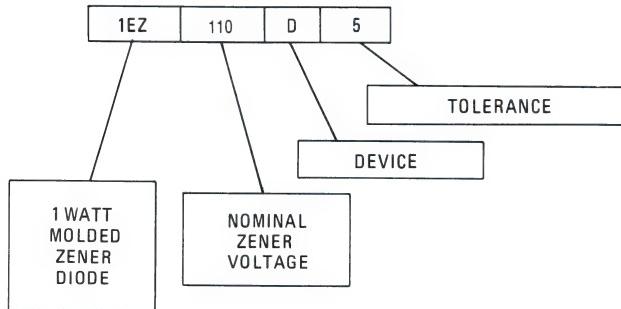
**THERMAL RESISTANCE:** 75°C/Watt.

**POLARITY:** Banded end is cathode.

**WEIGHT:** 0.4 grams (Typical).

## 1EZ110D5 THRU 1EZ200D5

**NOTE 6** Glass devices ordered by replacing E in the series type number with G.  
Example: 1GZ110D5



**FIGURE 2** POWER DERATING CURVE

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**2EZ3.6D5**  
**THRU**  
**2EZ200D5**

## FEATURES

- ZENER VOLTAGE 3.6 to 200V
- HIGH SURGE CURRENT RATING
- 2 WATTS DISSIPATION IN A NORMALLY 1 WATT PACKAGE

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Junction and Storage Temperature: -65°C to +175°C

DC Power Dissipation: 2 Watts

Power Derating: 20 mW/°C above 75°C

Forward Voltage @ 200 mA: 1.2 volts

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

MICRO TYPE NUMBER (Note 1)	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE (Note 2)		MAXIMUM ZENER IMPEDANCE (Note 1)		MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE CURRENT		MAXIMUM ZENER CURRENT	MAXIMUM SURGE CURRENT (Note 4)	
	V <sub>Z</sub>	I <sub>Z</sub>	Z <sub>ZT</sub> @ I <sub>ZT</sub>	Z <sub>ZK</sub> @ I <sub>ZK</sub>	I <sub>R</sub> @ V <sub>R</sub>	I <sub>ZM</sub>			
	VOLTS	mA	OHMS	OHMS	mA	μA	VOLTS	mA	A
2EZ3.6D5	3.6	139	5.0	400	1.0	80	1.0	504	4.6
2EZ3.9D5	3.9	128	5.0	400	1.0	30	1.0	468	4.4
2EZ4.3D5	4.3	116	4.5	400	1.0	20	1.0	434	4.1
2EZ4.7D5	4.7	106	4.5	550	1.0	5.0	1.0	386	3.3
2EZ5.1D5	5.1	98	3.5	600	1.0	5.0	1.0	356	3.5
2EZ5.6D5	5.6	89.5	2.5	500	1.0	5.0	2.0	324	3.3
2EZ6.2D5	6.2	80.5	1.5	700	1.0	5.0	3.0	292	3.1
2EZ6.8D5	6.8	73.5	2.0	700	1.0	5.0	4.0	266	2.9
2EZ7.5D5	7.5	66.5	2.0	700	0.5	5.0	5.0	242	2.66
2EZ8.2D5	8.2	61	2.3	700	0.5	5.0	6.0	220	2.44
2EZ9.1D5	9.1	55	2.5	700	0.5	3.0	7.0	200	2.2
2EZ10D5	10	50	3.5	700	0.25	3.0	7.6	182	2.0
2EZ11D5	11	45.5	4.0	700	0.25	1.0	8.4	166	1.82
2EZ12D5	12	41.5	4.5	700	0.25	1.0	9.1	152	1.66
2EZ13D5	13	38.5	5.0	700	0.25	0.5	9.9	138	1.54
2EZ14D5	14	35.7	5.5	700	0.25	0.5	10.6	130	1.43
2EZ15D5	15	33.4	7.0	700	0.25	0.5	11.4	122	1.33
2EZ16D5	16	31.2	8.0	700	0.25	0.5	12.2	114	1.25
2EZ17D5	17	29.4	9.0	750	0.25	0.5	13.0	107	1.18
2EZ18D5	18	27.8	10	750	0.25	0.5	13.7	100	1.11
2EZ19D5	19	26.3	11	750	0.25	0.5	14.4	95	1.05
2EZ20D5	20	25	11	750	0.25	0.5	15.2	90	1.0
2EZ22D5	22	22.8	12	750	0.25	0.5	16.7	82	0.91
2EZ24D5	24	20.8	13	750	0.25	0.5	18.2	76	0.83
2EZ27D5	27	18.5	18	750	0.25	0.5	20.6	68	0.74
2EZ30D5	30	16.6	20	1000	0.25	0.5	22.5	60	0.67
2EZ33D5	33	15.1	23	1000	0.25	0.5	25.1	55	0.61
2EZ36D5	36	13.9	25	1000	0.25	0.5	27.4	50	0.56
2EZ39D5	39	12.8	30	1000	0.25	0.5	29.7	47	0.51
2EZ43D5	43	11.6	35	1500	0.25	0.5	32.7	43	0.45
2EZ47D5	47	10.6	40	1500	0.25	0.5	35.8	39	0.42
2EZ51D5	51	9.8	48	1500	0.25	0.5	38.8	36	0.39
2EZ56D5	56	9.0	55	2000	0.25	0.5	42.6	32	0.36
2EZ62D5	62	8.1	60	2000	0.25	0.5	47.1	29	0.32
2EZ68D5	68	7.4	75	2000	0.25	0.5	51.7	27	0.29
2EZ75D5	75	6.7	90	2000	0.25	0.5	56	24	0.27
2EZ82D5	82	6.1	100	3000	0.25	0.5	62.2	22	0.24
2EZ91D5	91	5.5	125	3000	0.25	0.5	69.2	20	0.22
2EZ100D5	100	5.0	175	3000	0.25	0.5	76.0	18	0.20
2EZ110D5	110	4.5	250	4000	0.25	0.5	83.6	17	0.18
2EZ120D5	120	4.2	325	4500	0.25	0.5	91.2	15	0.16
2EZ130D5	130	3.8	400	5000	0.25	0.5	98.8	14	0.15
2EZ140D5	140	3.6	500	5500	0.25	0.5	106.4	13	0.14
2EZ150D5	150	3.3	575	6000	0.25	0.5	114	12	0.13
2EZ160D5	160	3.1	650	6500	0.25	0.5	121.6	11	0.12
2EZ170D5	170	2.9	675	7000	0.25	0.5	130.4	11	0.12
2EZ180D5	180	2.8	725	7000	0.25	0.5	136.8	10	0.11
2EZ190D5	190	2.6	825	8000	0.25	0.5	144.8	10	0.10
2EZ200D5	200	2.5	900	8000	0.25	0.5	152	9	0.10

## SILICON 2 WATT ZENER DIODE

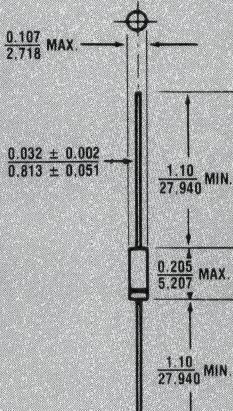


FIGURE 1

All dimensions in **INCH**  
m.m.

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Molded encapsulation, axial lead package (Case J).

FINISH: Corrosion resistant. Leads are solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE: 45°C/Watt.

POLARITY: Banded end is cathode.

WEIGHT: 0.4 grams (Typical).

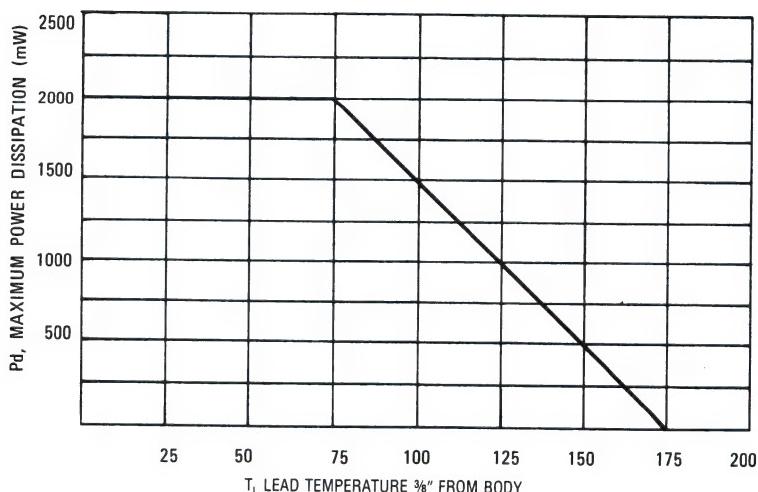
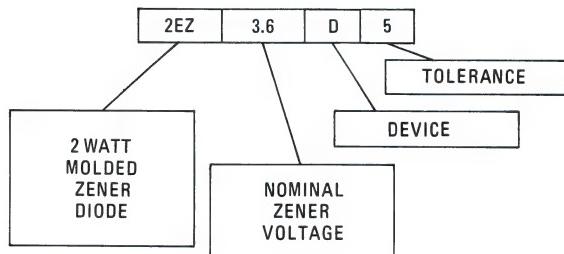
## 2EZ3.6D5 THRU 2EZ200D5

**NOTE 1** Suffix 5 indicates  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance. Suffix 10 indicates  $\pm 10\%$ , no suffix indicates  $\pm 20\%$ . Also, Suffix 1 indicates  $\pm 1\%$ , 2nd suffix 2 indicates  $\pm 2\%$  on  $V_Z$  tolerance.

**NOTE 2**  $V_Z$  measured after allowing a 90 sec. stabilization period when mounted with a  $\frac{3}{8}$ " minimum lead length from case.

**NOTE 3** Dynamic Impedance,  $Z_Z$ , determined by superimposing I ac rms at 60 hz on  $I_{DC}$  where  $I_{AC}$  rms =  $10\% I_{DC}$ .

**NOTE 4** Maximum surge current is a maximum peak non-recurrent reverse surge with a maximum pulse width of 8.3 milliseconds.



**FIGURE 2** POWER DERATING CURVE

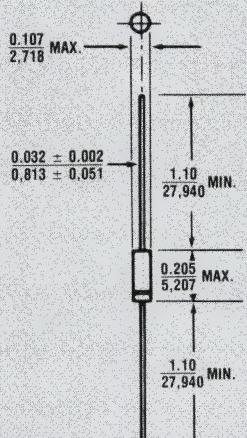
SANTA ANA, CA

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

**3EZ3.9D5**  
**thru**  
**3EZ200D5**

**SILICON  
3 WATT  
ZENER DIODE**



**FIGURE 1**  
All dimensions in **INCH**  
m.m.

**MECHANICAL  
CHARACTERISTICS**

**CASE:** Molded encapsulation, axial lead package (Case J).

**FINISH:** Corrosion resistant. Leads are solderable.

**THERMAL RESISTANCE:** 45°C/Watt junction to lead at 0.375 inches from body.

**POLARITY:** Banded end is cathode.

**WEIGHT:** 0.4 grams (Typical).

**FEATURES**

- ZENER VOLTAGE 3.9V to 200V
- HIGH SURGE CURRENT RATING
- 3 WATTS DISSIPATION IN A NORMALLY 1 WATT PACKAGE

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Junction and Storage Temperature: -65°C to +175°C

DC Power Dissipation: 3 Watts

Power Derating: 20 mW/°C above 25°C

Forward Voltage @ 200 mA: 1.2 volts

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C**

MICRO TYPE NUMBER (Note 1)	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE (Note 2)		MAXIMUM ZENER IMPEDANCE (Note 3)			MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE CURRENT		MAXIMUM ZENER CURRENT	MAXIMUM SURGE CURRENT (Note 4)
	V <sub>Z</sub> VOLTS	I <sub>Z</sub> mA	Z <sub>ZT</sub> @ I <sub>ZT</sub>	Z <sub>ZK</sub> @ I <sub>ZK</sub>	I <sub>R</sub> @ V <sub>R</sub>	I <sub>ZM</sub>			
			OHMS	OHMS	mA	VOLTS			
3EZ3.9D5	3.9	192	4.5	400	1.0	80	1.0	630	4.4
3EZ4.3D5	4.3	174	4.5	400	1.0	30	1.0	590	4.1
3EZ4.7D5	4.7	160	4.0	500	1.0	20	1.0	550	3.8
3EZ5.1D5	5.1	147	3.5	550	1.0	5.0	1.0	520	3.5
3EZ5.6D5	5.6	134	2.5	600	1.0	5.0	2.0	480	3.3
3EZ6.2D5	6.2	121	1.5	700	1.0	5.0	3.0	435	3.1
3EZ6.8D5	6.8	110	2.0	700	1.0	5.0	4.0	393	2.9
3EZ7.5D5	7.5	100	2.0	700	0.5	5.0	5.0	360	2.66
3EZ8.2D5	8.2	91	2.3	700	0.5	5.0	6.0	330	2.44
3EZ9.1D5	9.1	82	2.5	700	0.5	3.0	7.0	297	2.2
3EZ10D5	10	75	3.5	700	0.25	3.0	7.6	270	2.0
3EZ11D5	11	68	4.0	700	0.25	1.0	8.4	225	1.82
3EZ12D5	12	63	4.5	700	0.25	1.0	9.1	246	1.66
3EZ13D5	13	58	4.5	700	0.25	0.5	9.9	208	1.54
3EZ14D5	14	53	5.0	700	0.25	0.5	10.6	193	1.43
3EZ15D5	15	50	5.5	700	0.25	0.5	11.4	180	1.33
3EZ16D5	16	47	5.5	700	0.25	0.5	12.2	169	1.25
3EZ17D5	17	44	6.0	750	0.25	0.5	13	150	1.18
3EZ18D5	18	42	6.0	750	0.25	0.5	13.7	159	1.11
3EZ19D5	19	40	7.0	750	0.25	0.5	14.4	142	1.05
3EZ20D5	20	37	7.0	750	0.25	0.5	15.2	135	1.0
3EZ22D5	22	34	8.0	750	0.25	0.5	16.7	123	0.91
3EZ24D5	24	31	9.0	750	0.25	0.5	18.2	112	0.83
3EZ27D5	27	28	10	750	0.25	0.5	20.6	100	0.74
3EZ28D5	28	27	12	750	0.25	0.5	21	96	0.71
3EZ30D5	30	25	16	1000	0.25	0.5	22.5	90	0.67
3EZ33D5	33	23	20	1000	0.25	0.5	25	82	0.61
3EZ36D5	36	21	22	1000	0.25	0.5	27.4	75	0.56
3EZ39D5	39	19	28	1000	0.25	0.5	29.7	69	0.51
3EZ43D5	43	17	33	1500	0.25	0.5	32.7	63	0.45
3EZ47D5	47	16	38	1500	0.25	0.5	35.6	57	0.42
3EZ51D5	51	15	45	1500	0.25	0.5	38.8	53	0.39
3EZ56D5	56	13	50	2000	0.25	0.5	42.6	48	0.36
3EZ62D5	62	12	55	2000	0.25	0.5	47.1	44	0.32
3EZ68D5	68	11	70	2000	0.25	0.5	51.7	40	0.29
3EZ75D5	75	10	85	2000	0.25	0.5	56	36	0.27
3EZ82D5	82	9.1	95	3000	0.25	0.5	62.2	33	0.24
3EZ91D5	91	8.2	115	3000	0.25	0.5	69.2	30	0.22
3EZ100D5	100	7.5	160	3000	0.25	0.5	76	27	0.20
3EZ110D5	110	6.8	225	4000	0.25	0.5	83.6	25	0.18
3EZ120D5	120	6.3	300	4500	0.25	0.5	91.2	22	0.16
3EZ130D5	130	5.8	375	5000	0.25	0.5	98.8	21	0.15
3EZ140D5	140	5.3	475	5000	0.25	0.5	106.4	19	0.14
3EZ150D5	150	5.0	550	6000	0.25	0.5	114	18	0.13
3EZ160D5	160	4.7	625	6500	0.25	0.5	121.6	17	0.12
3EZ170D5	170	4.4	650	7000	0.25	0.5	130.4	16	0.12
3EZ180D5	180	4.2	700	7000	0.25	0.5	136.8	15	0.11
3EZ190D5	190	4.0	800	8000	0.25	0.5	144.8	14	0.10
3EZ200D5	200	3.7	875	8000	0.25	0.5	152	13	0.10

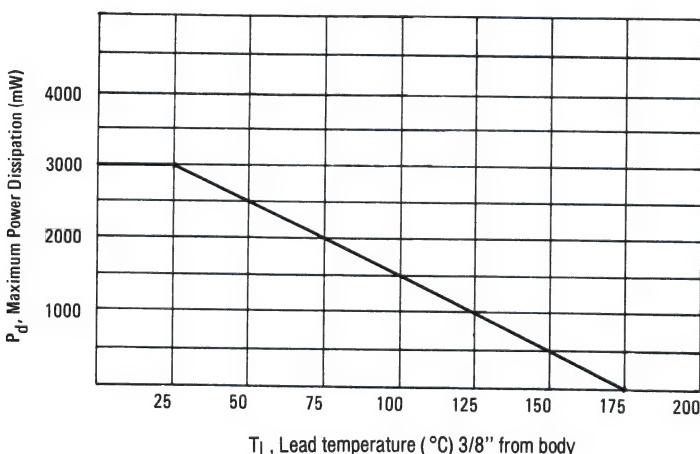
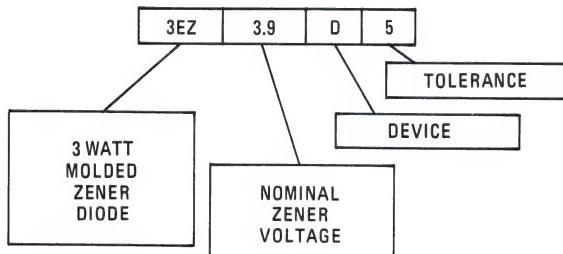
## 3EZ3.9D5 thru 3EZ200D5

**NOTE 1** Suffix 1 indicates  $\pm 1\%$  tolerance. Suffix 2 indicates  $\pm 2\%$  tolerance. Suffix 3 indicates  $\pm 3\%$  tolerance. Suffix 4 indicates  $\pm 4\%$  tolerance. Suffix 5 indicates  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance. Suffix 10 indicates  $\pm 10\%$ , no suffix indicates  $\pm 20\%$ .

**NOTE 2**  $V_Z$  measured by applying  $I_Z = 40 \text{ mA} \pm 10\%$  prior to reading. Mounting contacts are located  $3/8''$  to  $1/2''$  from inside edge of mounting clips. Ambient temperature,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  ( $+8^\circ\text{C}/-2^\circ\text{C}$ ).

**NOTE 3** Dynamic Impedance,  $Z_Z$ , measured by superimposing  $I_{\text{ac rms}}$  at 60 hz on  $I_{\text{DC}}$  where  $I_{\text{ac rms}} = 10\% I_{\text{DC}}$ .

**NOTE 4** Maximum surge current is a maximum peak non-recurrent reverse surge with, a maximum pulse width of 8.3 milliseconds.



**FIGURE 2** POWER DERATING CURVE

**micro**  
**Microsemi Corp.**  
The diode experts

SANTA ANA, CA

For more information call:  
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SCOTTSDALE, AZ

**MZ5806 thru  
MZ5891  
and  
MZ5210 thru  
MZ5240**

## FEATURES

- MICROMINIATURE PACKAGE
- VOIDLESS HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE
- TRIPLE LAYER PASSIVATION
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED
- HIGH PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS
- VERY LOW THERMAL IMPEDANCE

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +175°C

Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TYPE	ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS AT 25°C								MAXIMUM RATINGS		
	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE $V_Z @ I_ZT$	TEST CURRENT $I_ZT$	MAXIMUM ZENER IMPEDANCE $Z_ZK$		MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE CURRENT VOLTAGE			MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE COEF. $\alpha_T @ I_ZT$	MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS CURRENT $I_{ZM}$	SURGE CURRENT $I_S$	
			$Z_ZK$	$Z_ZK @ 1mA$	$I_R$	$V_R$	%/°C				
10%	VOLTS	mA	OHMS	OHMS	VOLTS	µA	VOLTS	%/°C	mA	AMPS	
MZ5806	6.8	175	1.0	1000	0.7	300	5.2	.05	700	40	
MZ5807	7.5	175	1.5	800	0.7	200	5.7	.06	630	32	
MZ5808	8.2	150	1.5	600	0.7	100	6.2	.06	580	24	
MZ5809	9.1	150	2.0	400	0.7	50	6.9	.06	520	22	
MZ5810	10.0	125	2.0	125	0.8	25	7.6	.07	475	20	
MZ5811	11	125	2.5	130	0.8	15	8.4	.07	430	19	
MZ5812	12	100	2.5	140	0.8	10	9.1	.07	395	18	
MZ5813	13	100	3.0	145	0.8	10	9.9	.08	365	16	
MZ5814	14	100	3.0	145	0.9	10	11.2	.08	320	14	
MZ5815	15	75	3.5	150	1.0	5	11.4	.08	315	12	
MZ5816	16	75	3.5	155	1.1	5	12.2	.08	294	10	
MZ5818	18	65	4.0	160	1.2	5	13.7	.085	264	9.0	
MZ5820	20	65	4.5	165	1.5	2	15.2	.085	237	8.0	
MZ5822	22	50	5.0	170	1.8	2	16.7	.085	216	7.0	
MZ5824	24	50	5.0	175	2.0	2	18.2	.090	198	6.5	
MZ5827	27	50	6.0	180	2.0	2	20.6	.090	176	6.0	
MZ5830	30	40	8	190	2.5	2	22.8	.090	158	5.5	
MZ5833	33	40	10	200	2.8	2	25.1	.095	144	5.0	
MZ5836	36	30	11	220	3.0	2	27.4	.095	132	4.5	
MZ5839	39	30	14	230	3.0	2	29.7	.095	122	4.0	
MZ5840	40	30	14	230	3.0	2	30.4	.095	116	4.0	
MZ5843	43	30	20	240	3.3	2	32.7	.095	110	3.5	
MZ5845	45	30	20	240	3.3	2	34.2	.095	105	3.5	
MZ5847	47	25	25	250	3.5	2	35.8	.095	100	3.2	
MZ5850	50	25	25	260	3.8	2	36.6	.095	96	3.0	
MZ5851	51	25	27	270	4.0	2	38.8	.095	92	3.0	
MZ5856	56	20	35	320	4.4	2	42.6	.095	84	2.8	
MZ5860	60	20	40	360	4.8	2	45.7	.100	78	2.5	
MZ5862	62	20	42	400	5.0	2	47.1	.100	76	2.2	
MZ5866	68	20	50	500	5.5	2	51.7	.100	70	2.0	
MZ5870	70	20	50	580	5.8	2	53.6	.100	65	2.3	
MZ5875	75	20	55	620	6.0	2	56.0	.100	63.0	2.0	
MZ5880	80	15	80	670	6.4	2	58.6	.100	60.5	1.8	
MZ5882	82	15	90	720	6.6	2	62.2	.100	58.0	1.8	
MZ5890	90	15	90	740	7.3	2	66.8	.100	54.8	1.6	
MZ5891	91	15	90	760	7.5	2	68.2	.100	53.5	1.6	
MZ5210	100	12	110	800	8.0	2	76.0	.100	47.5	1.4	
MZ5211	110	12	125	1000	9.0	2	83.6	.100	43.0	1.2	
MZ5212	120	10	170	1150	10	2	91.2	.100	39.5	1.0	
MZ5213	130	10	190	1250	11	2	98.8	.105	36.6	0.80	
MZ5214	140	8	230	1350	12	2	102.6	.105	33	0.80	
MZ5215	150	8	330	1500	13	2	114.0	.105	31.6	0.75	
MZ5216	160	8	350	1650	14	2	121.6	.105	29.4	0.70	
MZ5217	170	8	380	1700	15	2	128.2	.105	27.0	0.65	
MZ5218	180	5	450	1750	16	2	136.8	.110	26.4	0.60	
MZ5219	190	5	470	1800	17	2	148.6	.110	24.0	0.55	
MZ5220	200	5	500	1850	18	2	152	.110	23.6	0.50	
MZ5222	220	5	550	2000	19	2	167	.115	21.6	0.50	
MZ5224	240	5	650	2050	22	2	182	.115	19.8	0.40	
MZ5226	260	5	750	2075	24	2	198	.120	18.6	0.35	
MZ5227	270	5	800	2100	25	2	206	.120	17.5	0.35	
MZ5228	280	4	850	2125	26	2	217	.120	16.0	0.30	
MZ5230	300	4	950	2150	29	2	228	.120	15.6	0.30	
MZ5232	320	4	1100	2175	30	2	242	.120	14.8	0.27	
MZ5233	340	4	1175	2200	32	2	251	.120	14.4	0.25	
MZ5234	340	4	1200	2250	33	2	263	.120	13.0	0.23	
MZ5236	360	3	1400	2300	35	2	274	.120	13.0	0.22	
MZ5238	380	3	1500	2400	38	2	286	.120	12.0	0.21	
MZ5239	390	3	1800	2500	40	2	297	.120	12.0	0.20	
MZ5240	400	3	1800	2600	42	2	300	.120	11.0	0.20	

## 5-WATT GLASS ZENER DIODES

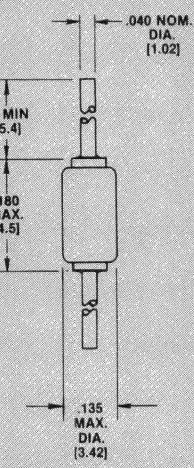


FIGURE 1

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case.

LEAD MATERIAL: Silver clad copper or tinned copper.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.

## MZ5806 - MZ5891, MZ5210 - MZ5240

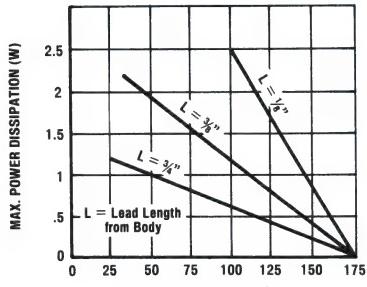


FIGURE 2  
POWER DISSIPATION  
vs. LEAD TEMPERATURE DERATING CURVE

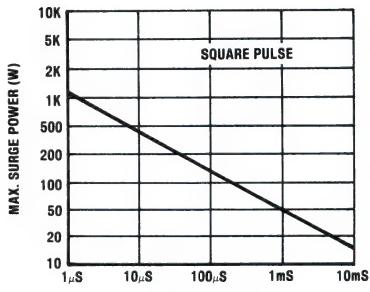


FIGURE 3  
vs. SURGE DURATION

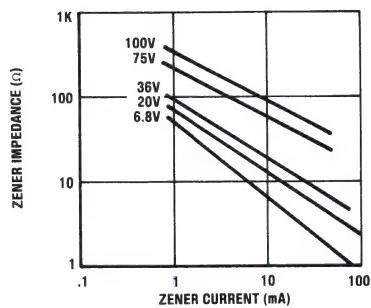


FIGURE 4  
TYPICAL ZENER IMPEDANCE  
vs. ZENER CURRENT

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## FEATURES

- Low voltage avalanche zener diodes.
- Considerably sharper breakdown than standard 4-10 volt zeners.
- Suppressed field emission breakdown mechanism produces avalanche breakdown with sharpest knee available.
- Glass passivated planar die.
- Rugged subminiature DO-35 package.
- Reference voltages at  $< 1\mu W$  power consumption.
- $\Delta V_Z < 100\text{mV}$  from  $100\mu A$  to  $1\text{mA}$ .

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Junction and Storage Temperature:  $-65^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+200^\circ\text{C}$ .

DC Power Dissipation:  $500\text{mW}$ .

Power Derating:  $4\text{mW}/^\circ\text{C}$  above  $75^\circ\text{C}$ .

Forward Voltage at  $100\text{mA}$ :  $1\text{V}$  Maximum.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DEVICE TYPE	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE (1)	I <sub>Z</sub>	MAXIMUM VOLTAGE REGULATION ( $\Delta V_Z$ )	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE CURRENT		MAXIMUM D.C. ZENER CURRENT (I <sub>ZM</sub> )
	@ I <sub>Z</sub>	ΔV <sub>Z</sub>		I <sub>R</sub> @ V <sub>R</sub>		
	(V)	( $\mu A$ )		( $\mu A$ )	(V)	
TS04700	4.7	1000	0.25 (2)	1.0	2.0	100
TS05100	5.1	250	0.25 (3)	1.0	3.0	96
TS05600	5.6	25	0.1 (4)	1.0	4.5	80
TS0600	6.0	1	0.1 (5)	.025	4.8	75
TS06200	6.2	1	0.1 (5)	.025	5.0	72
TS06800	6.8	1	0.1 (5)	.025	5.2	66
TS07100	7.1	1	0.1 (5)	.025	5.7	64
TS07500	7.5	1	0.1 (5)	.010	6.0	60
TS08200	8.2	1	0.1 (5)	.010	6.5	58
TS08700	8.7	1	0.1 (6)	.010	7.0	54
TS09100	9.1	1	0.1 (6)	.010	7.2	52
TS10000	10.0	1	0.1 (6)	.010	8.0	47

NOTES: (1) All voltages are  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance.  
 (2)  $\Delta V_Z$  @  $10\text{mA}$  minus  $V_Z$  @  $1\text{mA}$ .  
 (3)  $\Delta V_Z$  @  $1\text{mA}$  minus  $V_Z$  @  $100\text{nA}$ .

(4)  $\Delta V_Z$  @  $1\text{mA}$  minus  $V_Z$  @  $25\text{nA}$ .  
 (5)  $\Delta V_Z$  @  $1\text{mA}$  minus  $V_Z$  @  $1\text{\mu A}$ .  
 (6)  $\Delta V_Z$  @  $1\text{mA}$  minus  $V_Z$  @  $100\text{nA}$ .

## LOW VOLTAGE AVALANCHE DIODES

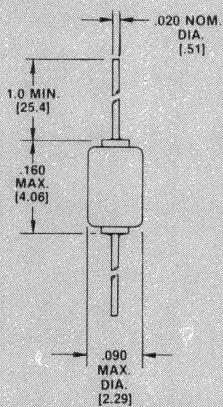


FIGURE 1

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

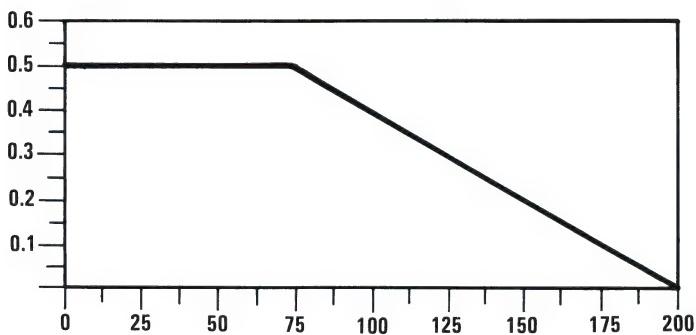
Case: Hermetically sealed glass case.

Lead Material: Tinned copper.

Marking: Body painted, alpha numeric.

Polarity: Cathode band.

## **TS04700 thru TS10000**



**FIGURE 2. POWER DERATING CURVE**

# QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE MICROSEMI VOLTAGE REFERENCE (TC) DIODES

Nominal Voltage V <sub>r</sub> @ 17°C	Test Current I <sub>r</sub> mA	Case Type	Operating Temperature Range, °C	0.01% °C		0.005% °C		0.002% °C		0.001% °C		0.0005% °C		0.0002% °C		Catalog Page No.
				Type Number	Δ VZ mV											
6.2	7.5	DO-7/D0-35	-55 to +100	1N821	96	1N825	48	1N827A	19	1N827	9	1N829A	5	1N829	5	119/121
6.2	7.5	DO-7/D0-35	-55 to +100	1N821A	96	1N825A	48	1N827A	19	1N827A	9	1N829A	5	1N829A	5	119/121
6.3	7.5	DO-7	-55°C to +100°C													129
6.35	7.5	DO-7	+25°C to +100°C													129
6.4	0.5	DO-7/D0-35	-55 to +100	1N4565	48	1N4566	24	1N4567	10	1N4568	5	1N4569	2.2			
6.4	0.5	DO-7/D0-35	-55 to +100	1N4565A	99	1N4566A	50	1N4567A	20	1N4568A	5	1N4569A	2.2			
1.0			0 to +75	1N4570A	48	1N4571A	24	1N4572A	10	1N4573A	5	1N4574A	2.2			
1.0			0 to +75	1N4570	99	1N4571	50	1N4572	20	1N4573	10	1N4574	2.2			
2.0			0 to +75	1N4575A	48	1N4576A	24	1N4577A	10	1N4578A	5	1N4579A	2.2			
2.0			0 to +75	1N4575	99	1N4576	50	1N4577	20	1N4578	10	1N4579	2.2			
4.0			0 to +75	1N4580A	99	1N4581A	24	1N4582A	10	1N4583A	5	1N4584A	2.2			
4.0			0 to +75	1N4580	50	1N4581	50	1N4582A	20	1N4583A	10	1N4584A	5			
6.5	7.5	DO-7	-55°C to +100°C	1N3779	99	1N3781	50	1N3782	20	1N3783	10	1N3784	5			
6.6	2.0	DO-7	-55°C to +100°C	1N4611	50	1N4611A	20	1N4611B	10	1N4611C	5	1N4611D	5			
6.6	5.0	DO-7	-55°C to +100°C	1N4612	50	1N4612A	20	1N4612B	10	1N4612C	5	1N4612D	5			
10.0				1N4613	50	1N4613A	20	1N4613B	10	1N4613C	5	1N4613D	5			
8.4	10	DO-7	-55 to +100	1N3154	130	1N3155	65	1N3156	34	1N3157	13	1N3158	17			127
8.4	10	DO-7	-55 to +150	1N3154A	172	1N3155A	85	1N3156A	32	1N3157A	17	1N3158A	17			
8.5	0.5	DO-7	0 to +75	1N4775A	64	1N4776A	66	1N4777A	13	1N4778A	6	1N4779A	3.2			
8.5	0.5	DO-7	-55 to +100	1N4775	132	1N4776	66	1N4777	13	1N4778	13	1N4779	6.6			
1.0			0 to +75	1N4775A	64	1N4776A	64	1N4777A	13	1N4778A	6	1N4779A	3.2			
1.0			0 to +75	1N4775	132	1N4776	66	1N4777	13	1N4778	13	1N4779	6.6			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4780A	132	1N4781A	66	1N4782A	13	1N4783A	13	1N4784A	6.6			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4780	132	1N4781	66	1N4782	13	1N4783	13	1N4784	6.6			
1.0			0 to +75	1N826	33	1N827	13	1N828	6	1N829	6	1N830	6			
1.0			0 to +75	1N826A	67	1N827A	69	1N828A	13	1N829A	13	1N830A	9			
1.0			-55 to +150	1N825	139	1N826B	92	1N827B	37	1N828B	18	1N829B	9			
1.0			-55 to +150	1N825B	184	1N826B	92	1N827B	37	1N828B	18	1N829B	9			
1.0			0 to +75	1N4765	34	1N4766	70	1N4767	14	1N4768	14	1N4769	3			
1.0			0 to +75	1N4765A	141	1N4766A	70	1N4767A	14	1N4768A	14	1N4769A	3			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4770	141	1N4771	70	1N4772	14	1N4773A	14	1N4774A	7			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4770A	141	1N4771A	70	1N4772A	14	1N4773A	14	1N4774A	7			
1.0			0 to +75	1N941	88	1N942	44	1N943	18	1N944	9	1N945	4			
1.0			0 to +75	1N941A	181	1N942A	90	1N943A	36	1N944A	9	1N945A	3.6			
1.0			-55 to +150	1N941B	239	1N942B	120	1N943B	47	1N944B	24	1N945B	4.7			
1.0			+25 to +100	1N4896	96	1N4897	48	1N4898	19	1N4899	10	1N4900	20			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4896A	198	1N4897A	99	1N4898A	40	1N4899A	19	1N4900A	20			
1.0			+55 to +100	1N4900A	198	1N4901A	96	1N4902A	19	1N4903A	10	1N4904A	10			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4900A	198	1N4901A	96	1N4902A	19	1N4903A	10	1N4904A	10			
1.0			+25 to +100	1N4904A	198	1N4905A	99	1N4906A	40	1N4907A	20	1N4908A	20			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4904B	198	1N4905B	98	1N4906B	40	1N4907B	20	1N4908B	20			
1.0			+25 to +100	1N4908A	198	1N4909A	96	1N4910A	19	1N4911A	20	1N4912A	20			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4908B	198	1N4913A	96	1N4914A	19	1N4915A	20	1N4916A	20			
1.0			+25 to +100	1N4912A	198	1N4913A	96	1N4914A	19	1N4915A	20	1N4916A	20			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4916A	144	1N4917A	149	1N4918A	60	1N4919A	29	1N4920A	60			
1.0			+25 to +100	1N4916B	144	1N4920B	149	1N4921A	29	1N4922A	29	1N4923A	29			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4917A	144	1N4921A	149	1N4922A	29	1N4923A	149	1N4924A	29			
1.0			+25 to +100	1N4917B	144	1N4921B	149	1N4922B	29	1N4923B	149	1N4924B	29			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4921A	144	1N4922A	149	1N4923A	149	1N4924A	149	1N4925A	30			
1.0			+25 to +100	1N4921B	144	1N4922B	149	1N4923B	149	1N4924B	149	1N4925B	30			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4925A	144	1N4926A	149	1N4927A	149	1N4928A	149	1N4929A	30			
1.0			+25 to +100	1N4925B	144	1N4926B	149	1N4927B	149	1N4928B	149	1N4929B	30			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4929A	144	1N4930A	149	1N4931A	149	1N4932A	149	1N4933A	30			
1.0			+25 to +100	1N4929B	144	1N4930B	149	1N4931B	149	1N4932B	149	1N4933B	30			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4933A	144	1N4934A	149	1N4935A	149	1N4936A	149	1N4937A	149			
1.0			+25 to +100	1N4933B	144	1N4934B	149	1N4935B	149	1N4936B	149	1N4937B	149			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4937A	144	1N4938A	149	1N4939A	149	1N4940A	149	1N4941A	149			
1.0			+25 to +100	1N4937B	144	1N4938B	149	1N4939B	149	1N4940B	149	1N4941B	149			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4941A	144	1N4942A	149	1N4943A	149	1N4944A	149	1N4945A	149			
1.0			+25 to +100	1N4941B	144	1N4942B	149	1N4943B	149	1N4944B	149	1N4945B	149			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4945A	144	1N4946A	149	1N4947A	149	1N4948A	149	1N4949A	149			
1.0			+25 to +100	1N4945B	144	1N4946B	149	1N4947B	149	1N4948B	149	1N4949B	149			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4949A	144	1N4950A	149	1N4951A	149	1N4952A	149	1N4953A	149			
1.0			+25 to +100	1N4949B	144	1N4950B	149	1N4951B	149	1N4952B	149	1N4953B	149			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4953A	144	1N4954A	149	1N4955A	149	1N4956A	149	1N4957A	149			
1.0			+25 to +100	1N4953B	144	1N4954B	149	1N4955B	149	1N4956B	149	1N4957B	149			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4957A	144	1N4958A	149	1N4959A	149	1N4960A	149	1N4961A	149			
1.0			+25 to +100	1N4957B	144	1N4958B	149	1N4959B	149	1N4960B	149	1N4961B	149			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4961A	144	1N4962A	149	1N4963A	149	1N4964A	149	1N4965A	149			
1.0			+25 to +100	1N4961B	144	1N4962B	149	1N4963B	149	1N4964B	149	1N4965B	149			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4965A	144	1N4966A	149	1N4967A	149	1N4968A	149	1N4969A	149			
1.0			+25 to +100	1N4965B	144	1N4966B	149	1N4967B	149	1N4968B	149	1N4969B	149			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4969A	144	1N4970A	149	1N4971A	149	1N4972A	149	1N4973A	149			
1.0			+25 to +100	1N4969B	144	1N4970B	149	1N4971B	149	1N4972B	149	1N4973B	149			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4973A	144	1N4974A	149	1N4975A	149	1N4976A	149	1N4977A	149			
1.0			+25 to +100	1N4973B	144	1N4974B	149	1N4975B	149	1N4976B	149	1N4977B	149			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4977A	144	1N4978A	149	1N4979A	149	1N4980A	149	1N4981A	149			
1.0			+25 to +100	1N4977B	144	1N4978B	149	1N4979B	149	1N4980B	149	1N4981B	149			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4981A	144	1N4982A	149	1N4983A	149	1N4984A	149	1N4985A	149			
1.0			+25 to +100	1N4981B	144	1N4982B	149	1N4983B	149	1N4984B	149	1N4985B	149			
1.0			-55 to +100	1N4985A	144	1N4986A	149	1N4987A	149	1N4988A	149	1N4989A	149			
1.0			+25 to +100	1N4985B	144	1N4986B	149	1N4987B</								



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# 1N821 & A thru 1N829 & A DO-7

## FEATURES

- ZENER VOLTAGE 6.2 V AND 6.55 V
- 1N821, 823, 825, 827 AND 829 HAVE JAN, JANTX, JANTXV AND -1 QUALIFICATIONS TO MIL-S-19500/159
- S1N827A
- RADIATION HARDENED DEVICES AVAILABLE (SEE NOTE 5)
- ALSO AVAILABLE IN DO-35 PACKAGE

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperatures: -65°C to +175°C

Storage Temperatures: -65°C to +175°C

DC Power Dissipation: 250 mW @ 25°C ambient

Derating: 1.67 mW/°C above 25°C

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

@ 25°C, unless otherwise specified

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER	ZENER VOLTAGE (Note 1 and 4) $V_z$ @ $I_{zT}$	ZENER TEST CURRENT $I_{zT}$	MAXIMUM ZENER IMPEDANCE (Note 3 and 4) $Z_{zT}$	VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE STABILITY ( $\Delta V_z$ , MAX) -55° to +100° (Note 3 and 4)	EFFECTIVE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT $\alpha_{Vz}$
	VOLTS	mA	OHMS	mV	% / °C
1N821	5.9 - 6.5	7.5	15	96	0.01
1N821A	5.9 - 6.5	7.5	10	96	0.01
1N822†	5.9 - 6.5	7.5	15	96	0.01
1N823	5.9 - 6.5	7.5	15	48	0.005
1N823A	5.9 - 6.5	7.5	10	48	0.005
1N824†	5.9 - 6.5	7.5	15	48	0.005
1N825	5.9 - 6.5	7.5	15	19	0.002
1N825A	5.9 - 6.5	7.5	10	19	0.002
1N826	6.2 - 6.9	7.5	15	20	0.002
1N827	5.9 - 6.5	7.5	15	9	0.001
1N827A	5.9 - 6.5	7.5	10	9	0.001
1N828	6.2 - 6.9	7.5	15	10	0.001
1N829	5.9 - 6.5	7.5	15	5	0.0005

† Double Anode; Electrical Specifications Apply Under Both Bias Polarities.

\* JEDEC Registered Data

**NOTE 1** When ordering devices with tighter tolerances than specified, use a nominal  $V_z$  voltage of 6.35V.

**NOTE 2** Measured by superimposing 0.75 mA ac rms on 7.5 mA DC @ 25°C.

**NOTE 3** The maximum allowable change observed over the entire temperature range i.e., the diode voltage will not exceed the specified mV change at any discrete temperature between the established limits.

**NOTE 4** Voltage measurements to be performed 15 seconds after application of DC current.

**NOTE 5** Designate Radiation Hardened devices with "RH" prefix instead of "1N", i.e., RH829A instead of 1N829A.

## 6.2 & 6.55 VOLT TEMPERATURE COMPENSATED ZENER REFERENCE DIODES

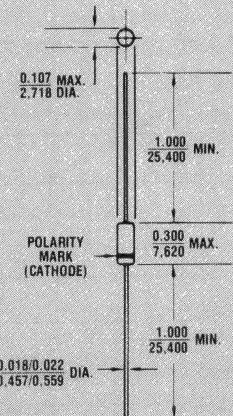


FIGURE 1

INCH  
All dimensions in  
mm.

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case, DO-7.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE: 300°C/W (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body.

POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

WEIGHT: 0.2 grams.

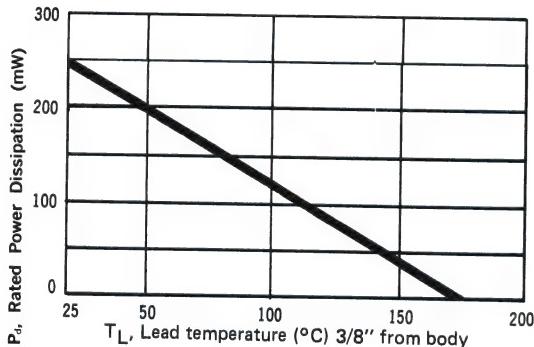
MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 1N821 thru 1N829A DO-7

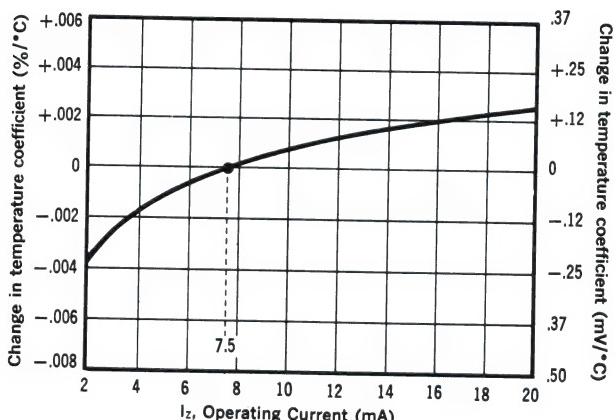
The curve shown in Figure 3 is typical of the diode series and greatly simplifies the estimation of the Temperature Coefficient (TC) when the diode is operated at currents other than 7.5 mA.

**EXAMPLE:** A diode in this series is operated at a current of 7.5mA and has specified Temperature Coefficient (TC) limits of  $\pm 0.005\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ . To obtain the typical Temperature Coefficient limits for this same diode operated at a current of 6.0mA, the new TC limits ( $\text{mV}/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) can be estimated using the graph in FIGURE 3.

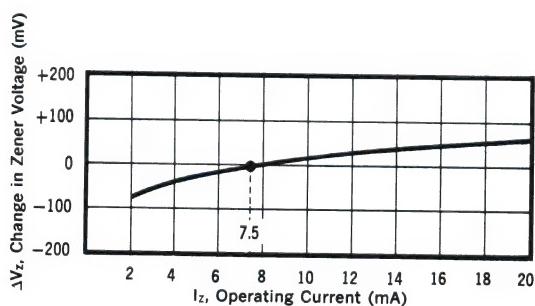
At a test current of 6.0mA the change in Temperature Coefficient (TC) is approximately  $-0.0006\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{mV}$ . The algebraic sum of  $\pm 0.005\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $-0.0006\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{mV}$  gives the new estimated limits of  $+0.0044\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{mV}$  and  $-0.0056\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{mV}$ .



**FIGURE 2**  
POWER DERATING CURVE



**FIGURE 3**  
TYPICAL CHANGE OF TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT  
WITH CHANGE IN OPERATING CURRENT



**FIGURE 4**  
TYPICAL CHANGE OF ZENER VOLTAGE WITH  
CHANGE IN OPERATING CURRENT

This curve in Figure 4 illustrates the change of diode voltage arising from the effect of impedance. It is in effect an exploded view of the zener operating region of the I-V characteristic.

In conjunction with Figure 3, this curve can be used to estimate total voltage regulation under conditions of both varying temperature and current.

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**1N821 & A  
thru  
1N829 & A  
DO-35**

## FEATURES

- ZENER VOLTAGE 6.2 V AND 6.55 V
- 1N821, 823, 825, 827 AND 829 HAVE JAN, JANTX, JANTXV-1 QUALIFICATIONS TO MIL-S-19500/159

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperatures: -65°C to +175°C  
 Storage Temperatures: -65°C to +175°C  
 DC Power Dissipation: 250 mW @ 25°C ambient  
 Derating: 1.67 mW/°C above 25°C

## \*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

@ 25°C, unless otherwise specified

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER	ZENER VOLTAGE (Note 1 and 4) $V_z$ @ $I_{zT}$	ZENER TEST CURRENT $I_{zT}$	MAXIMUM ZENER IMPEDANCE (Note 3 and 4) $Z_{zT}$	VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE STABILITY ( $\Delta V_{zT}$ MAX) -55° to +100° (Note 3 and 4)	EFFECTIVE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT $\alpha_{Vz}$
	VOLTS	mA	OHMS	mV	%/°C
1N821	5.9 - 6.5	7.5	15	96	0.01
1N821A	5.9 - 6.5	7.5	10	96	0.01
1N822†	5.9 - 6.5	7.5	15	96	0.01
1N823	5.9 - 6.5	7.5	15	48	0.005
1N823A	5.9 - 6.5	7.5	10	48	0.005
1N824†	5.9 - 6.5	7.5	15	48	0.005
1N825	5.9 - 6.5	7.5	15	19	0.002
1N825A	5.9 - 6.5	7.5	10	19	0.002
1N826	6.2 - 6.9	7.5	15	20	0.002
1N827	5.9 - 6.5	7.5	15	9	0.001
1N827A	5.9 - 6.5	7.5	10	9	0.001
1N828	6.2 - 6.9	7.5	15	10	0.001
1N829	5.9 - 6.5	7.5	15	5	0.0005

† Double Anode; Electrical Specifications Apply Under Both Bias Polarities.

\* JEDEC Registered Data

**NOTE 1** When ordering devices with tighter tolerances than specified, use a nominal  $V_z$  voltage of 6.35 V.

**NOTE 2** Measured by superimposing 0.75 mA ac rms on 7.5 mA DC @ 25°C.

**NOTE 3** The maximum allowable change observed over the entire temperature range i.e., the diode voltage will not exceed the specified mV change at any discrete temperature between the established limits.

**NOTE 4** Voltage measurements to be performed 15 seconds after application of DC current.

## 6.2 & 6.55 VOLT TEMPERATURE COMPENSATED ZENER REFERENCE DIODES

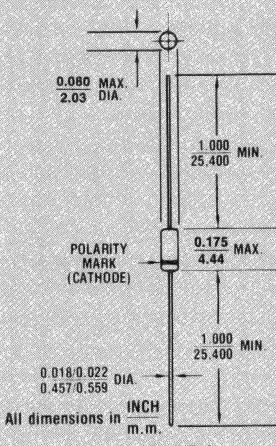


FIGURE 1

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case, DO-35.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE: 150°C/W (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body. Metallurgically bonded DO-35's exhibit less than 100°C/W at zero distance from body.

POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

WEIGHT: 0.2 grams.

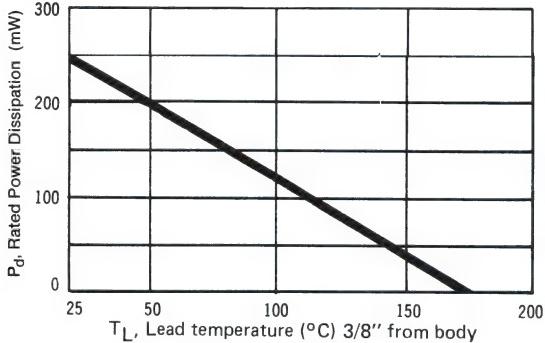
MOUNTING POSITIONS: Any.

# 1N821 thru 1N829A DO-35

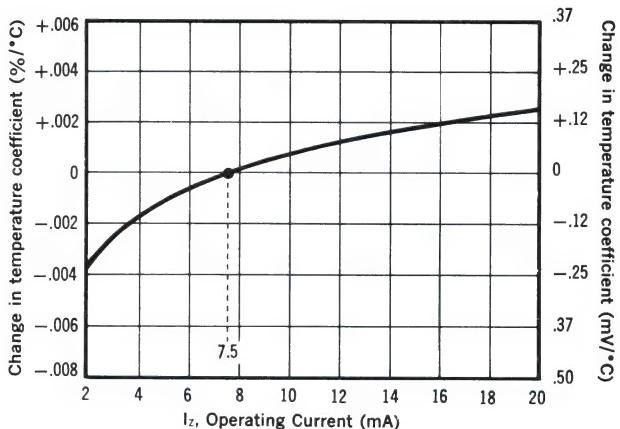
The curve shown in Figure 3 is typical of the diode series and greatly simplifies the estimation of the Temperature Coefficient (TC) when the diode is operated at currents other than 7.5 mA.

EXAMPLE: A diode in this series is operated at a current of 7.5mA and has specified Temperature Coefficient (TC) limits of  $\pm 0.005\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ . To obtain the typical Temperature Coefficient limits for this same diode operated at a current of 6.0mA, the new TC limits ( $\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) can be estimated using the graph in FIGURE 3.

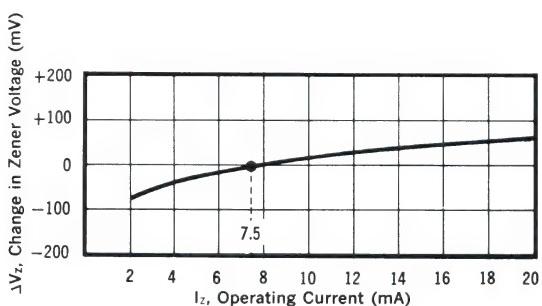
At a test current of 6.0mA the change in Temperature Coefficient (TC) is approximately  $-0.0006\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The algebraic sum of  $\pm 0.005\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $-0.0006\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  gives the new estimated limits of  $+0.0044\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $-0.0056\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .



**FIGURE 2**  
POWER DERATING CURVE



**FIGURE 3**  
TYPICAL CHANGE OF TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT  
WITH CHANGE IN OPERATING CURRENT



**FIGURE 4**  
TYPICAL CHANGE OF ZENER VOLTAGE WITH  
CHANGE IN OPERATING CURRENT

This curve in Figure 4 illustrates the change of diode voltage arising from the effect of impedance. It is in effect an exploded view of the zener operating region of the I-V characteristic.

In conjunction with Figure 3, this curve can be used to estimate total voltage regulation under conditions of both varying temperature and current.

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**1N935, A & B  
thru  
1N940, A & B**

**FEATURES**

- ZENER VOLTAGE 9.0V
- 1N935B, 937B, 938B, 940B HAVE JAN, JANTX, JANTXV, AND -1 QUALIFICATIONS TO MIL-S-19500/156
- SIN939A
- RADIATION HARDENED DEVICES AVAILABLE (SEE NOTE 5)

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**Operating Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$ .Storage Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$ DC Power Dissipation: 500 mW @  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .Power Derating: 3.33 mW/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$  above  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .**\*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**@  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

JEDEC TYPE NUMBERS	ZENER VOLTAGE $V_z$ @ $I_z$ (NOTE 1 & 4)	ZENER TEST CURRENT $I_{zT}$	MAXIMUM ZENER IMPEDANCE (NOTE 2) $Z_{zT}$	VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE STABILITY (NOTE 3 & 4) $\Delta V_z$ MAXIMUM	TEMPERATURE RANGE	EFFECTIVE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT $\alpha_{Vz}$
	VOLTS	mA	OHMS	mV		
1N935	8.55-9.45	7.5	20	67	0 to + 75 -55 to +100 -55 to +150	0.01
1N935A	8.55-9.45	7.5	20	139		0.01
1N935B	8.55-9.45	7.5	20	184		0.01
1N936	8.55-9.45	7.5	20	33	0 to + 75 -55 to +100 -55 to +150	0.005
1N936A	8.55-9.45	7.5	20	69		0.005
1N936B	8.55-9.45	7.5	20	92		0.005
1N937	8.55-9.45	7.5	20	13	0 to + 75 -55 to +100 -55 to +150	0.002
1N937A	8.55-9.45	7.5	20	27		0.002
1N937B	8.55-9.45	7.5	20	37		0.002
1N938	8.55-9.45	7.5	20	6	0 to + 75 -55 to +100 -55 to +150	0.001
1N938A	8.55-9.45	7.5	20	13		0.001
1N938B	8.55-9.45	7.5	20	18		0.001
1N939	8.55-9.45	7.5	20	3	0 to + 75 -55 to +100 -55 to +150	0.0005
1N939A	8.55-9.45	7.5	20	7		0.0005
1N939B	8.55-9.45	7.5	20	9		0.0005
1N940	8.55-9.45	7.5	20	1.3	0 to + 75 -55 to +100 -55 to +150	0.0002
1N940A	8.55-9.45	7.5	20	2.7		0.0002
1N940B	8.55-9.45	7.5	20	3.7		0.0002

\* JEDEC Registered Data

NOTE 1 When ordering devices with tighter tolerances than specified, use a nominal center voltage of 9.2V.

NOTE 2 Measured by superimposing 0.75 mA ac rms on 7.5 mA DC @  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

NOTE 3 The maximum allowable change observed over the entire temperature range i.e., the diode voltage will not exceed the specified mV change at any discrete temperature between the established limits.

NOTE 4 Voltage measurements to be performed 15 seconds after application of DC current.

NOTE 5 Designate Radiation Hardened devices with "RH" prefix instead of "1N", i.e. RH938A instead of 1N938A.

**9.0 VOLT  
TEMPERATURE  
COMPENSATED  
ZENER REFERENCE  
DIODES**

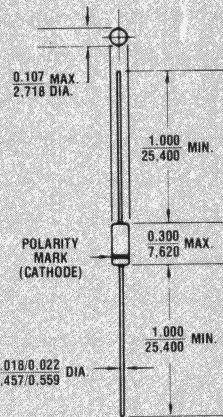


FIGURE 1  
INCH  
All dimensions in mm.

**MECHANICAL  
CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case. DO-7.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE:  $300^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$  (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body.

POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

WEIGHT: 0.2 grams.

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 1N935 thru 1N940B

## NOTE 5

The curve shown in Fig. 3 is typical of the diode series and greatly simplifies the estimation of the Temperature Coefficient (TC) when the diode is operated at currents other than 7.5 mA.

**EXAMPLE:** A diode in this series is operated at a current of 7.5 mA and has specified Temperature Coefficient (TC) limits of  $\pm 0.005\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ . To obtain the typical Temperature Coefficient limits for this same diode operated at a current of 6.0 mA, the new TC limits ( $\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) can be estimated using the graph in FIGURE 3.

At a test current of 6.0 mA the change in Temperature Coefficient (TC) is approximately  $-0.0009\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The algebraic sum of  $\pm 0.005\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $-0.0009\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  gives the new limits of  $+0.0041\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $-0.0059\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## NOTE 6

The curve in Figure 4 illustrates the change of diode voltage arising from the effect of impedance. It is, in effect, an exploded view of the zener operating region of the I-V characteristic.

In conjunction with Fig. 3 this curve can be used to estimate total voltage regulation under conditions of both varying temperature and current.

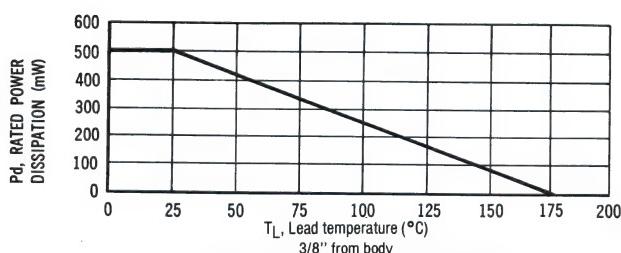


FIGURE 2 Power Derating Curve

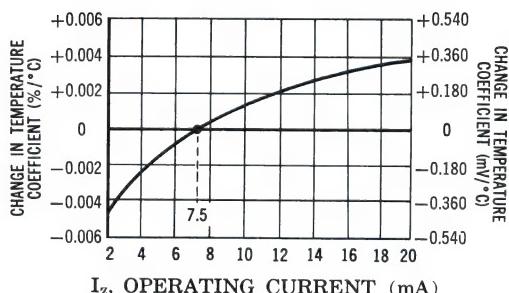


FIGURE 3 Typical change of Temperature Coefficient with Change in Operating Current.

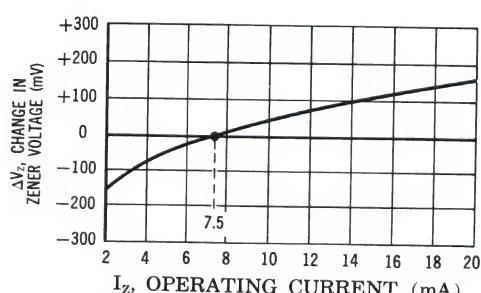


FIGURE 4 Typical change of Zener Voltage with Change in Operating Current.

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## FEATURES

- ZENER VOLTAGE 11.7 V
- 1N941B, 943B, 944B, 945B HAVE JAN, JANTX, JANTXV, AND -1 QUALIFICATIONS TO MIL-S-19500/157
- S1N944B
- RADIATION HARDENED DEVICES AVAILABLE (SEE NOTE 4)

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

Storage Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

DC Power Dissipation: 500 mW @  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  ambient.

Power Derating: 3.33 mW/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$  above  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## \*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

@  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

JEDEC TYPE NUMBERS	ZENER VOLTAGE $V_z$ @ $I_{zT}$ + (NOTE 3)	ZENER TEST CURRENT $I_{zT}$	MAXIMUM ZENER IMPEDANCE (NOTE 1) $Z_{zT}$	VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE STABILITY (NOTE 2 & 3) $\Delta V_z$ MAXIMUM	TEMPERATURE RANGE	EFFECTIVE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT $\alpha_{Vz}$
	VOLTS	mA		mV	°C	%/°C
1N941	11.12-12.28	7.5	30	88	0 to + 75 -55 to +100 -55 to +150	.01
1N941A	11.12-12.28	7.5	30	181		.01
1N941B	11.12-12.28	7.5	30	239		.01
1N942	11.12-12.28	7.5	30	44	0 to + 75 -55 to +100 -55 to +150	.005
1N942A	11.12-12.28	7.5	30	90		.005
1N942B	11.12-12.28	7.5	30	120		.005
1N943	11.12-12.28	7.5	30	18	0 to + 75 -55 to +100 -55 to +150	.002
1N943A	11.12-12.28	7.5	30	36		.002
1N943B	11.12-12.28	7.5	30	47		.002
1N944	11.12-12.28	7.5	30	9	0 to + 75 -55 to +100 -55 to +150	.001
1N944A	11.12-12.28	7.5	30	18		.001
1N944B	11.12-12.28	7.5	30	24		.001
1N945	11.12-12.28	7.5	30	4	0 to + 75 -55 to +100 -55 to +150	.0005
1N945A	11.12-12.28	7.5	30	9		.0005
1N945B	11.12-12.28	7.5	30	12		.0005
1N946	11.12-12.28	7.5	30	1.8	0 to + 75 -55 to +100 -55 to +150	.0002
1N946A	11.12-12.28	7.5	30	3.6		.0002
1N946B	11.12-12.28	7.5	30	4.7		.0002

\* JEDEC Registered Data

**NOTE 1** Measured by superimposing 0.75 mA ac rms on 7.5 mA DC @  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

**NOTE 2** The maximum allowable change observed over the entire temperature range i.e., the diode voltage will not exceed the specified mV change at any discrete temperature between the established limits.

**NOTE 3** Voltage measurements to be performed 15 seconds after application of DC current.

**NOTE 4** Designate Radiation Hardened devices with "RH" prefix instead of "1N", i.e. RH944B instead of 1N944B.

**1N941  
thru  
1N946B**

## 11.7 VOLT TEMPERATURE COMPENSATED ZENER REFERENCE DIODES

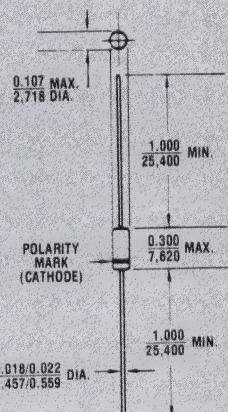


FIGURE 1  
INCH  
All dimensions in  
mm.

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case. DO-7.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE:  $300^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$  (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body.

POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

WEIGHT: 0.2 grams.

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 1N941 thru 1N946B

## NOTE 4

The curve shown in Figure 3 is typical of the diode series and greatly simplifies the estimation of the Temperature Coefficient (TC) when the diode is operated at currents other than 7.5 mA.

EXAMPLE: A diode in this series is operated at a current of 7.5 mA and has specified Temperature Coefficient (TV) limits of  $\pm 0.002\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ . To obtain the typical Temperature Coefficient limits for this same diode operated at a current of 6.0 mA, the new TC limits ( $\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) can be estimated using the graph in FIGURE 3.

At a test current of 6.0 mA the change in Temperature Coefficient (TC) is approximately  $-0.0009\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The algebraic sum of  $\pm 0.002\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $-0.0009\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  gives the new limits of  $+0.0011\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $-0.0029\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## NOTE 5

The curve in Figure 4 illustrates the change of diode voltage arising from the effect of impedance. It is, in effect, an exploded view of the zener operating region of the I-V characteristic.

In conjunction with Fig. 3 this curve can be used to estimate total voltage regulation under conditions of both varying temperature and current.

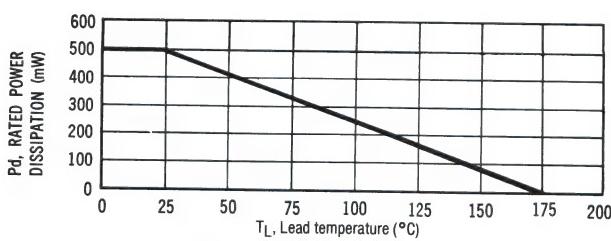


FIGURE 2 Power Derating Curve

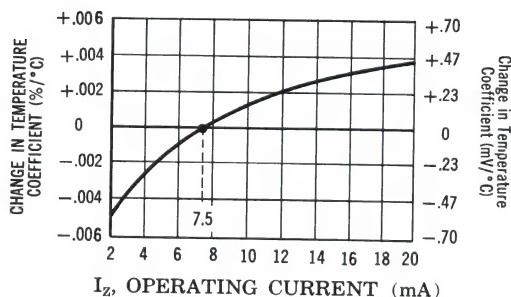


FIGURE 3 Typical change of Temperature Coefficient with Change in Operating Current.

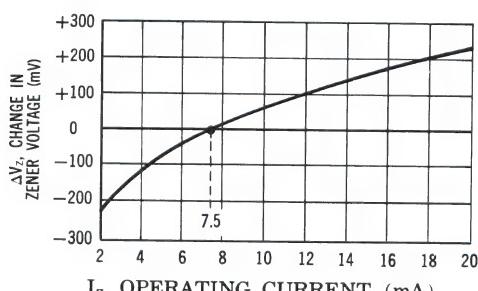


FIGURE 4 Typical change of Zener Voltage with Change in Operating Current.

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*The diode experts*

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SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
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**1N3154 & A  
 thru  
 1N3157 & A**

## FEATURES

- ZENER VOLTAGE 8.4V
- 1N3154 THRU 1N3157 HAVE JAN, JANTX, JANTXV, AND -1 QUALIFICATIONS TO MIL-S-19500/15B
- HIGH LEVEL STABILITY WITH VIBRATION, THERMAL SHOCK & MECHANICAL SHOCK
- RADIATION HARDENED DEVICES AVAILABLE (SEE NOTE 5)

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$

Storage Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$

DC Power Dissipation: 500 mW

Power Derating: 3.33 mW/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$  above  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$

## 8.4 VOLT TEMPERATURE COMPENSATED ZENER REFERENCE DIODES

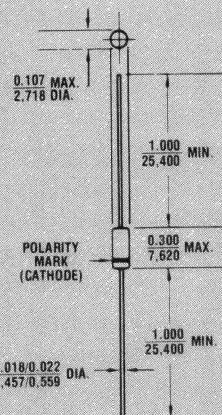


FIGURE 1

All dimensions in  
 INCH  
 m.m.

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case, DO-7.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE:  $300^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$  (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body.

POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

WEIGHT: 0.2 grams.

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

\* JEDEC Registered Data

**NOTE 1** When ordering devices with higher tolerance than specified, use a nominal center voltage of 8.7 volts.

**NOTE 2** Measured by superimposing 1.0 mA ac rms on 10 mA DC @  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

**NOTE 3** The maximum allowable change observed over the entire temperature range i.e., the diode voltage will not exceed the specified mV at any discrete temperature between the established limits.

**NOTE 4** Voltage measurements to be performed 15 seconds after application of DC current.

**NOTE 5** Designate Radiation Hardened devices with "RH" prefix instead of "1N", i.e. RH3157A instead of 1N3157A.

# 1N3154 thru 1N3157A

## NOTE 5

The curve in Figure 3 is typical of the diode series and greatly simplifies the estimation of the Temperature Coefficient (TC) when the diode is operated at currents other than 10 mA.

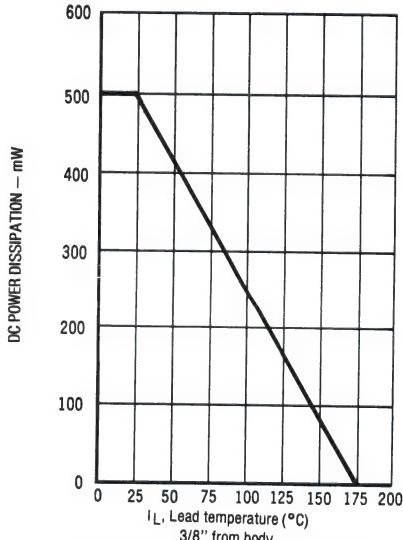
**EXAMPLE:** A diode in this series is operated at a current of 10 mA and has specified Temperature Coefficient (TC) limits of  $\pm 0.005\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ . To obtain the typical Temperature Coefficient limits for this same diode operated at a current of 7.5 mA, the new TC limits ( $\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) can be estimated using the graph in FIGURE 3.

At a test current of 7.5 mA the change in Temperature Coefficient (TC) is approximately  $-0.0012\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The algebraic sum of  $\pm 0.005\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $-0.0012\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  gives the new limits of  $+0.0038\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $-0.0062\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

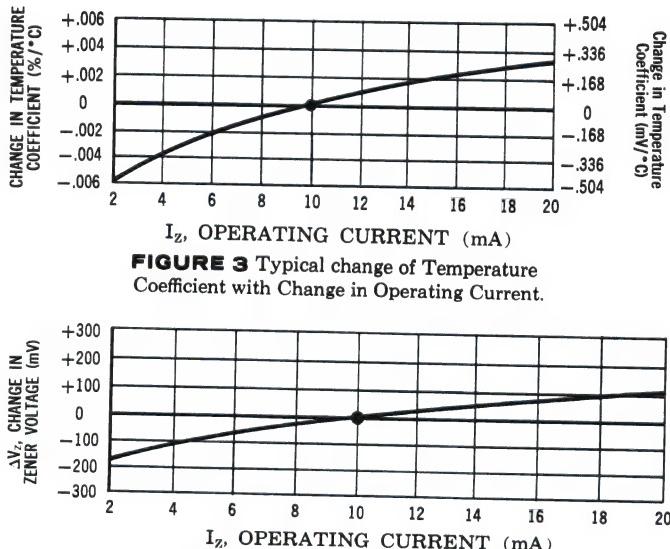
## NOTE 6

The curve in Figure 4 illustrates the change of diode voltage arising from the effect of impedance. It is in effect an exploded view of the zener operating region of the I-V characteristic.

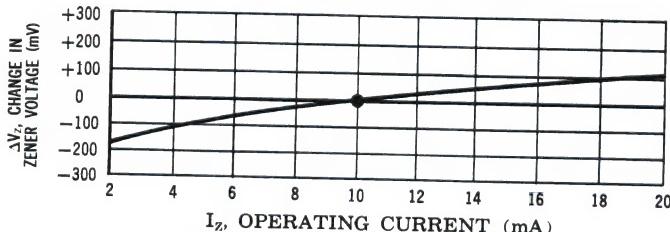
In conjunction with Fig. 3 this curve can be used to estimate total voltage regulation under conditions of both varying temperature and current.



**FIGURE 2** Power Derating Curve



**FIGURE 3** Typical change of Temperature Coefficient with Change in Operating Current.



**FIGURE 4** Typical change of Zener Voltage with Change in Operating Current.

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For more information call:  
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## 1N3501 thru 1N3504 WITH CERTIFIED ZENER VOLTAGE STABILITY

### DESCRIPTION

This series of Microsemi 250mW Ultra-Stable Reference Diodes offers a CERTIFIED REFERENCE VOLTAGE STABILITY as measured over an actual operating period of 1000 hours. Standard stabilities are 20, 50, and 100 PPM/1000 hours. Units having stabilities of less than 20 PPM/1000 hours are available on special request.

Ultra-Stable Certified Reference Diodes, available in standard or radiation hardened construction, can be used in any circuit that requires a stable reference voltage that is insensitive to shock, vibration, or position. Their inherent stability allows them to be used in circuits requiring an extremely high degree of voltage time stability such as those in Digital Voltmeters, Computers, X-Y Recorders, Missile Guidance and Environmental Control Systems, and Portable Reference Standards.

All devices in this series have been subjected to Microsemi's 1000 hour Stability Test Sequence, consisting of a 1000 hour power age with reference voltage measured once every 168 hours giving a total of 7 individual test points. The stability test is performed at  $80^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 0.1^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

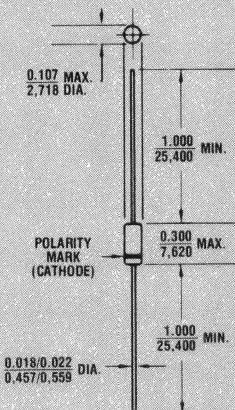
A Certificate containing the following data is supplied with each diode:

1. The stability test voltage readings.
2. The voltage drift as referenced to "Zero Hour" in both  $\mu\text{V}$  and in PPM (Parts-Per-Million).

To certify these diodes to such tight stabilities as 20 PPM/1000 hours, every factor of environment, both ambient and electrical is considered and controlled to "Standards Laboratory" accuracy.

To specify radiation hardened devices, use "RH" prefix instead of "1N", i.e. RH3504 instead of 1N3504.

### 6.35 VOLT ULTRA STABLE TEMPERATURE COMPENSATED ZENER REFERENCE DIODES



All dimensions in INCH  
m.m.

**FIGURE 1**

## 6.35 VOLT ULTRA-STABLE (T.C.) ZENER REFERENCE DIODES

### MAXIMUM RATINGS (See Fig. 5)

Operating Temperature Range:  $-65^{\circ}$  to  $+150^{\circ}\text{C}$

Maximum Lead Temperature  $1/8 \pm 1/32$  inch from case for 8 seconds:  $230^{\circ}\text{C}$

Maximum DC Power Dissipation at or below  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  Ambient: 250 mW

Linear Derating: 2.0 mW/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$  (See Figure 5)

Maximum Steady State Current ( $I_{ZM}$ ) at  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ : 7.5 mA

### MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Case: Hermetically sealed glass

Dimensions: DO-7 outline

Finish: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads are readily solderable

Polarity: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive

Weight: 0.2 grams (typical)

Mounting Position: Any

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE $V_z @ I_{zT}$	ZENER TEST CURRENT $\pm 0.01$ mA $I_{zT}$	MAXIMUM ZENER IMPEDANCE $Z_{zT} @ I_{zT}$ (NOTE 1)	VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE STABILITY $\Delta V_z$ MAXIMUM (NOTE 2)	TEMPERATURE RANGE	EFFECTIVE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT	VOLTAGE TIME STABILITY @ $80^{\circ}\text{C}$ INITIAL-TO-PEAK $\Delta V_z$ MAXIMUM (NOTE 3)	EFFECTIVE VOLTAGE TIME STABILITY INITIAL-TO- PEAK
	VOLTS	mA	OHMS	mV			$\mu\text{V}/1000$ HRS.	PPM/1000 HRS.
1N3501	6.2-6.5	7.5	12	6	25 to 100	.001	635	100
1N3502	6.2-6.5	7.5	12	3	25 to 100	.0005	635	100
1N3503	6.2-6.5	7.5	12	6	25 to 100	.001	318	50
1N3504	6.2-6.5	7.5	12	6	25 to 100	.001	127	20

### NOTE 1

The zener impedance is derived from the 60 Hz ac voltage which results when an ac current having an rms value equal to 10% of the DC zener current ( $I_{zT}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{zT}$ .

### NOTE 2

The maximum allowable change observed over the entire temperature range i.e., the diode voltage will not exceed the specified mV change at any discrete temperature between the established limits.

### NOTE 3

When operated at:  
 $I_{zT} = 7.5$  mA  $\pm 0.0001$  mA  
 $T_A = 80^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 0.1^{\circ}\text{C}$   
(See Precautions Below)

### NOTES AND PRECAUTIONS FOR CERTIFIED REFERENCE DIODES

**1. DIODE IDENTIFICATION:** The diodes are shipped attached to their certification papers and each diode is individually packaged with the diode identification on the package. Identification includes JEDEC type number and a diode serial number consisting of 7 digits showing the lot number and diode number, which provide traceability to factory records.

**2. PRECAUTIONS:** The normal precautions must be taken when soldering as with any semiconductor device, such as a thermal shunt between the soldering iron and the diode body. "Mechanical" rather than solder mounting is preferred for optimum performance. Mounting the diode inside a large thermal mass such as aluminum, copper, brass, or epoxy will reduce thermally induced voltage fluctuations discernible as low frequency noise in the 0-3 Hz region of the spectrum.

Certain precautions must be taken to ensure that the diode's stability is fully utilized in the circuit. If the current through the zener is not controlled, the reference voltage will shift due to diode impedance ( $\Delta V_z = \Delta I_z \times Z_{zT}$ ). If the diode's junction temperature is allowed to change, due to a change in ambient

or case temperature or due to a power level change, a shift in voltage will occur consistent with the temperature coefficient of the diode. In addition, the device must be physically mounted so as to give the diode a constant thermal resistance, junction-to-ambient. Drafts, circulating oil, and even the minute convection currents produced by a diode in a closed container can cause shifts in reference voltage greater than those that can be attributed to the diode's inherent stability.

The certified stability of a diode is achieved only under steady state, constant temperature conditions. If the diode is operated at conditions other than the certification test conditions, it is recommended that it be operated for a period of 2 to 3 weeks under circuit operating conditions to achieve rated stability.

A slight derating of voltage-time stability ( $\Delta V_{zT}$ ) may be experienced if the diode is operated outside the "stable-area" defined in Figure 5.

Temperature coefficients much lower than specified can be attained by operating the diode at the "O" TC crossover current (the current at which the tempera-

## 6.35 VOLT ULTRA-STABLE (T.C.) ZENER REFERENCE DIODES

ture coefficient changes from positive to negative).

### 3. MICROSEM! TEST METHOD:

Microsemi uses a potentiometric method of zener voltage measurement on certified reference diodes. The measurement facility is calibrated utilizing Primary Voltage Standards directly traceable to the National Bureau of Standards. Room ambient temperature is controlled to  $\pm 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Zener voltage is measured to seven digits (1 microvolt resolution). Oil bath temperature is controlled to better than  $0.1^{\circ}\text{C}$ , and current is constant and repeatable to

better than  $0.1 \mu\text{A}$ . Test clips are designed for the four-terminal method of measurement (separate voltage and current connections) to eliminate errors caused by resistance. The diodes are thermally shielded by an aluminum thermal filter to reduce thermally created error-causing voltage fluctuations.

### 4. 1000 HOUR STABILITY TEST SEQUENCE:

Voltage is measured seven times during the test with the last six measurements referenced to the first. The measurements are taken 168 hours apart, giving a total test time of 1008 hours.

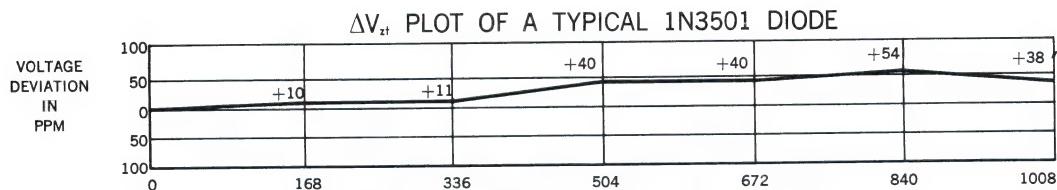


FIGURE 2 — OPERATING TEST TIME IN HOURS

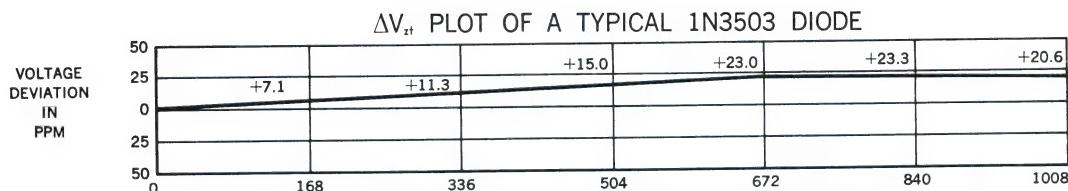


FIGURE 3 — OPERATING TEST TIME IN HOURS

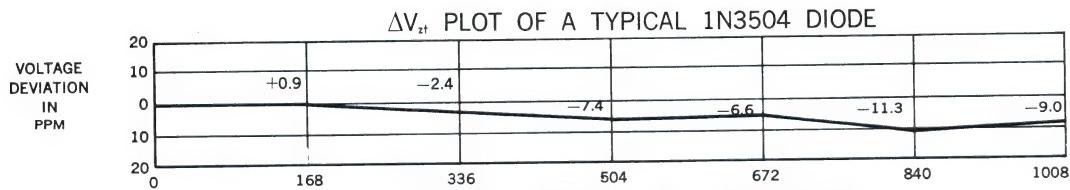


FIGURE 4 — OPERATING TEST TIME IN HOURS

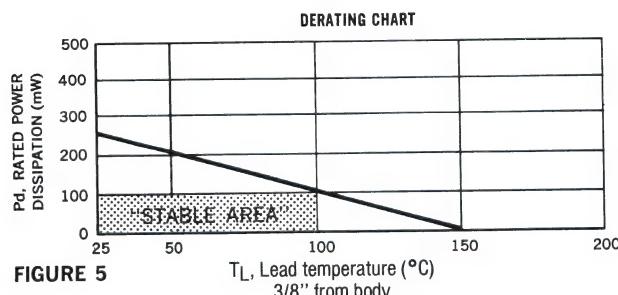


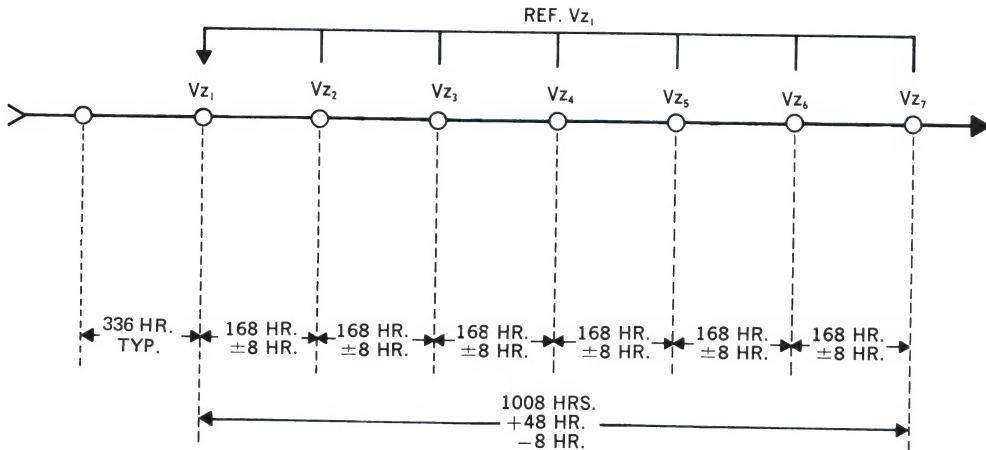
FIGURE 5       $T_L$ , Lead temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )  
3/8" from body

THE "STABLE AREA" IS DEFINED AS THE AREA IN WHICH THE MAXIMUM TIME STABILITY ( $\Delta V_{zt}$ ) IS ATTAINABLE.

A SLIGHT DERATING IN THE TIME STABILITY MAY BE EXPECTED IF THE DIODE IS OPERATED OUTSIDE THIS AREA.

## 6.35 VOLT ULTRA-STABLE (T.C.) ZENER REFERENCE DIODES

### 1000 HOUR STABILITY TEST SEQUENCE



#### Notes:

Test Temperature ..... 80° C ±0.1° C

Test Current ..... 7.5 mA. with a constancy and repeatability of ±0.1 microamp.

The first 336 hours of operation is a stabilization period. The stability of a diode is measured by the worst voltage difference ( $\Delta V_Z$ ) referenced to  $V_{Z_1}$ .

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The diode experts

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SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300**1N4057  
thru  
1N4085A****FEATURES**

- ZENER VOLTAGE 12.4V to 200V
- TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT RANGE: 0.005%/°C to 0.002%/°C

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

See Electrical Characteristics Below

DC Power Dissipation: Case CC: 1.5W

At 25°C derate Case DD: 2W

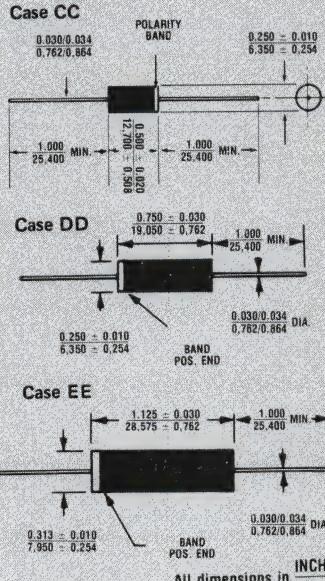
Linearly to Zero Case EE: 2.5W

at +150°C

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** @ 25°C, unless otherwise specified

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER	ZENER VOLTAGE @ 1mA VOLTS (±5%) (See Note 1)	ZENER TEST CURRENT (I <sub>T</sub> ) MA	MAXIMUM DYNAMICS IMPEDANCE (@ (I <sub>T</sub> ) OHMS	MAXIMUM TEM- PERATURE COEFFI- CIENT (See Note 2) CV <sub>T</sub>	TEMPERATURE RANGE °C	CASE TYPE NO.
IN4057	12.4	10.0	.25	.005	62	CC
IN4057A	12.4	10.0	.25	.002	25	CC
IN4058	14.6	10.0	.33	.005	73	CC
IN4058A	14.6	10.0	.30	.002	.29	CC
IN4059	16.8	10.0	.30	.005	84	CC
IN4059A	16.8	10.0	.30	.002	.34	CC
IN4060	18.5	10.0	.30	.005	92	CC
IN4060A	18.5	10.0	.30	.002	.37	CC
IN4061	21	10.0	.35	.005	1.05	CC
IN4061A	21	10.0	.35	.002	.42	CC
IN4062	23	10.0	.40	.005	1.15	CC
IN4062A	23	10.0	.40	.002	.46	CC
IN4063	27	10.0	.45	.005	1.35	CC
IN4063A	27	10.0	.45	.002	.54	CC
IN4064	30	10.0	.50	.005	1.50	CC
IN4064A	33	10.0	.50	.002	.60	CC
IN4065	33	10.0	.55	.005	1.65	CC
IN4065A	33	10.0	.55	.002	.66	CC
IN4066	37	7.5	.80	.005	1.85	CC
IN4066A	37	7.5	.80	.002	.74	CC
IN4067	43	7.5	.90	.005	2.15	CC
IN4067A	43	7.5	.90	.002	.86	CC
IN4068	47	7.5	.100	.005	2.35	CC
IN4068A	47	7.5	.100	.002	.94	CC
IN4069	51	7.5	.110	.005	2.55	DD
IN4069A	51	7.5	.110	.002	1.02	DD
IN4070	56	7.5	.120	.005	2.80	DD
IN4070A	56	7.5	.120	.002	1.12	DD
IN4071	62	7.5	.135	.005	3.10	DD
IN4071A	62	7.5	.135	.002	1.24	DD
IN4072	68	5.0	.230	.005	3.40	DD
IN4072A	68	5.0	.230	.002	1.36	DD
IN4073	75	5.0	.250	.005	3.75	DD
IN4073A	75	5.0	.250	.002	1.50	DD
IN4074	82	5.0	.270	.005	4.10	DD
IN4074A	82	5.0	.270	.002	1.64	DD
IN4075	87	5.0	.290	.005	4.35	DD
IN4075A	87	5.0	.290	.002	1.74	DD
IN4076	91	5.0	.310	.005	4.55	DD
IN4076A	91	5.0	.310	.002	1.82	DD
IN4077	100	5.0	.340	.005	5.00	DD
IN4077A	100	5.0	.340	.002	2.00	DD
IN4078	105	2.5	.700	.005	5.25	DD
IN4078A	105	2.5	.700	.002	2.10	DD
IN4079	110	2.5	.740	.005	5.50	DD
IN4079A	110	2.5	.740	.002	2.20	DD
IN4080	120	2.5	.800	.005	6.00	DD
IN4080A	120	2.5	.800	.002	2.40	DD
IN4081	130	2.5	.840	.005	6.50	EE
IN4081A	130	2.5	.840	.002	2.60	EE
IN4082	140	2.5	.960	.005	7.00	EE
IN4082A	140	2.5	.960	.002	2.80	EE
IN4083	150	2.5	1020	.005	7.50	EE
IN4083A	150	2.5	1020	.002	3.00	EE
IN4084	175	2.5	1150	.005	8.75	EE
IN4084A	175	2.5	1150	.002	3.50	EE
IN4085	200	2.5	1350	.005	10.00	EE
IN4085A	200	2.5	1350	.002	4.00	EE

\*JEDEC Registered Data

**HIGH VOLTAGE  
TEMPERATURE  
COMPENSATED  
ZENER DIODES**

All dimensions in mm. INCH

**MECHANICAL  
CHARACTERISTICS**

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

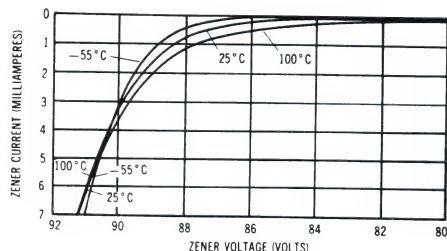
# 1N4057 thru 1N4085A

## NOTE 1

Voltage measurements to be performed 15 seconds after application of DC current.

## NOTE 2

The 1N4057 through 1N4085 series is specified over the temperature range -55°C to +100°C with measurements made at -55°C, +100°C, and at the reference temperature +25°C. The maximum voltage change over the range -55°C to +25°C and +25°C to +100°C for this series is limited to the values (expressed in mV/°C) shown in the table on the reverse page. These values are computed by considering the temperature coefficient to be an average over the temperature range. For example, there is an 80°C change in temperature from -55°C to +25°C. At an average temperature coefficient of 0.005%/°C, the maximum percentage change in voltage would be:  $80^{\circ}\text{C} \times 0.005\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  or 0.4%. For the 1N4057, having a nominal zener voltage of 12.4 volts, the maximum allowable voltage change would be: 0.4% of 12.4 volts or 49.6 millivolts.



**FIGURE 2**  
TYPICAL VOLT-AMPERE CURVE OF 1N4076A

SANTA ANA, CA

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

**1N4565 & A  
thru  
1N4584 & A**

## FEATURES

- $6.4 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$  ZENER VOLTAGE (NOTE 1)
- TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT RANGE:  $0.01\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  TO  $0.0005\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
- ZENER TEST CURRENT RANGE:  $500\mu\text{A}$  TO  $4\text{mA}$
- 1N4565A THRU 1N4574A HAVE JAN, JANTX, JANTXV QUALIFICATIONS TO MIL-S-19500/452
- RADIATION HARDENED DEVICES AVAILABLE (SEE NOTE 4)
- ALSO AVAILABLE IN DO-35 PACKAGE WITH JAN, JANTX, JANTXV-1 QUALIFICATIONS

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Power Dissipation:  $400 \text{ mW}$ , at  $50^\circ\text{C}$  ambient  
(degrade  $3.2\text{mW}/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  above  $50^\circ\text{C}$  ambient)

Operating and Storage Temperature:  $-65$  to  $+175^\circ\text{C}$

Leakage Current: @  $3 \text{ V}$ :  $10 \mu\text{A}$  @  $25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

## \* ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

JEDEC TYPE NO.	(NOTE 3) ZENER TEST CURRENT $\mu\text{A}$	MAXIMUM VOLTAGE $\text{V}_{ZT}$ $\pm 5\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT $\pm \text{mV}/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	MAX. DYNAMIC ZENER IMPEDANCE OHMS (Note 2)
1N4565	.5	.01	.64	0 to $+75^\circ\text{C}$ 200
1N4565A	.5	.01	.64	$-55$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$ 200
1N4566	.5	.005	.32	0 to $+75^\circ\text{C}$ 200
1N4566A	.5	.005	.32	$-55$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$ 200
1N4567	.5	.002	.13	0 to $+75^\circ\text{C}$ 200
1N4567A	.5	.002	.13	$-55$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$ 200
1N4568	.5	.001	.06	0 to $+75^\circ\text{C}$ 200
1N4568A	.5	.001	.06	$-55$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$ 200
1N4569	.5	.0005	.03	0 to $+75^\circ\text{C}$ 200
1N4569A	.5	.0005	.03	$-55$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$ 200
1N4570	1.0	.01	.64	0 to $+75^\circ\text{C}$ 100
1N4570A	1.0	.01	.64	$-55$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$ 100
1N4571	1.0	.005	.32	0 to $+75^\circ\text{C}$ 100
1N4571A	1.0	.005	.32	$-55$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$ 100
1N4572	1.0	.002	.13	0 to $+75^\circ\text{C}$ 100
1N4572A	1.0	.002	.13	$-55$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$ 100
1N4573	1.0	.001	.06	0 to $+75^\circ\text{C}$ 100
1N4573A	1.0	.001	.06	$-55$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$ 100
1N4574	1.0	.0005	.03	0 to $+75^\circ\text{C}$ 100
1N4574A	1.0	.0005	.03	$-55$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$ 100
1N4575	2.0	.01	.64	0 to $+75^\circ\text{C}$ 50
1N4575A	2.0	.01	.64	$-55$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$ 50
1N4576	2.0	.005	.32	0 to $+75^\circ\text{C}$ 50
1N4576A	2.0	.005	.32	$-55$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$ 50
1N4577	2.0	.002	.13	0 to $+75^\circ\text{C}$ 50
1N4577A	2.0	.002	.13	$-55$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$ 50
1N4578	2.0	.001	.06	0 to $+75^\circ\text{C}$ 50
1N4578A	2.0	.001	.06	$-55$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$ 50
1N4579	2.0	.0005	.03	0 to $+75^\circ\text{C}$ 50
1N4579A	2.0	.0005	.03	$-55$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$ 50
1N4580	4.0	.01	.64	0 to $+75^\circ\text{C}$ 25
1N4580A	4.0	.01	.64	$-55$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$ 25
1N4581	4.0	.005	.32	0 to $+75^\circ\text{C}$ 25
1N4581A	4.0	.005	.32	$-55$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$ 25
1N4582	4.0	.002	.13	0 to $+75^\circ\text{C}$ 25
1N4582A	4.0	.002	.13	$-55$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$ 25
1N4583	4.0	.001	.06	0 to $+75^\circ\text{C}$ 25
1N4583A	4.0	.001	.06	$-55$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$ 25
1N4584	4.0	.0005	.03	0 to $+75^\circ\text{C}$ 25
1N4584A	4.0	.0005	.03	$-55$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$ 25

<sup>a</sup> JEDEC Registered Data

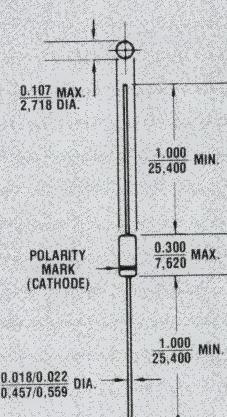
**NOTE 1** For specific device selections above requiring tighter tolerances than  $\pm 5\%$ , inquire with factory as to nominal zener voltage available.

**NOTE 2** Measured by superimposing rms AC current equal to 10% zener test current @  $25^\circ\text{C}$ . The temperature coefficient of zener impedance is approx.  $+0.3\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

**NOTE 3** Voltage measurements to be performed 15 seconds after application of DC current.

**NOTE 4** Designate Radiation Hardened devices with "RH" prefix instead of "1N," i.e., RH4584A.

## 6.4 VOLT TEMPERATURE COMPENSATED ZENER REFERENCE DIODES



**FIGURE 1**  
All dimensions in  
INCH  
mm.

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case, DO-7.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE:  $300^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$  (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body.

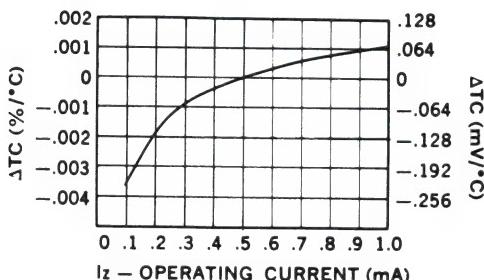
POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

WEIGHT: 0.2 grams.

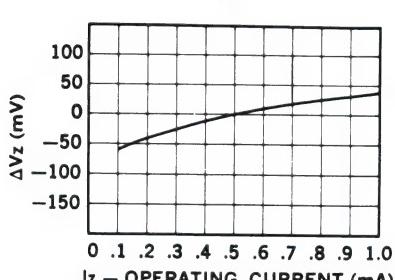
MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 1N4565 thru 1N4584A

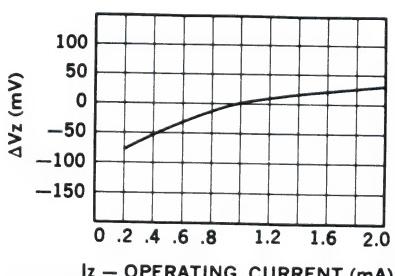
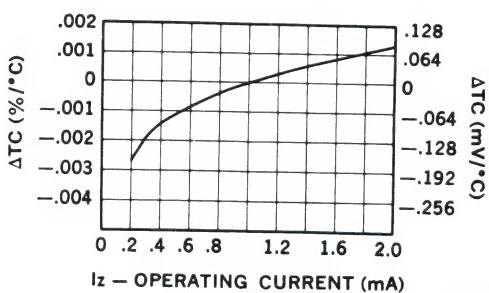
TYPICAL CHANGE  
OF  
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT  
WITH CHANGE IN  
OPERATING CURRENT



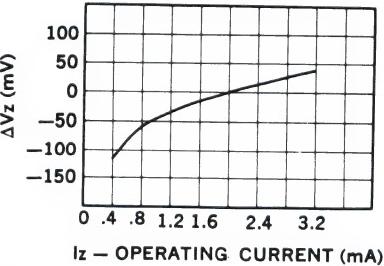
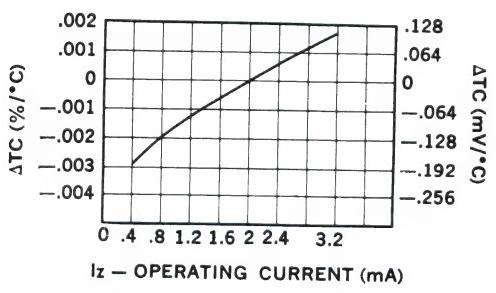
TYPICAL CHANGE  
IN ZENER VOLTAGE  
WITH CHANGE IN  
OPERATING CURRENT



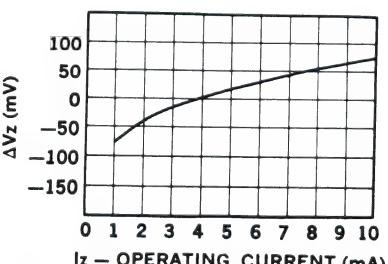
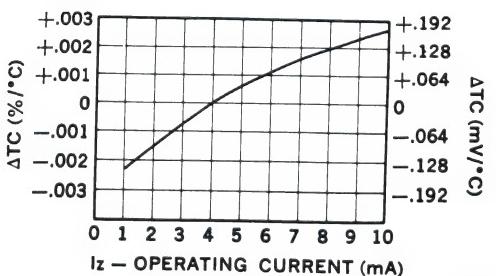
1N4565 — 1N4569A



1N4570 — 1N4574A



1N4575 — 1N4579A



1N4580 — 1N4584A

micro

**Microsemi Corp.**

The diode experts

SANTA ANA, CA

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300**1N4765  
thru  
1N4774A****FEATURES**

- ZENER VOLTAGE 9.1 V
- TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT RANGE: 0.01%/°C TO 0.0005%/°C
- RADIATION HARDENED DEVICES AVAILABLE (SEE NOTE 4)

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +175°C

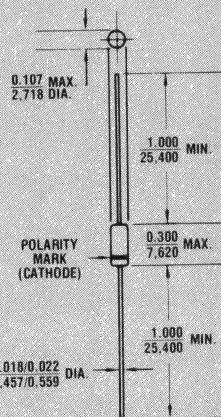
DC Power Dissipation: 250 mW

Power Derating: 2 mW/°C above 50°C

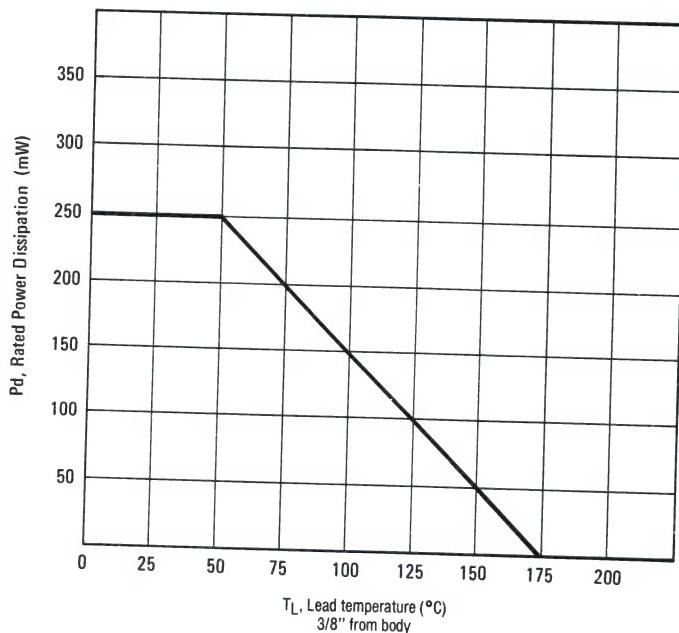
**\* ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C**

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER	ZENER VOLTAGE (NOTE 3)	ZENER TEST CURRENT	MAXIMUM DYNAMIC IMPEDANCE (Note 1)	MAXIMUM VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE STABILITY (NOTE 2 & 3)	TEMPERATURE RANGE	EFFECTIVE TEMPERATURE COMPENSATIONS $\alpha_{vz}$
	V <sub>z</sub> @ I <sub>zT</sub>	I <sub>zT</sub>	Z <sub>zT</sub>	ΔV <sub>zT</sub>		
	VOLTS	mA	OHMS	mV	°C	%/°C
1N4765	9.1	0.5	350	68	0 to + 75	0.01
1N4765A	9.1	0.5	350	141	-55 to +100	0.01
1N4766	9.1	0.5	350	34	0 to + 75	0.005
1N4766A	9.1	0.5	350	70	-55 to +100	0.005
1N4767	9.1	0.5	350	14	0 to + 75	0.002
1N4767A	9.1	0.5	350	28	-55 to +100	0.002
1N4768	9.1	0.5	350	7	0 to + 75	0.001
1N4768A	9.1	0.5	350	14	-55 to +100	0.001
1N4769	9.1	0.5	350	3	0 to + 75	0.0005
1N4769A	9.1	0.5	350	7	-55 to +100	0.0005
1N4770	9.1	1.0	200	68	0 to + 75	0.01
1N4770A	9.1	1.0	200	141	-55 to +100	0.01
1N4771	9.1	1.0	200	34	0 to + 75	0.005
1N4771A	9.1	1.0	200	70	-55 to +100	0.005
1N4772	9.1	1.0	200	14	0 to + 75	0.002
1N4772A	9.1	1.0	200	28	-55 to +100	0.002
1N4773	9.1	1.0	200	7	0 to + 75	0.001
1N4773A	9.1	1.0	200	14	-55 to +100	0.001
1N4774	9.1	1.0	200	3	0 to + 75	0.0005
1N4774A	9.1	1.0	200	7	-55 to +100	0.0005

\* JEDEC Registered Data.

**NOTE 1** Measured by superimposing I<sub>z</sub> ac rms on I<sub>z</sub> DC @ +25°C where I<sub>z</sub> ac rms = 10% I<sub>z</sub> DC.**NOTE 2** Maximum allowable change between any two discrete temperatures over the specified temperature range.**NOTE 3** Voltage measurements to be performed 15 seconds after application of DC current.**NOTE 4** Designate Radiation Hardened devices with "RH" prefix instead of "1N," i.e., RH4774A.**9.1 VOLT  
TEMPERATURE  
COMPENSATED  
ZENER REFERENCE  
DIODES****FIGURE 1**  
All dimensions in  
m.m.**MECHANICAL  
CHARACTERISTICS****CASE:** Hermetically sealed glass case. DO-7.**FINISH:** All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.**THERMAL RESISTANCE:** 300°C/W (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body.**POLARITY:** Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.**WEIGHT:** 0.2 grams.**MOUNTING POSITION:** Any.

## **1N4765 thru 1N4774A**



**FIGURE 2** POWER DERATING CURVE

SANTA ANA, CA

micro

**Microsemi Corp.**

The diode experts

**1N4775  
thru  
1N4784A**

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

## FEATURES

- ZENER VOLTAGE 8.5 V (SEE NOTE 4)
- TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT RANGE: 0.01%/°C TO 0.0005%/°C
- RADIATION HARDENED DEVICES AVAILABLE (SEE NOTE 1)

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$

DC Power Dissipation: 250 mW

Power Derating: 2 mW/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$  above  $50^{\circ}\text{C}$

## \*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

@  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER	ZENER VOLTAGE (NOTE 5)	ZENER TEST CURRENT	MAXIMUM DYNAMIC IMPEDANCE (NOTE 2)	MAXIMUM VOLTAGE STABILITY (NOTES 3 & 5)	TEMPERATURE RANGE	EFFECTIVE TEMPERATURE COMPENSATIONS $\alpha_{VZ}$
	$V_z$ @ $I_{zT}$	$I_{zT}$				
	Volts	mA	Ohms	mV	°C	%/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$
1N4775	8.5	0.5	200	64	0 to + 75	0.01
1N4775A	8.5	0.5	200	132	-55 to +100	0.01
1N4776	8.5	0.5	200	32	0 to + 75	0.005
1N4776A	8.5	0.5	200	66	-55 to +100	0.005
1N4777	8.5	0.5	200	13	0 to + 75	0.002
1N4777A	8.5	0.5	200	26	-55 to +100	0.002
1N4778	8.5	0.5	200	6	0 to + 75	0.001
1N4778A	8.5	0.5	200	13	-55 to +100	0.001
1N4779	8.5	0.5	200	3	0 to + 75	0.0005
1N4779A	8.5	0.5	200	7	-55 to +100	0.0005
1N4780	8.5	1.0	100	64	0 to + 75	0.01
1N4780A	8.5	1.0	100	132	-55 to +100	0.01
1N4781	8.5	1.0	100	32	0 to + 75	0.005
1N4781A	8.5	1.0	100	66	-55 to +100	0.005
1N4782	8.5	1.0	100	13	0 to + 75	0.002
1N4782A	8.5	1.0	100	26	-55 to +100	0.002
1N4783	8.5	1.0	100	6	0 to + 75	0.001
1N4783A	8.5	1.0	100	13	-55 to +100	0.001
1N4784	8.5	1.0	100	3	0 to + 75	0.0005
1N4784A	8.5	1.0	100	7	-55 to +100	0.0005

\* JEDEC Registered Data.

**NOTE 1** Designate Radiation Hardened devices with "RH" prefix instead of "IN," i.e., RH4784A.

## 8.5 VOLT TEMPERATURE COMPENSATED ZENER REFERENCE DIODES

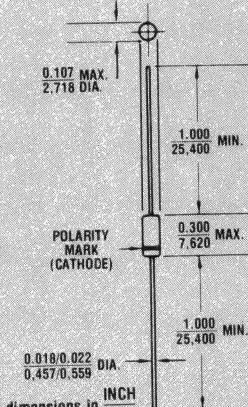


FIGURE 1

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case. DO-7.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE:  $300^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$  (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body.

POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

WEIGHT: 0.2 grams.

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

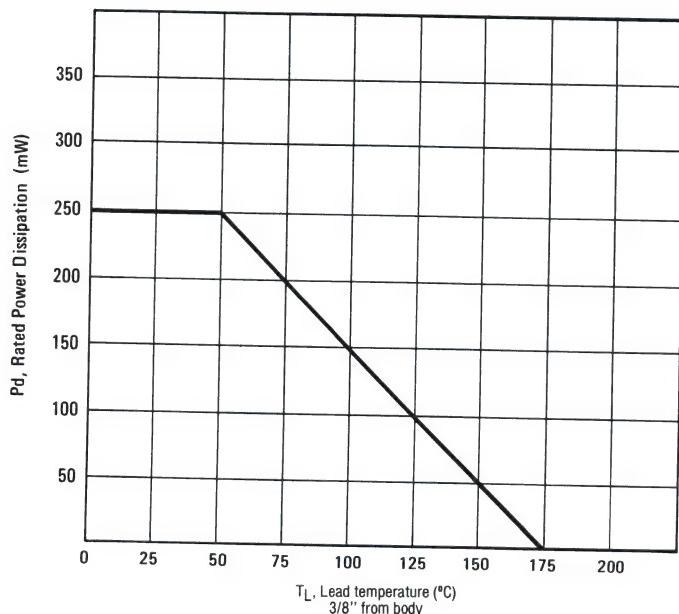
## 1N4775 thru 1N4784A

**NOTE 2** Measured by superimposing  $I_Z$  ac rms on  $I_Z$  DC @ 75°C where  $I_Z$  ac rms = 10%  $I_Z$  DC.

**NOTE 3** Maximum allowable change between any two discrete temperatures over the specified temperature change.

**NOTE 4** When ordering devices with a tighter tolerance than specified, use a nominal center voltage of 8.8 volts.

**NOTE 5** Voltage measurements to be performed 15 seconds after application of DC current.



**FIGURE 2** POWER DERATING CURVE

SANTA ANA, CA

MICRO

**Microsemi Corp.**

The diode experts

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

## DESCRIPTION

This series of Microsemi 400mW Ultra-Stable Reference Diodes offers a CERTIFIED REFERENCE VOLTAGE STABILITY as measured over an actual operating period of 1000 hours. Standard stabilities are 10, 20, and 50 PPM/1000 hours. Units having stabilities of less than 5 PPM/1000 hours are available on special request.

Ultra-Stable Certified Reference Diodes, available in standard or radiation hardened construction, can be used in any circuit that requires a stable reference voltage that is insensitive to shock, vibration, or position. Their inherent stability allows them to be used in circuits requiring an extremely high degree of voltage time stability such as those in Digital Voltmeters, Computers, X-Y Recorders, Missile Guidance and Environmental Control Systems, and Portable Reference Standards. Wherever accurate and reliable measurements are to be made, the Microsemi "Ultra-Stable" diode excels as the Standard Reference device.

All devices in this series have been subjected to Microsemi's 1000 hour Stability Test Sequence, consisting of a 1000 hour power age with reference voltage measured once every 168 hours giving a total of 7 individual test points. The stability test is performed at  $80^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 0.1^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

A Certificate containing the following data is supplied with each diode:

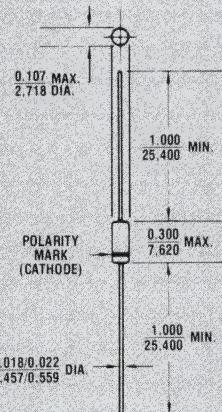
1. The stability test voltage readings.
2. The voltage drift as referenced to "Zero Hour" in both  $\mu\text{V}$  and in PPM (Parts-Per-Million).

To certify these diodes to such tight stabilities as 10 PPM/1000 hours, every factor of environment, both ambient and electrical is considered and controlled to "Standards Laboratory" accuracy. Room ambient temperature is controlled to  $\pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The temperature of the oil bath is controlled to better than  $\pm 0.1^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Test current is maintained constant and repeatable to within 0.0001 mA. The measurement facility is calibrated utilizing Primary Voltage Standards directly traceable to the National Bureau of Standards.

To specify radiation hardened devices, use "RH" prefix instead of "1N", i.e. RH4895A instead of 1N4895A.

## 1N4890 thru 1N4895 and 1N4890A thru 1N4895A WITH CERTIFIED ZENER VOLTAGE STABILITY

6.35 VOLT  
ULTRA STABLE  
TEMPERATURE  
COMPENSATED  
ZENER  
REFERENCE  
DIODES



All dimensions in INCH  
m.m.

FIGURE 1

## 6.35 VOLT ULTRA-STABLE (T.C.) ZENER REFERENCE DIODES

### MAXIMUM RATINGS (See Fig. 5)

Operating Temperature Range:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 Maximum Lead Temperature  $1/16 \pm 1/32$  inch from case for 10 seconds:  $230^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 Maximum DC Power Dissipation at or below  $50^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 Ambient: 400 mW  
 Linear Derating:  $3.2 \text{ mW}/^{\circ}\text{C}$  (See Figure 5)  
 Maximum Steady State Current ( $I_{ZM}$ ) at  $150^{\circ}\text{C}$ :  
 $7.5 \text{ mA}$

### MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Case: Hermetically sealed glass  
 Dimensions: DO-7 outline  
 Finish: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads are readily solderable  
 Polarity: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive  
 Weight: 0.2 grams (typical)  
 Mounting Position: Any

\*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE $\pm 5\%$ $V_z @ I_{zT}$	ZENER TEST CURRENT $\pm 0.01 \text{ mA}$ $I_{zT}$	MAXIMUM ZENER IMPEDANCE $Z_{zT} @ I_{zT}$ (NOTE 1)	VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE STABILITY $\Delta V_z$ MAXIMUM (NOTE 2)	TEMPERATURE RANGE	EFFECTIVE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT $\alpha_{Vz}$	VOLTAGE TIME STABILITY @ $80^{\circ}\text{C}$ INITIAL-TO PEAK $\Delta V_z$ MAXIMUM (NOTE 3)	EFFECTIVE VOLTAGE TIME STABILITY INITIAL-TO-PEAK
	VOLTS	mA	OHMS	mV			%/°C	
<b>1N4890</b>	6.35	7.5	10	5.0	25 to 100	0.001	318	50
<b>1N4890A</b>	6.35	7.5	10	10.0	-55 to 100	0.001	318	50
<b>1N4891</b>	6.35	7.5	10	2.5	25 to 100	0.0005	318	50
<b>1N4891A</b>	6.35	7.5	10	5.0	-55 to 100	0.0005	318	50
<b>1N4892</b>	6.35	7.5	10	5.0	25 to 100	0.001	127	20
<b>1N4892A</b>	6.35	7.5	10	10.0	-55 to 100	0.001	127	20
<b>1N4893</b>	6.35	7.5	10	2.5	25 to 100	0.0005	127	20
<b>1N4893A</b>	6.35	7.5	10	5.0	-55 to 100	0.0005	127	20
<b>1N4894</b>	6.35	7.5	10	5.0	25 to 100	0.001	64	10
<b>1N4894A</b>	6.35	7.5	10	10.0	-55 to 100	0.001	64	10
<b>1N4895</b>	6.35	7.5	10	2.5	25 to 100	0.0005	64	10
<b>1N4895A</b>	6.35	7.5	10	5.0	-55 to 100	0.0005	64	10

### NOTE 1

The zener impedance is derived from the 60 Hz ac voltage which results when an ac current having an rms value equal to 10% of the DC zener current ( $I_{zT}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{zT}$ .

### NOTE 2

Maximum allowable change observed over the entire temperature range i.e., the diode voltage will not exceed the specified mV change at any discrete temperature between the established limits.

### NOTE 3

When operated at:  
 $I_{zT} = 7.5 \text{ mA} \pm 0.0001 \text{ mA}$   
 $T_A = 80^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 0.1^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 (See Note 2 Below)

### NOTES AND PRECAUTIONS FOR CERTIFIED REFERENCE DIODES

**1. DIODE IDENTIFICATION:** The diodes are shipped attached to their certification papers and each diode is individually packaged with the diode identification on the package. Identification includes JEDEC type number and a diode serial number consisting of 7 digits showing the lot number and diode number, which provide traceability to factory records.

**2. PRECAUTIONS:** The normal precautions must be taken when soldering as with any semiconductor device, such as a thermal shunt between the

soldering iron and the diode body. "Mechanical" rather than solder mounting is preferred for optimum performance. Mounting the diode inside a large thermal mass such as aluminum, copper, brass, or epoxy will reduce thermally induced voltage fluctuations discernible as low frequency noise in the 0-3 Hz region of the spectrum.

Certain precautions must be taken to ensure that the diode's stability is fully utilized in the circuit. If the current through the zener is not controlled, the refer-

## 6.35 VOLT ULTRA-STABLE (T. C.) ZENER REFERENCE DIODES

ence voltage will shift due to diode impedance ( $\Delta V_Z = \Delta I_Z \times Z_{ZT}$ ). If the diode's junction temperature is allowed to change, due to a change in ambient or case temperature or due to a power level change, a shift in voltage will occur consistent with the temperature coefficient of the diode. In addition, the device must be physically mounted so as to give the diode a constant thermal resistance, junction-to-ambient. Drafts, circulating oil, and even the minute convection currents produced by a diode in a closed container can cause shifts in reference voltage greater than those that can be attributed to the diode's inherent stability.

It must be understood that the certified stability is possible only under steady-state, constant temperature conditions. The stability of an ultra-stable zener reference diode may be upset by severe changes in junction temperature. In addition, a slight derating of voltage-time stability ( $\Delta V_{zt}$ ) may be experienced if the diode is operated outside the "stable-area" defined in Figure 5. The effect of turning the diode's current off and on at a *constant* temperature is negligible (except for thermal warmup of diode). The certified stability of the diode is considered to be a worst case "inherent" junction stability, and will be realized only after 2 or 3 weeks of operation under *actual operating conditions*. This might be in the user's circuit or finished product, however, the device must have this time to reach an "equilibrium" at operating conditions. The "inherent" stability of the

device is never upset unless maximum ratings are surpassed. A new "equilibrium" must be reached with each new operating condition.

Temperature coefficients much lower than specified can be attained by operating the diode at "0" TC crossover current (the point at which TC goes from positive to negative or vice-versa), however, a new "equilibrium" must be reached before full stability will be attained.

**3. MICROSEMI TEST METHOD:** Microsemi uses a potentiometric method of zener voltage measurement on certified reference diodes. Zener voltage is measured to seven digits (1 microvolt resolution). Voltage calibration is directly traceable to the National Bureau of Standards. Oil bath temperature is controlled to better than  $0.1^\circ\text{C}$ , and current is constant and repeatable to better than  $\pm 0.1\mu\text{A}$ . Test clips are designed for the four-terminal method of measurement (separate voltage and current connections) to eliminate errors caused by resistance. The diodes are thermally shielded by an aluminum thermal filter to reduce thermally created error causing voltage fluctuations.

**4. 1000 HOUR STABILITY TEST SEQUENCE:** Voltage is measured seven times during the test with the last six measurements referenced to the first. The measurements are taken 168 hours apart, giving a total test time of 1008 hours.

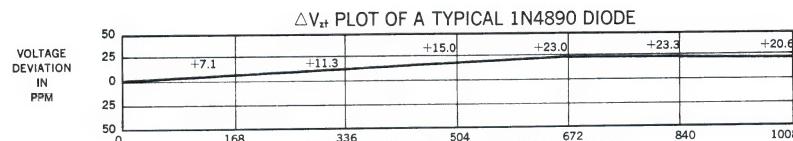


FIGURE 2 — OPERATING TEST TIME IN HOURS

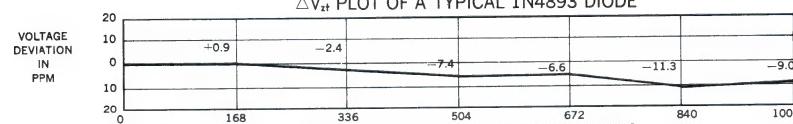


FIGURE 3 — OPERATING TEST TIME IN HOURS

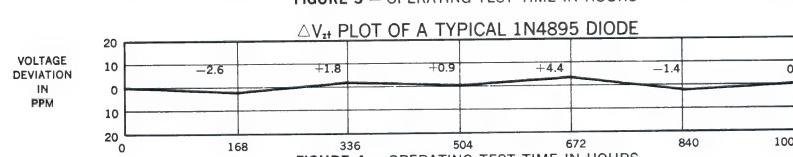


FIGURE 4 — OPERATING TEST TIME IN HOURS

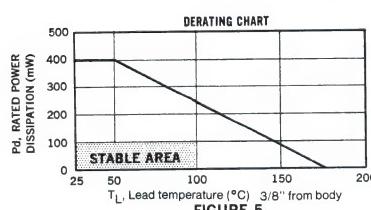


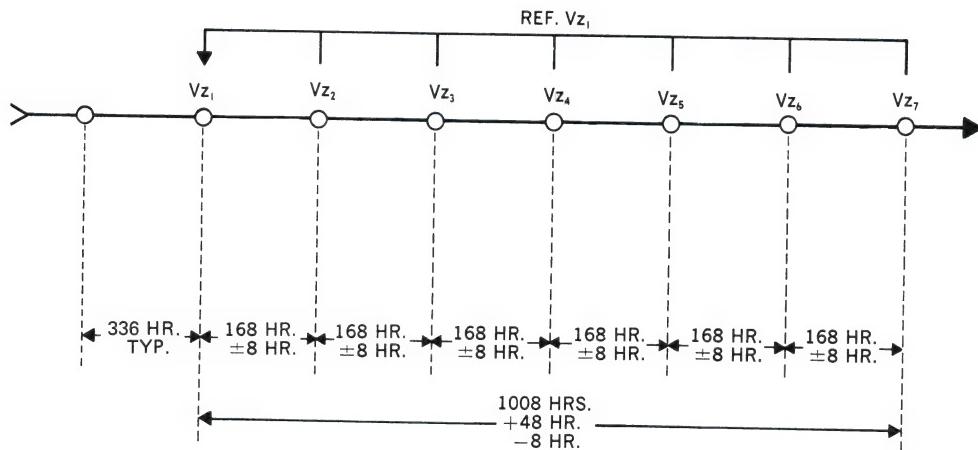
FIGURE 5

THE "STABLE AREA" IS DEFINED AS THE AREA IN WHICH THE MAXIMUM TIME STABILITY ( $\Delta V_{zt}$ ) IS ATTAINABLE.

A SLIGHT DERATING IN THE TIME STABILITY MAY BE EXPECTED IF THE DIODE IS OPERATED OUTSIDE THIS AREA.

## 6.35 VOLT ULTRA-STABLE (T. C.) ZENER REFERENCE DIODES

### 1000 HOUR STABILITY TEST SEQUENCE



Notes:

Test Temperature .....  $80^\circ \text{C} \pm 0.1^\circ \text{C}$

Test Current ..... 7.5 mA. with a constancy and repeatability of  $\pm 0.1$  microamp.

The first 336 hours of operation is a stabilization period. The stability of a diode is measured by the worst voltage difference ( $\Delta V_Z$ ) referenced to  $V_{Z_1}$ .

SANTA ANA, CA

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
 (602) 941-6300

**1N4896  
 thru  
 1N4915A**

## FEATURES

- ZENER VOLTAGE 12.8V
- TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT RANGE: 0.01%/°C to 0.001%/°C
- N<sub>D</sub> YIELDS MAXIMUM-RMS NOISE FOR ANY BANDWIDTH

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Junction and Storage Temperatures: -65°C to +175°C

DC Power Dissipation: 400 mW

Power Derating: 3.20 mW/°C above 50°C

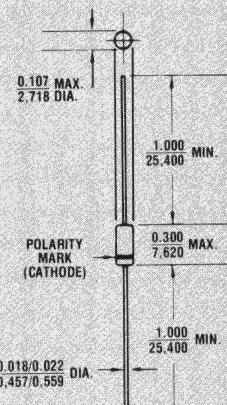
## \* ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

@ 25°C, unless otherwise specified

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER	TEST CURRENT I <sub>ZT</sub> (Note 1 & 5)	MAX. VOLTAGE CHANGE WITH TEMPERATURE ΔV <sub>ZT</sub> (Note 2 & 5)	TEMPERATURE RANGE	EFFECTIVE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT α <sub>VZ</sub> (Note 3)	MAXIMUM DYNAMIC IMPEDANCE Z <sub>ZT</sub> (Note 4)	MAXIMUM NOISE DENSITY N <sub>D</sub>
mA	Volts		°C	± %/°C	OHMS	μV/V cps
1N4896	0.5	0.096	+25 to +100	0.01	400	0.8
1N4896A	0.5	0.198	-55 to +100	0.01	400	0.8
1N4897	0.5	0.048	+25 to +100	0.005	400	0.8
1N4897A	0.5	0.099	-55 to +100	0.005	400	0.8
1N4898	0.5	0.019	+25 to +100	0.002	400	0.8
1N4898A	0.5	0.040	-55 to +100	0.002	400	0.8
1N4899	0.5	0.010	+25 to +100	0.001	400	0.8
1N4899A	0.5	0.020	-55 to +100	0.001	400	0.8
1N4900	1.0	0.096	+25 to +100	0.01	200	0.4
1N4900A	1.0	0.198	-55 to +100	0.01	200	0.4
1N4901	1.0	0.048	+25 to +100	0.005	200	0.4
1N4901A	1.0	0.099	-55 to +100	0.005	200	0.4
1N4902	1.0	0.019	+25 to +100	0.002	200	0.4
1N4902A	1.0	0.040	-55 to +100	0.002	200	0.4
1N4903	1.0	0.010	+25 to +100	0.001	200	0.4
1N4903A	1.0	0.020	-55 to +100	0.001	200	0.4
1N4904	2.0	0.096	+25 to +100	0.01	100	0.25
1N4904A	2.0	0.198	-55 to +100	0.01	100	0.25
1N4905	2.0	0.048	+25 to +100	0.005	100	0.25
1N4905A	2.0	0.099	-55 to +100	0.005	100	0.25
1N4906	2.0	0.019	+25 to +100	0.002	100	0.25
1N4906A	2.0	0.040	-55 to +100	0.002	100	0.25
1N4907	2.0	0.010	+25 to +100	0.001	100	0.25
1N4907A	2.0	0.020	-55 to +100	0.001	100	0.25
1N4908	4.0	0.096	+25 to +100	0.01	50	0.22
1N4908A	4.0	0.198	-55 to +100	0.01	50	0.22
1N4909	4.0	0.048	+25 to +100	0.005	50	0.22
1N4909A	4.0	0.099	-55 to +100	0.005	50	0.22
1N4910	4.0	0.019	+25 to +100	0.002	50	0.22
1N4910A	4.0	0.040	-55 to +100	0.002	50	0.22
1N4911	4.0	0.010	+25 to +100	0.001	50	0.22
1N4911A	4.0	0.020	-55 to +100	0.001	50	0.22
1N4912	7.5	0.096	+25 to +100	0.01	25	0.20
1N4912A	7.5	0.198	-55 to +100	0.01	25	0.20
1N4913	7.5	0.048	+25 to +100	0.005	25	0.20
1N4913A	7.5	0.099	-55 to +100	0.005	25	0.20
1N4914	7.5	0.019	+25 to +100	0.002	25	0.20
1N4914A	7.5	0.040	-55 to +100	0.002	25	0.20
1N4915	7.5	0.010	+25 to +100	0.001	25	0.20
1N4915A	7.5	0.020	-55 to +100	0.001	25	0.20

\* JEDEC Registered Data.

## 12.8 VOLT LOW NOISE TEMPERATURE COMPENSATED ZENER REFERENCE DIODES



**FIGURE 1**  
 All dimensions in **INCH**  
 m.m.

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case, DO-7.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE: 300°C/W (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body.

POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

WEIGHT: 0.2 grams.

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 1N4896 thru 1N4915A

**NOTE 1** Nominal voltage for all types is 12.8 Volts  $\pm 5\%$ .

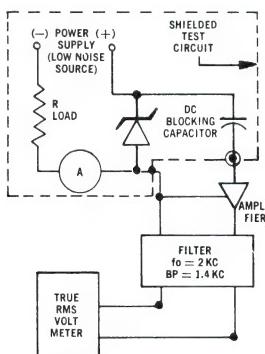
**NOTE 2** Referred to as the 'box' measurement method, the  $\Delta V_{ZT}$  is the maximum voltage variance that will occur as the voltage is scanned thru all temperatures between the temperature range limits.

**NOTE 3** The effective temperature coefficients are tabulated in %/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$  primarily for information only since temperature compensated diodes inherently have a non-linear voltage-temperature characteristic.

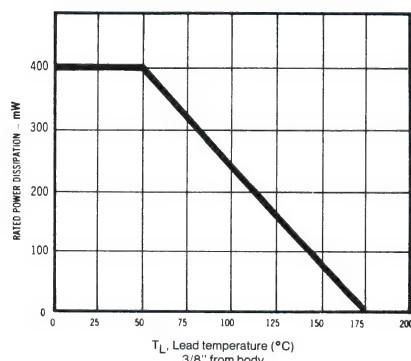
**NOTE 4** The dynamic Zener impedance  $Z_{ZT}$  is derived from the resulting a.c. voltage developed when a 60 cps, rms a.c. current equal to 10% of the D.C. Zener current  $I_{ZT}$  is superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$ .

**NOTE 5** Voltage measurements to be performed 15 seconds after application of DC current.

Noise Density ( $N_D$ ) is specified in Microvolts-rms per square root cycle. Actual measurement is performed using a 1.4 KC (1 octave) frequency band-pass at the Zener test current ( $I_{ZT}$ ) @  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  ambient temperature.



**FIGURE 2** NOISE DENSITY MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT



**FIGURE 3** POWER DERATING CURVE

**Micro**  
**Microsemi Corp.**  
The diode experts

SANTA ANA, CA

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

**1N4916  
thru  
1N4932A**

## FEATURES

- ZENER VOLTAGE 19.2V
- TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT RANGE: 0.01%/°C to 0.001%/°C
- N<sub>D</sub> YIELDS MAXIMUM-RMS NOISE FOR ANY BANDWIDTH

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Junction and Storage Temperatures: -65°C to +175°C

DC Power Dissipation: 400 mW

Power Derating: 3.20 mW/°C above 50°C

## \*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

@ 25°C, unless otherwise specified

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER	TEST CURRENT I <sub>ZT</sub> (Note 1 & 5)	MAX. VOLTAGE CHANGE WITH TEMPERATURE ΔV <sub>ZT</sub> (Note 2 & 5)	TEMPERATURE RANGE	EFFECTIVE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT α <sub>VZ</sub> (Note 3)	MAXIMUM DYNAMIC IMPEDANCE Z <sub>ZT</sub> (Note 4)	MAXIMUM NOISE DENSITY N <sub>D</sub>
mA	volts		°C	±%/°C	ohms	μV/V cps
1N4916	0.5	0.144	+25 to +100	0.01	600	1.0
1N4916A	0.5	0.298	-55 to +100	0.01	600	1.0
1N4917	0.5	0.072	+25 to +100	0.005	600	1.0
1N4917A	0.5	0.149	-55 to +100	0.005	600	1.0
1N4918	0.5	0.029	+25 to +100	0.002	600	1.0
1N4918A	0.5	0.060	-55 to +100	0.002	600	1.0
1N4919	1.0	0.144	+25 to +100	0.01	300	0.5
1N4919A	1.0	0.298	-55 to +100	0.01	300	0.5
1N4920	1.0	0.072	+25 to +100	0.005	300	0.5
1N4920A	1.0	0.149	-55 to +100	0.005	300	0.5
1N4921	1.0	0.029	+25 to +100	0.002	300	0.5
1N4921A	1.0	0.060	-55 to +100	0.002	300	0.5
1N4922	2.0	0.144	+25 to +100	0.01	150	0.25
1N4922A	2.0	0.298	-55 to +100	0.01	150	0.25
1N4923	2.0	0.072	+25 to +100	0.005	150	0.25
1N4923A	2.0	0.149	-55 to +100	0.005	150	0.25
1N4924	2.0	0.029	+25 to +100	0.002	150	0.25
1N4924A	2.0	0.060	-55 to +100	0.002	150	0.25
1N4925	4.0	0.144	+25 to +100	0.01	75	0.22
1N4925A	4.0	0.298	-55 to +100	0.01	75	0.22
1N4926	4.0	0.072	+25 to +100	0.005	75	0.22
1N4926A	4.0	0.149	-55 to +100	0.005	75	0.22
1N4927	4.0	0.029	+25 to +100	0.002	75	0.22
1N4927A	4.0	0.060	-55 to +100	0.002	75	0.22
1N4928	4.0	0.014	+25 to +100	0.001	75	0.22
1N4928A	4.0	0.030	-55 to +100	0.001	75	0.22
1N4929	7.5	0.144	+25 to +100	0.01	36	0.20
1N4929A	7.5	0.298	-55 to +100	0.01	36	0.20
1N4930	7.5	0.072	+25 to +100	0.005	36	0.20
1N4930A	7.5	0.149	-55 to +100	0.005	36	0.20
1N4931	7.5	0.029	+25 to +100	0.002	36	0.20
1N4931A	7.5	0.060	-55 to +100	0.002	36	0.20
1N4932	7.5	0.014	+25 to +100	0.001	36	0.20
1N4932A	7.5	0.030	-55 to +100	0.001	36	0.20

\* JEDEC Registered Data.

## 19.2 VOLT LOW NOISE TEMPERATURE COMPENSATED ZENER REFERENCE DIODES

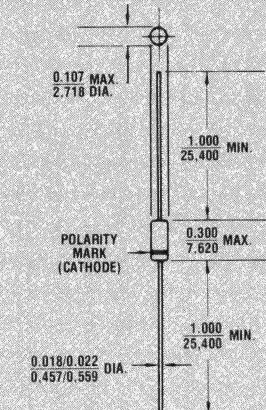


FIGURE 1  
All dimensions in INCH  
m.m.

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case. DO-7.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE: 300°C/W (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body.

POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

WEIGHT: 0.2 grams.

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 1N4916 thru 1N4932A

**NOTE 1** Nominal voltage for all types is 19.2 Volts  $\pm 5\%$ .

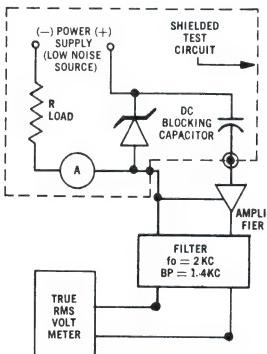
**NOTE 2** Referred to as the 'box' measurement method, the  $\Delta V_{ZT}$  is the maximum voltage variance that will occur as the voltage is scanned thru all temperatures between the temperature range limits.

**NOTE 3** The effective temperature coefficients are tabulated in  $\%/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  primarily for information only because temperature compensated diodes inherently have a non-linear voltage-temperature relationship.

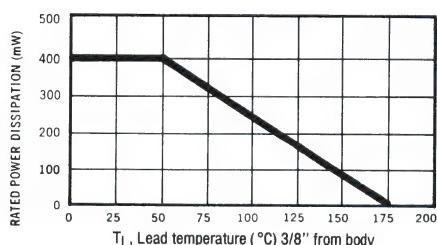
**NOTE 4** The dynamic Zener impedance  $Z_{ZT}$  is derived from the resulting a.c. voltage developed when a 60 cps, rms, a.c. current equal to 10% of the D.C. Zener current  $I_{ZT}$  is superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$ .

**NOTE 5** Voltage measurements to be performed 15 seconds after application of DC current.

Noise Density ( $N_D$ ) is specified in Microvolts-rms per square root cycle. Actual measurement is performed using a 1.4 KC (1 octave) frequency band-pass at the Zener test current ( $I_{ZT}$ ) @  $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  ambient temperature.

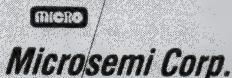


**FIGURE 2**  
NOISE DENSITY MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT



**FIGURE 3**  
POWER DERATING CURVE

**USR 931  
thru  
USR 934**



SANTA ANA, CA

SANTA ANA, CA

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

## DESCRIPTION

This series of Microsemi 400mW Ultra-Stable Reference Diodes offers a CERTIFIED REFERENCE VOLTAGE STABILITY as measured over an actual operating period of 1000 hours. Standard stabilities are 10, 20, and 50 PPM/1000 hours. Units having stabilities of less than 5 PPM/1000 hours are available on special request.

Ultra-Stable Certified Reference Diodes, available in standard or radiation hardened construction, can be used in any circuit that requires a stable reference voltage that is insensitive to shock, vibration, or position. Their inherent stability allows them to be used in circuits requiring an extremely high degree of voltage time stability such as those in Digital Voltmeters, Computers, X-Y Recorders, Missile Guidance and Environmental Control Systems, and Portable Reference Standards. Wherever accurate and reliable measurements are to be made, the Microsemi "Ultra-Stable" diode excels as the Standard Reference device.

All devices in this series have been subjected to Microsemi's 1000 hour Stability Test Sequence, consisting of a 1000 hour power age with reference voltage measured once every 168 hours giving a total of 7 individual test points. The stability test is performed at  $80^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 0.1^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

A Certificate containing the following data is supplied with each diode:

1. The stability test voltage readings.
2. The voltage drift as referenced to "Zero Hour" in both  $\mu\text{V}$  and in PPM (Parts-Per-Million).

To certify these diodes to such tight stabilities as 10 PPM/1000 hours, every factor of environment, both ambient and electrical is considered and controlled to "Standards Laboratory" accuracy. Room ambient temperature is controlled to  $\pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The temperature of the oil bath is controlled to better than  $\pm 0.1^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Test current is maintained constant and repeatable to within 0.0001 mA. The measurement facility is calibrated utilizing Primary Voltage Standards directly traceable to the National Bureau of Standards.

**WITH CERTIFIED  
ZENER VOLTAGE  
STABILITY  
9.3 VOLT  
ULTRA STABLE  
TEMPERATURE  
COMPENSATED  
ZENER REFERENCE  
DIODES**

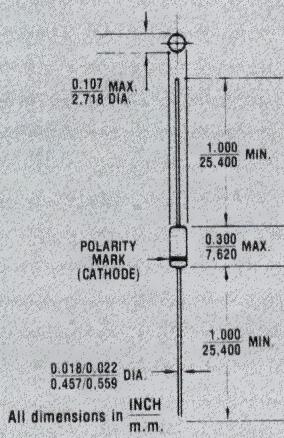


FIGURE 1

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case. DO-7.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE:  $300^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$  (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body.

POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

WEIGHT: 0.2 grams

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

## 9.3 VOLT ULTRA-STABLE (T.C.) ZENER REFERENCE DIODES

### MAXIMUM RATINGS (See Fig. 6)

Operating Temperature Range:  
 $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$

Maximum Lead Temperature  $1/8 \pm 1/32$  inch  
 from case for 8 seconds:  $230^{\circ}\text{C}$

Maximum DC Power Dissipation at or below  
 $50^{\circ}\text{C}$  Ambient

Linear Derating:  $3.2 \text{ mW}/^{\circ}\text{C}$  (See Figure 6)

Maximum Steady State Current ( $I_{ZM}$ ) at  
 $+150^{\circ}\text{C}$ :  $7.5 \text{ mA}$

### MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Case: Hermetically sealed glass

Dimensions: DO-7 outline

Finish: All external surfaces are corrosion re-sistant and leads are readily solderable

Polarity: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive

Weight: 0.2 grams (typical)

Mounting Position: Any

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

at  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.

MICRO TYPE NUMBER	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE $V_Z @ I_{ZT}$	ZENER TEST CURRENT $\pm 0.01 \text{ mA}$ $I_{ZT}$	MAXIMUM ZENER IMPEDANCE $Z_{ZT} @ I_{ZT}$ (NOTE 1)	VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE STABILITY $\Delta V_{ZT}$ MAXIMUM (NOTE 2)	TEMPERATURE RANGE	EFFECTIVE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT	VOLTAGE TIME STABILITY @ $80^{\circ}\text{C}$ INITIAL-TO-PEAK $\Delta V_{ZT}$ MAXIMUM (NOTE 3)	EFFECTIVE VOLTAGE TIME STABILITY INITIAL-TO-PEAK
	VOLTS	mA	OHMS	mV	°C	%/°C	$\mu\text{V}/1000 \text{ HRS.}$	PPM/1000 HRS.
USR931	9.3	7.5	20	3.4	25 to 100	.0005	465	50
USR932	9.3	7.5	20	3.4	25 to 100	.0005	186	20
USR933	9.3	7.5	20	3.4	25 to 100	.0005	93	10
USR934	9.3	7.5	20	3.4	25 to 100	.0005	46	5

### NOTE 1

The zener impedance is derived from the 60 Hz ac voltage which results when an ac current having an rms value equal to 10% of the DC zener current ( $I_{ZT}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$ .

### NOTE 2

The maximum allowable change observed over the entire temperature range i.e., the diode voltage will not exceed the specified mV change at any discrete temperature between the established limits.

### NOTE 3

When operated at :

$$I_{ZT} = 7.5 \text{ mA} \pm 0.0001 \text{ mA}$$

$$T_A = 80^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 0.1^{\circ}\text{C}$$

(See Note 2 Below)

### NOTES AND PRECAUTIONS FOR CERTIFIED REFERENCE DIODES

**1. DIODE IDENTIFICATION:** The diodes are shipped attached to their certification papers and each diode is individually packaged with the diode identification on the package. Identification includes MICRO type number and a diode serial number consisting of 7 digits showing the lot number and diode number, which provide traceability to factory records.

**2. PRECAUTIONS:** The normal precautions must be taken when soldering as with any semiconductor device, such as a thermal shunt between the soldering iron and the diode body. "Mechanical" rather than solder mounting is preferred for optimum performance. Mounting the diode inside a large thermal mass such as aluminum, copper, brass, or epoxy will reduce thermally induced voltage fluctuations discernible as low frequency noise in the 0-3 Hz region of the spectrum.

Certain precautions must be taken to ensure that the diode's stability is fully utilized in the circuit. If the

current through the zener is not controlled, the reference voltage will shift due to diode impedance ( $\Delta V_Z = \Delta I_Z \times Z_{ZT}$ ). If the diode's junction temperature is allowed to change, due to a change in ambient or case temperature or due to a power level change, a shift in voltage will occur consistent with the temperature coefficient of the diode. In addition, the device must be physically mounted so as to give the diode a constant thermal resistance, junction-to-ambient. Drafts, circulating oil, and even the minute convection currents produced by a diode in a closed container can cause shifts in reference voltage greater than those that can be attributed to the diode's inherent stability.

The certified stability of a diode is achieved only under steady state, constant temperature conditions. If the diode is operated at conditions other than the certification test conditions, it is recommended that it be operated for a period of 2 to 3 weeks under circuit

operating conditions to achieve rated stability.

A slight derating of voltage-time stability ( $\Delta V_{zt}$ ) may be experienced if the diode is operated outside the "stable-area" defined in Figure 6.

Temperature coefficients much lower than specified can be attained by operating the diode at "0" TC crossover current (the current at which the TC goes from positive to negative or vice-versa), however, a new "equilibrium" must be reached before full stability will be attained.

**3. MICROSEMI TEST METHOD:** Microsemi uses a potentiometric method of zener voltage measurement on certified reference diodes. Zener voltage is measured to seven digits (1 microvolt

resolution). Voltage calibration is directly traceable to the National Bureau of Standards. Oil bath temperature is controlled to better than  $0.1^{\circ}\text{C}$ , and current is constant and repeatable to better than  $\pm 0.1\mu\text{A}$ . Test clips are designed for the four-terminal method of measurement (separate voltage and current connections) to eliminate errors caused by resistance. The diodes are thermally shielded by an aluminum thermal filter to reduce thermally created error causing voltage fluctuations.

**4. 1000 HOUR STABILITY TEST SEQUENCE:** Voltage is measured seven times during the test with the last six measurements referenced to the first. The measurements are taken 168 hours apart, giving a total test time of 1008 hours.

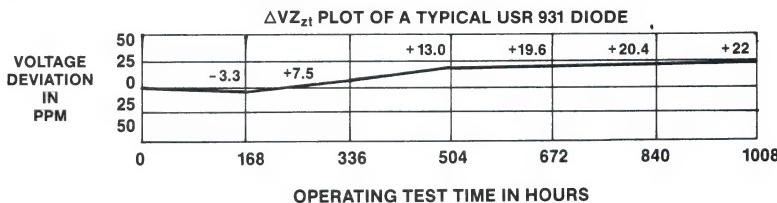


Figure 2

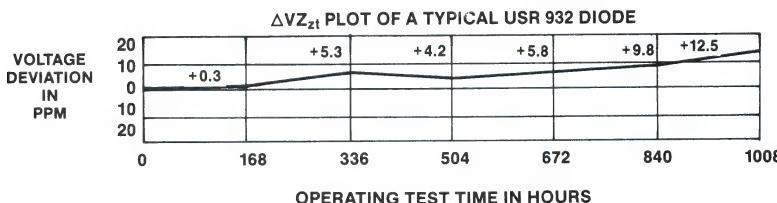


Figure 3

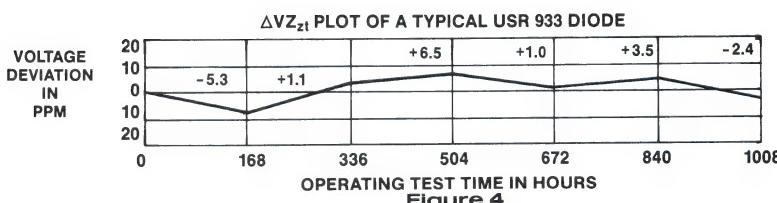


Figure 4

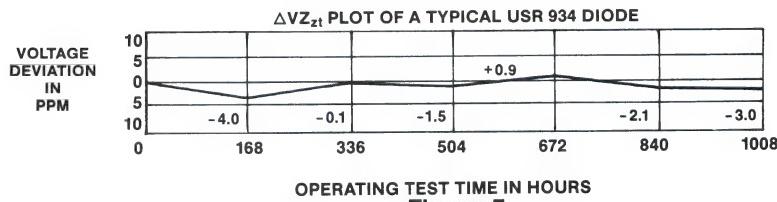
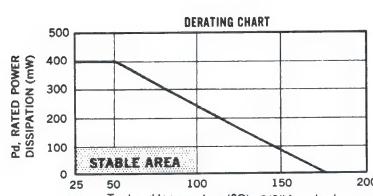


Figure 5



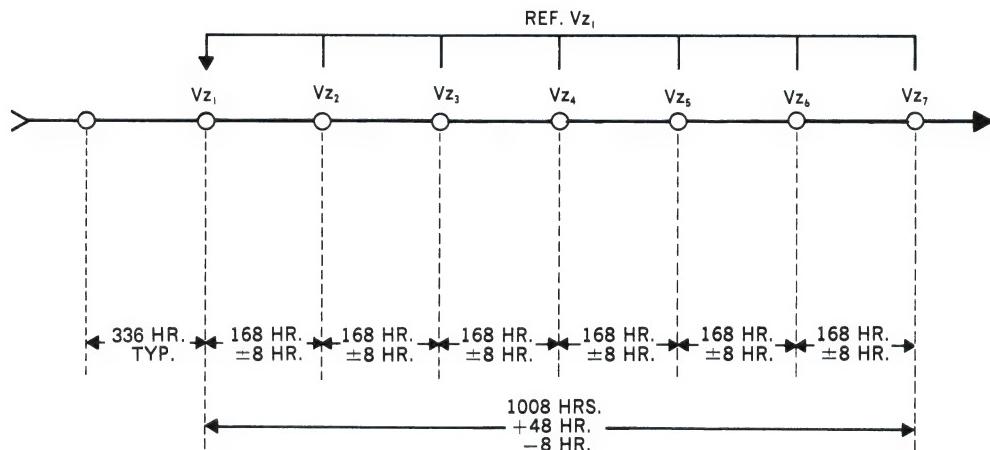
THE "STABLE AREA" IS DEFINED AS THE AREA IN WHICH THE MAXIMUM TIME STABILITY ( $\Delta V_{zt}$ ) IS ATTAINABLE.

A SLIGHT DERATING IN THE TIME STABILITY MAY BE EXPECTED IF THE DIODE IS OPERATED OUTSIDE THIS AREA.

Figure 6

## 9.3 VOLT ULTRA-STABLE (T.C.) ZENER REFERENCE DIODES

### 1000 HOUR STABILITY TEST SEQUENCE



#### Notes:

Test Temperature .....  $80^\circ \text{ C}$   $\pm 0.1^\circ \text{ C}$

Test Current ..... 7.5 mA. with a constancy and repeatability of  $\pm 0.1$  microamp.

The first 336 hours of operation is a stabilization period. The stability of a diode is measured by the worst voltage difference ( $\Delta V_Z$ ) referenced to  $V_{Z_1}$ .

**micro**

**Microsemi Corp.**

*The diode experts*

SANTA ANA, CA

**USR 1171  
thru  
USR 1174**

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

## DESCRIPTION

This series of Microsemi 400mW Ultra-Stable Reference Diodes offers a CERTIFIED REFERENCE VOLTAGE STABILITY as measured over an actual operating period of 1000 hours. Standard stabilities are 10, 20, and 50 PPM/1000 hours. Units having stabilities of less than 5 PPM/1000 hours are available on special request.

Ultra-Stable Certified Reference Diodes, available in standard or radiation hardened construction, can be used in any circuit that requires a stable reference voltage that is insensitive to shock, vibration, or position. Their inherent stability allows them to be used in circuits requiring an extremely high degree of voltage time stability such as those in Digital Voltmeters, Computers, X-Y Recorders, Missile Guidance and Environmental Control Systems, and Portable Reference Standards. Wherever accurate and reliable measurements are to be made, the Microsemi "Ultra-Stable" diode excels as the Standard Reference device.

All devices in this series have been subjected to Microsemi's 1000 hour Stability Test Sequence, consisting of a 1000 hour power age with reference voltage measured once every 168 hours giving a total of 7 individual test points. The stability test is performed at  $80^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 0.1^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

A Certificate containing the following data is supplied with each diode:

1. The stability test voltage readings.
2. The voltage drift as referenced to "Zero Hour" in both  $\mu\text{V}$  and in PPM (Parts-Per-Million).

To certify these diodes to such tight stabilities as 10 PPM/1000 hours, every factor of environment, both ambient and electrical is considered and controlled to "Standards Laboratory" accuracy. Room ambient temperature is controlled to  $\pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The temperature of the oil bath is controlled to better than  $\pm 0.1^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Test current is maintained constant and repeatable to within 0.0001 mA. The measurement facility is calibrated utilizing Primary Voltage Standards directly traceable to the National Bureau of Standards.

## 11.7 VOLT ULTRA STABLE TEMPERATURE COMPENSATED ZENER REFERENCE DIODES

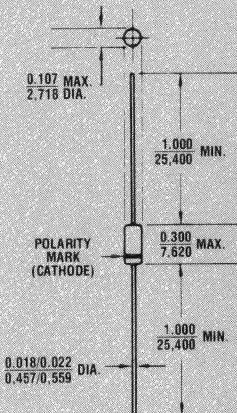


FIGURE 1

All dimensions in  $\frac{\text{INCH}}{\text{m.m.}}$

### MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case. DO-7.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE:  $300^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$  (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body.

POLARITY: Diode to be operated with the banded end positive with respect to the opposite end.

WEIGHT: 0.2 grams.

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

## 11.7 VOLT ULTRA-STABLE (T.C.) ZENER REFERENCE DIODES

### MAXIMUM RATINGS (See Fig. 6)

Operating Temperature Range:  
-65°C to +175°C

Maximum Lead Temperature 1/8 ±1/32 inch  
from case for 8 seconds: 230°C

Maximum DC Power Dissipation at or below  
50°C Ambient: 400 mW

Linear Derating: 3.2 mW/°C (See Figure 6)

Maximum Steady State Current ( $I_{ZM}$ ) at  
+150°C: 7.5 mA

### MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Case: Hermetically sealed glass

Dimensions: DO-7 outline

Finish: All external surfaces are corrosion re-  
sistant and leads are readily solderable

Polarity: Diode to be operated with the banded  
end positive

Weight: 0.2 grams (typical)

Mounting Position: Any

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** at 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

MICRO TYPE NUMBER	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE	ZENER TEST CURRENT ±0.01 mA	MAXIMUM ZENER IMPEDANCE $Z_{ZT} @ I_{ZT}$ (NOTE 1)	VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE STABILITY $\Delta V_{ZT}$ MAXIMUM (NOTE 2)	TEMPERATURE RANGE	EFFECTIVE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT	VOLTAGE TIME STABILITY @ 80°C INITIAL-TO-PEAK $\Delta V_{ZT}$ MAXIMUM (NOTE 3)	EFFECTIVE VOLTAGE TIME STABILITY INITIAL-TO- PEAK
	VOLTS	mA	OHMS	mV	°C	%/°C	µV/1000 HRS.	PPM/1000 HRS.
USR1171	11.7	7.5	30	4.3	25 to 100	.0005	585.0	50
USR1172	11.7	7.5	30	4.3	25 to 100	.0005	234.0	20
USR1173	11.7	7.5	30	4.3	25 to 100	.0005	117.0	10
USR1174	11.7	7.5	30	4.3	25 to 100	.0005	58.5	5

### NOTE 1

The zener impedance is derived from the 60 Hz ac voltage which results when an ac current having an rms value equal to 10% of the DC zener current ( $I_{ZT}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$ .

### NOTE 2

The maximum allowable change observed over the entire temperature range i.e., the diode voltage will not exceed the specified mV change at any discrete temperature between the established limits.

### NOTE 3

When operated at :

$$I_{ZT} = 7.5 \text{ mA} \pm 0.0001 \text{ mA}$$

$$T_A = 80^\circ\text{C} \pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}$$

(See Precautions Below)

### NOTES AND PRECAUTIONS FOR CERTIFIED REFERENCE DIODES

**1. DIODE IDENTIFICATION:** The diodes are shipped attached to their certification papers and each diode is individually packaged with the diode identification on the package. Identification includes MICRO type number and a diode serial number consisting of 7 digits showing the lot number and diode number, which provide traceability to factory records.

**2. PRECAUTIONS:** The normal precautions must be taken when soldering as with any semiconductor device, such as a thermal shunt between the soldering iron and the diode body. "Mechanical" rather than solder mounting is preferred for optimum performance. Mounting the diode inside a large thermal mass such as aluminum, copper, brass, or epoxy will reduce thermally induced voltage fluctuations discernible as low frequency noise in the 0-3 Hz region of the spectrum.

Certain precautions must be taken to ensure that the diode's stability is fully utilized in the circuit. If the current through the zener is not controlled, the reference voltage will shift due to diode impedance ( $\Delta V_Z = \Delta I_Z \times Z_{ZT}$ ). If the diode's junction temperature is allowed to change, due to a change in ambient or case temperature or due to a power level change, a shift in voltage will occur consistent with the temperature coefficient of the diode. In addition, the device must be physically mounted so as to give the diode a constant thermal resistance, junction-to-ambient. Drafts, circulating oil, and even the minute convection currents produced by a diode in a closed container can cause shifts in reference voltage greater than those that can be attributed to the diode's inherent stability.

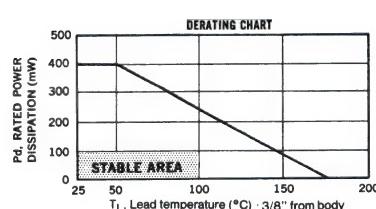
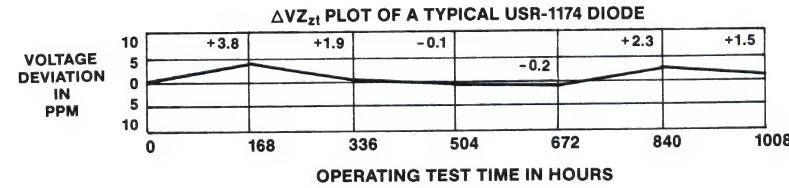
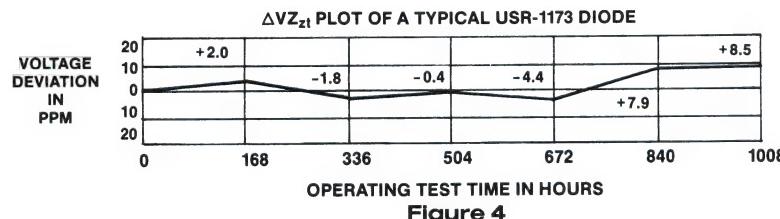
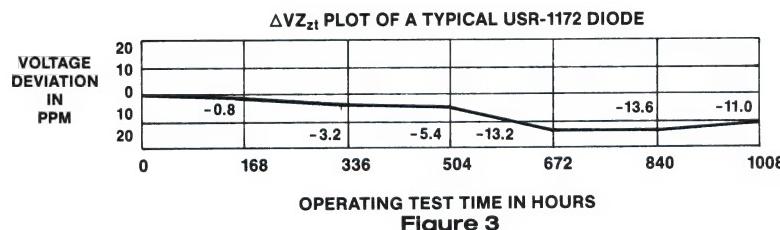
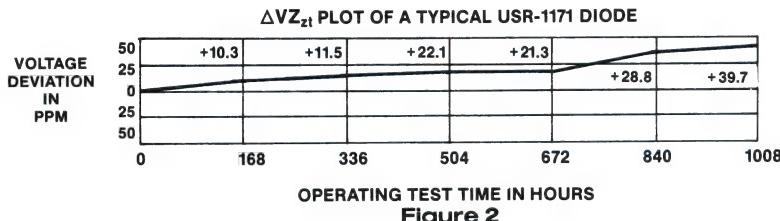
## 11.7 VOLT ULTRA-STABLE (T.C.) ZENER REFERENCE DIODES

Temperature coefficients much lower than specified can be attained by operating the diode at "0" TC crossover current (the current at which the TC goes from positive to negative or vice-versa), however, a new "equilibrium" must be reached before full stability will be attained.

**3. MICROSEMI TEST METHOD:** Microsemi uses a potentiometric method of zener voltage measurement on certified reference diodes. Zener voltage is measured to seven digits (1 microvolt resolution). Voltage calibration is directly traceable to the National Bureau of Standards. Oil bath temperature is controlled to better than 0.1°C, and

current is constant and repeatable to better than  $\pm 0.1\mu A$ . Test clips are designed for the four-terminal method of measurement (separate voltage and current connections) to eliminate errors caused by resistance. The diodes are thermally shielded by an aluminum thermal filter to reduce thermally created error causing voltage fluctuations.

**4. 1000 HOUR STABILITY TEST SEQUENCE:** Voltage is measured seven times during the test with the last six measurements referenced to the first. The measurements are taken 336 hours apart, giving a total test time of 1008 hours.



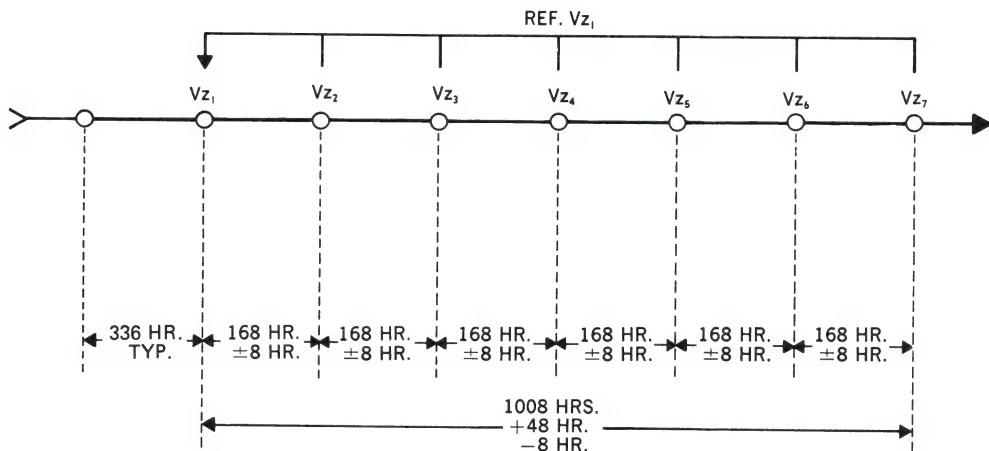
THE "STABLE AREA" IS DEFINED AS THE AREA IN WHICH THE MAXIMUM TIME STABILITY ( $\Delta V_{Zt}$ ) IS ATTAINABLE.

A SLIGHT DERATING IN THE TIME STABILITY MAY BE EXPECTED IF THE DIODE IS OPERATED OUTSIDE THIS AREA.

**Figure 6**

## 11.7 VOLT ULTRA-STABLE (T.C.) ZENER REFERENCE DIODES

### 1000 HOUR STABILITY TEST SEQUENCE



#### Notes:

Test Temperature .....  $80^\circ \text{ C}$   $\pm 0.1^\circ \text{ C}$

Test Current ..... 7.5 mA. with a constancy and repeatability of  $\pm 0.1$  microamp.

The first 336 hours of operation is a stabilization period. The stability of a diode is measured by the worst voltage difference ( $\Delta V_Z$ ) referenced to  $V_{Z_1}$ .

# RECTIFIER and SIGNAL SELECTION GUIDE

Avg. DC Output (A)		.5 A				1.0 A					
Package Style				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Reverse Rec. Time		4-5 nsec	50-100 nsec	250-400 nsec	≥ 400 nsec	20 nsec	75 nsec	100-200 nsec	250-500 nsec	> 500 nsec	
Peak Reverse Voltage	VOLTS 50					MB207	MB341	MB313 MB314			
	75	1N4150 1N4150-1†				MB208					
	100	1N914† 1N4148 1N4148-1		MB315		MB209	MB342	MB316 MB215			
	125					MB210					
	150					MB211	MB343				
	200		1N4938* 1N4938-1†	MB318	1N645†	MB215	MB344	MB319 1N4942† 1N5615† MB216			1N3611† 1N4245†
	250						MB345	MB217			
	300			MB321				MB322	MB218		
	400			MB324	1N647†			MB325 1N4944† 1N5617†	MB219		1N3612† 1N4246†
	500		MB403 MC8936	MB327				MB328	MB220		
	600			MB330	1N649			MB331	1N4946† 1N5619†		1N3613† 1N4247†
	800		MB401						1N4947† 1N5621†		1N3614† 1N4248†
	1000		MB402						1N4948† 1N5623†		1N3957† 1N4249†

\*MIL-S-19500 Devices    †Microsemi Corp. QPL

# RECTIFIER and SIGNAL SELECTION GUIDE

Avg. DC Output (A)			2.0 A		3.0 A				
Package Style	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	E	
Reverse Rec. Time	20 nsec	75 nsec	250-500 nsec	25 nsec	30 nsec	50 nsec	75 nsec	100-400 nsec	> 400 nsec
Peak Reverse Voltage	VOLTS 50	MB200	MB346	MB366 MB314	1N5802† MB7678 MB7681	1N6073†			1N5415† MB335 MX3105
	75	MB201			1N5803				
	100	MB202	MB347	MB367 MB317	1N5804† MB7679 MB7682	1N6074†			1N5416† 1N5186 MB336 MX3110
	125	MB203			1N5805				
	150	MB204	MB348		1N5806† MB7680 MB7683	1N6075†		MX3115	
	200	MB206	MB349	MB368 MB320		MB7748	MB7684		1N5417† 1N5187 MB337 MX3120
	250		MB350						
	300			MB323			MB7685		30S3
	400			MB369 MB326		MB7749	MB7686		1N5418† 1N5188 MB338
	500			MB370		MB7750			1N5419† 1N5189 MB339
	600			MB329 MB371 MB332			MB7751 (700V) MB7752		1N5420† 1N5190 MB340
	800							MB7753	30S8
	1000							MB7754	30S10

\*MIL-S-19500 Devices    †Microsemi Corp. QPL

# RECTIFIER and SIGNAL SELECTION GUIDE

4 A		5 A				6 A			6.5 A	7.5 A
	E	E	E	E	E	DO4		G	G	
100-400 nsec	30 nsec	50 nsec	75 nsec	100 nsec	30-75 nsec	300 nsec	> 300 nsec	300-500 nsec	300-500 nsec	
MR4305A MX4105 40SL05	MV7292				1N5807† 1N6076* MES1301	1N3879	60S05	MTR4405A	MTR5405A	
					1N5808					
MR4310A MX4110 40SL1	MV7293				1N5809† 1N6077* MES1302	1N3880	60S1	MTR4410A	MTR5410A	
					1N5810					
MX4115	MV7294				1N5811† 1N6078* MES1303					
MR4320A MX4120 40SL2	MV7352	MV7295				1N3881	60S2	MTR4420A	MTR5420A	
40SL3		MV7296				1N3882	60S3	MTR4440A	MTR5440A	
MR4340A 40SL4	MV7353	MV7297				1N3883	60S4			
MR4350A 40SL5	MV7354						60S5			
MR4360A 40SL6							60S6			
40SL8	MV7355 (700V) MV7356		MV7357				60S8			
40SL10				MV7358			60S10			

\*MIL-S-19500 Devices    †Microsemi Corp. QPL

# RECTIFIER and SIGNAL SELECTION GUIDE

Avg. DC Output (A)		9A	12A		20-25A					
Package Style		G	G	D04	D04					
Reverse Rec. Time		300-500 nsec	30 nsec	200 nsec	35 nsec					
Peak Reverse Voltage	VOLTS 50	MTR6405A	1N6079*	1N3889	1N5812* MES701					
	75				1N5813					
	100	MTR6410A	1N6080*	1N3890†	1N5814* MES702					
	125				1N5815					
	150		1N6081*		1N5816*					
	200	MTR6420A		1N3891†						
	250									
	300	MTR6440A		1N3892†						
	400				1N3893†					
	500									
	600									
	800									
	1000									

\*MIL-S-19500 Devices    †Microsemi Corp. QPL

SANTA ANA, CA

For more information call:  
(714) 979-8220

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

**1N483B thru  
1N486B and  
1N5194 thru  
1N5196**

## FEATURES

- Voidless hermetically sealed glass package.
- Triple layer passivation.
- Metallurgically bonded.
- TX types available per MIL-S-19500/118C.

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+200^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

Storage Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+200^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

Surge Current: 2A

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TYPE	PEAK INVERSE VOLTAGE (MIN.) PIV	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE (MIN.) $B_V @ 100 \mu\text{A}$	AVERAGE RECTIFIED CURRENT $I_0$		FORWARD VOLTAGE DROP (MAX.) $V_F$	REVERSE CURRENT (MAX.) $I_R @ PIV$	SURGE CURRENT (MAX.) $I_F$ surge	JUNCTION CAPACITANCE C @ 0V
	VOLTS	VOLTS	25°C	150°C	VOLTS	$\mu\text{A}$	AMPS	pF
JAN 1N483B	70	80	.2	.05	1.0V (pk)	.025	5	8
JAN 1N485B	180	200	.2	.05	@	.025	5	8
JAN 1N486B	225	250	.2	.05	100mA pulse	.025	5	8
JAN 1N5194					SAME AS JAN 1N483B			
JAN 1N5195					SAME AS JAN 1N485B			
JAN 1N5196					SAME AS JAN 1N486B			

PACKAGE: D07 for JAN 1N483B, 485B, 486B.

D035 for JAN 1N5194, JAN 1N5195, and JAN 1N5196.

NOTE 1:  $I_0 = 200\text{mAdc}$ , 10 - 8.3msec surges

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Case: Hermetically sealed glass case.

Lead Material: Tinned copper.

Marking: Body painted, alpha numeric.

Polarity: Cathode band.

## GENERAL PURPOSE SILICON DIODES

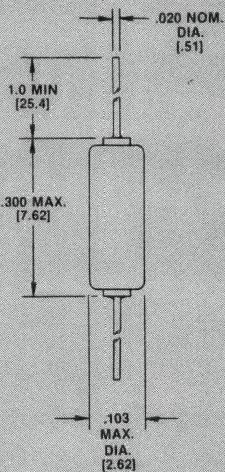


FIGURE 1A  
PACKAGE D07

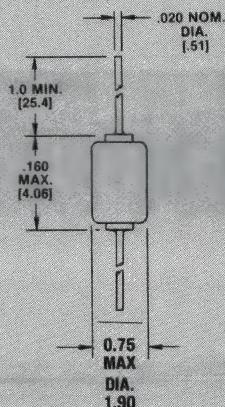


FIGURE 1B  
PACKAGE 0035

# 1N483B - 1N486B, 1N5194 - 1N5196

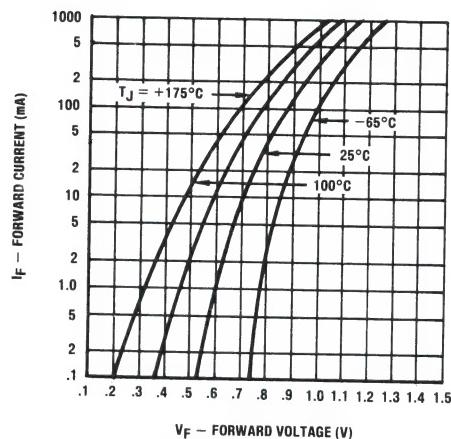


FIGURE 2  
FORWARD VOLTAGE vs. FORWARD CURRENT

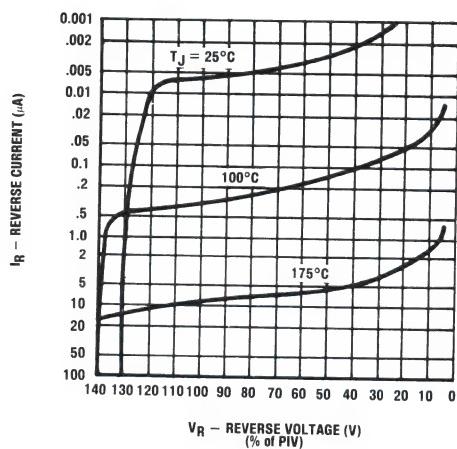


FIGURE 3  
REVERSE VOLTAGE vs. REVERSE CURRENT

SANTA ANA, CA

For more information call:  
(714) 979-8220

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

**JAN 1N645-1**  
**thru**  
**JAN 1N649-1**



## FEATURES

- MICROMINIATURE PACKAGE
- VOIDLESS HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE
- TRIPLE LAYER PASSIVATION
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED
- STANDARD RECOVERY
- PIV TO 600 VOLTS
- JANS/TX/TXV TYPES AVAILABLE PER MIL-S-19500/240

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +150°C  
Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C  
Surge Current: 5 A (8.3 msec.)

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TYPE	PEAK INVERSE VOLTAGE (MIN.) PIV	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE (MIN.) $B_V$ @ 100 $\mu$ A	AVERAGE RECTIFIED CURRENT $I_0$		FORWARD VOLTAGE DROP (MAX.) $V_F$	REVERSE CURRENT (MAX.) $I_R$ @ PIV	SURGE CURRENT (MAX.) (NOTE 1) $I_F$ (surge)	JUNCTION CAPACITANCE (MAX.) C @ -4V
			VOLTS	VOLTS				
					25°C	150°C		
JAN 1N645-1	225	270	.4	.15	1.0V	.05	25	5
JAN 1N647-1	400	480	.4	.15	MAX. @ 400mAdc (pulsed)	.05	25	5
JAN 1N649-1	600	720	.4	.15		.05	25	5

NOTE 1:  $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $I_0 = 150\text{mA}$ , 10 -8.3 msec surges.

## MILITARY RECTIFIERS

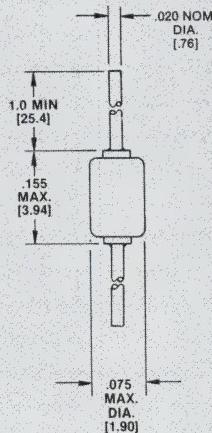


FIGURE 1

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Case: Hermetically sealed glass case.  
Lead Material: Tinned copper.  
Marking: Body painted, alpha numeric.  
Polarity: Cathode band.

# 1N645-1 thru 1N649-1

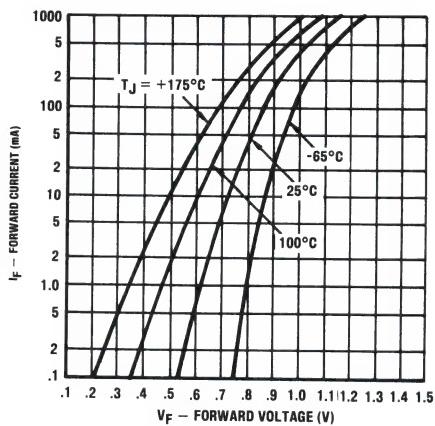


FIGURE 2  
FORWARD VOLTAGE vs. FORWARD CURRENT

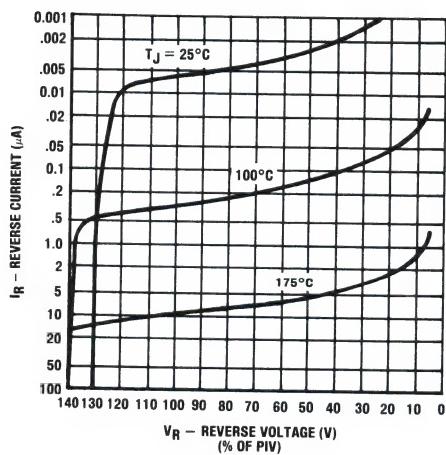


FIGURE 3  
REVERSE VOLTAGE vs. REVERSE CURRENT

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SCOTTSDALE, AZ

**1N897 - 1N902,  
1N3064M, 1N3069M  
1N3206, 1N3207,  
MC914, MC914A,  
MC916, MC916A,  
MC001, MC001A,  
MC002**

## FEATURES

- Microminiature package.
- Fast recovery.
- Hermetically sealed glass package.
- Stable surface films integrally bonded to the device crystal.
- Meet or exceed requirements of MIL-S-19500

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

Storage Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

Power Dissipation: 300 mW @  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  Au plated silver leads.  
250 mW @  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  Au plated kovar leads.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TYPE	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE (MIN.) @ 100 mA	FORWARD CURRENT (MIN.) @ 1.0V	REVERSE CURRENT (MAX.) $I_R$ @ $V_R$	TEST VOLTAGE $V_R$	CAPACITANCE (MAX.) @ 0 V $C_0$	REVERSE RECOVERY (MAX.) (NOTES BELOW) $t_{rr}$
	$V_B$	$I_F$	$\mu\text{A}$	VOLTS	pF	n sec.
			25°C	100°C		
1N897	50	5	0.1 0.025	20.0 -40V -10V	—	100K $\Omega$ in .1 $\mu\text{sec}$ (1)
1N898	50	100	5.0 0.025	20.0 -40V -10V	—	100K $\Omega$ in .3 $\mu\text{sec}$ . (1)
1N899	100	5	0.1 0.025	20.0 -80V -10V	—	100K $\Omega$ in .3 $\mu\text{sec}$ . (1)
1N900	100	50	0.1 0.025	20.0 -80V -10V	—	100K $\Omega$ in .3 $\mu\text{sec}$ . (1)
1N901	100	100	0.5 0.025	20.0 -80V -10V	—	100K $\Omega$ in .3 $\mu\text{sec}$ . (1)
1N902	200	10	1.0	15.0 -100V	—	200K $\Omega$ in .3 $\mu\text{sec}$ . (1)
MC914	100	10	0.025	15.0(5)	-20V 4.0	4.0(2)
MC914A	100	20	0.025	50.0(5)	-20V 4.0	4.0(2)
MC916	100	10	0.025	50.0(5)	-20V 2.0	4.0(2)
MC916A	100	20	0.025	50.0(5)	-20V 2.0	4.0(2)
MC001	75	10	0.1	100.0(5)	-50V 2.0	2.0(2)
MC001A	75	20	0.1	100.0(5)	-50V 2.0	2.0(2)
MC002	200	100	0.1	100.0(5)	-150V 5.0	50.0(3)
1N3064M	75(@5 $\mu\text{A}$ )	10	0.1	100.0(5)	-50V 2.0	4.0(4)
1N3069M	65(@5 $\mu\text{A}$ )	50	0.1	100.0(5)	-50V 6.0	50.0(3)
1N3206	100	10	0.025	50.0(5)	-20V 4.0	4.0(2)
JAN1N3206	100	10	0.025	30.0(5)	-20V 2.0	4.0(2)
JAN1N3207	60	150	0.05	60.0(5)	-80V -20V 15.0	6.0(2)
1N3207	60	150	0.05	10.0	-20V 6.0	6.0(2)

### NOTES:

- (1) JAN256 Recovery Test Circuit Conditions 5mA to  $-40\text{V}$ .
- (2) Recovery to 1.0 mA reverse, switching from 10 mA forward to  $-6.0$  Volts.  $R_L = 100$  ohms.
- (3) Recovery to 1.0 mA reverse, switching from 30 mA forward to 30 mA reverse.  $R_L = 150$  ohms.
- (4) Recovery to 1.0 mA reverse, switching from 10 mA forward to 10 mA reverse.  $R_L = 100$  ohms.
- (5)  $I_R$  measured at  $150^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## MICRO-DIODES

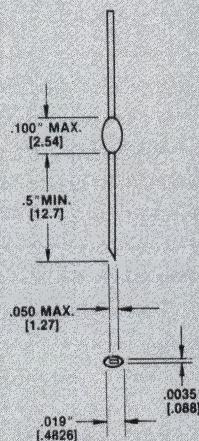
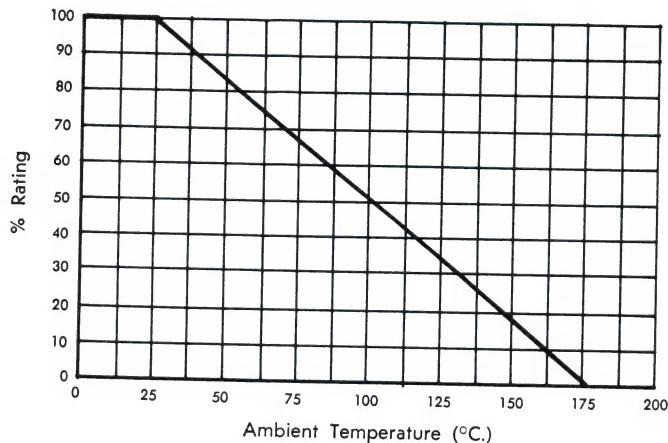


FIGURE 1  
PACKAGE "H"

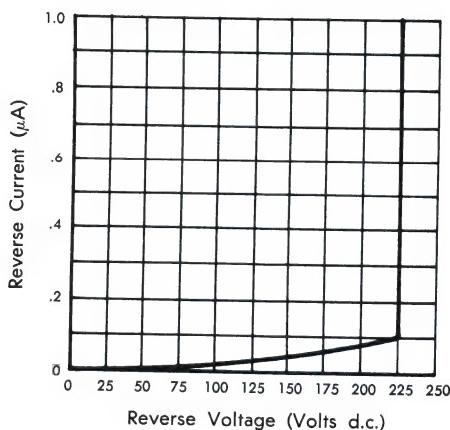
## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Case: Ultra stable epoxy encapsulation.  
Lead Material: Gold plated kovar or gold plated silver.  
Markings: EIA color code bands.  
Polarity: Color bands on cathode lead.

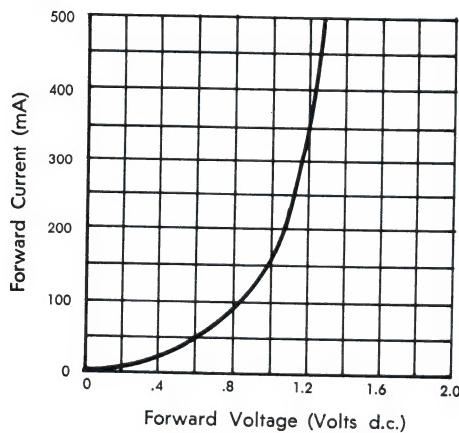
**1N897 - 1N902, 1N3064M, 1N3069M,  
1N3206, 1N3207, MC914, MC914A, MC916,  
MC916A, MC001, MC001A, MC002**



**FIGURE 2  
TEMPERATURE DERATING CURVE**



**FIGURE 3  
TYPICAL REVERSE  
CHARACTERISTICS (25°C)**



**FIGURE 4  
TYPICAL FORWARD CURRENT  
CHARACTERISTICS (25°C)**

micro

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SANTA ANA, CA

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

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(602) 941-6300**FEATURES**

- MICROMINIATURE PACKAGE
- HERMETICALLY SEALED
- ULTRASTABLE OPERATION
- JAN, TX, TXV DEVICES AVAILABLE PER MIL-S-19500/116

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +175°C

Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C

Surge Current: 500 mA (8.3 msec.)

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** at 25°C unless otherwise specified.

$V_{BR}$	$V_{RWM}$	$I_0$	$V_f$ @ $I_f = 50\text{mA}$	$V_f$ @ $I_f = 10\text{mA}$	$t_{rr}$ (Note 1)	$V_{fr}$ (Note 2)
Volts (pk)	Volts (pk)	mA	Vdc	Vdc	nsec	nsec
100	75	75	1.2	1.0	5	20

$I_R$ @ 20Vdc	$I_R$ @ 75Vdc	$I_R$ @ 20Vdc $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$	$I_R$ @ 75Vdc $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$	CAPACITANCE (Note 3)	CAPACITANCE (Note 4)
nA	$\mu\text{A}$	$\mu\text{A}$	$\mu\text{A}$	pF	pF
25	0.5	50	100	4.0	2.8

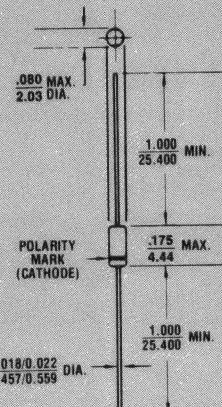
NOTE 1:  $I_F = I_R = 10\text{ mA}$ ,  $R_L = 100\text{ ohms}$ .NOTE 2:  $I_F = 50\text{ mA dc}$ .NOTE 3:  $V_R = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $f = 1\text{ mHz}$ ,  $V_{SIG} = 50\text{ mV}$  (pk to pk).NOTE 4:  $V_R = 1.5\text{ V dc}$ ,  $f = 1\text{ mHz}$ ,  $V_{SIG} = 50\text{ mV}$  (pk to pk).**MILITARY SWITCHING DIODES**

FIGURE 1  
All dimensions in  $\frac{\text{INCH}}{\text{m.m.}}$

**MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case.

LEAD MATERIAL: Tinned copper clad steel.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.



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SCOTTSDALE, AZ

**1N2927  
thru  
1N2934A**

## FEATURES

- Hermetically sealed TO-18 package.
- Weldable gold plated kovar leads.
- Temperature stability, uniformity and reliability.
- Available with 2% tolerance on Peak Point Current.
- Meets requirements of MIL-S-19500

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+150^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

Storage Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+200^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

Lead Temperature (.25-inches from case for 10 seconds):  $+250^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER	STATIC CHARACTERISTICS						DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS				
	PEAK POINT CURRENT $I_p$		MAXIMUM VALLEY POINT CURRENT $I_v$	MAXIMUM PEAK POINT VOLTAGE $V_p$	MAXIMUM VALLEY POINT VOLTAGE $V_v$	FORWARD VOLTAGE @ APPLIED CURRENT $V_F @ I_F$		MAX. FORWARD CURRENT $I_F (\text{MAX.}) @$ $25^{\circ}\text{C}$	DE RATE $I_F (\text{MAX.}) @$ $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , ABOVE $25^{\circ}\text{C}$	MAX. REVERSE CURRENT $I_R (\text{MAX.}) @$ $25^{\circ}\text{C}$	
	mA	mA	mA	mV	mV	mV	mA	mA	mA	mA	
1N2927	.09	.11	.035	75	475	600	1000	.11	0.50	3.5	1.0
1N2927A	.098	.102	.030	70	475	650	1000	.102	0.50	3.5	1.0
1N2928	.42	.52	.170	80	490	670	1000	.52	2.50	18.0	5.0
1N2928A	.46	.48	.145	74	490	710	1000		2.50	18.0	5.0
1N2929	.90	1.10	.350	80	500	700	1000	1.10	5.0	35.0	10.0
1N2929A	.98	1.02	.300	75	500	730	1000	1.02	5.0	35.0	10.0
1N2930	4.23	5.17	1.70	85	520	740	1000	5.17	15.0	100.0	30.0
1N2930A	4.61	4.79	1.45	79	520	750	1000	4.79	15.0	100.0	30.0
1N2931	9.0	11.0	3.50	85	530	740	1000	11.0	25.0	150.0	50.0
1N2931A	9.8	10.2	3.0	80	530	750	1000	10.2	25.0	150.0	50.0
1N2932	19.8	24.2	8.0	90	530	740	1000	24.2	40.0	240.0	80.0
1N2932A	21.56	22.44	6.5	82	530	750	1000	22.44	40.0	240.0	80.0
1N2933	42.3	51.7	17.0	90	530	740	1000	51.7	75.0	450.0	150.0
1N2933A	46.06	47.94	14.5	83	530	750	1000	47.94	75.0	450.0	150.0
1N2934	90.0	110.0	35.0	90	530	720	1000	110.0	150.0	900.0	300.0
1N2934A	98.0	102.0	30.0	85	530	730	1000	102.0	150.0	900.0	300.0

NOTE: All parameters tested at  $\frac{3}{8}$  inch lead length from case.

## SILICON TUNNEL DIODES

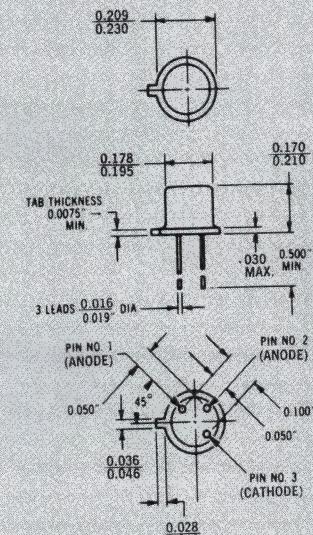


FIGURE 1

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed TO-18 package.

LEAD MATERIAL: Gold plated kovar.

MARKING: Alpha numeric with JEDEC number.

POLARITY: Pins 1 and 2 (Anode) connected internally. Pin 3 (Cathode) in electrical contact with case.

# 1N2927 - 1N2934A

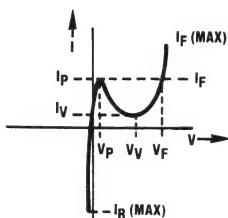


FIGURE 2  
TUNNEL DIODE CHARACTERISTIC

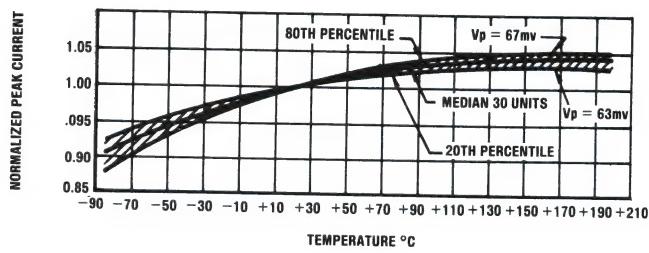


FIGURE 3  
PEAK CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE

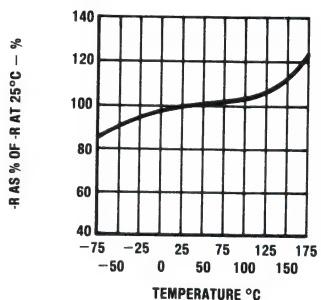


FIGURE 4  
NEGATIVE RESISTANCE vs. TEMPERATURE

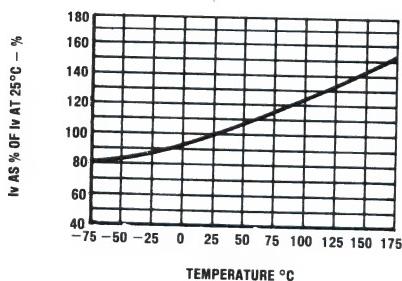


FIGURE 5  
VALLEY CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE

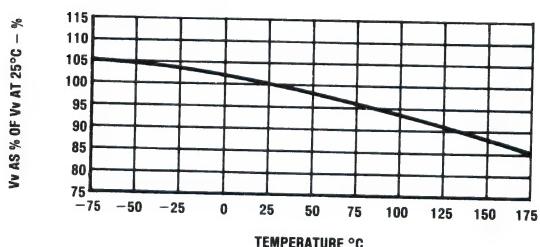


FIGURE 6  
VALLEY VOLTAGE vs. TEMPERATURE

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**FEATURES**

- HIGH CONDUCTANCE
- EXTREMELY LOW REVERSE CURRENT
- ULTRA-STABLE OPERATION UP TO +150°C
- VOIDLESS HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE
- JAN/TX/TXV TYPES AVAILABLE PER MIL-S-19500/241
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

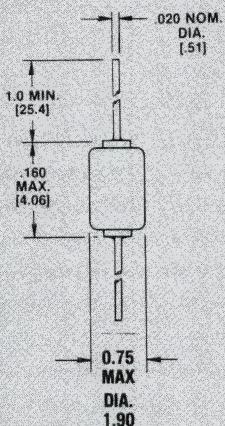
Operating Temperature: -65°C to +150°C

Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C

Surge Current: 4 Amps

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

TYPE	FORWARD VOLTAGE DROP $V_F @ I_F$		FORWARD CURRENT $I_F$	REVERSE CURRENT (MAX) $I_R @ 125V$		REVERSE RECOVERY (MAX) $t_{rr}$	JUNCTION CAPACITANCE (MAX) $C @ 0V$
	MIN	MAX		mA	mA		
J/JTX/ JTXV	VOLTS	mADC		25°C	125°C		
1N3595	.83	1.00	200	1.0	500	300	8.0
	.79	.92	100	1.0		300	8.0
	.74	.88	50	1.0		300	8.0
	.65	.80	10	1.0	3μA	300	8.0
	.60	.75	5	1.0	@	300	8.0
	.52	.68	1	1.0	150°C	300	8.0
	2.6	2.6					

**GENERAL PURPOSE DIODES**FIGURE 1  
PACKAGE D035**MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case.

LEAD MATERIAL: Tinned copper clad steel.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.

# 1N3595

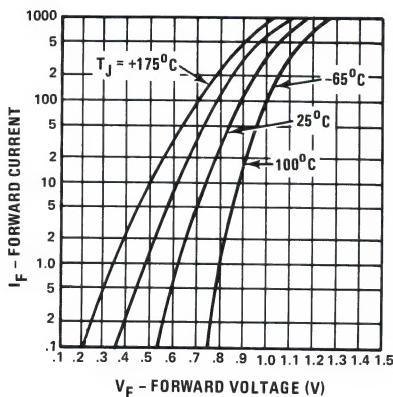


FIGURE 2  
TYPICAL FORWARD VOLTAGE VS.  
FORWARD CURRENT

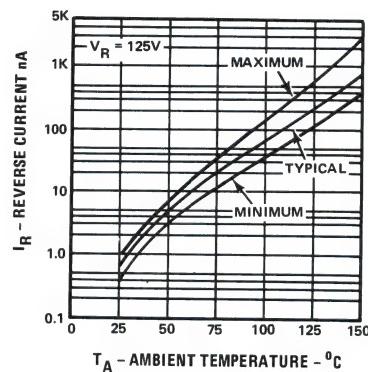


FIGURE 3  
REVERSE CURRENT VS.  
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

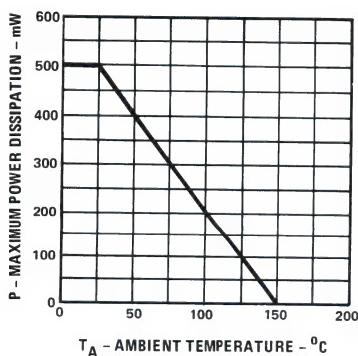


FIGURE 4  
POWER DERATING CURVE

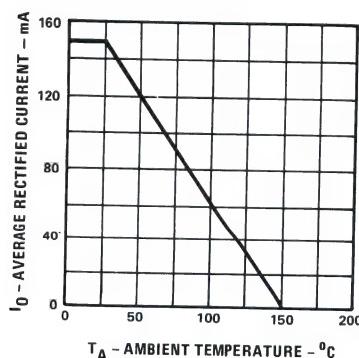


FIGURE 5  
AVERAGE RECTIFIED CURRENT  
VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

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## FEATURES

- MICROMINIATURE PACKAGE
- VOIDLESS HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE
- TRIPLE LAYER PASSIVATION
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED
- STANDARD RECOVERY
- PIV TO 1000 VOLTS
- JAN/TX/TXV TYPES AVAILABLE PER MIL-S-19500/228

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +175°C

Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TYPE	PEAK INVERSE VOLTAGE (MIN.) PIV	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE (MIN.) BV @ 100mA	AVERAGE RECTIFIED CURRENT $I_o$		FORWARD VOLTAGE (MAX.) VF @ 1 A	REVERSE CURRENT (MAX.) IR @ PIV	SURGE CURRENT (MAX.) (NOTE 1) If(surge)
			100°C	150°C			
	VOLTS	VOLTS	AMPS	AMPS	VOLTS	μA	AMPS
JAN 1N3611	200	240	1.0	.3	1.1	1.0	300
JAN 1N3612	400	480	1.0	.3	1.1	1.0	300
JAN 1N3613	600	720	1.0	.3	1.1	1.0	300
JAN 1N3614	800	920	1.0	.3	1.1	1.0	300
JAN 1N3957	1000	1150	1.0	.3	1.1	1.0	300

NOTE 1: TA = 150°C, f = 60 Hz,  $I_o$  = 300 mA, 10-8 m sec. surges @ 1/minute.

## MILITARY RECTIFIERS

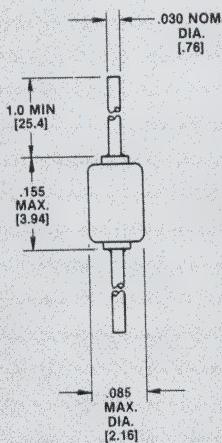


FIGURE 1  
 PACKAGE "A"

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case.

LEAD MATERIAL: Tinned copper.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.

# 1N3611 thru 1N3614, 1N3957

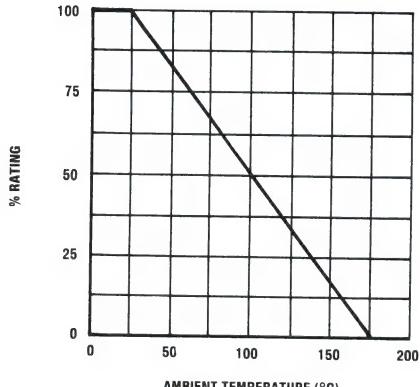


FIGURE 2  
TEMPERATURE DERATING CURVE

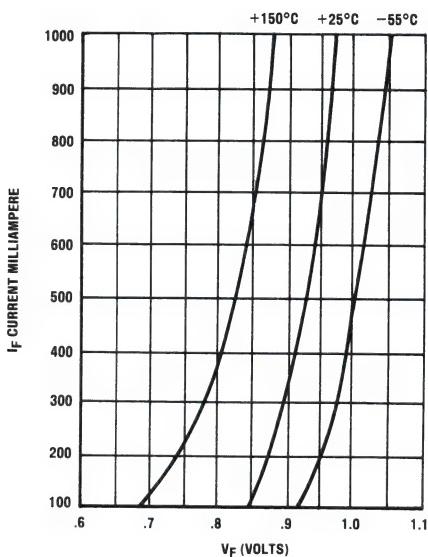


FIGURE 3  
TYPICAL FORWARD CONDUCTANCE CURVE

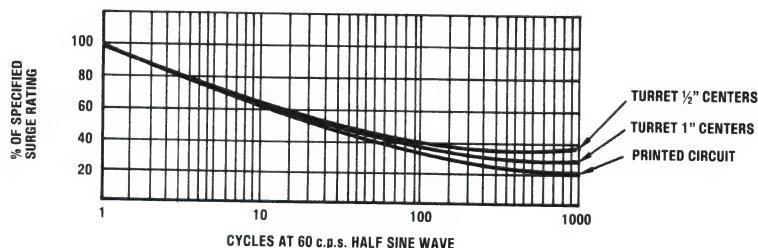


FIGURE 4  
ALLOWABLE PEAK SURGE vs DURATION

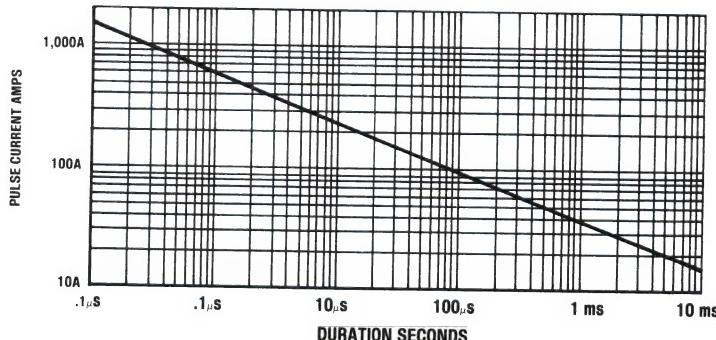


FIGURE 5  
SURGE DURATION vs PULSE CURRENT  
Square Pulse Current vs Duration for Non-Repetitive Pulse

SANTA ANA, CA

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SCOTTSDALE, AZ

## FEATURES

- MICROMINIATURE PACKAGE
- VOIDLESS HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE
- TRIPLE LAYER PASSIVATION
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED
- LOWEST REVERSE LEAKAGE AVAILABLE
- LOWEST THERMAL RESISTANCE AVAILABLE
- MAXIMUM BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE PER DIE
- ABSOLUTE HIGH VOLTAGE / HIGH TEMPERATURE STABILITY
- MEET OR EXCEED REQUIREMENTS OF MIL-S-19500
- 1N3644 THRU 1N3647 JAN, JANTX TYPES AVAILABLE PER MIL-S-19500/279

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +175°C

Storage Temperature: -65°C to +175°C

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TYPE	PEAK INVERSE VOLTAGE (MIN.) PIV	AVERAGE RECTIFIED CURRENT		FORWARD VOLTAGE (MAX.) $V_F$ (SEE NOTES)	REVERSE CURRENT (MAX.) $I_R$ @ PIV				SURGE CURRENT (MAX.)		
		mA			$\mu A$						
		55°C	100°C		25°C	55°C	125°C	175°C			
1N3643	1000	250	150	5.0(1)	5	—	—	—	14		
JAN 1N3644	1500	250	150	5.0(1)	5	—	—	—	14		
JAN 1N3645	2000	250	150	5.0(1)	5	—	—	—	14		
JAN 1N3646	2500	250	150	5.0(1)	5	—	—	—	14		
JAN 1N3647	3000	250	150	5.0(1)	5	—	—	—	14		
1N4254	1500	250	150	3.5(2)	1	—	20	—	10		
1N4255	2000	250	150	3.5(2)	1	—	20	—	10		
1N4256	2500	250	150	3.5(2)	1	—	20	—	10		
1N4257	3000	250	150	3.5(2)	1	—	20	—	10		
1N5181	4000	100	60	10(2)	—	5	—	1000	4		
1N5182	5000	100	60	10(2)	—	5	—	1000	4		
1N5183	7500	100	60	10(2)	—	5	—	1000	4		
1N5184	10,000	100	60	10(2)	—	5	—	1000	4		

NOTE 1:  $V_F$  @ 250mA

NOTE 2:  $V_F$  @ 100mA

## HIGH VOLTAGE RECTIFIERS

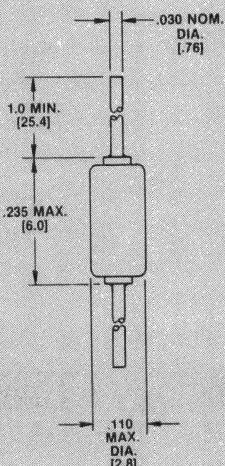


FIGURE 1

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

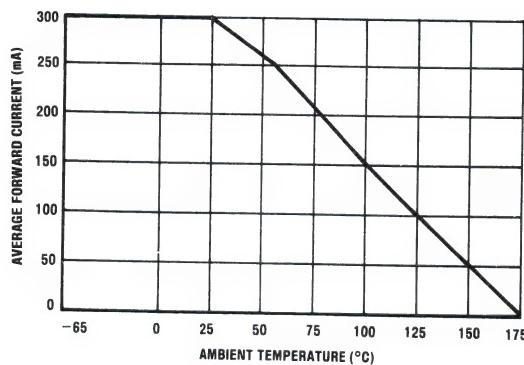
CASE: Hermetically sealed hard glass.

LEAD MATERIAL: Tinned copper.

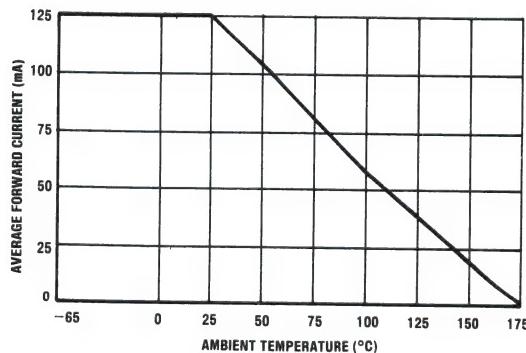
MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.

**1N3643 thru 1N3647  
1N5181 thru 1N5184**



**FIGURE 2**  
HVE/HVE 10-30/1N3643-47



**FIGURE 3**  
HVE/HVE 40-100/1N5181-84

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**1N3879**  
 thru  
**1N3883**

## FEATURES

- $\leq 0.3 \mu\text{SEC}$  RECOVERY TIME
- LOW OVERSHOOT CURRENT

**MAXIMUM RATINGS** @ 25°C unless otherwise specified

Surge Current:  $\frac{1}{2}$  cycle of 60 Hz @  $\leq 100^\circ\text{C}$  . . . . 75A  
 Surge Current: 10 cycles of 60 Hz @  $\leq 100^\circ\text{C}$  . . . . 35A

Operating Temperature: -65 to 150°C

Storage Temperature: -65 to 175°C

## \*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

@ 25°C unless otherwise specified

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER	RATED DC BLOCKING VOLTAGE	PEAK REVERSE VOLTAGE	AVERAGE FORWARD CURRENT	MAXIMUM FORWARD VOLTAGE	MAXIMUM REVERSE CURRENT		
					25°C	100°C	$V_R = \text{Rated Value}$
-65 to 100°C	-65 to 100°C	-65 to 100°C	-65 to 100°C	$I_F = 6 \text{ A}$ $I_O = 6 \text{ A} @ V_{RM}$ $\text{---} -65 \text{ to } 100^\circ\text{C}$	15	1.0	
$V_R$	$V_{RM}$	$I_O$	$V_F$	$V_F (\text{PEAK})$	$I_R$	$I_S$	$I_A (\text{Ave})$
VOLTS	VOLTS	AMPS	VOLTS	VOLTS	$\mu\text{A}$	$\text{mA}$	$\text{mA}$
1N3879	50	50	6	1.4	1.5	1.0	3.0
1N3880	100	100	6	1.4	1.5	1.0	3.0
1N3881	200	200	6	1.4	1.5	1.0	3.0
1N3882	300	300	6	1.4	1.5	1.0	3.0
1N3883	400	400	6	1.4	1.5	1.0	3.0

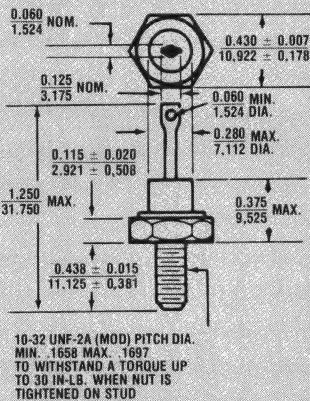
## \*SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

@ 25°C unless otherwise specified, and at  $I_F = 1.0 \text{ Amps}$

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER	MAXIMUM RECOVERY TIME		PEAK REVERSE RECOVERY CURRENT	
	SEE FIG. 1, 2 & 3		$I_{RM} (\text{REC})$	
	$t_{rr}$	nSec	AMPS	
1N3879	300		2.0	
1N3880	300		2.0	
1N3881	300		2.0	
1N3882	300		2.0	
1N3883	300		2.0	

\* JEDEC Registered Data

## 6 AMP SILICON FAST RECOVERY RECTIFIER



All dimensions in INCH  
m.m.

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Industry Standard DO-4, 7/16" Hex. stud with 10-32 threads, welded, hermetically sealed metal and glass.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and terminal solderable.

WEIGHT: 7.5 grams.

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

POLARITY: Standard Polarity: Cathode-to-stud. Reverse Polarity: Anode-to-stud. (Suffix R.)

MOUNTING HARDWARE: See page 41.

# 1N3879 thru 1N3883

## 6 AMP SILICON FAST RECOVERY RECTIFIER

**NOTE 1** The relay is a make-before-break, wetted-mercury-contact type driven by a 60 Hz sine wave. Conduction time is 640  $\mu$ Sec and it is open approximately 7.7 mSec.

**NOTE 2** Z is a 3  $\Omega$ , 25 W rheostat adjusted for a resistance of 1.4  $\Omega$  from the relay to the anode. The inductance between the same points is 38  $\mu$ H.

**NOTE 3** Monitoring oscilloscope characteristics:  $t_r \leq 14$  nSec,  $R_{in} = 9 M\Omega$ ,  $C_{in} \leq 12$  pf,  $L_{in} \leq 0.5 \mu$ H.

**NOTE 4** Power supply has an output impedance of 0.5  $\Omega$  from DC to 2 kHz.

TYPICAL OSCILLOSCOPE PATTERNS OF RECOVERY

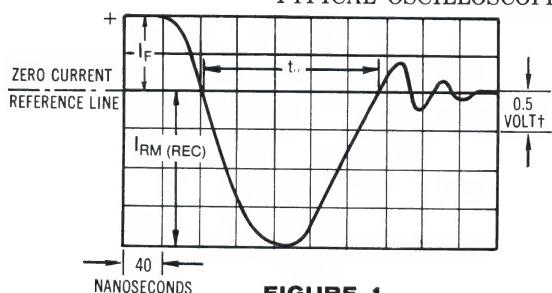


FIGURE 1

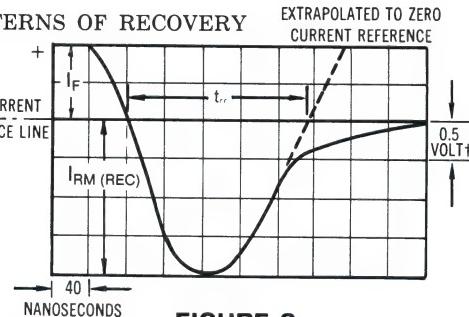
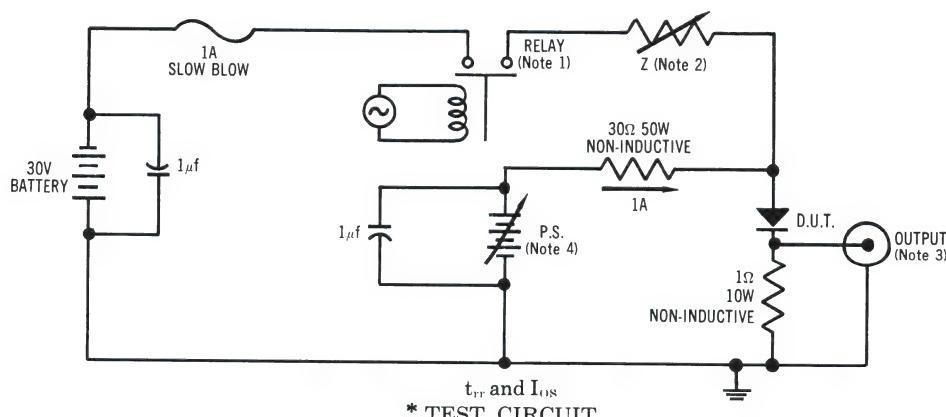


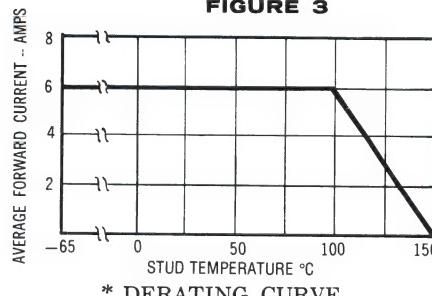
FIGURE 2

<sup>†</sup>Voltage sensed across 1-ohm resistor; each division therefore equivalent to 0.5 ampere current.



\* TEST CIRCUIT

FIGURE 3



\* DERATING CURVE

FIGURE 4

\* JEDEC Registered Data

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# 1N3889 thru 1N3893

## FEATURES

- IN3890, IN3891, AND IN3893 HAVE JAN, JANTX AND JANTXV STANDARD AND REVERSE POLARITY DEVICES TO MIL-S-19500/304
- $\leq 0.2 \mu\text{sec}$  RECOVERY TIME
- LOW OVERSHOOT CURRENT

## MAXIMUM RATINGS @ 25°C unless otherwise specified

Surge Current:  $\frac{1}{2}$  cycle of 60 Hz @  $\leq 100^\circ\text{C}$  . . . 150 A  
 10 cycles of 60 Hz @  $\leq 100^\circ\text{C}$  . . . 70 A

Operating Temperature:  $-65$  to  $150^\circ\text{C}$

Storage Temperature:  $-65$  to  $175^\circ\text{C}$

## \*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

@ 25°C unless otherwise specified

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER	RATED DC BLOCKING VOLTAGE	PEAK REVERSE VOLTAGE	AVERAGE FORWARD CURRENT	MAXIMUM FORWARD VOLTAGE $V_F = 12A$ @ $V_{RM}$ $-65$ to $100^\circ\text{C}$	MAX. REVERSE CURRENT		
					25°C		100°C
					$I_R$	$I_R$ = Rated Value $I_O = 12A$ @ $V_{RM}$ $f = 60\text{Hz}$	$I_R$
Volts	Volts	Amps	Volts	Volts	$\mu\text{A}$	mA	mA
1N3889	50	50	12	1.4	1.5	25	3.0
1N3890	100	100	12	1.4	1.5	25	3.0
1N3891	200	200	12	1.4	1.5	25	3.0
1N3892	300	300	12	1.4	1.5	25	3.0
1N3893	400	400	12	1.4	1.5	25	3.0

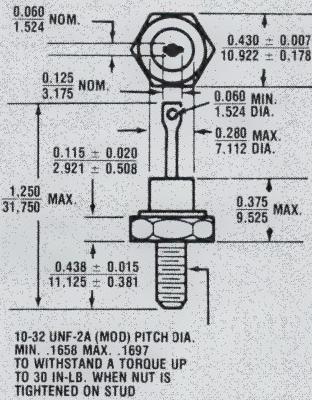
## \*SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

@ 25°C unless otherwise specified, and at  $I_F = 1.0$  Amps

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER	MAXIMUM RECOVERY TIME  SEE FIG. 1, 2 & 3	PEAK REVERSE RECOVERY CURRENT	
		$t_{rr}$	$I_{RM}(\text{REC})$
		nSec	Amps
1N3889	200		2.0
1N3890	200		2.0
1N3891	200		2.0
1N3892	200		2.0
1N3893	200		2.0

\*JEDEC Registered Data

## 12 AMP SILICON FAST RECOVERY RECTIFIER



All dimensions in **INCH**  
 m.m.

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Industry Standard DO-4,  
 7/16" Hex. stud with 10-32  
 threads, welded, hermetically  
 sealed metal and glass.

FINISH: All external surfaces are  
 corrosion resistant and terminal  
 solderable.

WEIGHT: 7.5 grams.

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

POLARITY: Standard Polarity:  
 Cathode-to-stud. Reverse Polarity:  
 Anode-to-stud. (Suffix R.)

MOUNTING HARDWARE: See  
 page 41.

# 1N3889 thru 1N3893

## 12 AMP SILICON FAST RECOVERY RECTIFIER

**NOTE 1** The relay is a make-before-break, wetted-mercury-contact type driven by a 60 Hz sine wave. Conduction time is  $640 \mu\text{Sec}$  and it is open approximately  $7.7 \text{ mSec}$ .

**NOTE 2**  $Z$  is a  $3 \Omega$ , 25 W rheostat adjusted for a resistance of  $1.4 \Omega$  from the relay to the anode. The inductance between the same points is  $38 \mu\text{h}$ .

**NOTE 3** Monitoring oscilloscope characteristics:  $t_r \leq 14 \text{ nSec}$ ,  $R_{in} = 9 \text{ M}\Omega$ ,  $C_{in} \leq 12 \text{ pf}$ ,  $L_{in} \leq 0.5 \mu\text{h}$ .

**NOTE 4** Power supply has an output impedance of  $0.5 \Omega$  from DC to 2 kHz.

TYPICAL OSCILLOSCOPE PATTERNS OF RECOVERY

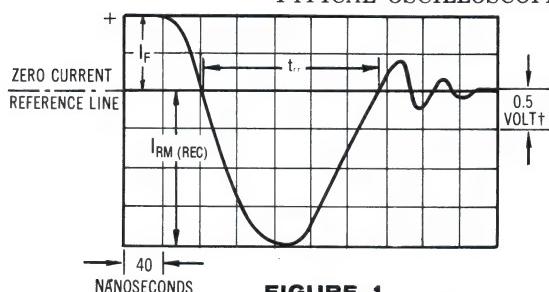


FIGURE 1

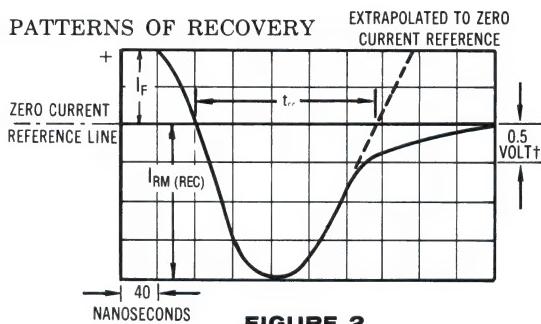


FIGURE 2

†Voltage sensed across 1-ohm resistor; each division therefore equivalent to 0.5 ampere current.

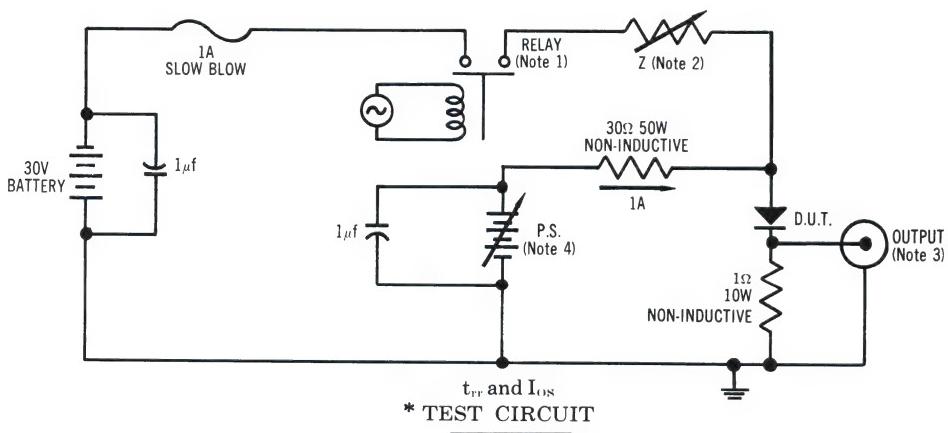


FIGURE 3

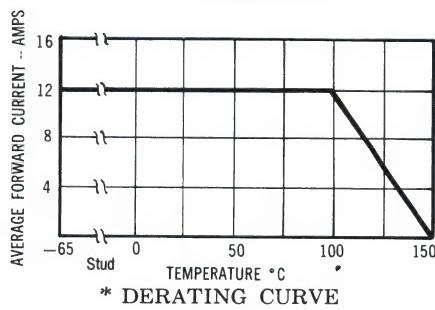


FIGURE 4

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**1N4001  
 thru  
 1N4007**

## FEATURES

- Low cost.
- High current capability.
- Low leakage.
- Low forward voltage.
- High surge capability.
- JEDEC DO-41 molded plastic case.

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

Storage Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TYPE	PEAK REVERSE VOLTAGE	MAX. RMS VOLTAGE	MAX. DC BLOCKING VOLTAGE	MAX. AVERAGE FORWARD RECTIFIED CURRENT	PEAK FORWARD SURGE CURRENT $I_F$ (SURGE)	MAX. FORWARD VOLTAGE @ 1A DC	MAX. REVERSE CURRENT @ RATED DC BLOCKING VOLTAGE	TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE @ $V_R = 4\text{V}$
	V	V	V	A	A	V	$\mu\text{A}$	pF
1N4001	50	35	50	1.0	50	1.1	5.0	20
1N4002	100	70	100	1.0	50	1.1	5.0	20
1N4003	200	140	200	1.0	50	1.1	5.0	20
1N4004	400	280	400	1.0	50	1.1	5.0	20
1N4005	600	420	600	1.0	50	1.1	5.0	20
1N4006	800	560	800	1.0	50	1.1	5.0	20
1N4007	1000	700	1000	1.0	50	1.1	5.0	20

## 1A PLASTIC SILICON RECTIFIERS

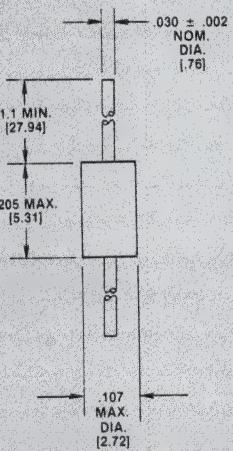


FIGURE 1

All dimensions in **INCH**  
 m.m.

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Molded plastic.

LEAD MATERIAL: Copper, plated tin.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.

# 1N4001 thru 1N4007

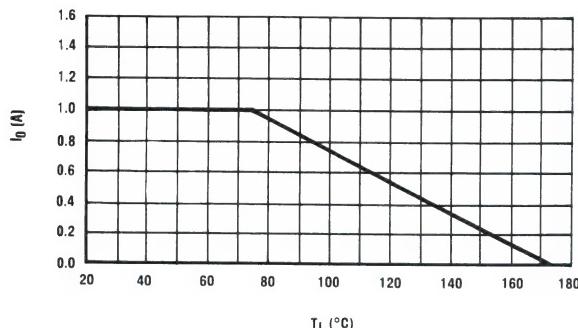


FIGURE 2  
FORWARD DERATING CURVE

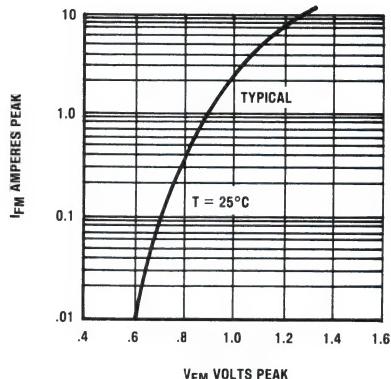


FIGURE 3  
FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

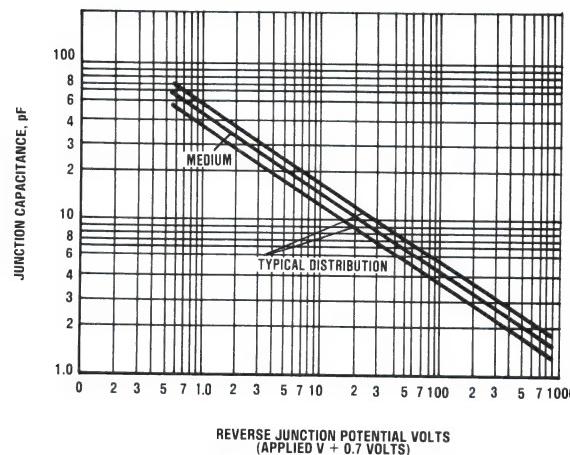


FIGURE 4  
JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

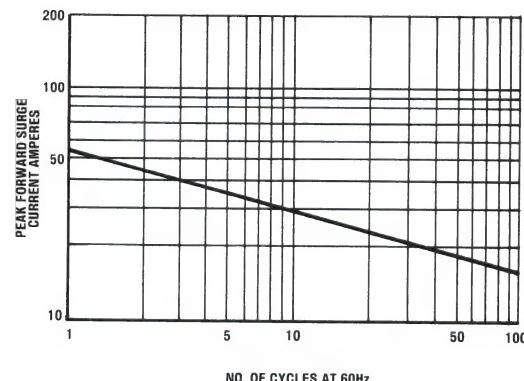


FIGURE 5  
PEAK FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

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**JAN1N4148-1**



## FEATURES

- MICROMINIATURE PACKAGE
- TRIPLE LAYER PASSIVATION
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED
- HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE
- JANs, TXV, TX AND JAN TYPES AVAILABLE PER MIL-S-19500/116
- VOIDLESS CONSTRUCTION

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +200°C

Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C

Surge Current: 500 mA (8.3 msec.)

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

at 25°C unless otherwise specified.

$V_{BR}$	$V_{RWM}$	$I_0$	$V_f$ @ $I_f = 100\text{ mA}$	$V_f$ @ $I_f = 10\text{ mA}$	$t_{rr}$ (Note 1)	$V_{fr}$ (Note 2)
Volts (pk)	Volts (pk)	mA	V dc	V dc	nsec	nsec
100	75	200	1.2	1.0	5	20

$I_R$ @ 20Vdc	$I_R$ @ 75Vdc	$I_R$ @ 20V $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$	$I_R$ @ 75Vdc $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$	CAPACITANCE (Note 3)	CAPACITANCE (Note 4)
nA	$\mu\text{A}$	$\mu\text{A}$	$\mu\text{A}$	pF	pF
25	0.5	50	100	4.0	2.8

NOTE 1:  $I_F = I_R = 10\text{ mA}$ ,  $R_L = 100\text{ ohms}$ .

NOTE 2:  $I_F = 50\text{ mA}$  dc.

NOTE 3:  $V_R = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $f = 1\text{ mHz}$ ,  $V_{SIG} = 50\text{ mV}$  (pk to pk).

NOTE 4:  $V_R = 1.5\text{ V}$  dc,  $f = 1\text{ mHz}$ ,  $V_{SIG} = 50\text{ mV}$  (pk to pk).

## MILITARY SWITCHING DIODES

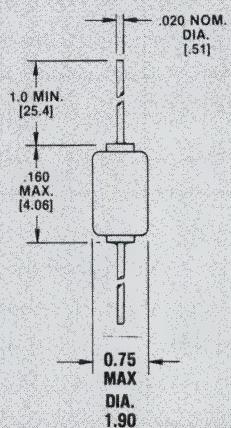


FIGURE 1  
PACKAGE D035

All dimensions in  $\frac{\text{INCH}}{\text{m.m.}}$

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case.

LEAD MATERIAL: Tinned copper clad steel.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.



SANTA ANA, CA

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For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300**FEATURES**

- MICROMINIATURE PACKAGE
- TRIPLE LAYER PASSIVATION
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED
- HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE
- JAN, TX, AND TXV TYPES AVAILABLE PER MIL-S-19500/116

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +200°C

Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C

Surge Current: 500 mA (8.3 msec.)

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** at 25°C unless otherwise specified.

$V_{BR}$	$V_{RWM}$	$I_0$	$V_I$ @ $I_F = 100\text{mA}$	$V_I$ @ $I_F = 10\text{mA}$	$t_{rr}$ (Note 1)	$V_{Ir}$ (Note 2)
Volts (pk)	Volts (pk)	mA	Vdc	Vdc	nsec	nsec
100	75	200	1.2	1.0	5	20

$I_R$ @ 20Vdc	$I_R$ @ 75Vdc	$I_R$ @ 20V $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$	$I_R$ @ 75Vdc $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$	CAPACITANCE (Note 3)	CAPACITANCE (Note 4)
nA	$\mu\text{A}$	$\mu\text{A}$	$\mu\text{A}$	pF	pF
25	0.5	50	100	4.0	2.8

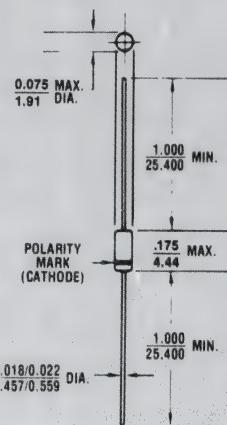
NOTE 1:  $I_F = I_R = 10\text{ mA}$ ,  $R_L = 100\text{ ohms}$ .NOTE 2:  $I_F = 50\text{ mA dc}$ .NOTE 3:  $V_R = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $f = 1\text{ mHz}$ ,  $V_{SIG} = 50\text{ mV}$  (pk to pk).NOTE 4:  $V_R = 1.5\text{ V dc}$ ,  $f = 1\text{ mHz}$ ,  $V_{SIG} = 50\text{ mV}$  (pk to pk).**MILITARY SWITCHING DIODES**

FIGURE 1  
All dimensions in INCH  
m.m.

**MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case.

LEAD MATERIAL: Tinned copper clad steel.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.



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# 1N4150 and 1N4150-1



## FEATURES

- MICROMINIATURE PACKAGE
- VOIDLESS HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED
- JANS/TXV, TX TYPES AVAILABLE PER MIL-S-19500/231

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +150°C  
 Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C  
 Surge Current: 4 Amps ( $t_p = 1\mu s$ ); 0.5 A ( $t_p = 1s$ )

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at 25°C unless otherwise specified.

$V_{BR}$	$V_{RWM}$	$I_0$	$I_R$ @ $V_R = 50Vdc$	$I_R$ @ $V_R = 50Vdc$	$t_{rr}$ (Note 1)	$t_{rr}$ (Note 2)
Volts	Volts (pk)	mA	$\mu A$ dc	$\mu A$ dc*	nsec	nsec
75	50	200	0.1	100	4	6

\* $T_A = 150^\circ C$

CAPACITANCE $V_R = 0$ Volts 1mHz, 50 mVpp	$V_{f1}$ @ $I_F = 1mA$ dc	$V_{f2}$ @ $I_F = 10mA$	$V_{f3}$ @ $I_F = 50mA$ (pulsed)	$V_{f4}$ @ $I_F = 100mA$ (pulsed)	$V_{f5}$ @ $I_F = 200mA$ (pulsed)
pF	Vdc	Vdc	Vdc	Vdc	Vdc
2.5	0.54 - 0.62	0.66 - 0.74	0.76 - 0.86	0.82 - 0.92	0.87 - 1.00

NOTE 1:  $I_F = I_R = 10 - 200$  mA dc,  $R_L = 100$  ohms.

NOTE 2:  $I_F = I_R = 200 - 400$  mA dc,  $R_L = 100$  ohms.

## MILITARY SWITCHING DIODES

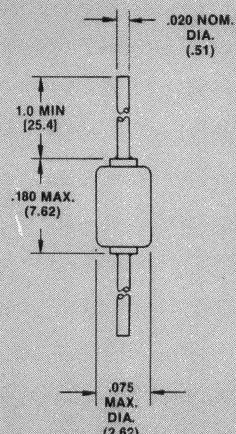


FIGURE 1

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

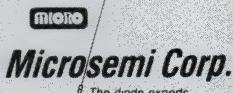
CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case.

LEAD MATERIAL: Tinned copper clad steel.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.

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**1N4245 thru  
1N4249**

SANTA ANA, CA

For more information call:  
(714) 979-8220

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

## FEATURES

- MICROMINIATURE PACKAGE
- VOIDLESS HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE
- TRIPLE LAYER PASSIVATION
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED
- STANDARD RECOVERY
- PIV TO 1000 VOLTS
- JAN/TX/TXV TYPES AVAILABLE PER MIL-S-19500/286

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +175°C

Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C

Power Dissipation: (A) 3 Amp/MIL-STD-750 (See Figure 2)

(B) 1 Amp/no heat sink @ +55°C

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TYPE	PEAK INVERSE VOLTAGE (MIN.) PIV	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE (MIN.) BV @ 100μA	AVERAGE RECTIFIED CURRENT $I_0$		FORWARD VOLTAGE (MAX.) VF @ 3 A	REVERSE CURRENT (MAX.) IR @ PIV	SURGE CURRENT (MAX.) (NOTE 1) If(surge)	REVERSE RECOVERY (MAX.) (NOTE 2) t <sub>rr</sub>	
			VOLTS	VOLTS					
			100°C	150°C		25°C	150°C		
JAN 1N4245	200	240	1.00	.333	1.3	1.0	150	25	5.0
JAN 1N4246	400	480	1.00	.333	1.3	1.0	150	25	5.0
JAN 1N4247	600	720	1.00	.333	1.3	1.0	150	25	5.0
JAN 1N4248	800	960	1.00	.333	1.3	1.0	150	25	5.0
JAN 1N4249	1000	1150	1.00	.333	1.3	1.0	150	25	5.0

NOTE 1: TA = 100°C, f = 60 Hz, I<sub>0</sub> = 1A, 10-8 m sec. surges @ 1/minute.

NOTE 2: If = 5A, I<sub>rr</sub> = 1A, I<sub>rr</sub> = .250A

## MILITARY RECTIFIERS

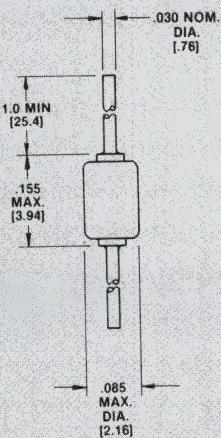


FIGURE 1

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

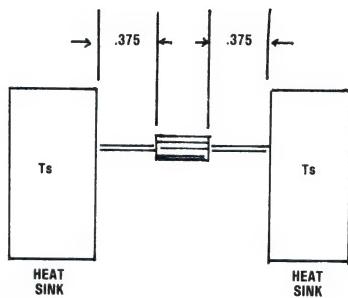
CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case.

LEAD MATERIAL: Tinned copper.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.

# 1N4245 thru 1N4249



Thermal Resistance From Junction To Heat Sink- $\Theta_{js} = 30^{\circ}\text{C/W}$  Max.

$$\frac{P_{max}}{\Theta_{js}} = \frac{T_j - T_s}{P_{max}}$$

$P_{max}$  = Max. Continuous Dissipation, Watts  
 $T_j$  = Max. Junction Temp. =  $175^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $T_s$  = Heat Sink Temp.

FIGURE 2  
MIL STD 750 METHOD 1026(A)

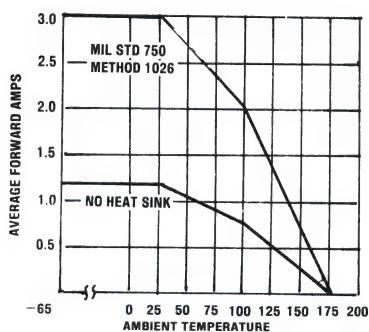


FIGURE 3  
MAXIMUM FORWARD CURRENT  
VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

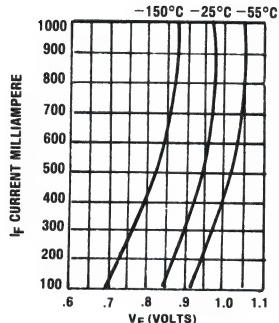


FIGURE 4  
TYPICAL FORWARD  
CONDUCTANCE CURVE

# 1N4938 and 1N4938-1

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SCOTTSDALE, AZ

## FEATURES

- MICROMINIATURE PACKAGE
- TRIPLE LAYER PASSIVATION
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED
- VOIDLESS HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE
- JAN, TX, TXV AVAILABLE TO REQUIREMENTS OF MIL-S-19500/169

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +175°C

Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C

Surge Current: 2.0 Amps @ 1 microsecond

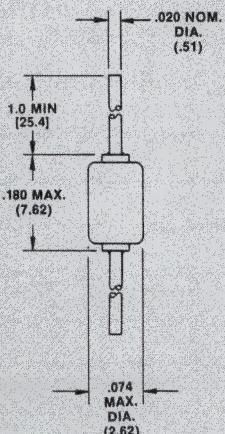
Forward Current:  $I_0 = 100 \text{ mA dc}$ , derate at 0.667 mA/°C above  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

at 25°C unless otherwise specified.

TYPE	FORWARD VOLTAGE DROP $V_F @ I_F$	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE $V_B$	REVERSE CURRENT (max) $I_R @ 175 \text{ V}$	REVERSE RECOVERY (max) (Note 1) $t_{rr}$	JUNCTION CAPACITANCE (max) $C @ 0V$
	Volts	V dc	nA	nsec	pF
	max		25°C   150°C		
1N4938	1.00	200	0.1   100	50.0	5.0
1N4938-1	1.00	200	0.1   100	50.0	5.0

## MILITARY SWITCHING DIODES



## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed hard glass case.

LEAD MATERIAL: Tinned copper clad steel.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.

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## FEATURES

- MICROMINIATURE PACKAGE
- VOIDLESS HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE
- TRIPLE LAYER PASSIVATION
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED
- FAST RECOVERY
- PIV TO 1000 VOLTS
- JAN/TX/TXV TYPES AVAILABLE PER MIL-S-19500/286

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +175°C

Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C

Power Dissipation: (A) 3 Amp/MIL-STD-750 (See Figure 2)

(B) 1 Amp/no heat sink @ +55°C

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TYPE	PEAK INVERSE VOLTAGE (MAX.) PIV	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE (MIN.) BV @ 50µA	AVERAGE RECTIFIED CURRENT I <sub>O</sub>	FORWARD VOLTAGE (MAX.) V <sub>F</sub> @ 1 A	REVERSE CURRENT (MAX.) I <sub>R</sub> @ PIV	CAPACITANCE (MAX.) C <sub>O</sub> @ -12V	SURGE CURRENT (MAX.) (NOTE 1) I <sub>F(surge)</sub>	REVERSE RECOVERY (MAX.) (NOTE 2) I <sub>rr</sub>
	VOLTS	VOLTS	AMPS	VOLTS	µA	pF	AMPS	n sec.
			55°C 100°C	25°C 150°C				
JAN 1N4942	200	220	1.0	.750	1.3	1.0	200	45
JAN 1N4944	400	440	1.0	.750	1.3	1.0	200	35
JAN 1N4946	600	660	1.0	.750	1.3	1.0	200	25
JAN 1N4947	800	880	1.0	.750	1.3	1.0	200	25
JAN 1N4948	1000	1100	1.0	.750	1.3	1.0	200	15

NOTE 1: T<sub>A</sub> = 100°C, f = 60 Hz, I<sub>O</sub> = 750 mA, 10-8 m sec. surges @ 1/minute.

NOTE 2: I<sub>F</sub> = .5A, I<sub>rr</sub> = 1 A, t<sub>rr</sub> = .250 A.

## MILITARY RECTIFIERS

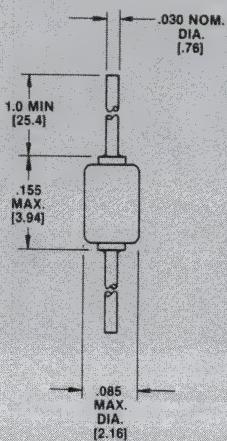


FIGURE 1

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case.

LEAD MATERIAL: Tinned copper.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.

## 1N4942 thru 1N4948

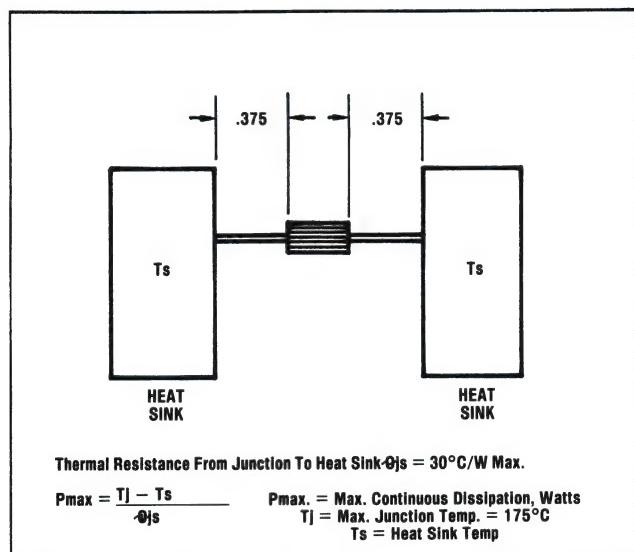


FIGURE 2  
MIL STD 750 METHOD 1026 (A)

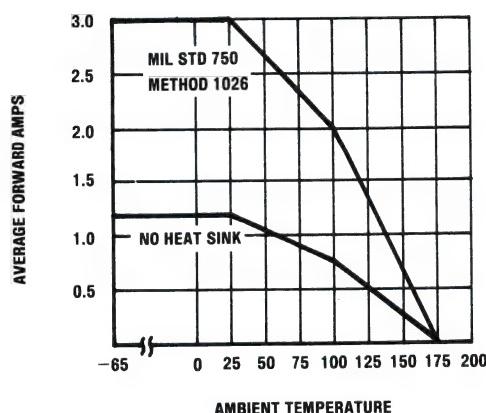


FIGURE 3  
MAXIMUM FORWARD CURRENT  
vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

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SCOTTSDALE, AZ

# 1N5186 thru 1N5190

## FEATURES

- MICROMINIATURE PACKAGE
- VOIDLESS HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE
- TRIPLE LAYER PASSIVATION
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED
- FAST RECOVERY
- PIV TO 600 VOLTS
- MEETS REQUIREMENTS OF MIL-S-19500/424

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +175°C  
Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TYPE	PIV	MINIMUM REVERSE BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE @ 50μA	FORWARD VOLTAGE VF @ 94dc		MAXIMUM REVERSE CURRENT @ PIV		MAXIMUM REVERSE RECOVERY TIME nsec
			MIN.	MAX.	25°C	100°C	
1N5186	100V	120V	0.9V(pk)-1.5V(pk)		150		
1N5187	200V	240V			200		
1N5188	400V	480V			250		
1N5189	500V	550V			300		
1N5190	600V	660V			400		

## FAST SWITCHING RECTIFIERS

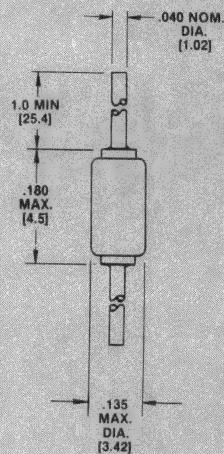


FIGURE 1

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case.

LEAD MATERIAL: Silver clad copper.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.

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**1N5400  
thru  
1N5408**

### **FEATURES**

- Low cost.
- High current capability.
- Low leakage.
- Low forward voltage.
- High surge capability.
- JEDEC DO-27 molded plastic case.

### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +175°C.  
Storage Temperature: -65°C to +175°C.

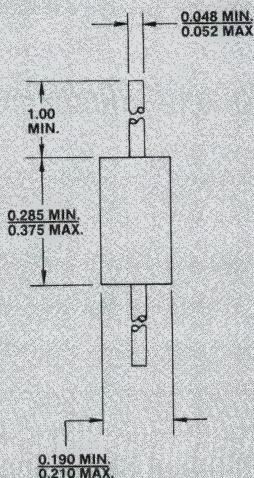
### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

TYPE	PEAK REVERSE VOLTAGE	MAX. RMS VOLTAGE	MAX. DC BLOCKING VOLTAGE	MAX. AVERAGE FORWARD RECTIFIED CURRENT	PEAK FORWARD SURGE CURRENT $I_F$ (SURGE)	MAX. FORWARD VOLTAGE @ 3A DC	MAX. DC REVERSE CURRENT @ RATED DC BLOCKING VOLTAGE	TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE @ $V_R = 4V$
	V	V	V	A	A	V	μA	pF
1N5400	50	35	50	3.0	200	1.0	10	70
1N5401	100	70	100	3.0	200	1.0	10	70
1N5402	200	140	200	3.0	200	1.0	10	70
1N5403	300	210	300	3.0	200	1.0	10	70
1N5404	400	280	400	3.0	200	1.0	10	70
1N5405	500	350	500	3.0	200	1.0	10	70
1N5406	600	420	600	3.0	200	1.0	10	70
1N5407	800	560	800	3.0	200	1.0	10	70
1N5408	1000	700	1000	3.0	200	1.0	10	70

**NOTE 1:** Ratings at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified. Single phase, half wave, 60 Hz, resistive or inductive load. For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

**NOTE 2:** Special silicon rectifiers also available.

### **3A PLASTIC SILICON RECTIFIERS**



**FIGURE 1**

All Dimensions in INCHES

### **MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Molded plastic.

LEAD MATERIAL: Copper, plated tin.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.

# 1N5400 thru 1N5408

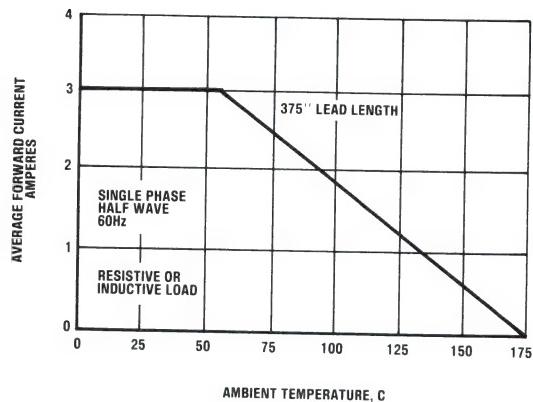


FIGURE 2  
FORWARD DERATING CURVE

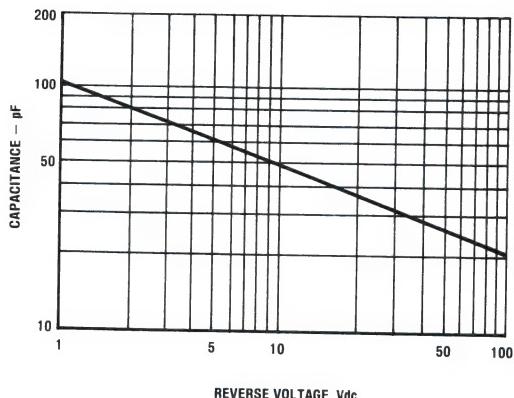


FIGURE 3  
TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE  
vs. REVERSE VOLTAGE

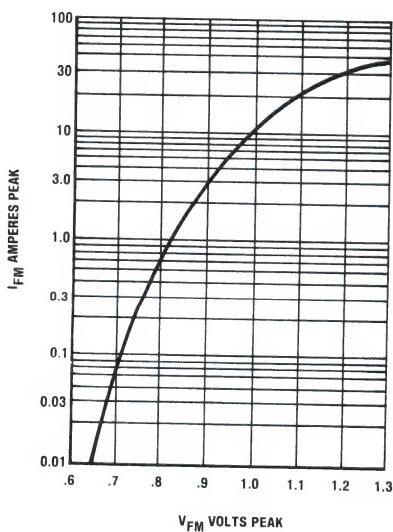


FIGURE 4  
TYPICAL INSTANTANEOUS  
FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

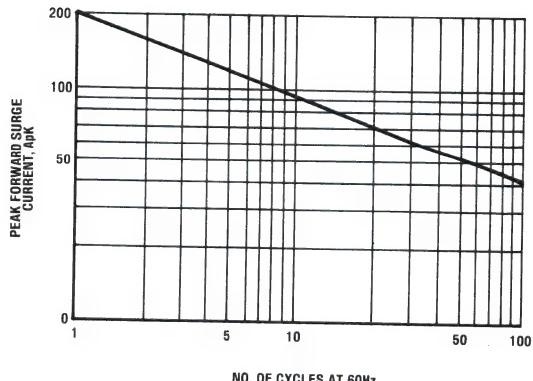


FIGURE 5  
MAXIMUM NON REPETITIVE SURGE CURRENT

**1N5415**

thru

**1N5420****★JANS★**

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**FEATURES**

- MICROMINIATURE PACKAGE
- VOIDLESS HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE
- TRIPLE LAYER PASSIVATION
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED
- FAST RECOVERY
- PIV TO 600 VOLTS
- JAN/JANS/TX/TXV TYPES AVAILABLE PER MIL-S-19500/411

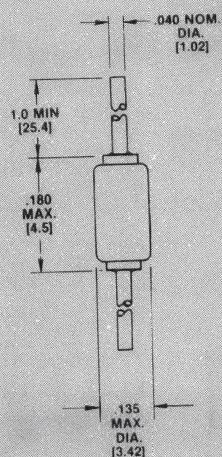
**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +175°C

Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

TYPE	PIV	MINIMUM REVERSE BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE @ 50μA	FORWARD VOLTAGE VF		MAXIMUM REVERSE CURRENT 25°C	MAXIMUM REVERSE RECOVERY TIME NEC
			MIN.	MAX.		
J, JTX, JTXV 1N5415	50V	55V	0.6V(pk) 1.5V(pk)		1.0μA	150
J, JTX, JTXV 1N5416	100V	110V			20μA	150
J, JTX, JTXV 1N5417	200V	220V			1.0μA	150
J, JTX, JTXV 1N5418	400V	440V			1.0μA	250
J, JTX, JTXV 1N5419	500V	550V			1.0μA	400
J, JTX, JTXV 1N5420	600V	660V			1.0μA	

**FAST  
SWITCHING  
RECTIFIERS****FIGURE 1****MECHANICAL  
CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case.

LEAD MATERIAL: Silver clad copper.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.

# 1N5415 - 1N5420

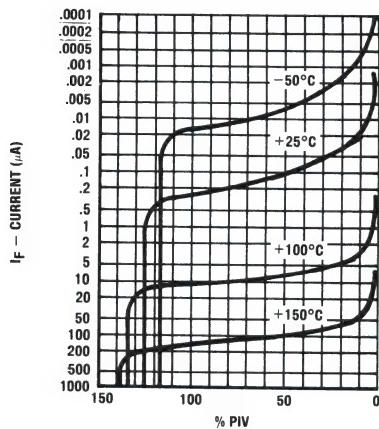


FIGURE 2  
TYPICAL REVERSE CURRENT vs. PIV

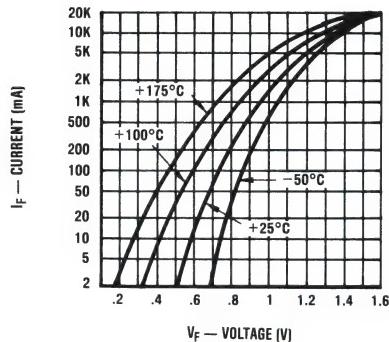


FIGURE 3  
TYPICAL FORWARD CURRENT  
vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE

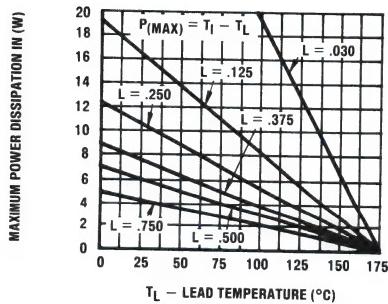


FIGURE 4  
MAXIMUM POWER  
vs. LEAD TEMPERATURE

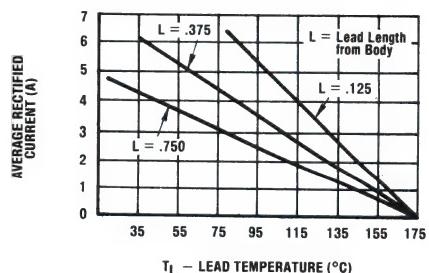


FIGURE 5  
MAXIMUM CURRENT vs. LEAD TEMPERATURE

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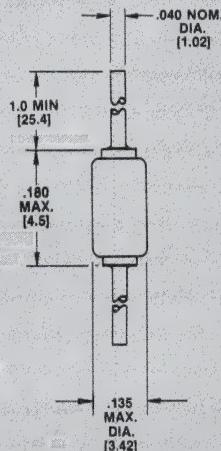
SCOTTSDALE, AZ

**1N5550  
thru  
1N5554****FEATURES**

- Voidless hermetically sealed glass package.
- Triple layer passivation.
- Metallurgically bonded.
- JAN/TX/TXV available per MIL-S-19500/420.

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**Operating Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$ .  
Storage Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$ .**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

TYPE	MINIMUM REVERSE BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE $\text{@ } 50\mu\text{A}$	PEAK INVERSE VOLTAGE PIV VOLTS	AVERAGE RECTIFIED CURRENT $I_{\text{q}}$ AMPS $(55^{\circ}\text{C})$	FORWARD VOLTAGE $V_F @ 9\text{A (pk)}$		REVERSE CURRENT $I_R @ \text{PIV}$ $\mu\text{A}$	REVERSE RECOVERY $I_{\text{rr}}$ $\mu\text{sec}$
				MIN.	MAX.		
1N5550	240	200	5.0	.6V (pk)	1.2V (pk)	1.0	2.0
1N5551	480	400	5.0	.6V (pk)	1.2V (pk)	1.0	2.0
1N5552	660	600	5.0	.6V (pk)	1.2V (pk)	1.0	2.0
1N5553	880	800	5.0	.6V (pk)	1.3V (pk)	1.0	2.0
1N5554	1100	1000	5.0	.6V (pk)	1.3V (pk)	1.0	2.0

**RECTIFIERS****MECHANICAL  
CHARACTERISTICS**

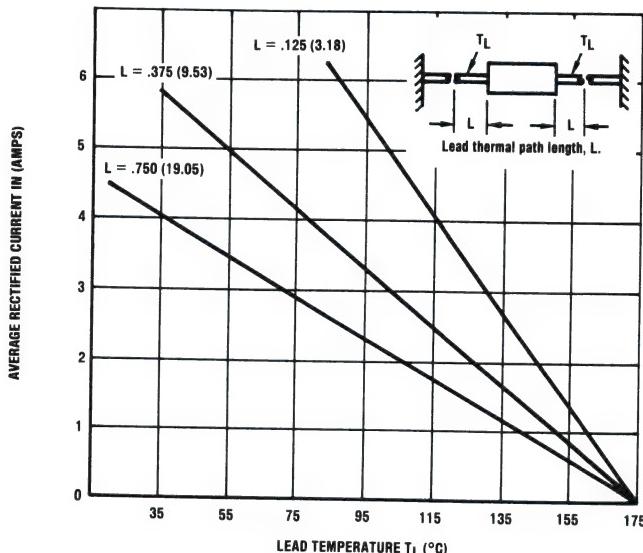
CASE: Hermetically sealed hard glass.

LEAD MATERIAL: Tinned Copper.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

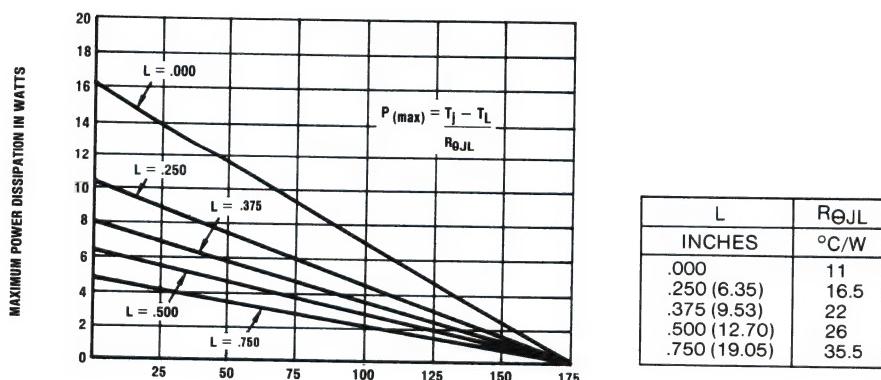
POLARITY: Cathode band.

# 1N5550 thru 1N5554



NOTES: 1. Dimensions are in inches.  
2. Metric equivalents (to the nearest .01 mm) are given for general information only and are based upon 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

FIGURE 2  
MAXIMUM CURRENT vs. LEAD TEMPERATURE

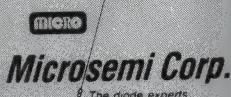


Maximum lead temperature in °C ( $T_L$ ) at point "L" from body  
(For maximum operating junction temperature of 175°C with equal two-lead conditions).

NOTES: 1. Dimensions are in inches.  
2. Metric equivalents (to the nearest .01 mm) are given for general information only and are based upon 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

FIGURE 3  
MAXIMUM POWER IN WATTS vs. LEAD TEMPERATURE

**1N5614 thru  
1N5622**



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SCOTTSDALE, AZ

## FEATURES

- MICROMINIATURE PACKAGE
- VOIDLESS HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE
- TRIPLE LAYER PASSIVATION
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED
- STANDARD RECOVERY
- PIV TO 1000 VOLTS
- JAN/TX/TXV TYPES AVAILABLE PER MIL-S-19500/427

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +175°C

Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TYPE	PEAK INVERSE VOLTAGE (MIN.) PIV	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE (MIN.) BV @ 50µA	AVERAGE RECTIFIED CURRENT $I_0$		FORWARD VOLTAGE (MAX.) VF @ 3 A	REVERSE CURRENT (MAX.) IR @ PIV	SURGE CURRENT (MAX.) IF (surge)	REVERSE RECOVERY (MAX.) (NOTE 1) $t_{rr}$ (NOTE 2)
			50°C	100°C				
VOLTS	VOLTS		AMPS	VOLTS		µA	AMPS	µsec.
JAN 1N5614	200	220	1.00	.750	.8 MIN.	1.0	25	30
JAN 1N5616	400	440	1.00	.750		1.0	25	30
JAN 1N5618	600	660	1.00	.750		1.0	25	30
JAN 1N5620	800	880	1.00	.750	1.3 MAX.	1.0	25	30
JAN 1N5622	1000	1100	1.00	.750		1.0	25	2.0

NOTE 1: TA = 100°C, f = 60 Hz,  $I_0$  = 75A, 10-8 m sec. surges @ 1/minute.

NOTE 2:  $I_F, I_{rr} = 1A, I_{rr} = .250A$ .

## MILITARY RECTIFIERS

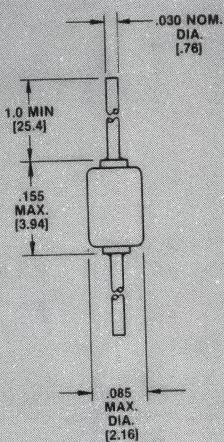


FIGURE 1

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

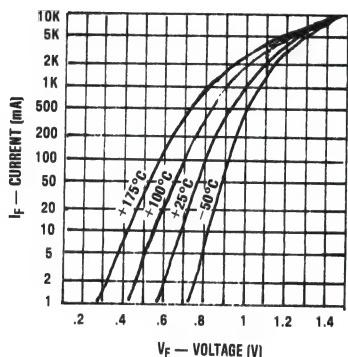
CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case.

LEAD MATERIAL: Tinned copper.

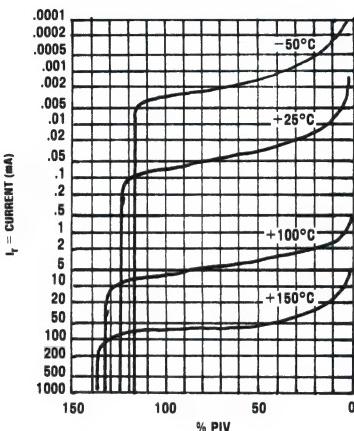
MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.

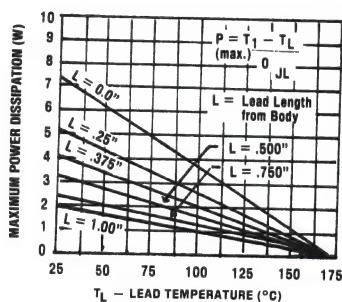
# 1N5614 thru 1N5622



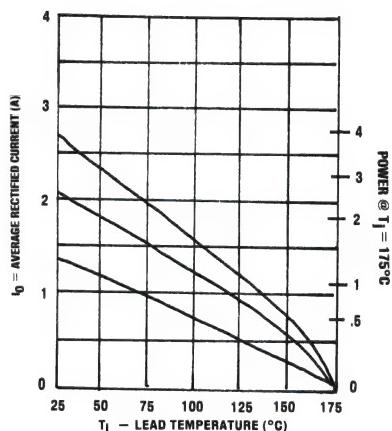
**FIGURE 2**  
TYPICAL FORWARD VOLTAGE  
vs FORWARD CURRENT



**FIGURE 3**  
TYPICAL REVERSE CURRENT vs PIV



**FIGURE 4**  
MAXIMUM POWER DISSIPATION  
vs LEAD TEMPERATURE



**FIGURE 5**  
MAXIMUM CURRENT  
vs LEAD TEMPERATURE

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SCOTTSDALE, AZ

**1N5615  
thru  
1N5623****★JANS★****FEATURES**

- MICROMINIATURE PACKAGE
- VOIDLESS HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE
- TRIPLE LAYER PASSIVATION
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED
- FAST RECOVERY
- PIV TO 1000 VOLTS
- JANS/TX/TXV TYPES AVAILABLE PER MIL-S-19500/429

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**Operating Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$ .Storage Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+200^{\circ}\text{C}$ .Thermal Resistance:  $-38^{\circ}\text{C/W}$ 

Surge Current: 25A.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

TYPE	PEAK INVERSE VOLTAGE (MAX.) PIV	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE (MIN.) $B_V$ @ 50 $\mu\text{A}$	AVERAGE RECTIFIED CURRENT $I_0$	FORWARD VOLTAGE (MAX.) $V_F$ @ 3A	REVERSE CURRENT (MAX.) $I_R$ @ PIV	CAPACITANCE (MAX.) C @ -12V	SURGE CURRENT (MAX.) $I_F(\text{surge})$	REVERSE RECOVERY (MAX.) $I_{rr}$ (NOTE 1)	REVERSE RECOVERY (MAX.) $t_{rr}$ (NOTE 2)
			55°C	100°C		25°C	100°C		
JAN 1N5615	200	220	1.0	.750	.8 MIN.	.5	25	45	25
JAN 1N5617	400	440	1.0	.750		.5	25	35	25
JAN 1N5619	600	660	1.0	.750		.5	25	25	25
JAN 1N5621	800	880	1.0	.750	1.6 MAX.	.5	25	20	25
JAN 1N5623	1000	1100	1.0	.750		.5	25	15	25

NOTE 1:  $T_A = 100^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $f = 60 \text{ Hz}$ ,  $I_O = 750 \text{ mA}$ , 10-8 msec surges @ 1/minuteNOTE 2:  $I_F = .5 \text{ A}$ ,  $I_{rr} = 1 \text{ A}$ ,  $I_{rr} = .250 \text{ A}$ 

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

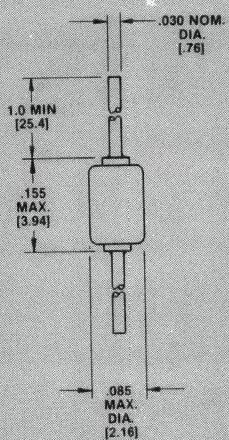
**MILITARY  
RECTIFIERS**

FIGURE 1

**MECHANICAL  
CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case.

LEAD MATERIAL: Tinned copper.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.

# 1N5615 thru 1N5623

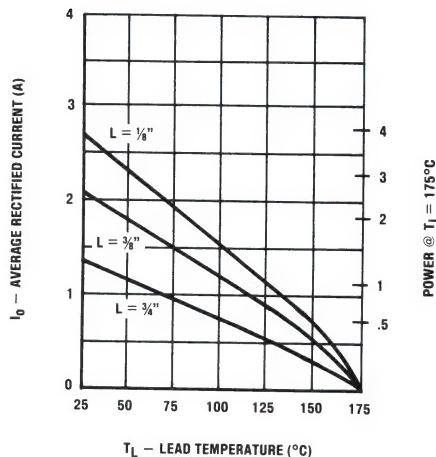


FIGURE 2  
MAXIMUM CURRENT  
vs LEAD TEMPERATURE

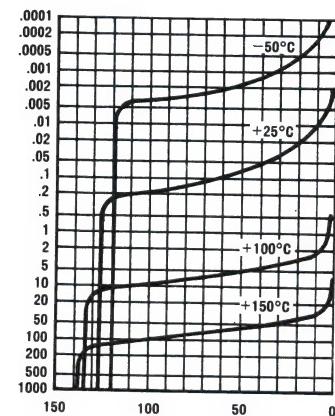


FIGURE 3  
TYPICAL REVERSE CURRENT  
vs. PIV

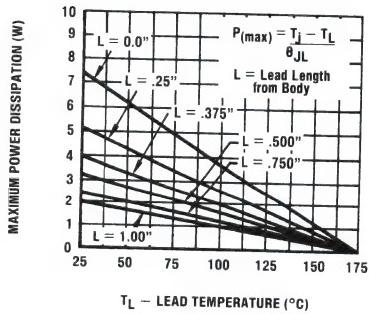


FIGURE 4  
MAXIMUM POWER  
vs. LEAD TEMPERATURE

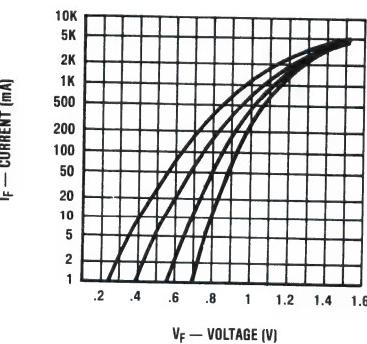


FIGURE 5  
TYPICAL FORWARD VOLTAGE  
vs. FORWARD CURRENT

SANTA ANA, CA

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 (714) 979-8220

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

**1N5802  
 thru  
 1N5806**

## FEATURES

- MICROMINIATURE PACKAGE
- VOIDLESS HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE
- TRIPLE LAYER PASSIVATION
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED
- ULTRA FAST RECOVERY
- PIV TO 150 VOLTS
- JAN/TX/TXV TYPES AVAILABLE PER MIL-S-19500/477

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature: -55°C to +200°C.  
 Storage Temperature: -55°C to +200°C.  
 Surge: Pulse 8.3ms, 35 A

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TYPE	PEAK INVERSE VOLTAGE (MIN.) PIV	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE (MIN.) $V_B$ @ 100 $\mu$ A	AVERAGE RECTIFIED CURRENT $I_0$	FORWARD VOLTAGE DROP (MAX.) $V_F$		REVERSE CURRENT (MAX.) $I_R$ @ PIV	SURGE CURRENT (MAX.) $I_F$ (surge)	JUNCTION CAPACITANCE (MAX.) C @ -10 V	REVERSE RECOVERY TIME (MAX.) (NOTE 2)
				25°C	100°C				
	VOLTS	VOLTS	AMPS	VOLTS	μA	AMPS	pF	n sec	
			T <sub>A</sub> = 55°C	25°C	100°C	25°C	100°C		
JAN 1N5802	50	60	1.0	.875 @ 1A (pk)	.80 @ 1A (pk)	1.0	50	35	25
JAN 1N5804	100	110	1.0	.975 @ 1A (pk)	.8 @ 1A (pk)	1.0	50	35	25
JAN 1N5806	150	160	1.0	2.5A pk)		1.0	50	35	25
1N5802	50	55	2.5	.875 @ 1.0 Adc	.80 @ 2.5Adc	1.0	50	35	25
1N5803	75	80		75°C	250msec	1.0	75°C	single cycle	25
1N5804	100	110	T <sub>L</sub> = 1.0 Adc	75°C	pulse width	1.0	75°C	8.3msec	25
1N5805	125	135				1.0		typ.	25
1N5806	150	160	(L = %")						25

NOTE 1: JAN T<sub>A</sub> = 55°C @ rated I<sub>0</sub>, 10-8.3 msec surges

NOTE 2: I<sub>F</sub> = 1.0A, I<sub>R</sub> = 1.0A, recover to .1A

## MILITARY RECTIFIERS

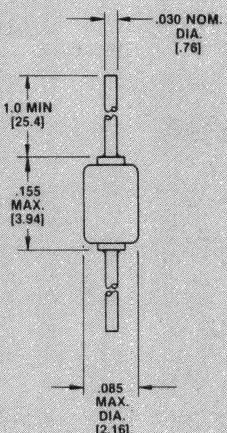


FIGURE 1  
 PACKAGE "A"

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case.

LEAD MATERIAL: Tinned copper.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.

# 1N5802 thru 1N5806

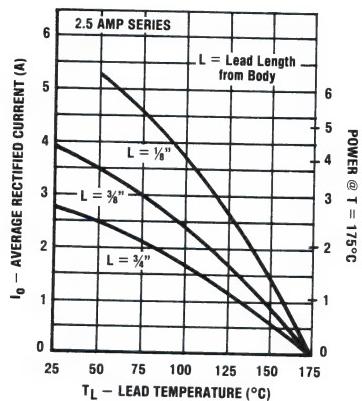


FIGURE 2  
OUTPUT CURRENT vs. LEAD TEMP.

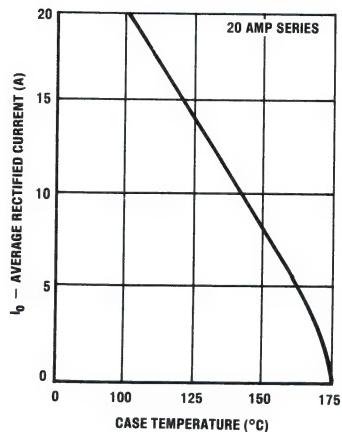


FIGURE 3  
OUTPUT CURRENT vs. CASE TEMP.

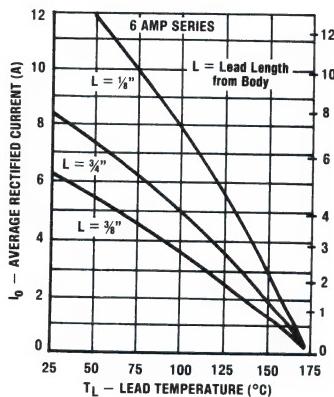


FIGURE 4  
OUTPUT CURRENT vs. LEAD TEMP.

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**1N5807  
thru  
1N5811**

## FEATURES

- MICROMINIATURE PACKAGE
- VOIDLESS HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE
- TRIPLE LAYER PASSIVATION
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED
- ULTRA FAST RECOVERY
- HIGH SURGE CAPABILITY AND EXTREMELY STABLE CHARACTERISTICS
- PIV TO 160 VOLTS
- JAN/TX/TXV TYPES AVAILABLE PER MIL-S-19500/477

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature:  $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+200^{\circ}\text{C}$ .  
Storage Temperature:  $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+200^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TYPE	PEAK INVERSE VOLTAGE (MIN.) PIV	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE (MIN.) BV @ 100 $\mu\text{A}$	AVERAGE RECTIFIED CURRENT I <sub>o</sub>	FORWARD VOLTAGE DROP (MAX.) V <sub>F</sub>		REVERSE CURRENT (MAX.) I <sub>R</sub> @ PIV	SURGE CURRENT (MAX.) I <sub>F(surge)</sub>	JUNCTION CAPACITANCE (MAX.) C @ -10 V	REVERSE RECOVERY TIME (MAX.) (NOTE 2)
	VOLTS	VOLTS	AMPS	VOLTS		$\mu\text{A}$	AMPS	pF	nsec
				T <sub>A</sub> 55°C	25°C	100°C			
JAN 1N5807	50	60	3.0	.875 @ 4A (pk)	.8 @ 4A (pk)	5	150	125	60
JAN 1N5809	100	110	3.0	.875 @ 4A (pk)	.8 @ 4A (pk)	5	150	125	60
JAN 1N5811	150	160	3.0	.925 @ 6A (pk)	.925 @ 6A (pk)	5	150	125	60
1N5807	50	55	6.0	.875 @ 4Adc	.700 @ 6Adc	5	150	125	30
1N5808	75	80	8.0	T <sub>L</sub> = 75°C (L = $\frac{3}{8}$ )	250 msec pulse width	5	150	125	30
1N5809	100	110	10.0	4Adc	250 msec pulse width	5	150	125	30
1N5810	125	135	12.5	250 msec pulse width	250 msec pulse width	5	150	125	30
1N5811	150	160	15.0	250 msec pulse width	250 msec pulse width	5	150	125	30

NOTE 1: T<sub>A</sub> = 55°C @ rated I<sub>o</sub> and VRM, 10-8.3 msec surges

NOTE 2: I<sub>F</sub> = 1.0A, I<sub>R</sub> = 1.0A, recover to .1A

## RECTIFIERS

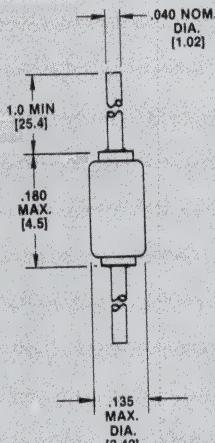


FIGURE 1

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

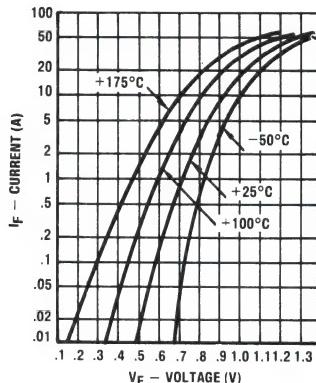
CASE: Hermetically sealed hard glass.

LEAD MATERIAL: Silver clad copper.

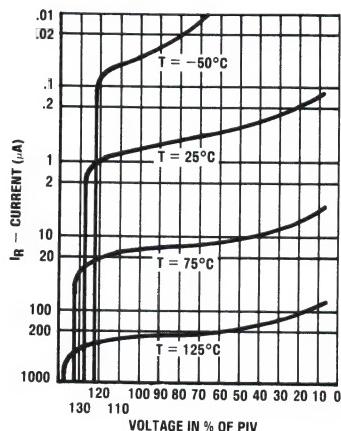
MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.

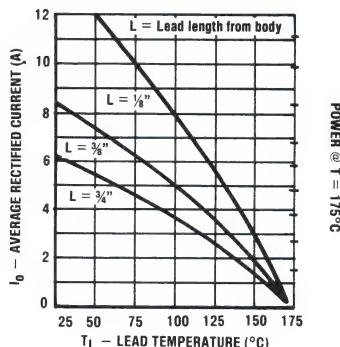
# 1N5807 thru 1N5811



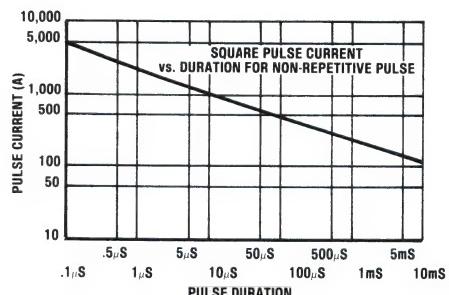
**FIGURE 2**  
TYPICAL FORWARD CURRENT  
vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE



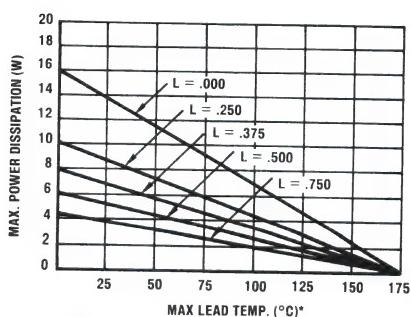
**FIGURE 3**  
TYPICAL REVERSE CURRENT  
vs. VOLTAGE



**FIGURE 4**  
OUTPUT CURRENT vs. LEAD TEMP.

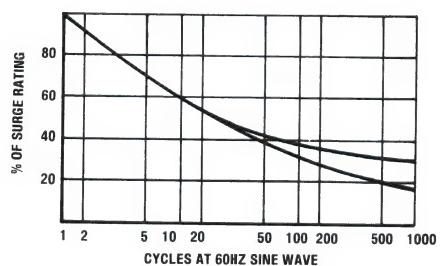


**FIGURE 5**  
FORWARD PULSE CURRENT  
vs. DURATION



\*Maximum lead temp. in °C ( $T_L$ ) at point "L" from body.  
(For max. operating junction temp. of 175°C with equal two-lead conditions.)

**FIGURE 6**  
MAXIMUM LEAD TEMP. vs  $P_d$



**FIGURE 7**  
MULTIPLE SURGE CURRENT vs. DURATION

SANTA ANA, CA

For more information call:  
 (714) 979-8220

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

**1N6073  
 thru  
 1N6081**

## FEATURES

- Triple layer passivation.
- Metallurgically bonded.
- Ultra fast recovery.
- Voidless hermetically sealed glass package.
- JAN/TX/TXV available for 1N6074, 1N6075 per MIL-S-19500/503.

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+155^{\circ}\text{C}$ .  
 Storage Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+155^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(@  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

TYPE	PEAK INVERSE VOLTAGE PIV	FORWARD VOLTAGE $V_f$ (PULSED)	AVERAGE RECTIFIED CURRENT $I_0$	REVERSE CURRENT @ PIV $I_R$	REVERSE* RECOVERY TIME $t_{rr}$	SURGE CURRENT $I_F$ (SURGE)
	VOLTS	VOLTS	AMPS	mA	μsec	AMPS
1N6073	50	2.04	3.0	1.0	30	35
1N6074	100	2.04	3.0	1.0	30	35
1N6075	150	2.04	3.0	1.0	30	35
1N6076	50	1.76	6.0	5.0	30	75
1N6077	100	1.76	6.0	5.0	30	75
1N6078	150	1.76	6.0	5.0	30	75
1N6079	50	1.50	12.0	10.0	30	175
1N6080	100	1.50	12.0	10.0	30	175
1N6081	150	1.50	12.0	10.0	30	175

\*NOTE:  $I_F = 0.5\text{A}$ ,  $I_R = -1.0\text{A}$  and  $I_{RR} = -0.25\text{A}$

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Case: Hermetically sealed hard glass.

Lead Material: 1N6073-75 & 1N6079-81 — Tinned copper.  
 1N6076-78 — Gold clad copper.

Marking: Body painted, alpha numeric.  
 Polarity: Cathode band.

## POWER RECTIFIERS

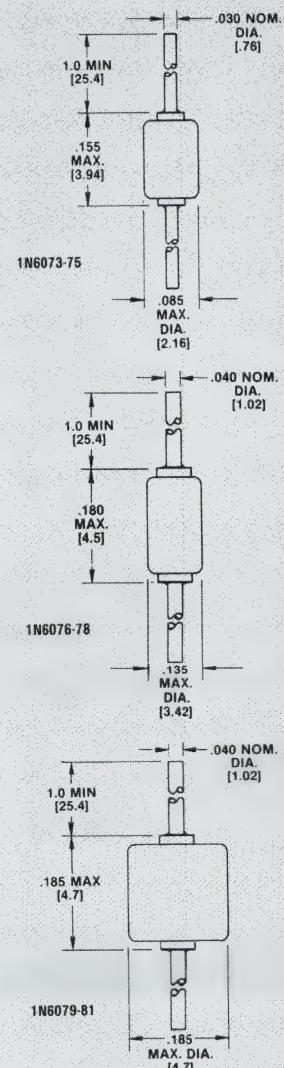
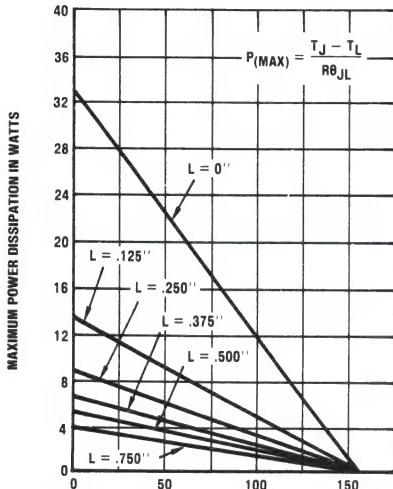


FIGURE 1

**1N6073  
thru  
1N6081**



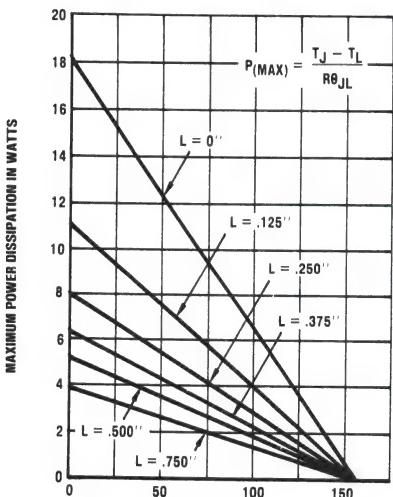
L	R $\theta_{JL}$
INCHES (mm)	°C/W
0.000	5.0
0.125 (.317)	11.5
0.250 (.635)	17.5
0.375 (.953)	23.5
0.500 (12.70)	29.0
0.750 (19.05)	40.0

Maximum lead temperature in °C ( $T_L$ ) at point "L" from body (for maximum operating junction temperature with equal two-lead conditions).

NOTES:

1. Dimensions are in inches.
2. Metric equivalents (to the nearest .01 mm) are given for general information only and are based upon 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

FIGURE 2. Maximum power in watts vs lead temperature for 1N6079, 1N6080 and 1N6081



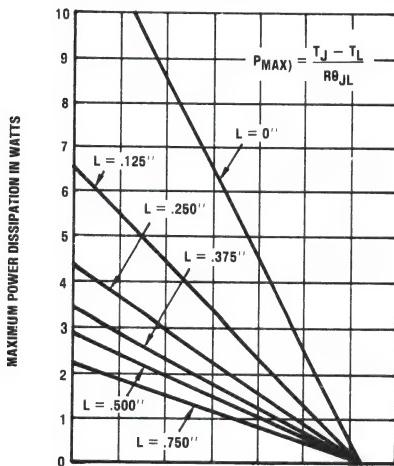
L	R $\theta_{JL}$
INCHES (mm)	°C/W
0.000	8.5
0.125 (.317)	14.0
0.250 (.635)	19.5
0.375 (.953)	25.0
0.500 (12.70)	30.0
0.750 (19.05)	40.0

Maximum lead temperature in °C ( $T_L$ ) at point "L" from body (for maximum operating junction temperature with equal two-lead conditions).

NOTES:

1. Dimensions are in inches.
2. Metric equivalents (to the nearest .01 mm) are given for general information only and are based upon 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

FIGURE 3. Maximum power in watts vs lead temperature for 1N6076, 1N6077 and 1N6078



L	R $\theta_{JL}$
INCHES (mm)	°C/W
0.000	13
0.125 (.317)	24
0.250 (.635)	35
0.375 (.953)	46
0.500 (12.70)	54
0.750 (19.05)	70

Maximum lead temperature in °C ( $T_L$ ) at point "L" from body (for maximum operating junction temperature with equal two-lead conditions).

NOTES:

1. Dimensions are in inches.
2. Metric equivalents (to the nearest .01 mm) are given for general information only and are based upon 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

FIGURE 4. Maximum power in watts vs lead temperature for 1N6073, 1N6074 and 1N6075

# 30S SERIES

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SCOTTSDALE, AZ

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## DESCRIPTION/FEATURES

- ECONOMICAL SERIES
- HIGH SURGE, 150 AMP MAXIMUM
- UNIVERSAL REPLACEMENT FOR MANY GLASS, EPOXY, ENCAPSULATED, AND METALLIC RECTIFIERS
- PEAK REVERSE VOLTAGES THROUGH 1000 VOLTS

### VOLTAGE RATINGS

	V <sub>RRM</sub> - Max. Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage (V)	V <sub>R</sub> - Max. Direct Reverse Voltage (V)
Part Number	T <sub>J</sub> = -65°C to 175°C	T <sub>J</sub> = -65°C to 175°C
30S1	100	100
30S2	200	200
30S3	300	300
30S4	400	400
30S5	500	500
30S6	600	600
30S8	800	800
30S10	1000	1000

### ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

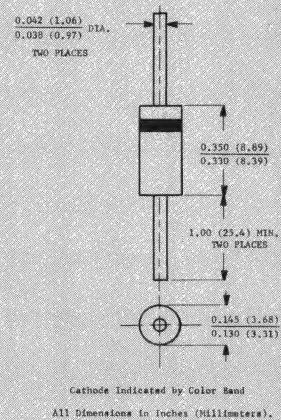
Parameter	Value	Units	Conditions	
			1 phase operation, 180° conduction. T <sub>L</sub> = 125°C, lead length 9.5 mm (0.375 in.)	
I <sub>FSM</sub>	143	A	Half cycle 50 Hz sine wave or 6 ms rectangular pulse	Following any rated load condition and with rated V <sub>RRM</sub> applied.
	150		Half cycle 60 Hz sine wave or 5 ms rectangular pulse	Following any rated load condition and with rated V <sub>RRM</sub> applied.
	170		Half cycle 50 Hz sine wave or 6 ms rectangular pulse	Following any rated load condition and with rated V <sub>RRM</sub> applied.
	178		Half cycle 60 Hz sine wave or 5 ms rectangular pulse	Following any rated load condition and with rated V <sub>RRM</sub> applied following surge = 0.
I <sup>2</sup> t	103	A <sup>2</sup> s	t = 10 ms	With rated V <sub>RRM</sub> applied following surge, initial T <sub>J</sub> = 175°C.
	94		t = 8.3 ms	With rated V <sub>RRM</sub> applied following surge, initial T <sub>J</sub> = 175°C.
Max. I <sup>2</sup> t for individual device fusing	146	A <sup>2</sup> s	t = 10 ms	With rated V <sub>RRM</sub> = 0 following surge, initial T <sub>J</sub> = 175°C.
	133		t = 8.3 ms	With rated V <sub>RRM</sub> = 0 following surge, initial T <sub>J</sub> = 175°C.
I <sup>2</sup> $\sqrt{t}$	1450	A <sup>2</sup> $\sqrt{s}$	t = 0.1 to 10 ms, V <sub>RRM</sub> = 0	following surge.
V <sub>FM</sub>	1.0	V	I <sub>F(AV)</sub> = 3A (9.4A peak); T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C.	
I <sub>F(AV)</sub>	0.3	mA	Max. rated I <sub>F(AV)</sub> , V <sub>RRM</sub> and T <sub>L</sub> = 100°C. (L = 9.5 mm (0.375 in.))	

① I<sup>2</sup>t for time t<sub>x</sub> = I<sup>2</sup> $\sqrt{t} \cdot \sqrt{t_x}$ .

### THERMAL-MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

T <sub>J</sub>	Max. operating junction temperature range	-65 to 175	°C	
T <sub>stg</sub>	Max. storage temperature range	-65 to 175	°C	
R <sub>thJC</sub>	Max. internal thermal resistance, junction-to-lead	16.5	deg. C/W	DC operation, double-side cooled, measured 9.5 mm (0.375 in.) from body.
wt	Approximate weight	0.65 (0.023)	g (oz.)	

## 3 AMP MEDIUM POWER SILICON RECTIFIER DIODES



Cathode Indicated by Color Band.  
All Dimensions in Inches (Millimeters).

### MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Molded plastic use Flame Retardant Epoxy.

TERMINALS: Axial leads, solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208.

POLARITY: Color band denotes cathode.

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 30S Series

## RATING AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

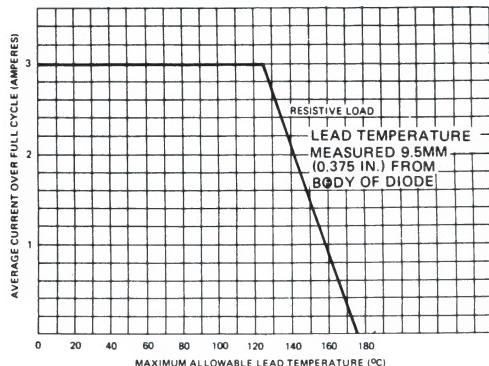


Fig. 1 – Average Forward Current Vs. Lead Temperature at Heat Sinks,  $l = 9.5$  mm (3/8 Inch) (Single Phase Operation)

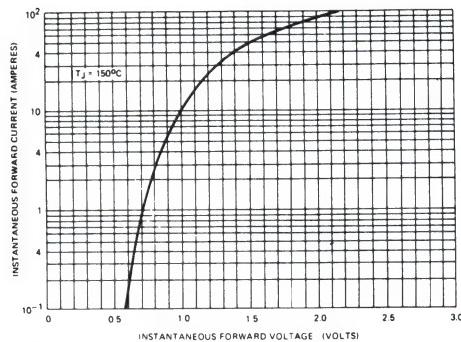


Fig. 2 – Maximum Forward Voltage Vs. Forward Current

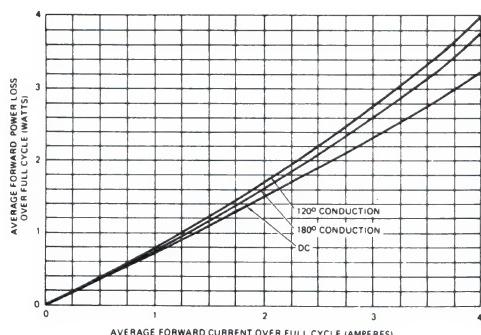


Fig. 3 – Maximum Forward Power Loss Vs. Forward Current (Sinusoidal Current Waveform)

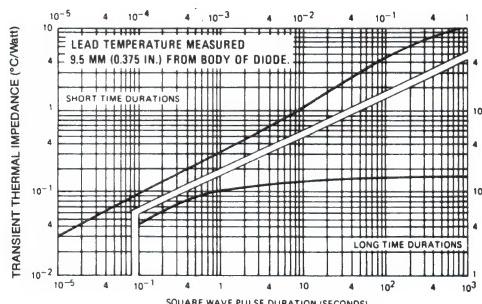


Fig. 4 – Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Lead, Vs. Pulse Duration

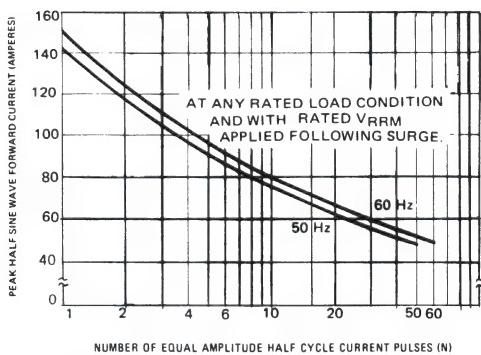


Fig. 5 – Maximum Non-Repetitive Surge Current Vs. Number of Current Pulses

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**40SL  
SERIES**

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

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**DESCRIPTION/FEATURES**

- ECONOMICAL 6 AMPS AVERAGE MOLDED DEVICE OFFERS CAPABILITY OF STUD-MOUNTED RECTIFIERS
- 400 AMPS SURGE PROVIDES HIGH IN-RUSH CURRENT CAPABILITY
- WIDE VOLTAGE RANGE AVAILABLE: 50 TO 1000 VOLTS  $V_{RRM}$

**VOLTAGE RATINGS**

Part Number	$V_{RRM}$ (V)	
	Max. Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	Max. Direct Reverse Voltage
	$T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $200^\circ\text{C}$	
40SL05	50	50
40SL1	100	100
40SL2	200	200
40SL4	400	400
40SL5	500	500
40SL6	600	600
40SL8	800	800
40SL10	1000	1000

**ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

	40SL	Units	Conditions
$I_F$ (AV)	Max. average forward current	A	1-phase operation, 180° conduction. $T_L = 95^\circ\text{C}$ , $\ell = 9.5$ mm (0.375 in.)
$I_{FSM}$	Max. peak one-cycle non-repetitive surge current	A	Half cycle 50Hz sine wave or 6ms rectangular pulse
	143		Following any rated load condition and with $V_{RRM}$ applied.
	150		Half cycle 60Hz sine wave or 5ms rectangular pulse
	170		Following any rated load condition and with $V_{RRM}$ applied following surge = 0.
$I^2t$	Max. $I^2t$ for fusing	$A^2\text{s}$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ With rated $V_{RRM}$ applied following surge, initial $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ .
	103		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$
	94		$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ With $V_{RRM} = 0$ following surge, initial $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ .
	145		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$
$I^2\sqrt{t}$	Max. $I^2\sqrt{t}$ for individual device fusing (Note 1.)	$A^2\sqrt{\text{s}}$	$t = 0.1 \text{ to } 10 \text{ ms}$ , $V_{RRM} = 0$ following surge.
	132		
$V_{FM}$	Max. peak forward voltage	V	$I_{(F)AV} = 4 \text{ A}$ (12.6A peak), $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
$I_R$ (AV)	Max. average reverse current	mA	$T_L = 62^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{RRM}$ = rated $V_{RRM}$ . $I_{(F)AV}$ = rated $I_{(F)AV}$ , 1 phase operation.
	5	mA	$T_L = 100^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_R$ = Rated $V_R$ .
$I_R$	Max. dc reverse current	μA	$T_L = 25^\circ\text{C}$
	3	μA	$T_L = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_F = 1 \text{ A}$ , $V_R = 30 \text{ V}$
$t_{rr}$	Max. reverse recovery time	ns	$dI/dt = 25 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
	Typ. reverse recovery time		
$I_{RM}$ (REC)	Max. peak reverse recovery current	A	$T_L = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_M = 12.5 \text{ A}$ $t_p \approx 1.6 \mu\text{s}$ , $dI/dt = 25 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$

**THERMAL MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

$T_L$	Max. operating junction temperature range	-40°C to 150	°C
$T_{sig}$	Max. storage temperature range	-40°C to 175	°C
$R_{iHIC}$	Max. internal thermal resistance, junction-to-leads	--	deg C/W (Note 2.)
$\ell$	Length of leads ( $\ell$ ) (1/8") 3.2 mm	11.0	deg C/W ±10%
	Length of leads ( $\ell$ ) (3/8") 9.5 mm	14.7	
	Length of leads ( $\ell$ ) (3/4") 19 mm	20.0	
wt	Approximate weight	1.5 (0.053)	g (oz)

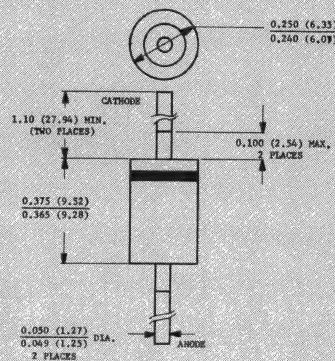
Note 1.  $I^2t$  for time  $t_x = I^2\sqrt{t} \cdot \sqrt{t_x}$

Note 2. DC operation, double side cooled, measured 9.5 mm (0.375 in.) from body.

**MAJOR RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS**

	40 SL	
$I_{(F)AV}$	4	A
at Max. $T_L$	62	°C
$I_{FSM}$ at 50Hz	143	A
$I_{FSM}$ at 60Hz	150	A
$I^2t$ at 50Hz	103	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$
$I^2t$ at 60Hz	94	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$
$T_J$	-40 to 150	°C
$V_{RRM}$ Range	50 - 1000	V
$t_{rr}$	200	ns

**4 AMP  
AXIAL-LEAD  
FAST RECOVERY  
RECTIFIER DIODES**



All Dimensions in Inches and (Millimeters)

**MECHANICAL  
CHARACTERISTICS**

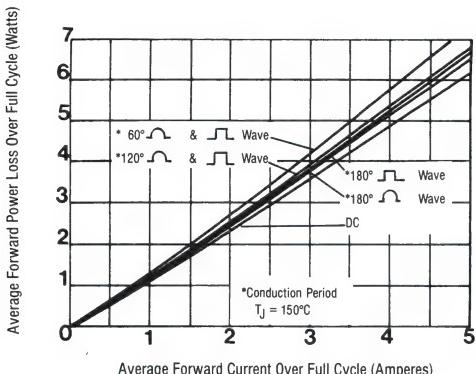
CASE: Molded plastic use Flame Retardant Epoxy.

TERMINALS: Axial leads, solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208.

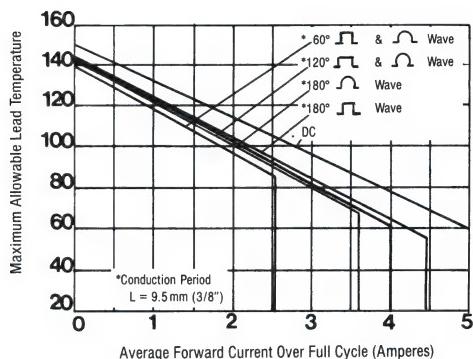
POLARITY: Color band denotes cathode.

Mounting Position: Any.

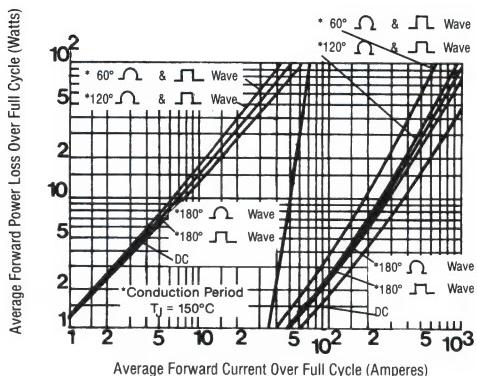
# 40SL Series



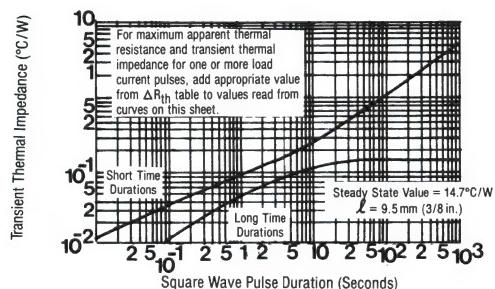
**FIGURE 1**  
MAXIMUM LOW-LEVEL AVERAGE FORWARD POWER LOSS VS. AVERAGE FORWARD CURRENT



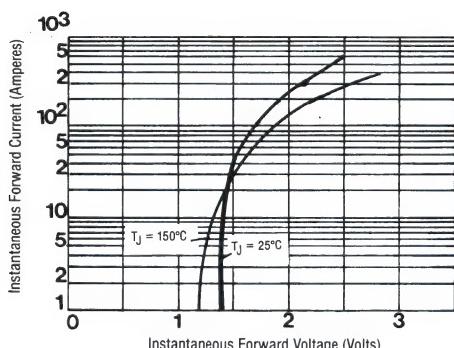
**FIGURE 2**  
AVERAGE FORWARD CURRENT VS. LEAD TEMPERATURE



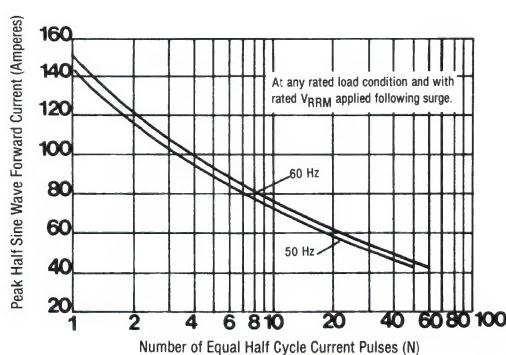
**FIGURE 3**  
MAXIMUM HIGH-LEVEL FORWARD POWER LOSS VS. AVERAGE FORWARD CURRENT



**FIGURE 4**  
MAXIMUM TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE JUNCTION TO LEAD VS. PULSE DURATION



**FIGURE 5**  
MAXIMUM FORWARD VOLTAGE VS. FORWARD CURRENT



**FIGURE 6**  
MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE SURGE CURRENT VS. NUMBER OF CURRENT PULSES

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SCOTTSDALE, AZ  
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## DESCRIPTION/FEATURES

- ECONOMICAL 6 AMPS AVERAGE MOLDED DEVICE OFFERS CAPABILITY OF STUD-MOUNTED RECTIFIERS
- 400 AMPS SURGE PROVIDES HIGH IN-RUSH CURRENT CAPABILITY
- WIDE VOLTAGE RANGE AVAILABLE: 50 TO 1000 VOLTS  $V_{RRM}$

## Major Ratings and Characteristics

	60S	
$I_F(AV)$	6	A
@ Max. $T_L$	95	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
$I_{FSM}$		
@ 50 Hz	382	A
@ 60 Hz	400	
$I_{2t}$		
@ 50 Hz	712	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$
@ 60 Hz	650	
$T_J$	-40 to 175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
$V_{RRM}$ Range	50-1000	V

## VOLTAGE RATINGS

Part Number	$V_{RRM}$ Max. Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage (V)	$V_R$ – Max. Direct Reverse Voltage (V)
	$T_J = 40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $200^{\circ}\text{C}$	$T_J = 40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $200^{\circ}\text{C}$
60S05	50	50
60S1	100	100
60S2	200	200
60S4	400	400
60S5	500	500
60S6	600	600
60S8	800	800
60S10	1000	1000

## ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

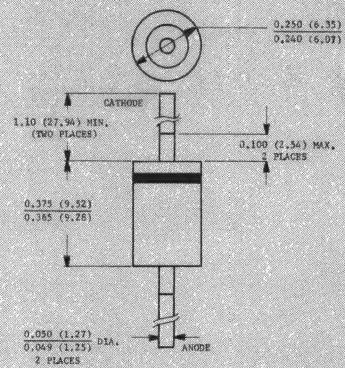
	60S	Units	Conditions
$I_F(AV)$ Max. average forward current	6	A	1-phase operation, 180° conduction. $T_L = 95^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $\ell = 9.5 \text{ mm (0.375 in.)}$
$I_{FSM}$ Max. peak one-cycle non-repetitive surge current	382	A	Half cycle 50 Hz sine wave or 6 ms rectangular pulse
	400		Following any rated load condition and with rated $V_{RRM}$ applied.
	454		Half cycle 60 Hz sine wave or 6 ms rectangular pulse
	475		Following any rated load condition and with $V_{RRM}$ applied following surge = 0.
$I_{2t}$ Max. $I_{2t}$ for fusing	712	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$	Half cycle 50 Hz sine wave or 6 ms rectangular pulse
	650		With rated $V_{RRM}$ applied following surge, initial $T_J = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$
	1006		t = 8.3 ms
$I_{2t}$ Max. $I_{2t}$ for individual device fusing	919		t = 10 ms With $V_{RRM} = 0$ following surge, initial $T_J = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$
	10330		t = 8.3 ms
$I_{2\sqrt{t}}$ Max. $I_{2\sqrt{t}}$ for individual device fusing (1)	10330	$\text{A}^2\sqrt{\text{s}}$	t = 0.1 to 10 ms, $V_{RRM} = 0$ following surge.
$V_{FM}$ Max. peak forward voltage	1.00	V	$I_F(AV) = 6\text{A (18.8A peak)}$ , $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$
$I_R(AV)$ Max. average reverse current	50 - 100V	mA	Max. rated $I_F(AV)$ and $V_{RRM}$ , $T_C = 95^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
	200V		length of leads to the temperature measurement points (heat sinks) = 9.5 mm (0.375 in.)
	400-500V		
	600-1000V		

## THERMAL-MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

$T_J$	Max. operating junction temperature range	-40 to 175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
$T_{stg}$	Max. storage temperature range	-40 to 175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
$R_{thJC}$	Max. internal thermal resistance, junction-to-lead	—	DC operation, double side cooled, measured 9.5 mm (0.375 in.) from body.
$\ell$	Length of leads (1) (1/8") 3.2 mm	11.0	deg C/W
	Length of leads (1) (3/8") 9.5 mm	14.7	
$w$	Length of leads (2) (3/4") 19 mm	20.0	$\pm 10\%$
$wt$	Approximate weight	1.5 (0.053)	g (oz)

Note (1):  $I^2t$  for time  $t_x = I^2\sqrt{t} \cdot \sqrt{t_x}$

## 6 AMP AXIAL-LEAD SILICON RECTIFIER DIODES



All Dimensions in Inches and (Millimeters)

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Molded plastic use Flame Retardant Epoxy.

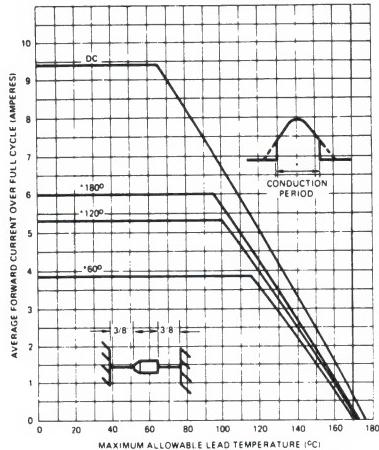
TERMINALS: Axial leads, solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208.

POLARITY: Color band denotes cathode.

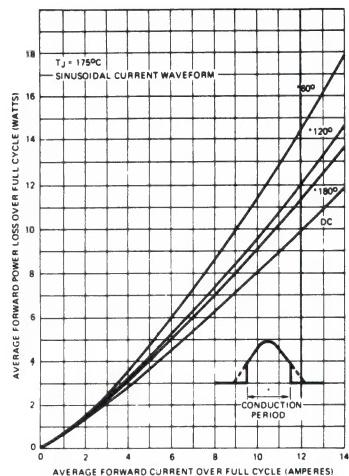
MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 60S Series

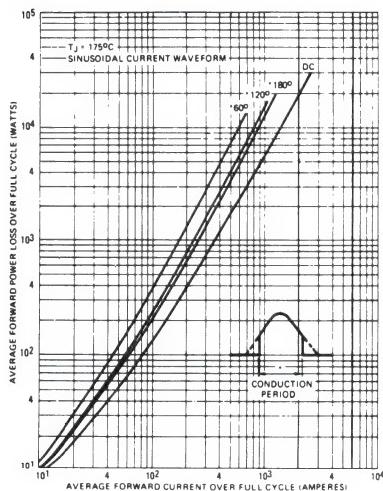
## RATING AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES



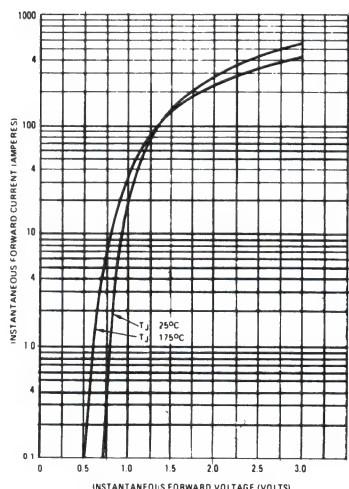
**Fig. 1 – Average Forward Current Vs.  
Lead Temperature at Heat Sinks  
( $l = 3/8$  inch)**



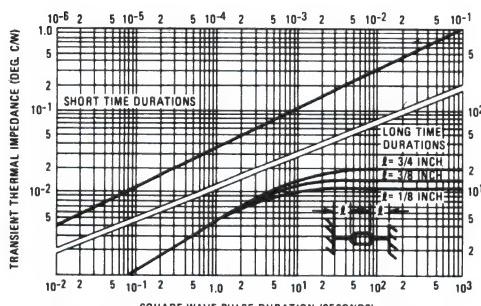
**Fig. 2 – Maximum Average Forward  
Power Loss Vs. Low-Level Average  
Forward Current**



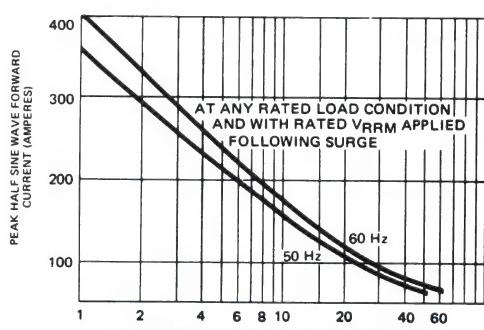
**Fig. 3 – Maximum Average Forward Power  
Loss Vs. High-Level Forward Current**



**Fig. 4 – Maximum Instantaneous Forward  
Voltage Vs. Instantaneous Forward Current**



**Fig. 5 – Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance,  
Vs. Square Wave Pulse Duration**



**Fig. 6 – Maximum Non-Repetitive Surge Current  
Vs. Number of Current Pulses**

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# **MB200 thru MB206 MB207 thru MB213**

## **FEATURES**

- Microminiature package.
- Voidless hermetically sealed glass package.
- Triple layer passivation.
- Metallurgically bonded.
- Ultra fast recovery.
- PIV to 215 volts.
- Meet or exceed requirements of MIL-S-19500.

## **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Operating Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$ .Storage Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+200^{\circ}\text{C}$ .\*Power Dissipation: 2 Watts @  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

\*This rating applies when diodes are mounted on turret terminals (.060" diameter x .375" minimum height) on .5" centers in free air. With fan cooling of at least 250 linear feet per minute air velocity this rating is 3.0 watts at  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

TYPE	PEAK INVERSE VOLTAGE (MIN.) PIV	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE (MIN.) $V_B$ @ 100 $\mu\text{A}$	AVERAGE RECTIFIED CURRENT $I_0$	FORWARD VOLTAGE DROP (MAX.) $V_F$	REVERSE CURRENT (MAX.) $I_R$ @ PIV	SURGE CURRENT (MAX.) (NOTE 1) $I_F(\text{surge})$	JUNCTION CAPACITANCE (MAX.) $C @ V$	REVERSE RECOVERY TIME (MAX.) (NOTE 2)
	VOLTS	VOLTS	AMPS	VOLTS	$\mu\text{A}$	AMPS	pF	n sec
			$T_A 55^{\circ}\text{C}$		25°C 100°C		0V -10V	
MB200	40	55	2.0	1.0V	.5	100	25	20
MB201	65	85	2.0	@	.5	100	25	20
MB202	90	110	2.0	1.667 Adc	.5	100	25	20
MB204	135	165	2.0	(250 msec pulse)	.5	100	25	20
MB206	185	215	2.0		1.5	200	25	20
MB207	40	55	2.0	1.0V	1.0	200	25	15
MB208	65	85	2.0	@	1.0	200	25	15
MB209	90	110	2.0	1.25 Adc	1.0	200	25	15
MB211	135	165	2.0	(250 msec pulse)	1.0	200	25	15
MB213	185	215	2.0		3.0	400	25	15

NOTE 1: Single cycle 8.3 msec surge

NOTE 2:  $I_F = 1\text{A}$ ,  $I_R = 1.0\text{A}$ , recover to .5A

## **RECTIFIERS**

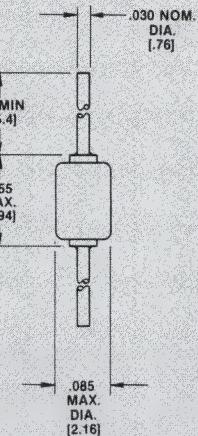


FIGURE 1

## **MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

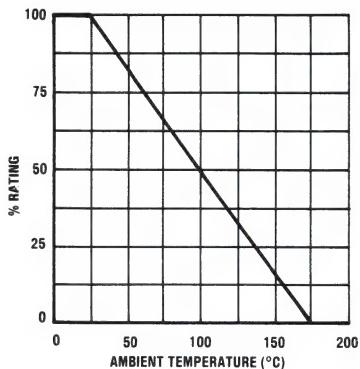
CASE: Hermetically sealed hard glass.

LEAD MATERIAL: Tinned copper.

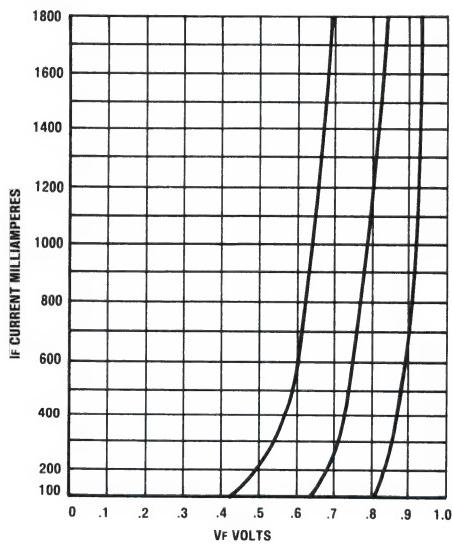
MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.

**MB200 thru MB206  
MB207 thru MB213**



**FIGURE 2  
TEMPERATURE  
DERATING CURVE**



**FIGURE 3  
FORWARD CONDUCTANCE CURVE\*\***

\*\*Special band spread requirements can be supplied upon request.

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**FEATURES**

- Microminiature package.
- Standard recovery.
- Hermetically sealed glass package.
- Stable surface films integrally bonded to the device crystal.
- Meet or exceed requirements of MIL-S-19500.

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**Operating Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$ .Storage Temperature:  $175^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

Power Dissipation: 300 mW @  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  Au plated silver leads.  
250 mW @  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  Au plated kovar leads

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

TYPE	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE (MIN.) @ $100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_B$	FORWARD CURRENT (MIN.) @ $1.0 \text{ V}$ $I_F$	REVERSE CURRENT (MAX.) $I_R @ V_R$		TEST VOLTAGE $V_R$	AVERAGE RECTIFIED CURRENT $I_o$
			VOLOTS	mA	$\mu\text{A}$	
			25°C	150°C		
MC456A	30	100	0.025	5.0	-25V	150
MC457A	70	100	0.025	5.0	-60V	150
MC458A	150	100	0.025	5.0	-125V	150
MC459A	200	100	0.025	5.0	-175V	150
MC461A	30	100	0.5	30.0	-25V	150
MC462A	70	100	0.5	30.0	-60V	150
MC463A	200	100	0.5	30.0	-175V	150
MC464A	150	100	0.5	30.0	-125V	150
MC482B	40	100	0.025	5.0	-30V	150
MC483B	80	100	0.025	5.0	-60V	150
MC484B	150	100	0.025	5.0	-125V	150
MC485B	200	100	0.025	5.0	-175V	150
MC486B	250	100	0.025	5.0	-225V	150

**NOTES:**

- Power Dissipation: 300 mw @  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- Operating Temperature Range: @  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- Storage Temperature:  $200^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

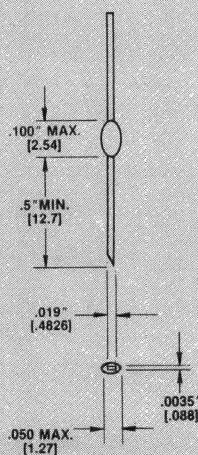
**MICRO-DIODES**

FIGURE 1

**MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Ultra stable epoxy encapsulation.

LEAD MATERIAL: Gold plated kovar or gold plated silver.

MARKING: EIA color code bands.

POLARITY: Color bands on cathode leads.

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**MC5600 -  
MC5607****FEATURES**

- METALLURGICALLY BONDED, HERMETICALLY SEALED
- MONOLITHIC VOIDLESS CONSTRUCTION
- LOWEST REVERSE LEAKAGE
- SMALL PACKAGE SIZE
- LOWEST THERMAL RESISTANCE
- MAXIMUM BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE PER DIE
- ABSOLUTE HIGH VOLTAGE / HIGH TEMPERATURE STABILITY

**OPERATING TEMPERATURE**MC5600-MC5603: -65°C to +150°C  
(derate  $I_0$ : 4 mA/°C above 25°C)MC5604-MC5607: -65°C to +125°C  
(derate  $I_0$ : 2.5 mA/°C above 25°C)Storage Temperature (MC5600-MC5607):  
-65°C to +175°C**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

TYPE	PEAK INVERSE VOLTAGE (MIN.) PIV	AVERAGE RECTIFIED CURRENT $I_0$		FORWARD VOLTAGE (MAX.) $V_F$ @ 100mA	REVERSE CURRENT (MAX.) $I_R$ @ PIV	REVERSE CURRENT (MAX.) $I_R$ @ PIV	SURGE CURRENT (MAX.)
		VOLTS	mA				
		25°C	100°C			100°C	
MC 5600	1500	500	200	2.0	1.0	20	10
MC 5601	2000	500	200	3.0	1.0	20	8
MC 5602	2500	500	200	4.0	1.0	20	6
MC 5603	3000	500	200	5.0	1.0	20	5
MC 5604	4000	250	60	6.0	1.0	20	4
MC 5605	5000	250	60	7.0	1.0	20	3.0
MC 5606	7500	250	60	9.0	1.0	20	2.7
MC 5607	10,000	250	60	10.0	1.0	20	2.5

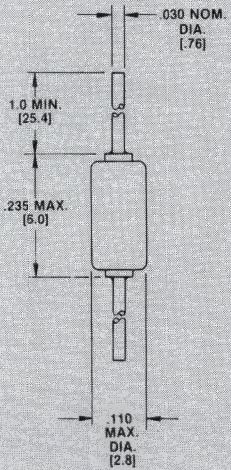
**MICRO SIZE  
HIGH VOLTAGE  
SILICON RECTIFIERS**

FIGURE 1

**MECHANICAL  
CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass package.

LEAD MATERIAL: Tinned copper.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.

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For more information call:  
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# MC5610 thru MC5619

## FEATURES

- Monolithic voidless construction.
- Triple layer passivation.
- Lowest reverse leakage.
- Smallest package available.
- Lowest thermal resistance.
- Maximum breakdown voltage per die.
- Absolute high voltage/high temperature stability.

## DESCRIPTION

The MC5610 through MC5619 series of high power silicon rectifiers feature the smallest packages available. Metallurgically bonded and hermetically sealed, they exceed all requirements of aerospace and military specifications, including MIL-S-19500. Typical applications include transmitters, power supplies, radar equipment and X-ray machines.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TYPE NO.	PEAK INVERSE VOLTAGE	RMS VOLTAGE	DC BLOCKING VOLTAGE	NOTE 2: AVERAGE RECTIFIED CURRENT @ $T_L =$		Max. Static FORWARD VOLTAGE @ 100mA	Max. Static REVERSE CURRENT @ PIV	Max. Static REVERSE CURRENT @ PIV	ONE CYCLE SURGE	$t_{RR}$ $\mu$ SEC
				55°C	100°C					
MC 5610	1500	1050	1500	790	415	3.0	1.0	25	8	300
MC 5611	2000	1400	2000	630	330	4.0	1.0	25	6	300
MC 5612	2500	1750	2500	530	280	5.0	1.0	25	5	300
MC 5613	1500	1050	1500	975	515	3.0	1.0	20	8	300
MC 5614	2000	1400	2000	790	415	4.0	1.0	20	6	300
MC 5615	2500	1750	2500	665	350	5.0	1.0	20	5	300
MC 5616	3000	2100	3000	570	300	6.0	1.0	20	4	300
MC 5617	4000	2800	4000	330	120	8.0	2.5	50	3	300
MC 5618	4500	3150	4500	300	110	9.0	2.5	50	2.7	300
MC 5619	5000	3500	5000	275	100	10.0	2.5	50	2.5	300

NOTE 1:  $I_F = 50$  mA,  $I_R = 100$  mA,  $I_{RR} = 25$  mA

NOTE 2: Heat sink  $\frac{3}{8}$ " from body

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Tinned copper leads..... Refer to Figure 1

Positive terminal (cathode) marked with band.

Operating temperature range:

MC5610-MC5612..... -55°C to 150°C

MC5613-MC5616..... -65°C to 150°C

MC5617-MC5619..... -65°C to 125°C

Storage temperature range (MC5610-MC5619)..... -65°C to 175°C

## FAST RECOVERY HIGH POWER MICRO HIGH VOLTAGE RECTIFIERS

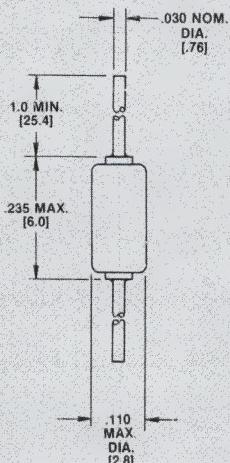


FIGURE 1

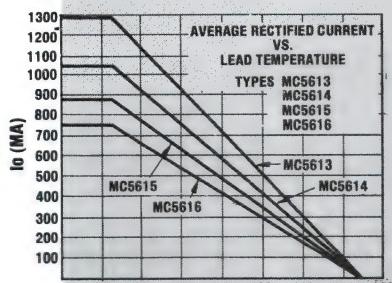


FIGURE 2  
 LEAD TEMPERATURE (°C)  
 (L =  $\frac{3}{8}$  INCH)



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# **MR1001 thru MR1007**

## **FEATURES**

- Low cost.
- High current capability.
- Low leakage.
- Low forward voltage.
- High surge capability.
- JEDEC DO-41 molded plastic case.

## **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Operating Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$ .  
Storage Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

TYPE	PEAK REVERSE VOLTAGE	MAX. RMS VOLTAGE	MAX. DC BLOCKING VOLTAGE	MAX. AVERAGE FORWARD RECTIFIED CURRENT	PEAK FORWARD SURGE CURRENT $I_F$ (SURGE)	MAX. FORWARD VOLTAGE @ 1A DC	MAX. DC REVERSE CURRENT @ RATED DC BLOCKING VOLTAGE	TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE @ $V_R = 4\text{V}$	MAX. REVERSE RECOVERY TIME $t_{rr}$
	V	V	V	A	A	V	$\mu\text{A}$	pF	ns
MR1001	50	35	50	1.0	30	1.2	5.0	15	200
MR1002	100	70	100	1.0	30	1.2	5.0	15	200
MR1003	200	140	200	1.0	30	1.2	5.0	15	200
MR1004	400	280	400	1.0	30	1.2	5.0	15	200
MR1005	600	420	600	1.0	30	1.2	5.0	15	250
MR1006	800	560	800	1.0	30	1.2	5.0	15	500
MR1007	1000	700	1000	1.0	30	1.2	5.0	15	500

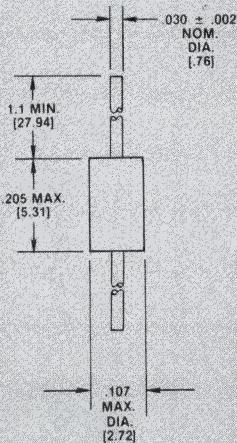
**NOTE 1:** Ratings at  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.

**NOTE 2:** Special fast recovery rectifiers also available.

**NOTE 3:** Reverse recovery test conditions:

$$I_F = 0.5\text{A}, I_{RM(REQ)} = 1.0\text{A}, \text{ and } I_{R(REQ)} = 0.25\text{A}$$

## **1A FAST RECOVERY RECTIFIERS**



**FIGURE 1**

All dimensions in  $\frac{\text{inch}}{\text{m.m.}}$

## **MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Molded plastic.

LEAD MATERIAL: Copper, plated tin.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.

## MR1001 thru MR1007

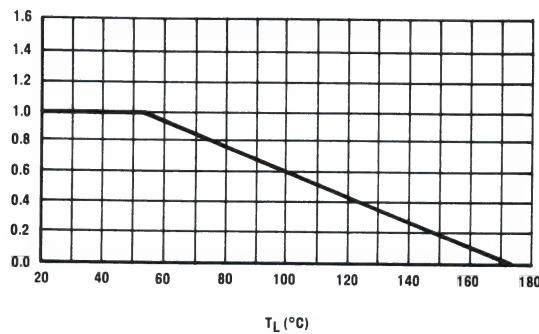


FIGURE 2  
FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

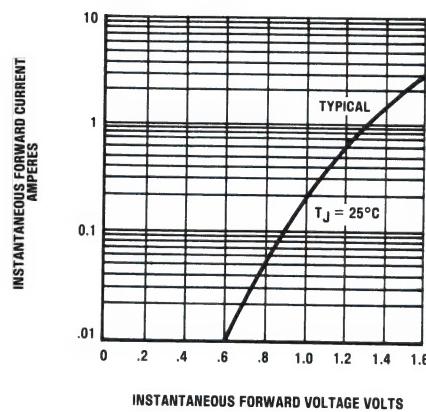


FIGURE 3  
TYPICAL FORWARD VOLTAGE DROP VS.  
OUTPUT CURRENT (INSTANTANEOUS).

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*The diode experts*

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SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
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**MR3001  
 thru  
 MR3007**

**FEATURES**

- Low cost.
- High current capability.
- Low leakage.
- Low forward voltage.
- High surge capability.
- JEDEC DO-27 molded plastic case.

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Operating Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$ .  
 Storage Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

TYPE	PEAK REVERSE VOLTAGE	MAX. RMS VOLTAGE	MAX. DC BLOCKING VOLTAGE	MAX. AVERAGE FORWARD RECTIFIED CURRENT	PEAK FORWARD SURGE CURRENT $I_F$ (SURGE)	MAX. FORWARD VOLTAGE @ 1A DC	MAX. DC REVERSE CURRENT @ RATED DC BLOCKING VOLTAGE	TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE @ $V_R = 4\text{V}$	MAX. REVERSE RECOVERY TIME $t_{rr}$
	V	V	V	A	A	V	$\mu\text{A}$	pF	ns
MR3001	50	35	50	3.0	200	1.2	10	60	200
MR3002	100	70	100	3.0	200	1.2	10	60	200
MR3003	200	140	200	3.0	200	1.2	10	60	200
MR3004	400	280	400	3.0	200	1.2	10	60	200
MR3005	600	420	600	3.0	200	1.2	10	60	250
MR3006	800	560	800	3.0	200	1.2	10	60	500
MR3007	1000	700	1000	3.0	200	1.2	10	60	500

**NOTE 1:** Ratings at  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.

Single phase, half wave, 60Hz resistive or inductive load.

For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

**NOTE 2:** Special fast recovery rectifiers also available.

**NOTE 3:** Reverse recovery test conditions:

$I_F = 0.5\text{A}$ ,  $I_{RM\ (REC)} = 1.0\text{A}$ , and  $I_{R\ (REC)} = 0.25\text{A}$

**3A FAST RECOVERY  
 RECTIFIERS**

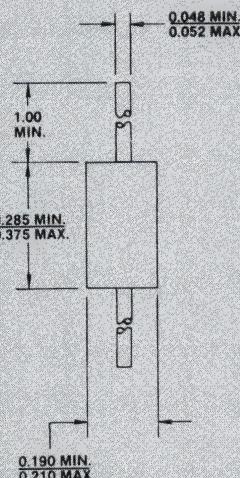


FIGURE 1

ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES.

**MECHANICAL  
 CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Molded plastic.

LEAD MATERIAL: Copper, plated tin.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.

## MR3001 thru MR3007

AVERAGE FORWARD CURRENT  
AMPERES

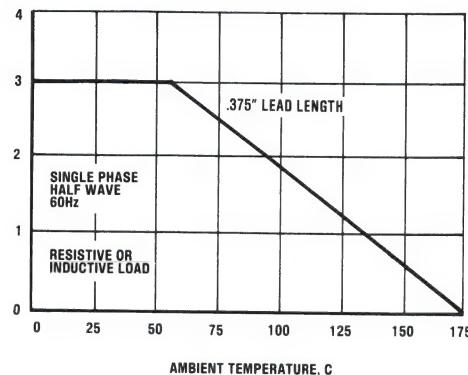


FIGURE 2  
FORWARD DERATING CURVE

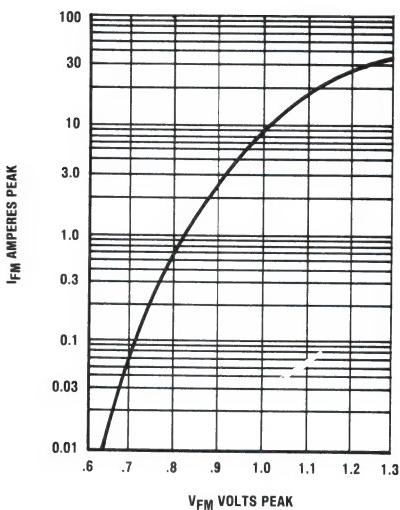


FIGURE 3  
TYPICAL INSTANTANEOUS  
FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

CAPACITANCE - pF

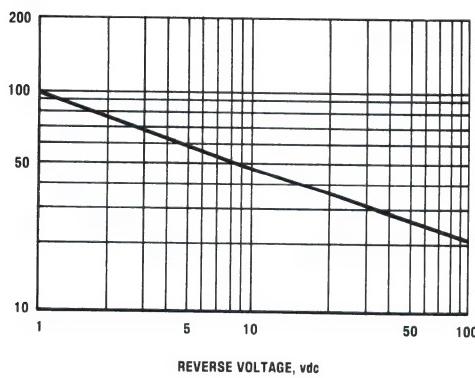


FIGURE 4  
TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE  
vs REVERSE VOLTAGE

PEAK FORWARD SURGE  
CURRENT

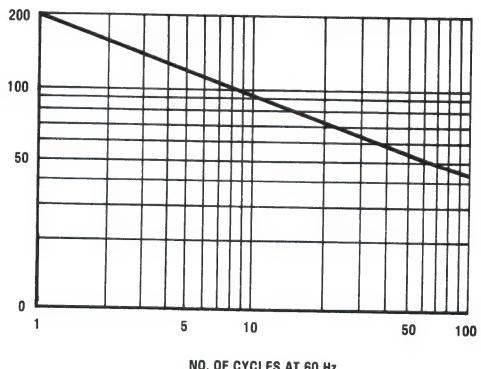


FIGURE 5  
MAXIMUM NON REPETITIVE SURGE CURRENT

MICRO

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SANTA ANA, CA

**MSB05  
MSB1, MSB2,  
MSB4, MSB6,  
MSB8, MSB10**

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300**FEATURES**

- DUAL IN-LINE SUBMINIATURE PACKAGE (DIP)
- MACHINE INSERTABLE
- MOLDED EPOXY PACKAGE
- LOW COST
- UTILIZES HIGH QUALITY GLASS PASSIVATED DICE FOR IMPROVED RELIABILITY
- HIGH SURGE CAPABILITY — 50 A (SINGLE CYCLE)
- BREAKDOWN VOLTAGES TO 1000 V

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Operating Temperature: -55°C to +125°C

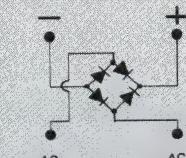
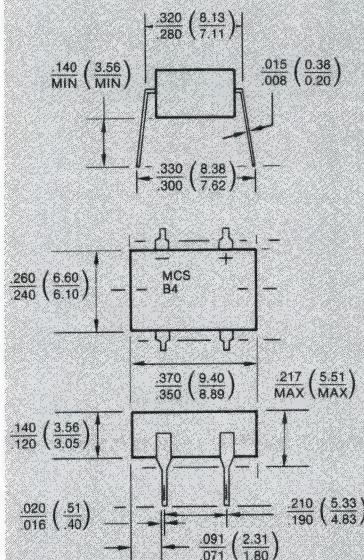
Storage Temperature: -55°C to +150°C

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

TYPE	WKG. PK. REV. VOLTS & REV. $V_{RWM}$ & $V_R$	Max. RMS INPUT VOLTAGE Vrms	Max. TRANSIENT RATED PK. VOLTAGE TRV	AVG. OUTPUT CURRENT RES./IND. LOAD Out./AV @ TA = 40°C	MAX. SINGLE CYCLE SURGE CURRENT $I_{surge}$	MAX. PK. FORWARD VOLTAGE $V_{FM}$ & $I_{FM}$ = 1.0A PK.	MAX. D.C. REV. CURRENT $I_R$ @ RATED $V_R$ μAmps	
	VOLTS							
MSB05	50	35	100	1.0	50	1.1	3.0	500
MSB1	100	70	150	1.0	50	1.1	3.0	500
MSB2	200	140	300	1.0	50	1.1	3.0	500
MSB4	400	280	500	1.0	50	1.1	3.0	500
MSB6	600	420	700	1.0	50	1.1	3.0	500
MSB8	800	560	900	1.0	50	1.1	3.0	500
MSB10	1000	700	1100	1.0	50	1.1	3.0	500

NOTE: 1: Per rectifier element

2. At a power line frequency of 50/60 hertz

**DIP BRIDGE  
RECTIFIERS****FIGURE 1**

All Dimensions in INCHES and (m.m.)

**MECHANICAL  
CHARACTERISTICS**

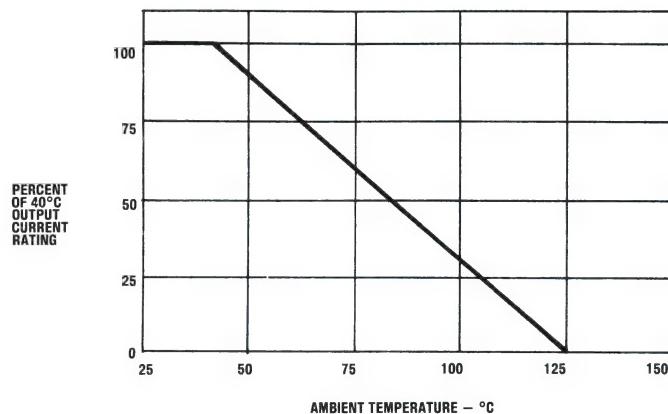
CASE: Molded epoxy.

LEAD MATERIAL: Copper plated tin, solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208.

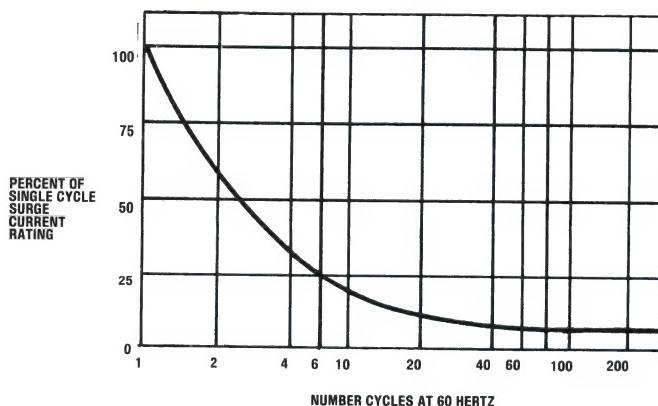
MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Reference mark.

## **MSB05, MSB1, MSB2, MSB4, MSB6, MSB8, MSB10**



**FIGURE 2**  
OUTPUT CURRENT DERATING SCHEDULE



**FIGURE 3**  
FORWARD SURGE CURRENT SCHEDULE  
(PER ELEMENT; -55°C to +150°C)

**micro**

**Microsemi Corp.**

*The diode experts*

SANTA ANA, CA

For more information call:  
(714) 979-8220

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

**MT5100-MT5103  
MT5139, MT5140,  
MT2060, MT2060A  
MT2061, MT2061A**

## FEATURES

- Exhibits leakage currents approaching the theoretical bulk characteristics of silicon.
- Oxide and glass junctions passivated for long-term stable device performance.
- Voidless hermetically sealed glass package.
- Exceeds MIL-S-19500 requirements.

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Storage Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+200^{\circ}\text{C}$ .  
Operating Temperature:  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+200^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TYPE NUMBER	MIN. BV @ 100 $\mu\text{A}$ VOLTS	V <sub>r</sub> VOLTS	MAX. I <sub>r</sub> @ V <sub>r</sub> PICO AMPS	MAX. I <sub>r</sub> @ V <sub>r</sub> NANO AMPS	MAX. I <sub>r</sub> @ V <sub>r</sub> MICRO AMPS	I <sub>f</sub> @ 1.2V MA	MAX. Cap. @ 0V PF	MAX. Cap. @ 10V PF	Pkg.
MT 5100	75	20	10	50	1	100	6	3	B
MT 5101	75	20	20	100	2	100	6	3	B
MT 5102	75	20	10	50	1	80	6	3	B
MT 5103	75	20	20	100	2	80	6	3	B
MT 5139	60	50	50	75	1	100	6	3	B
MT 5140	110	100	125	125	2	100	6	3	B
MT 2060	600	500	2000	6000	40	400	10	5	B
MT 2060A	600	500	2000	6000	40	400	16	8	A
MT 2061	600	500	1000	3000	20	400	10	5	B
MT 2061A	600	500	1000	3000	20	400	16	8	A

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

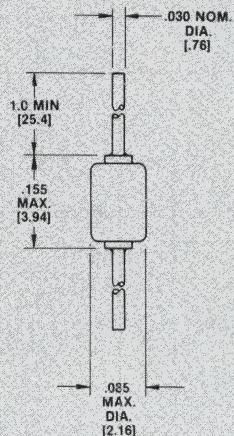
Case: Hermetically sealed glass case.

Lead Material: Tinned copper. (A package) (Copper Clad Steel — B package)

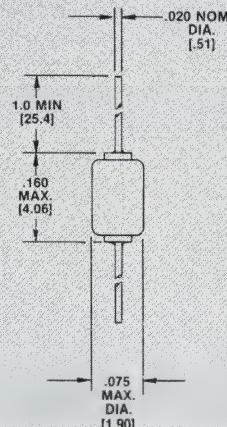
Marking: Body painted, alpha numeric.

Polarity: Cathode band.

## PICO AMP LOW LEAKAGE DIODES

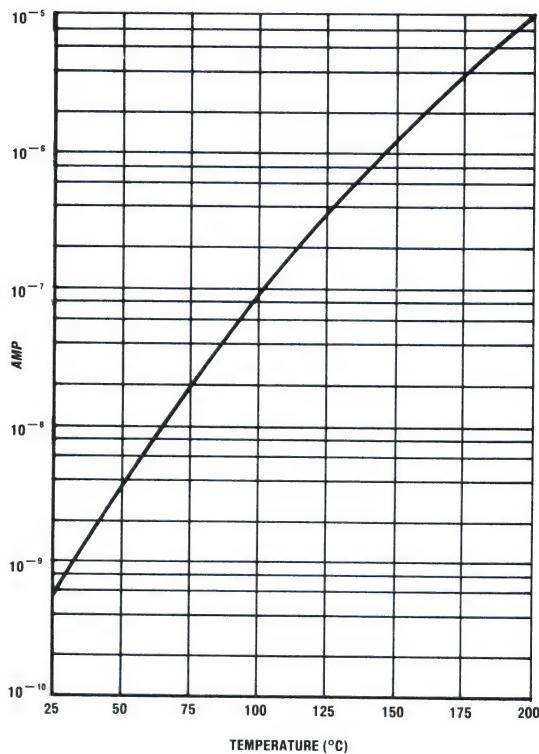


PACKAGE "A"

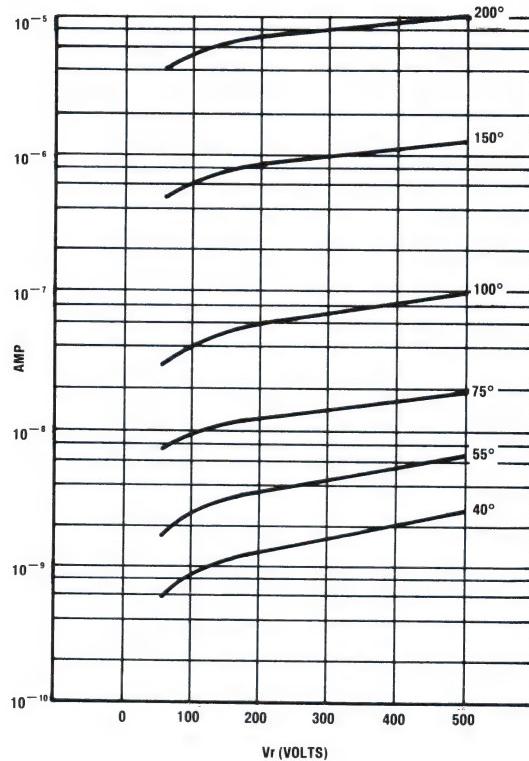


PACKAGE "B"

**MT5100 - MT5103  
MT5139, MT5140,  
MT2060, MT2060A  
MT2061, MT2061A**



**FIGURE 2**  
**MAXIMUM  $I_r$  LIMIT @ 500V CURVE**  
**(MT2060, MT2060A, MT2061, MT2061A)**



**FIGURE 3**  
**MAXIMUM  $I_r$  CURVES**  
**(as applicable to maximum  $V_r$ )**

# GUIDE TO SELECTING A TRANSIENT ABSORPTION ZENER BY POWER RATING

PART NUMBER SERIES	LOW TO 600W RATED STAND OFF VOLTAGE		MEDIUM TO 1500W RATED STAND OFF VOLTAGE		HIGH TO 15000 W+ RATED STAND OFF VOLTAGE	
	MIN.	MAX.**	MIN.	MAX.**	MIN.	MAX.**
TS-7	5.0 230W					
P5KE5.0 thru P5KE170	5.0	170	500W			
SOV5.0 thru SOV28	5.0	28	500W			
GMP-5	5.0 500W					
DLTS-5 thru DLTS-30	5.0	30	500W			
1N6102 thru 1N6137	5.2	152	500W			
1N6102 thru 1N6102A	5.2	152	500W			
1N6461 thru 1N6468	5.0	51.6	500W			
P6KE6.8 thru P6KE200A	5.0 600W	200				
P7KE10 thru P7KE100			10	700W	100	
1.0KE5 thru 1.0KE170A			5.0	1000W	170	
1.2KE5 thru 1.2KE170A			5.0	1200W	170	
1.5KE6.8 thru 1.5KE200A			5.5	1500W	171	
1N5555 thru 1N5558*			30.5	1500W	175	
1N5629 thru 1N5665*			5.5	1500W	171	
1N5907 and 1N5908*				5.0		
1N6036 thru 1N6072A*			5.5	1500W	185	
1N6138 thru 1N6137*			5.2	1500W	152	
1N6138A thru 1N6173A			5.2	1500W	152	
1N6267 thru 1N6030A			5.5	1500W	171	
1N6356 thru 1N6372			5.0	1500W	45	
1N6373 thru 1N6389			5.0	1500W	45	
1N6469 thru 1N6476			5.0	1500W	51.6	
ICT-5 thru ICT-45C			5.0	1500W	45	
ICTE-5 thru ICTE-45C			5.0	1500W	45	
LC6.5 thru LC170A			6.5	1500W	170	
LCE6.5 thru LCE170A			6.5	1500W	170	
MPT-5 thru MPT-45C			5.0	1500W	45	
MPTE-5 thru MPTE-45			5.0	1500W	45	

\* Available in JAN, JANTX, JANTXV PER MIL-S-19500   \*\*Consult factory for higher stand off voltages.

# **GUIDE TO SELECTING A TRANSIENT ABSORPTION ZENER BY POWER RATING**

PART NUMBER SERIES	LOW TO 600W RATED		MEDIUM TO 1500W RATED		HIGH TO 15000W+ RATED	
	STAND OFF VOLTAGE MIN.	STAND OFF VOLTAGE MAX.**	STAND OFF VOLTAGE MIN.	STAND OFF VOLTAGE MAX.**	STAND OFF VOLTAGE MIN.	STAND OFF VOLTAGE MAX.**
LDTS 14 thru					14	30
LDTS 30A					3000W	
5KP5.0 thru					5.0	110
5KP110A					5000W	
PHP8.4 thru					12.0	42.5
PHP30					7500W	
PIP8.4 thru					12.0	42.5
PIP30					7500W	
PHP60 thru					85	708
PHP500					15000W	
PIP60 thru					85	708
PIP500					15000W	
704-15K36 thru					31.5	
704-15K367					15000W	
60KS 200C					180	
					60000W	

\*Available in JAN, JANTX, JANTXV PER MIL-S-19500

\*\*Consult factory for higher stand off voltages.

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For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

**1N5555  
1N5556  
1N5557  
1N5558**



### **FEATURES**

- PROTECTS CIRCUITS FROM HARMFUL TRANSIENTS
- ABSORBS TRANSIENTS UP TO 1500 WATTS FOR 1MSEC.
- CLAMPING RESPONSE TIME OF 1 PICO SECOND
- 1 WATT CONTINUOUS POWER DISSIPATION
- WORKING VOLTAGE RANGE FROM 30.5 V TO 175 V
- HERMETIC SEALED DO-13 METAL PACKAGE
- JAN/TX/TXV AVAILABLE PER MIL-S-19500/434

### **DESCRIPTION**

Transient Absorption Zeners are PN silicon junction zeners. Unlike the voltage regulation characteristics of a zener diode, the TAZ is designed for transient voltage suppression. Due to the TAZ's fast response time, protection level, and high discharge capability, its application area is very wide for protection against induced lighting, inductive and switching type transients, and can protect any kind of transient sensitive component/equipment, i.e., integrated circuits including secondary protection device in connection with SVP's in telecommunication applications. The use of TAZ devices in airborne avionics and electrical systems has proven to be highly effective.

### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

1500 Watts for 1mS at Lead Temperature (TZ) 25°C (See Derating Curves Figs. 1-4)

Operating and Storage Temperatures: -65° to +175°C

D.C. Power Dissipation: 1 Watt at TZ = +25°C 3/8" from body

Forward Surge Rating: 200 Amps for 8.3 mS at TA = +25°C Duty Cycle of 4 pulses per minute maximum.

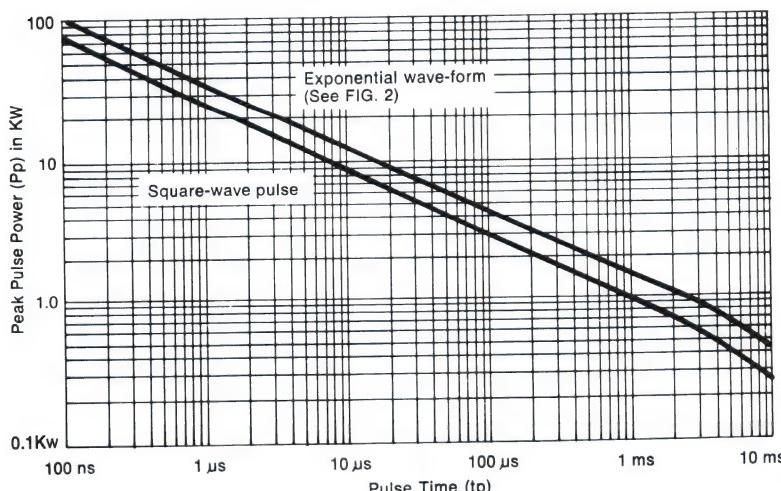
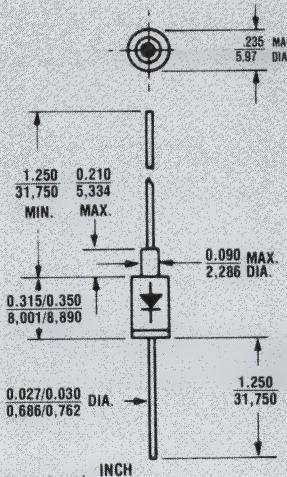


FIG. 1. Non-repetitive peak pulse power rating curve

Note: Peak power defined as peak voltage times peak current

### **TRANSIENT ABSORPTION ZENER**



All dimensions in INCH  
mm.

### **MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: DO-13, welded, hermetically sealed metal and glass.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

THERMAL RESISTANCE: 100°C/W (Typical) junction to ambient.

POLARITY: Cathode connected to case and marked.

WEIGHT: 1.4 grams.

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 1N5555, 1N5556, 1N5557, 1N5558

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Jedec Type No.	Minimum Breakdown Voltage $V_{BR}$ at $I_T$	Test Current ( $I_T$ )	Rated Standoff Voltage ( $V_{WM}$ )	Maximum (RMS) Reverse Voltage $V_{rwm}$	Maximum Reverse Leakage Current ( $I_D$ ) at $V_{WM}$	Maximum Peak Reverse Voltage ( $V_C$ Max.) at $I_{PP}$	Maximum Reverse Surge Current ( $I_{PP}$ )	Maximum Temperature Coefficient of $V_{BR}$ $\alpha_{VZ}$ ( $T_A$ ) -55°C to 100°C at 1.0 mAdc
	Vdc	mAdc	Vdc	$V_{rms}$	$\mu$ Adc	V	A	%/°C
1N5555	33.0	1.0	30.5	21.5	5	47.5	32	+ .093
1N5556	43.7	1.0	40.3	28.5	5	63.5	24	+ .094
1N5557	54.0	1.0	49.3	34.5	5	78.5	19	+ .096
1N5558	191.0	1.0	175.0	124.0	5	265.0	5.7	+ .100

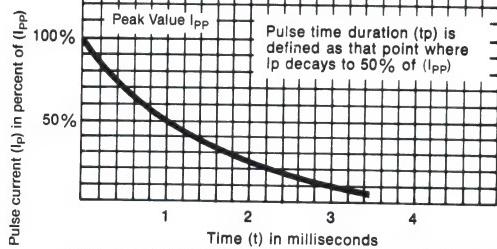


FIG. 2. Pulse wave form for exponential surge

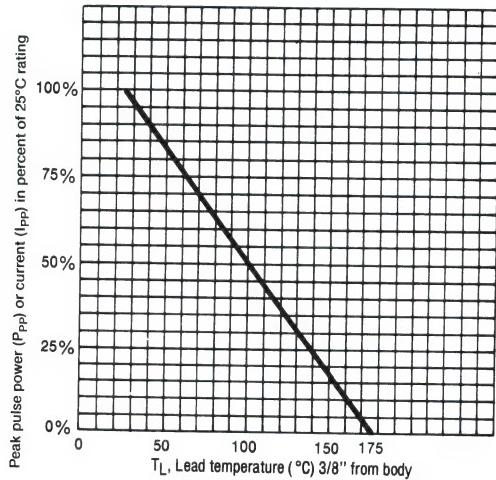


FIG. 3. Derating curve

## ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

$V_{WM}$  Stand Off Voltage: Applied Reverse Voltage to assure a nonconductive condition. (See Note 1.)  $V_{BR}$  This is the minimum Breakdown Voltage the device will exhibit and is used to assure that conduction does not occur prior to this voltage level at 25°C.

$V_C$  Maximum Clamping Voltage. The maximum peak voltage appearing across the TAZ when subjected to the peak pulse current in a one millisecond time interval. The peak pulse voltages are the combi-

nation of voltage rise due to both the series resistance and thermal rise.

$I_{PP}$ — Peak Pulse Current— See Figure 2.

$P_{PP}$ —Peak Pulse Power

$I_D$ —Reverse Leakage

$I_T$ —Current that  $V_{BR}$  is measured at.

Note 1:

A TAZ is normally selected according to the reverse "Stand Off Voltage" ( $V_{WM}$ ) which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.

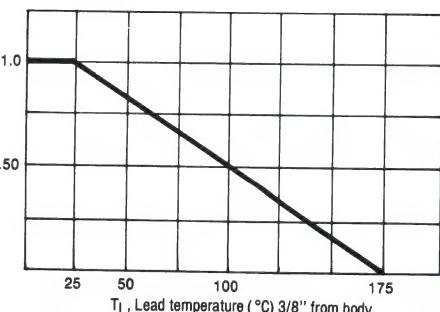


FIG. 4. Steady-state power derating curve

**micro**

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SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

**1N5629  
thru  
1N5665**



### **FEATURES**

- PROTECTS CIRCUITS FROM HARMFUL TRANSIENTS
- ABSORBS 1 MS TRANSIENTS UP TO 1500 WATTS
- CLAMPS TRANSIENT IN 1 PICO SEC
- 1 WATT CONTINUOUS POWER DISSIPATION
- WORKING VOLTAGE RANGE 5V TO 17IV
- HERMETIC DO-13 METAL PACKAGE
- JAN/TX/TXV AVAILABLE PER MIL-S-19500/500

### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

1500 watts for 1 ms at lead temp ( $T_A$ ) 25°C

See rating curves Figs. 1 thru 4

Operating and storage temp -65° to 175°C

DC power dissipation 1 watt at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , 3/8" from body.

Derate at 6.67 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$

Forward surge current 200 amps for 8.3 ms at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

See following table

No suffix 10% tolerance

Suffix A 5% tolerance

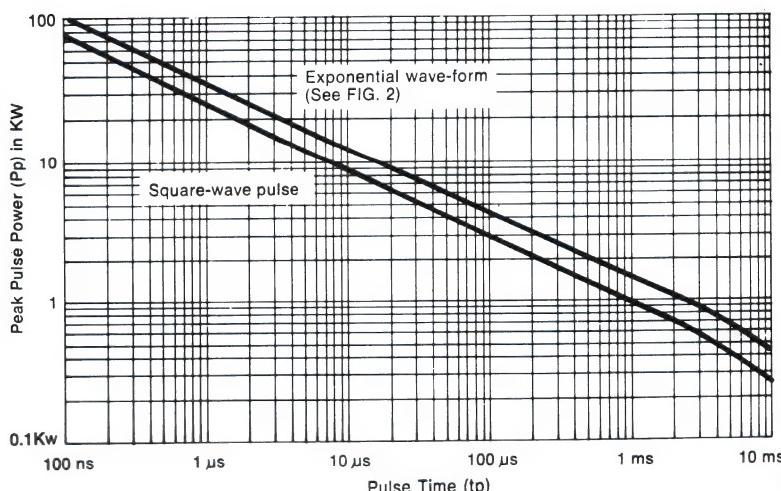
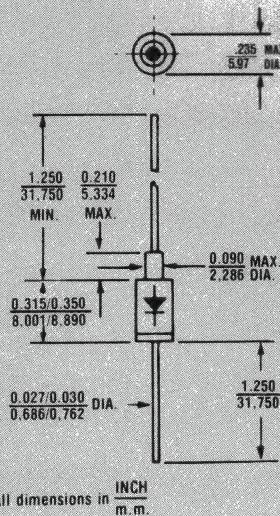


FIG. 1. Non-repetitive peak pulse power rating curve

Note: Peak power defined as peak voltage times peak current

### **TRANSIENT ABSORPTION ZENER**



### **MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: DO-13, welded, hermetically sealed metal and glass.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

Thermal Resistance:  $100^\circ\text{C/W}$  (Typical) junction to lead at 0.375-inches from body.

POLARITY: Cathode connected to case and marked.

WEIGHT: 1.4 grams (Appx.)

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 1N5629 thru 1N5665

## \*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Type No.	Breakdown Voltage ( $V_{BR}$ ) Min. Max.	Test Current ( $I_T$ )	Rated Standoff Voltage ( $V_{WM}$ )	Maximum Reverse Leakage Current ( $I_D$ at $V_{WM}$ )	Maximum Reverse Voltage ( $V_C$ max. at $I_{pp}$ )	Maximum Peak Pulse Current ( $I_{pp}$ )	Maximum Temperature Coefficient of $V_{BR}$ ( $\alpha_{VZ}$ ) ( $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ to $100^\circ\text{C}$ )	
	Vdc	Vdc	mAdc	V	μAdc	V	A	%°C
1N5629	6.12	7.48	10	5.50	1000	10.8	139	.057
1N5629A	6.45	7.14	10	5.80	1000	10.5	143	.057
1N5630	6.75	8.25	10	6.05	500	11.7	128	.061
1N5630A	7.13	7.88	10	6.40	500	11.3	132	.061
1N5631	7.38	9.02	10	6.63	200	12.5	120	.065
1N5631A	7.79	8.61	10	7.02	200	12.1	124	.065
1N5632	8.19	10.0	1	7.37	50	13.8	109	.068
1N5632A	8.65	9.55	1	7.78	50	13.4	112	.068
1N5633	9.00	11.0	1	8.10	10	15.0	100	.073
1N5633A	9.5	10.5	1	8.55	10	14.5	103	.073
1N5634	9.9	12.1	1	8.92	5	16.2	93	.075
1N5634A	10.5	11.6	1	9.40	5	15.6	96	.075
1N5635	10.8	13.2	1	9.72	5	17.3	87	.078
1N5635A	11.4	12.6	1	10.2	5	16.7	90	.078
1N5636	11.7	14.3	1	10.5	5	19.0	79	.081
1N5636A	12.4	13.7	1	11.1	5	18.2	82	.081
1N5637	13.5	16.5	1	12.1	5	22.0	68	.084
1N5637A	14.3	15.8	1	12.8	5	21.2	71	.084
1N5638	14.4	17.6	1	12.9	5	23.5	64	.086
1N5638A	15.2	16.8	1	13.6	5	22.5	67	.086
1N5639	16.2	19.8	1	14.5	5	26.5	56.5	.088
1N5639A	17.1	18.9	1	15.3	5	25.2	59.5	.088
1N5640	18.0	22.0	1	16.2	5	29.1	51.5	.090
1N5640A	19.0	21.0	1	17.1	5	27.7	54	.090
1N5641	19.8	24.2	1	17.8	5	31.9	47	.092
1N5641A	20.9	23.1	1	18.8	5	30.6	49	.092
1N5642	21.6	26.4	1	19.4	5	34.7	43	.094
1N5642A	22.8	25.2	1	20.5	5	33.2	45	.094
1N5643	24.3	29.7	1	21.8	5	39.1	38.5	.096
1N5643A	25.7	28.4	1	23.1	5	37.5	40	.096
1N5644	27.0	33.0	1	24.3	5	43.5	34.5	.097
1N5644A	28.5	31.5	1	25.6	5	41.4	36	.097
1N5645	29.7	36.3	1	26.8	5	47.7	31.5	.098
1N5645A	31.4	34.7	1	28.2	5	45.7	33	.098
1N5646	32.4	39.6	1	29.1	5	52.0	29	.099
1N5646A	34.2	37.8	1	30.8	5	49.9	30	.099
1N5647	35.1	42.9	1	31.6	5	56.4	26.5	.100
1N5647A	37.1	41.0	1	33.3	5	53.9	28	.100
1N5648	38.7	47.3	1	34.8	5	61.9	24	.101
1N5648A	40.9	45.2	1	36.8	5	59.3	25.3	.101
1N5649	42.3	51.7	1	38.1	5	67.8	22.2	.101
1N5649A	44.7	49.4	1	40.2	5	64.8	23.2	.101
1N5650	45.9	56.1	1	41.3	5	73.5	20.4	.102
1N5650A	48.5	53.6	1	43.6	5	70.1	21.4	.102
1N5651	50.4	61.6	1	45.4	5	80.5	18.6	.103
1N5651A	53.2	58.8	1	47.8	5	77.0	19.5	.103
1N5652	55.8	68.2	1	50.2	5	89.0	16.9	.104
1N5652A	58.9	65.1	1	53.0	5	85.0	17.7	.104
1N5653	61.2	74.8	1	55.1	5	98.0	15.3	.104
1N5653A	64.6	71.4	1	58.1	5	92.0	16.3	.104
1N5654	67.5	82.5	1	60.7	5	108	13.9	.105
1N5654A	71.3	78.8	1	64.1	5	103	14.6	.105
1N5655	73.8	90.2	1	66.4	5	118	12.7	.105
1N5655A	77.9	86.1	1	70.1	5	113	13.3	.105
1N5656	81.9	100.0	1	73.7	5	131	11.4	.106
1N5656A	86.5	95.5	1	77.8	5	125	12.0	.106
1N5657	90	110	1	81.0	5	144	10.4	.106
1N5657A	95	105	1	85.5	5	137	11.0	.106
1N5658	99	121	1	89.2	5	158	9.5	.107
1N5658A	105	116	1	94.0	5	152	9.9	.107
1N5659	108	132	1	97.2	5	173	8.7	.107
1N5659A	114	126	1	102	5	165	9.1	.107
1N5660	117	143	1	105	5	187	8.0	.107
1N5660A	124	137	1	111	5	179	8.4	.107
1N5661	135	165	1	121	5	215	7.0	.108
1N5661A	143	158	1	128	5	207	7.2	.108
1N5662	144	176	1	130	5	230	6.5	.108
1N5662A	152	168	1	136	5	219	6.8	.108
1N5663	153	187	1	138	5	244	6.2	.108
1N5663A	162	179	1	145	5	234	6.4	.108
1N5664	162	198	1	146	5	258	5.8	.108
1N5664A	171	189	1	154	5	246	6.1	.108
1N5665	180	220	1	162	5	287	5.2	.108
1N5665A	190	210	1	171	5	274	5.5	.108

\* $V_{BR}$  is measured after  $I_T$  has been applied for  $\leq 300\text{ ms}$

Forward voltage  $V_F$ , at  $I_F = 1\text{ AMP}, 1.2\text{ V max.}$

Forward current  $I_F$  shall be applied for 30 secs. before  $V_F$  is measured.

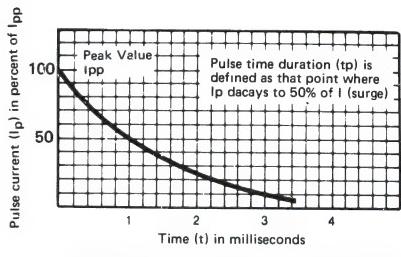


FIG. 2. Pulse wave form for exponential surge

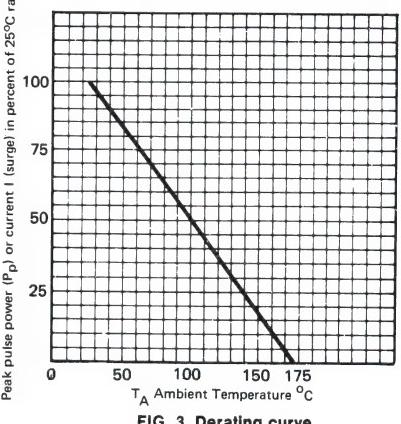


FIG. 3. Derating curve

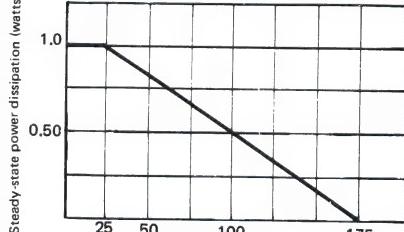


FIG. 4. Steady-state power derating curve

### ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

$V_{WM}$  Stand Off Voltage: Applied Reverse Voltage to assure no conduction condition. (See Note 1.)

$V_{BR}$  This is the Breakdown Voltage the device will exhibit

and is used to assure that conduction does not occur prior to this voltage level at  $25^\circ\text{C}$ .

$V_C$  Maximum Clamping Voltage. The maximum peak voltage appearing across the Zener when subjected to the peak pulse current in a one millisecond time interval. The peak pulse voltages are the combination of voltage rise due to both the series resistance and thermal rise.

$I_{pp}$  Peak Pulse Current—See Figure 2.

$P_{pp}$ —Peak Pulse Power.

$I_D$ —Reverse Leakage.

$I_T$ —Current that  $V_{BR}$  is measured at.

Note 1:

A TAZ is normally selected according to the rated "Stand Off Voltage"  $V_{WM}$  which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.



SANTA ANA, CA

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

# 1N5907 and IN5908

## FEATURES

- 5.0 VOLTS REVERSE STAND-OFF VOLTAGE
- DESIGNED FOR TTL LOGIC PROTECTION
- 1500 WATTS PEAK PULSE POWER DISSIPATION

The 1N5907 TAZ, packaged in a hermetically sealed glass-to-metal package, is available in JAN, JANTX and JANTXV qualified to MIL-STD-19500/500. The 1N5907 and 1N5908 protect TTL, ECL, DTL, MOS and MSI integrated circuits requiring 5.0 volt or lower power supplies. These devices are rated for a peak pulse power of 1500 watts for 1 millisecond.

These devices are specified at high current pulses, such type that would be seen from inductive switching transients. They provide both protection from line transients as well as preventing transients from being injected onto the line. Both hermetic seal and molded types are available.

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

1500 Watts of Peak Pulse Power dissipation at 25°C (see derating curve)  
 $t_{clamping}$  (0 volts to BV min): Less than  $1 \times 10^{-12}$  second (theoretical)

Operating and Storage temperatures: -65° to +175°C

Forward surge rating: half cycle 200amps, 1/120 second at 25°C

Steady State power dissipation:

1N5907 — 1.0 watt

1N5908 — 5.0 watts at  $T_L = 75^\circ\text{C}$ ,

Lead Length = 3/8"

Repetition rate (duty cycle): 1N5907 — .01%, 1N5908 — .05%

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER	REVERSE STAND-OFF VOLTAGE (NOTE 1) VRM VOLTS	MINIMUM BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE @ 1 mA $V_{(BR)}$ VOLTS	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE $I_R$ $\mu\text{A}$	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE @ $I_{PP1}$ (FIG. 3) $V_C$ VOLTS	PEAK PULSE CURRENT (FIG. 3) $I_{PP1}$ A	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE @ $I_{PP2}$ (FIG. 3) $V_C$ VOLTS	PEAK PULSE CURRENT (FIG. 3) $I_{PP2}$ A	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE @ $I_{PP3}$ (FIG. 3) $V_C$ VOLTS	PEAK PULSE CURRENT (FIG. 3) $I_{PP3}$ A
*1N5907	5.0	6.0	300	7.6	30	8.0	60	8.5	120
1N5908	5.0	6.0	300	7.6	30	8.0	60	8.5	120

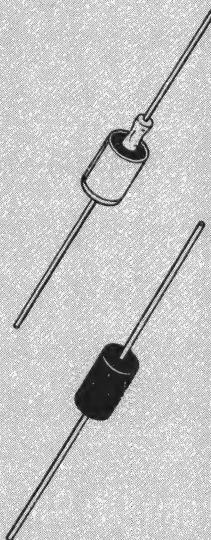
\* Available in JAN, JTX & JTXV per MIL-S-19500/500.

Clamping Factor: 1.33 at full rated power  
 1.20 at 50% rated power

Clamping Factor: The ratio of the actual  $V_C$  (Clamping Voltage) to the  $V_{(BR)}$  (Breakdown Voltage) as measured on a specific device.

Capacitance: 15,000 pF at 0 Volts (typical).

## TRANSIENT ABSORPTION ZENER



## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Standard DO-13 package, glass and hermetically sealed.  
 (1N5907)

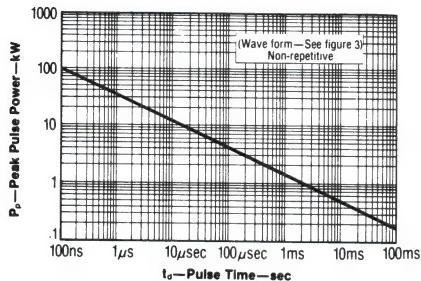
Molded Case (IN5908)

POLARITY: Banded end is cathode.

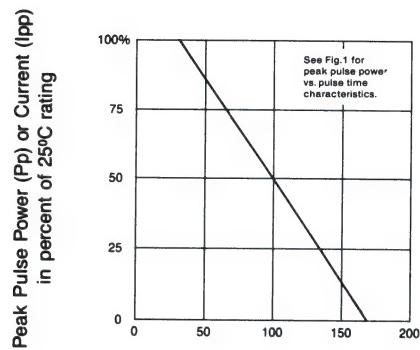
WEIGHT: 1.5 grams (Appx.)

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

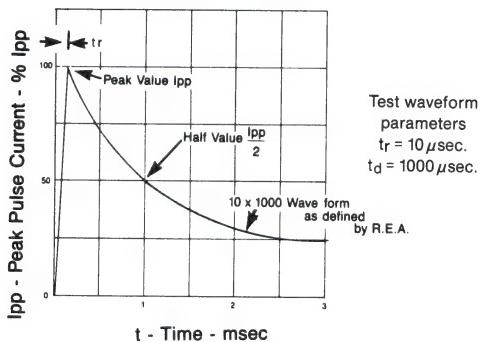
# 1N5907 and 1N5908



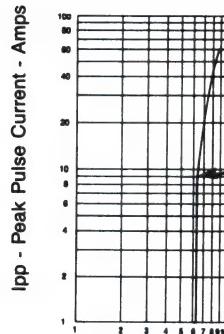
**FIGURE 1**  
PEAK PULSE POWER  
VS. PULSE TIME



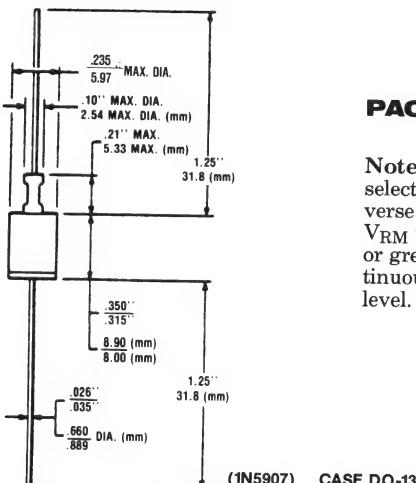
**FIGURE 2**  
DERATING CURVE



**FIGURE 3**  
PULSE WAVEFORM

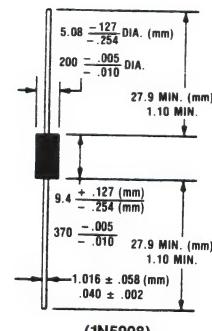


**FIGURE 4**  
TYPICAL CLAMPING VOLTAGE ( $V_c$ )  
VS. PEAK PULSE CURRENT ( $I_{pp}$ )



## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

**Note 1:** A TAZ is normally selected according to the reverse "Stand Off Voltage"  $V_{RM}$  which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.



**micro**

## **Microsemi Corp.**

*The diode experts*

SANTA ANA, CA

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

**1N6036  
thru  
1N6072A**

### **FEATURES**

- 1500 WATTS PEAK POWER DISSIPATION
- AVAILABLE IN STANOFF VOLTAGES FROM 5.5V TO 185V
- DO-13 HERMETICALLY SEALED PACKAGE
- BIDIRECTIONAL
- UL RECOGNIZED (1N6070A)
- JAN/TX/TXV AVAILABLE PER MIL-S-19500/507

### **DESCRIPTION**

These TAZ devices are a series of Bidirectional Silicon Transient Suppressors used in AC applications where large voltage transients can permanently damage voltage-sensitive components.

These devices are manufactured using two silicon PN, low voltage junction in a back to back configuration. They are characterized by their high surge capability, extremely fast response time, and low impedance, ( $R_{on}$ ).

TAZ has a peak pulse power rating of 1500 watts for one millisecond and therefore can be used in applications where induced lightning on rural or remote transmission lines represents a hazard to electronic circuitry. The response time of TAZ clamping action is less than  $(5 \times 10^{-9})$  sec; therefore, they can protect Integrated Circuits, MOS devices, Hybrids, and other voltage-sensitive semiconductors and components.

This series of devices has been proven very effective as EMP Suppressors.

### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

1500 watts of peak pulse power dissipation at  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$

$t_{clamping}$  (0 volts to  $V_{(BR)}$  min): less than  $5 \times 10^{-9}$  seconds

Operating and storage temperatures  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$

Steady state power dissipation: 1.0 watts at  $T_L = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $3/8''$  from body.

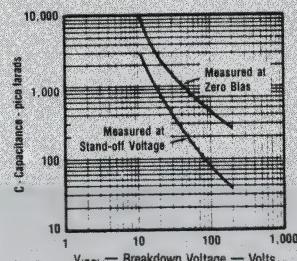
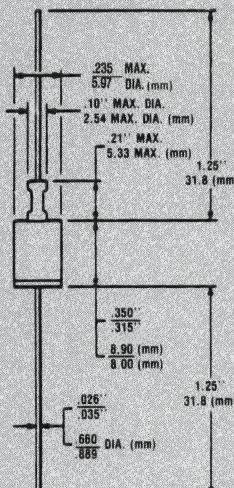
Repetition rate (duty cycle): .01%

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Clamping Factor: 1.33 @ full rated power  
1.20 @ 50% rated power

Clamping Factor: The ratio of the actual  $V_C$  (Clamping Voltage) to the  $V_{(BR)}$  (Breakdown Voltage) as measured on a specific device.

### **TRANSIENT ABSORPTION ZENER**



TYPICAL CAPACITANCE vs. BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE

### **MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Standard DO-13 package, glass and metal hermetically sealed

WEIGHT: 1.5 grams (approximate)

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

POLARITY: Bidirectional not marked.

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 1N6036 thru 1N6072A

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C (Test Both Polarities)

JEDEC Type Number	Rated Stand-off Voltage (Note 1) V <sub>RM</sub> Volts	Breakdown Voltage		Maximum Clamping Voltage @ I <sub>pp</sub> (1 mSEC) V <sub>C</sub> Volts	Maximum Reverse Leakage @ V <sub>RM</sub> I <sub>RM</sub> μA	Maximum Peak Pulse Current (Fig. 2) I <sub>pp</sub> A	Maximum Temperature Coefficient of V <sub>(BR)</sub> α V <sub>Z</sub> %/°C
		V <sub>(BR)</sub> Volts	@ I <sub>T</sub> mA				
1N6036	5.5	6.75	- 8.25	10 11.7	1000	128	.061
*1N6036A	6.0	7.13	- 7.88	10 11.3	1000	132	.061
1N6037	6.5	7.38	- 9.02	10 12.5	500	120	.065
*1N6037A	7.0	7.79	- 8.61	10 12.1	500	124	.065
1N6038	7.0	8.19	- 10.00	10 13.8	200	109	.068
*1N6038A	7.5	8.65	- 9.95	10 13.4	200	112	.068
1N6039	8.0	9.0	- 11.0	1 15.0	50	100	.073
*1N6039A	8.5	9.5	- 10.5	1 14.5	50	103	.073
1N6040	8.5	9.9	- 12.1	1 16.2	10	93	.075
*1N6040A	9.0	10.5	- 11.6	1 15.6	10	96	.075
1N6041	9.0	10.8	- 13.2	1 17.3	5	87	.078
*1N6041A	10.0	11.4	- 12.6	1 16.7	5	90	.078
1N6042	10.0	11.7	- 14.3	1 19.0	5	79	.081
*1N6042A	11.0	12.4	- 13.7	1 18.2	5	82	.081
1N6043	11.0	13.5	- 16.5	1 22.0	5	68	.084
*1N6043A	12.0	14.3	- 15.8	1 21.2	5	71	.084
1N6044	12.0	14.4	- 17.5	1 23.5	5	64	.086
*1N6044A	13.0	15.2	- 16.8	1 22.5	5	67	.068
1N6045	14.0	16.2	- 19.8	1 26.5	5	56.5	.088
*1N6045A	15.0	17.1	- 18.9	1 25.2	5	59.5	.088
1N6046	16.0	18.0	- 22.0	1 29.1	5	51.5	.090
*1N6046A	17.0	19.0	- 21.0	1 27.7	5	54	.090
1N6047	17.0	19.8	- 24.2	1 31.9	5	47	.092
*1N6047A	18.0	20.9	- 23.1	1 30.6	5	49	.092
1N6048	19.0	21.6	- 26.4	1 34.7	5	43	.094
*1N6048A	20.0	22.8	- 25.2	1 33.2	5	45	.094
1N6049	21.0	24.3	- 29.7	1 39.1	5	38.5	.095
*1N6049A	22.0	25.7	- 28.4	1 37.5	5	40	.096
1N6050	24.0	27.0	- 33.0	1 43.5	5	34.5	.097
*1N6050A	25.0	28.5	- 31.5	1 41.4	5	36	.097
1N6051	26.0	29.7	- 36.3	1 47.7	5	31.5	.098
*1N6051A	28.0	31.4	- 34.7	1 45.7	5	33	.098
1N6052	29.0	32.4	- 39.6	1 52.0	5	29	.099
*1N6052A	30.0	34.2	- 37.8	1 49.9	5	30	.099
1N6053	31.0	35.1	- 42.9	1 56.4	5	26.5	.100
*1N6053A	33.0	37.1	- 41.0	1 53.9	5	28	.100
1N6054	34.0	38.7	- 47.3	1 61.9	5	24	.101
*1N6054A	36.0	40.9	- 45.2	1 59.3	5	25.3	.101
1N6055	38.0	42.3	- 51.7	1 67.8	5	22.2	.101
*1N6055A	40.0	44.7	- 49.4	1 64.8	5	23.2	.101
1N6056	41.0	45.9	- 56.1	1 73.5	5	20.4	.102
*1N6056A	43.0	48.5	- 53.6	1 70.1	5	21.4	.102
1N6057	45.0	50.4	- 61.6	1 80.5	5	18.6	.103
*1N6057A	47.0	53.2	- 58.8	1 77.0	5	19.5	.103
1N6058	48.0	55.8	- 68.2	1 89.0	5	16.9	.104
*1N6058A	53.0	58.9	- 65.1	1 85.0	5	17.7	.104
1N6059	55.0	61.2	- 74.8	1 98.0	5	15.3	.104
*1N6059A	58.0	64.6	- 71.4	1 92.0	5	16.3	.104
1N6060	60.0	67.5	- 82.5	1 108.0	5	13.9	.105
*1N6060A	64.0	71.3	- 78.8	1 103.0	5	14.6	.105
1N6061	66.0	73.8	- 90.2	1 118.0	5	12.7	.105
*1N6061A	70.0	77.9	- 86.1	1 113.0	5	13.3	.105
1N6062	73.0	81.9	- 100.0	1 131.0	5	11.4	.106
*1N6062A	75.0	86.5	- 95.5	1 125.0	5	12.0	.106
1N6063	81.0	90.0	- 110.0	1 144.0	5	10.4	.106
*1N6063A	82.0	95.0	- 105.0	1 137.0	5	11.0	.106
1N6064	90.0	99.0	- 121.0	1 158.0	5	9.5	.107
*1N6064A	94.0	105.0	- 116.0	1 152.0	5	9.9	.107
1N6065	95.0	108.0	- 132.0	1 176.0	5	8.5	.107
*1N6065A	100.0	114.0	- 126.0	1 168.0	5	8.9	.107
1N6066	105.0	117.0	- 143.0	1 191.0	5	7.8	.107
*1N6066A	110.0	124.0	- 137.0	1 182.0	5	8.2	.107
1N6067	121.0	135.0	- 165.0	1 223.0	5	6.7	.108
*1N6067A	128.0	143.0	- 158.0	1 213.0	5	7.0	.108
1N6068	137.0	153.0	- 187.0	1 258.0	5	5.8	.108
*1N6068A	145.0	162.0	- 179.0	1 245.0	5	6.1	.108
1N6069	145.0	162.0	- 198.0	1 274.0	5	5.5	.108
*1N6069A	150.0	171.0	- 189.0	1 261.0	5	5.7	.108
1N6070	155.0	171.0	- 210.0	1 292.0	5	5.1	.108
*1N6070A	160.0	181.0	- 200.0	1 278.0	5	5.4	.108
1N6071	165.0	180.0	- 220.0	1 308.0	5	4.9	.108
*1N6071A	170.0	190.0	- 210.0	1 294.0	5	5.1	.108
1N6072	175.0	198.0	- 242.0	1 344.0	5	4.3	.108
*1N6072A	185.0	209.0	- 231.0	1 328.0	5	4.6	.108

\*Available in JAN, JANTX, JANTXV

**NOTE 1:** A TAZ is normally selected according to the rated "Stand Off Voltage" V<sub>RM</sub> which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.

SANTA ANA, CA

For more information call:  
(714) 979-8220

SCOTTSDALE, AZ



**1N6102-1N6137  
1N6138-1N6173  
1N6102A-1N6137A  
1N6138A-1N6173A**

## FEATURES

- HIGH SURGE CAPACITY PROVIDES TRANSIENT PROTECTION FOR MOST CRITICAL CIRCUITS.
- TRIPLE LAYER PASSIVATION.
- SUBMINIATURE.
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED.
- VOIDLESS HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE
- DYNAMIC IMPEDANCE AND REVERSE LEAKAGE LOWEST AVAILABLE.
- JAN/S/TX/TXV TYPES AVAILABLE PER MIL-S-19500/516.

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +175°C.

Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C.

Surge Power 500W & 1500W

Power @ TL = 75°C (%) 3.0W 500W Type

Power @ TL = 50°C (%) 5.0W 1500W Type

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SERIES TYPE		BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE V(BR)	TEST CURRENT I <sub>T</sub>	WORKING PEAK VOLTAGE V <sub>RWM</sub>	MAX LEAKAGE CURRENT I <sub>G</sub>	MAX CLAMPING VOLTAGE V <sub>C</sub> (MAX)	MAX PEAK PULSE CURRENT I <sub>P</sub>	MAX. TEMP. COEF. OF V(BR)	%/°C
500W	1500W	Vdc	mAdc	Vdc	μAdc	μAdc	V(pk)	A(pk)	A(pk)
1N6102A	1N6138A	6.46	175	5.2	100	500	10.5	47.6	142.8 .05
1N6103A	1N6139A	7.13	175	5.7	50	300	11.2	44.6	133.9 .06
1N6104A	1N6140A	7.79	150	6.2	10	100	12.1	41.3	124.0 .06
1N6105A	1N6141A	8.65	150	6.9	10	100	13.4	37.3	111.9 .06
1N6106A	1N6142A	9.50	125	7.6	10	100	14.5	34.5	103.4 .07
1N6107A	1N6143A	10.45	125	8.4	1	10	15.6	32.0	96.2 .07
1N6108A	1N6144A	11.40	100	9.1	1	10	16.9	29.6	88.8 .07
1N6109A	1N6145A	12.35	100	9.9	1	10	18.2	27.5	82.4 .08
1N6110A	1N6146A	14.25	75	11.4	1	10	21.0	23.8	71.4 .08
1N6111A	1N6147A	15.20	75	12.2	1	10	22.3	22.4	67.3 .08
1N6112A	1N6148A	17.10	65	13.7	1	10	25.1	19.9	59.8 .085
1N6113A	1N6149A	19.0	65	15.2	1	5	27.7	18.0	54.2 .085
1N6114A	1N6150A	20.9	50	16.7	1	5	30.5	16.4	49.2 .085
1N6115A	1N6151A	22.8	50	18.2	1	5	33.3	15.0	45.0 .09
1N6116A	1N6152A	25.7	50	20.6	1	5	37.4	13.4	40.1 .09
1N6117A	1N6153A	28.5	40	22.8	1	5	41.6	12.0	36.0 .09
1N6118A	1N6154A	31.4	40	25.1	1	5	45.7	10.9	32.8 .095
1N6119A	1N6155A	34.2	30	27.4	1	5	49.9	10.0	30.1 .095
1N6120A	1N6156A	37.1	30	29.7	1	5	53.6	9.3	28.0 .095
1N6121A	1N6157A	40.9	30	32.7	1	5	59.1	8.5	25.4 .095
1N6122A	1N6158A	44.7	25	35.8	1	5	64.6	7.7	23.2 .095
1N6123A	1N6159A	48.5	25	38.8	1	5	70.1	7.1	21.4 .095
1N6124A	1N6160A	53.2	20	42.6	1	5	77.0	6.5	19.5 .095
1N6125A	1N6161A	58.9	20	47.1	1	5	85.3	5.9	17.6 .100
1N6126A	1N6162A	64.6	20	51.7	1	5	97.1	5.1	15.4 .100
1N6127A	1N6163A	71.3	20	56.0	1	5	103.1	4.8	14.5 .100
1N6128A	1N6164A	77.9	15	62.2	1	5	112.8	4.4	13.3 .100
1N6129A	1N6165A	86.5	15	69.2	1	5	125.1	4.0	12.0 .100
1N6130A	1N6166A	95.0	12	76.0	1	5	137.6	3.6	10.9 .100
1N6131A	1N6167A	104.5	12	86.6	1	5	151.3	3.3	9.9 .100
1N6132A	1N6168A	114.0	10	91.2	1	5	165.1	3.0	9.1 .100
1N6133A	1N6169A	123.5	10	98.8	1	5	178.8	2.8	8.4 .105
1N6134A	1N6170A	142.5	8	114.0	1	5	206.3	2.4	7.3 .105
1N6135A	1N6171A	152.0	8	121.6	1	5	218.4	2.3	6.9 .105
1N6136A	1N6172A	171.0	5	136.8	1	5	245.7	2.0	6.1 .110
1N6137A	1N6173A	190.0	5	152.0	1	5	273.0	1.8	5.5 .110
Note: 4	1	1	1	2	3	1	2	3	1

NOTES: 1. Applies to both 500W and 1500W series. 4. Non -A part has 5% higher max surge

2. Applies to only 500W series.

3. Applies to only 1500W series.

## BI-DIRECTIONAL TRANSIENT SUPPRESSORS

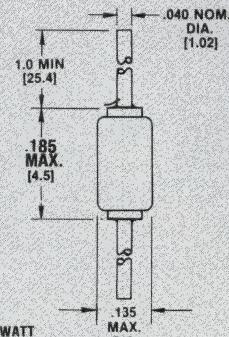


FIGURE 1  
(NOTE 3)

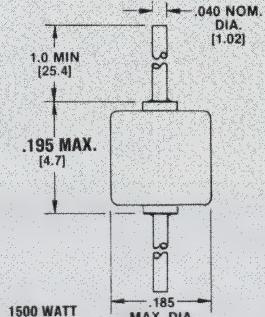


FIGURE 1  
(NOTE 2)

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Case: Hermetically sealed glass case.

Lead Material: Tinned copper or silver clad copper.

Marking: Body painted, alpha numeric.

Polarity: No marking with bidirectional devices.

# 1N6102-1N6137, 1N6138-1N6173 1N6102A-1N6137A, 1N6138A-1N6173A

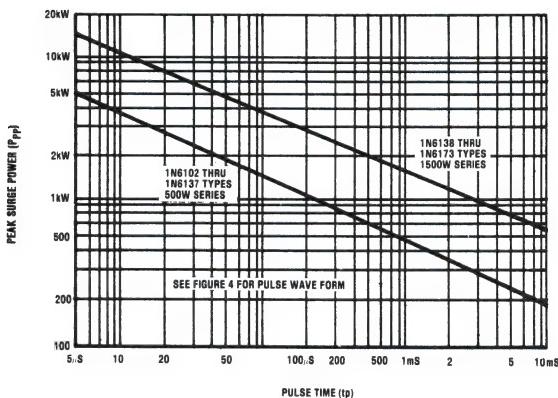


FIGURE 2  
PEAK SURGE POWER vs. PULSE TIME

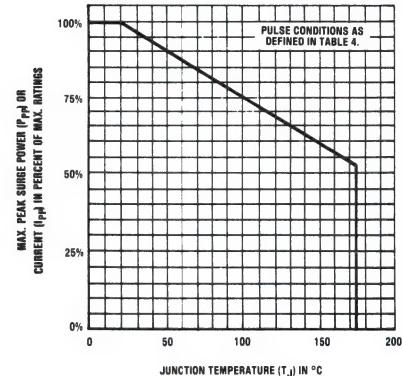


FIGURE 3  
PULSE DERATING CURVE

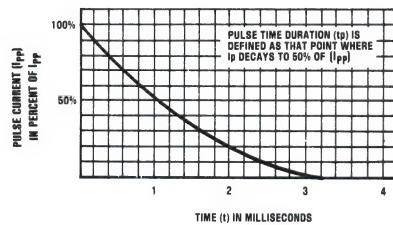


FIGURE 4  
PULSE WAVE FORM

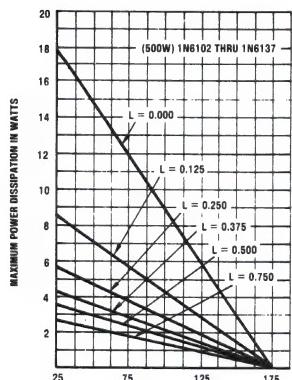


FIGURE 5  
MAXIMUM POWER vs. LEAD TEMPERATURE

Maximum lead temperature in °C ( $T_L$ ) at point "L" from body (for maximum operating junction temperature with equal two-lead conditions).

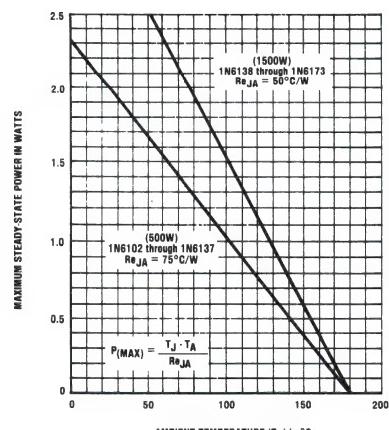
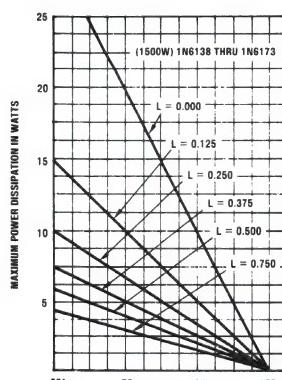


FIGURE 6  
STEADY STATE DERATING CURVE  
FOR FREE AIR MOUNTING

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### **FEATURES**

- ECONOMICAL
- 1500 WATTS PEAK PULSE POWER DISSIPATION
- STAND OFF VOLTAGES FROM 5.5V-200V
- UNIPOLAR OR BIPOLAR
- AVAILABLE IN CHIP FORM FOR HYBRID APPLICATION —
- MULTI-CHIP BIDIRECTIONAL CELLS AVAILABLE

### **DESCRIPTION**

This defines a series of silicon Transient Suppressors designed to protect voltage sensitive components from high energy voltage transients. TAZ devices have become very important as a consequence of their high surge capability, extremely fast response time, and low incremental surge resistance ( $R_s$ ).

To characterize TAZ, a minimum voltage at low current conditions ( $V_{BR}$ ), and a maximum clamping voltage ( $V_C$ ), at a maximum peak pulse current are specified. In addition, a maximum clamping ratio is indicated. The maximum leakage current at the rated stand-off voltage is also provided to assure low power consumption under normal conditions.

### **APPLICATION**

This TAZ series has a peak pulse power rating of 1500 watts for one millisecond. It can protect integrated circuits, hybrids, CMOS, MOS, and other voltage sensitive components in a broad range of applications such as telecommunications, power supplies, computers, automotive, industrial, and medical equipment.

### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

1500 Watts of Peak Pulse Power Dissipation at 25°C.

 $t_{clamping}$  (0 Volts to BV Min.):Unidirectional  $< 1 \times 10^{-12}$  Seconds; Bidirectional  $< 5 \times 10^{-9}$  Seconds.

Operating and Storage Temperature -65°C to +175°C.

Forward Surge Rating 200 Amps, 1/20 Second at 25°C.

Steady State Power Dissipation 5.0 W @  $T_1 = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,

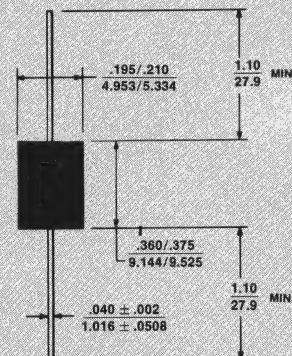
(Not Applicable in Chip Form).

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Clamping Factor: 1.33 @ full rated power

1.20 @ 50% rated power

The Clamping Factor is defined as: The ratio of the actual  $V_C$  (Clamping Voltage) to the actual  $BV$  (Breakdown Voltage) as measured on a specific device.

**1N6267 thru****1N6303A****and 1.5KE6.8 thru  
1.5KE200A****TRANSIENT  
ABSORPTION ZENER****UNIDIRECTIONAL  
AND  
BIDIRECTIONAL**All dimensions in INCH  
m. m.

### **MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Molded

WEIGHT: 1.5 Grams (Approx.)

POLARITY: Positive Terminal  
Marked with Band

# 1N6267 thru 1N6303A and 1.5KE6.8 thru 1.5KE200A ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

Industry Type Number	JEDEC Type Number	Rated Stand-off Voltage	Breakdown Voltage V(BR) VOLTS	Maximum Clamping Voltage $\theta_{1pp}$ (1 mSEC)		Rated Reverse Leakage $\theta_{Vwm}$	Rated Maximum Peak Pulse Current $I_{pp}$	Maximum Temperature Coefficient $\alpha_V$
				Vwm VOLTS	MIN.	MAX.	IT mA	of $\frac{1}{2}V(BR)$
—	1N5908	5.0	6.0	1	7.6	300	.30	.057
1.5KE6.8	1N6267	5.50	6.12	7.48	10	10.8	1000	.139
1.5KE6.8A	1N6267A	5.80	6.45	7.14	10	10.5	1000	.143
1.5KE7.3	1N6267C	6.05	6.75	8.25	10	11.7	500	.128
1.5KE7.3A	1N6267CA	6.30	6.75	8.25	10	11.7	500	.132
1.5KE8.2	1N6269	6.63	7.38	9.02	10	12.5	200	.065
1.5KE8.2A	1N6269A	7.02	7.79	8.61	10	12.1	200	.065
1.5KE9.1	1N6270	7.37	8.19	10.00	1	13.8	50	.068
1.5KE9.1A	1N6270A	7.78	8.65	9.55	1	13.4	50	.068
1.5KE10	1N6271	8.10	9.00	11.00	1	15.0	10	.073
1.5KE10A	1N6271A	8.55	9.50	12.00	1	14.5	10	.073
1.5KE11	1N6272	8.80	9.80	12.10	1	16.0	5	.075
1.5KE11A	1N6272A	9.40	10.50	11.60	1	15.6	5	.075
1.5KE12	1N6273	9.72	10.80	13.20	1	17.3	5	.078
1.5KE12A	1N6273A	10.20	11.40	12.60	1	16.7	5	.078
1.5KE13	1N6274	10.50	11.80	13.80	1	19.0	5	.081
1.5KE13A	1N6274A	11.10	12.40	13.70	1	18.2	5	.081
1.5KE15	1N6275	12.10	13.50	16.50	1	22.0	5	.084
1.5KE15A	1N6275A	12.80	14.30	15.80	1	21.2	5	.084
1.5KE16	1N6276	12.90	14.40	17.60	1	23.5	5	.086
1.5KE16A	1N6276A	13.60	15.20	16.80	1	22.5	5	.086
1.5KE18	1N6277	14.50	16.20	19.80	1	26.5	5	.088
1.5KE18A	1N6277A	15.20	17.00	20.00	1	25.5	5	.088
1.5KE20	1N6278	16.20	18.00	22.00	1	29.1	5	.090
1.5KE20A	1N6278A	17.10	19.00	21.00	1	27.7	5	.090
1.5KE22	1N6279	17.80	19.80	24.20	1	31.9	5	.092
1.5KE22A	1N6279A	18.80	20.90	23.10	1	30.6	5	.092
1.5KE24	1N6280	19.50	21.85	26.40	1	34.7	5	.094
1.5KE24A	1N6280A	20.50	22.50	27.00	1	33.5	5	.094
1.5KE27	1N6281	21.80	24.30	29.70	1	39.1	5	.096
1.5KE27A	1N6281A	23.10	25.70	28.40	1	37.5	5	.096
1.5KE30	1N6282	24.30	27.00	33.00	1	43.5	5	.097
1.5KE30A	1N6282A	25.60	28.50	31.50	1	41.4	5	.097
1.5KE33	1N6283	26.80	29.70	36.30	1	47.7	5	.098
1.5KE33A	1N6283A	28.20	31.40	34.70	1	45.7	5	.098
1.5KE35	1N6284	29.50	32.50	36.00	1	52.0	5	.099
1.5KE35A	1N6284A	30.80	34.00	37.80	1	49.9	5	.099
1.5KE38	1N6285	31.60	35.10	42.90	1	56.4	5	.100
1.5KE38A	1N6285A	32.70	37.10	41.00	1	53.9	5	.100
1.5KE43	1N6286	34.80	38.00	45.50	1	61.9	5	.101
1.5KE43A	1N6286A	36.80	40.90	45.20	1	59.3	5	.101
1.5KE47	1N6287	38.10	42.30	51.70	1	67.8	5	.101
1.5KE47A	1N6287A	40.20	44.70	49.40	1	64.8	5	.101
1.5KE48	1N6288	39.80	45.40	50.10	1	73.5	5	.102
1.5KE51A	1N6288A	41.50	45.50	51.50	1	70.1	5	.102
1.5KE55	1N6289	45.40	50.40	61.60	1	80.5	5	.103
1.5KE56A	1N6289A	47.80	53.20	68.20	1	89.0	5	.104
1.5KE62	1N6290	50.20	55.80	65.10	1	87.0	5	.104
1.5KE62A	1N6290A	52.00	58.00	65.10	1	85.0	5	.104
1.5KE65	1N6291	55.00	61.20	74.80	1	98.0	5	.104
1.5KE68A	1N6291A	56.10	64.00	76.00	1	92.0	5	.104
1.5KE75	1N6292	60.70	67.50	82.50	1	108.0	5	.105
1.5KE75A	1N6292A	64.10	73.00	78.80	1	103.0	5	.105
1.5KE82	1N6293	66.40	73.80	90.20	1	118.0	5	.105
1.5KE82A	1N6293A	70.10	77.90	86.10	1	113.0	5	.105
1.5KE84	1N6294	71.50	81.00	91.00	1	131.0	5	.106
1.5KE91A	1N6294A	77.80	86.50	95.50	1	125.0	5	.106
1.5KE100	1N6295	81.00	90.00	110.00	1	144.0	5	.106
1.5KE100A	1N6295A	85.50	95.00	105.00	1	137.0	5	.106
1.5KE110	1N6296	89.20	99.00	121.00	1	158.0	5	.107
1.5KE110A	1N6296A	94.00	105.00	116.00	1	152.0	5	.107
1.5KE120	1N6297	97.20	108.00	132.00	1	173.0	5	.107
1.5KE120A	1N6297A	104.00	114.00	141.00	1	165.0	5	.107
1.5KE130	1N6298	105.00	117.00	143.00	1	173.0	5	.107
1.5KE130A	1N6298A	111.00	124.00	137.00	1	179.0	5	.107
1.5KE150	1N6299	121.00	135.00	165.00	1	215.0	5	.108
1.5KE150A	1N6299A	128.00	143.00	158.00	1	207.0	5	.108
1.5KE160	1N6300	130.00	144.00	176.00	1	230.0	5	.108
1.5KE160A	1N6300A	135.00	152.00	187.00	1	237.0	5	.108
1.5KE170	1N6301	138.00	153.00	187.00	1	244.0	5	.108
1.5KE170A	1N6301A	145.00	162.00	178.00	1	234.0	5	.108
1.5KE180	1N6302	146.00	162.00	198.00	1	258.0	5	.108
1.5KE180A	1N6302A	154.00	171.00	189.00	1	246.0	5	.108
1.5KE200	1N6303	162.00	180.00	220.00	1	287.0	5	.108
1.5KE200A	1N6303A	171.00	190.00	210.00	1	274.0	5	.108

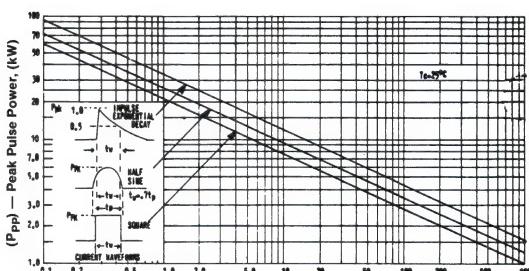
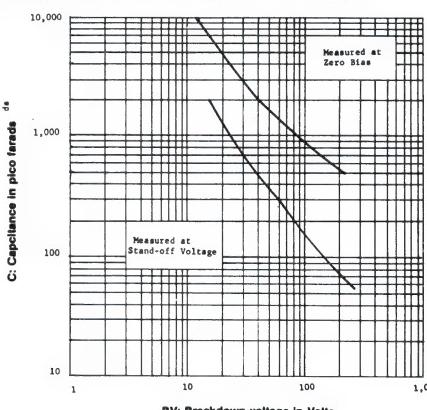


FIGURE 1  
PEAK PULSE POWER VS. PULSE TIME



BV: Breakdown voltage in Volts

FIGURE 2

TYPICAL CAPACITANCE VS.  
BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE

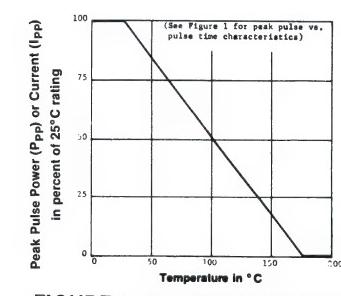
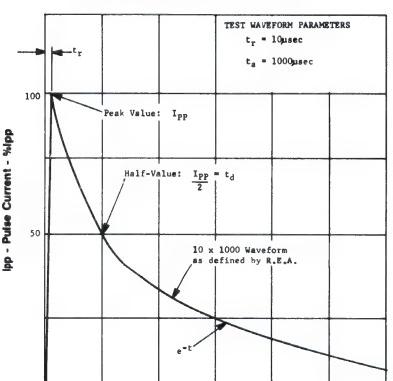


FIGURE 4 DERATING CURVE

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**1N6356 thru  
 1N6372  
 and  
 MPT-5 thru  
 MPT-45C**

## FEATURES

- DESIGNED TO PROTECT BIPOLAR AND MOS MICROPROCESSOR BASED SYSTEMS.
- VOLTAGE RANGE OF 5.0 TO 45 VOLTS
- LOW CLAMPING RATIO

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

1500 Watts of Peak Pulse Power dissipation at 25°C

$t_{\text{clamping}}$  (0 volts to  $V_{(\text{BR})}$  min): Unidirectional — Less than  $1 \times 10^{-12}$  seconds  
 Bidirectional — Less than  $5 \times 10^{-9}$  seconds

Operating and Storage temperatures: -65° to +175°C

Forward surge rating: 200 amps, 1/120 second at 25°C  
 (Applies to Unipolar or single direction only)

Steady State power dissipation: 1.0 watt

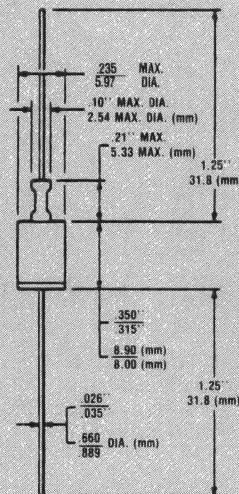
Repetition rate (duty cycle): .01%

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Clamping Factor: 1.33 @ Full rated power  
 1.20 @ 50% rated power

Clamping Factor: The ratio of the actual  $V_C$  (Clamping Voltage) to the actual  $V_{(\text{BR})}$  (Breakdown Voltage) as measured on a specific device.

## TRANSIENT ABSORPTION ZENER



## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: DO-13 welded, hermetically sealed, metal and glass.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

POLARITY: Cathode connected to case and marked. Bidirectional not marked.

WEIGHT: 1.4 grams (Appx.)

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 1N6356 thru 1N6372 and MPT-5 thru MPT-45C

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

MICROSEMI PART NUMBER	STAND-OFF VOLTAGE (NOTE 1) $V_{WM}$ VOLTS	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE @ $V_{WM}$ $I_D$ $\mu A$	MINIMUM* BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE @ mA $V_{(BR)}$ (min) VOLTS	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE (Fig. 2) $I_{PP1} = 1A$ $V_C$ VOLTS	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE (Fig. 2) @ $I_{PP2} = 10A$ $V_C$ VOLTS	MAXIMUM PEAK PULSE CURRENT $I_{PP3}$ A
MPT-5	5.0	300	6.0	7.1	7.5	160
MPT-8	8.0	25	9.4	11.3	11.5	100
MPT-10	10.0	2	11.7	13.7	14.1	90
MPT-12	12.0	2	14.1	16.1	16.5	70
MPT-15	15.0	2	17.6	20.1	20.6	60
MPT-18	18.0	2	21.2	24.2	25.2	50
MPT-22	22.0	2	25.9	29.8	32.0	40
MPT-36	36.0	2	42.4	50.6	54.3	23
MPT-45	45.0	2	52.9	63.3	70.0	19

$V_f$  at 100 amps peak, 8.3 msec sine wave equals 3.5 volts maximum

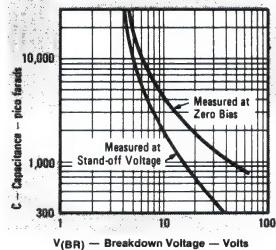
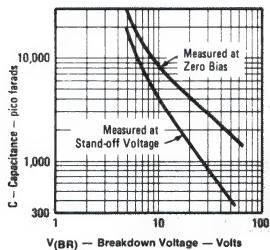
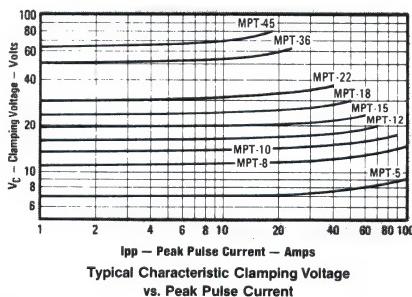
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C (Test Both Polarities)

MPT-5C	5.0	300	6.0	7.1	7.5	160
MPT-8C	8.0	25	9.4	11.4	11.6	100
MPT-10C	10.0	2	11.7	14.1	14.5	90
MPT-12C	12.0	2	14.1	16.7	17.1	70
MPT-15C	15.0	2	17.6	20.8	21.4	60
MPT-18C	18.0	2	21.2	24.8	25.5	50
MPT-22C	22.0	2	25.9	30.8	32.0	40
MPT-36C	36.0	2	42.4	50.6	54.3	23
MPT-45C	45.0	2	52.9	63.3	70.0	19

C Suffix indicates Bidirectional

**NOTE 1** TAZ are normally selected according to the reverse "Stand Off Voltage" ( $V_{WM}$ ) which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.

\*The minimum breakdown voltage as shown takes into consideration the  $\pm 1$  volt tolerance normally specified for power supply regulation on most integrated circuit manufacturers data sheets. Similar devices are available with reduced clamping voltages where tighter regulated power supply voltages are employed.



**micro**

## **Microsemi Corp.**

The diode experts

SANTA ANA, CA

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

**IN6373 thru  
IN6389  
and  
MPTE-5 thru  
MPTE-45C**

### **FEATURES**

- DESIGNED TO PROTECT BIPOLAR AND MOS MICROPROCESSOR BASED SYSTEMS FROM ELECTRICAL DISTURBANCES.
- TRANSIENT PROTECTION FOR CMOS, MOS, AND BIPOLAR MICROPROCESSORS
- VOLTAGE RANGE OF 5.0 TO 45 VOLTS
- LOW CLAMPING RATIO

### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

1500 Watts of Peak Pulse Power dissipation at 25°C

$t_{clamping}$  (0 volts to  $V_{(BR)}$  min): Unidirectional—Less than  $1 \times 10^{-12}$  seconds  
Bidirectional—Less than  $5 \times 10^{-9}$  seconds

Operating and Storage temperatures: -65° to +175°C

Forward surge rating: 200 amps, 1/120 second at 25°C

(Applies to Unidirectional or single direction only)

Steady State power dissipation: 5.0 watts @  $T_L = 75^\circ\text{C}$ , Lead Length = 3/8"

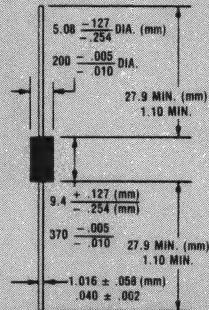
Repetition rate (duty cycle): .05%

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Clamping Factor: 1.33 @ Full rated power  
1.20 @ 50% rated power

Clamping Factor: The ratio of the actual  $V_C$  (Clamping Voltage) to the actual  $BV$  (Breakdown Voltage) as measured on a specific device.

### **TRANSIENT ABSORPTION ZENER**



### **MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Void free transfer molded thermosetting plastic

FINISH: Silver plated copper readily solderable

POLARITY: Cathode marked with band. No marking on bidirectional types.

WEIGHT: 1.5 grams (Appx.)

MOUNTING POSITION: Any

# 1N6373 -1N6389 and MPTE - 5 thru MPTE - 45C

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

MICROSEMI PART NUMBER	STAND-OFF VOLTAGE (Note 1) $V_{WM}$ VOLTS	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE @ $V_{WM}$ $I_D$ $\mu A$	MINIMUM* BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE @ 1 mA $V_{(BR)}$ (min.) VOLTS	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE (Fig. 2) @ $I_{PP1} = 1A$ $V_C$ VOLTS	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE (Fig. 2) @ $I_{PP2} = 10A$ $V_C$ VOLTS	MAXIMUM PEAK PULSE CURRENT $I_{PP3}$ A
IN6373 MPTE-5	5.0	300	6.0	7.1	7.5	160
IN6374 MPTE-8	8.0	25	9.4	11.3	11.5	100
IN6375 MPTE-10	10.0	2	11.7	13.7	14.1	90
IN6376 MPTE-12	12.0	2	14.1	16.1	16.5	70
IN6377 MPTE-15	15.0	2	17.6	20.1	20.6	60
IN6378 MPTE-18	18.0	2	21.2	24.2	25.2	50
IN6379 MPTE-22	22.0	2	25.9	29.8	32.0	40
IN6380 MPTE-36	36.0	2	42.4	50.6	54.3	23
IN6381 MPTE-45	45.0	2	52.9	63.3	70.0	19

$V_f$  at 100 amps peak, 8.3 msec sine wave equals 3.5 volts maximum

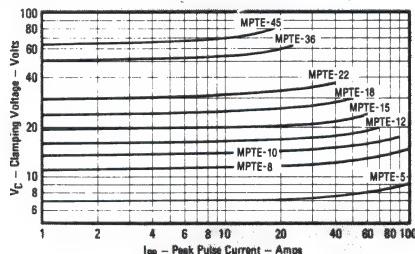
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C (Test Both Polarities)

MPTE-5C	5.0	300	6.0	7.1	7.5	160
IN6382 MPTE-8C	8.0	25	9.4	11.4	11.6	100
IN6383 MPTE-10C	10.0	2	11.7	14.1	14.5	90
IN6384 MPTE-12C	12.0	2	14.1	16.7	17.1	70
IN6385 MPTE-15C	15.0	2	17.6	20.8	21.4	60
IN6386 MPTE-18C	18.0	2	21.2	24.8	25.5	50
IN6387 MPTE-22C	22.0	2	25.9	30.8	32.0	40
IN6388 MPTE-36C	36.0	2	42.4	50.6	54.3	23
IN6389 MPTE-45C	45.0	2	52.9	63.3	70.0	19

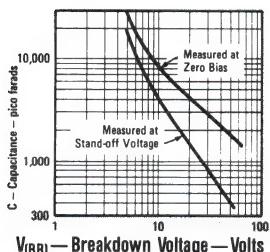
C Suffix indicates Bidirectional

**NOTE 1:** TAZ are normally selected according to the reverse "Stand Off Voltage"  $V_{WM}$  which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.

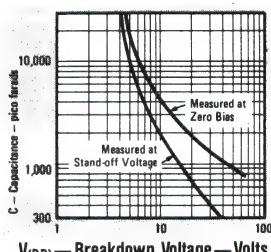
\*The minimum breakdown voltage as shown takes into consideration the  $\pm 1$  volt tolerance normally specified for power supply regulation on most integrated circuit manufacturers data sheets. Similar devices are available with reduced clamping voltages where tighter regulated power supply voltages are employed.



**FIGURE 2**  
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC CLAMPING VOLTAGE  
VS PEAK PULSE CURRENT



**FIGURE 3**  
TYPICAL CAPACITANCE VS  
BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE  
(UNIDIRECTIONAL TYPES)



**FIGURE 4**  
TYPICAL CAPACITANCE VS  
BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE  
(BIDIRECTIONAL TYPES)

SANTA ANA, CA

For more information call:  
 (714) 979-8220

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

**IN6461 thru  
 IN6468 and  
 IN6469 thru  
 IN6476**

## FEATURES

- HIGH SURGE CAPACITY PROVIDES TRANSIENT PROTECTION FOR MOST CRITICAL CIRCUITS.
- TRIPLE LAYER PASSIVATION.
- SUBMINIATURE.
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED.
- VOIDLESS HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE.
- DYNAMIC IMPEDANCE AND REVERSE LEAKAGE LOWEST AVAILABLE.
- JAN/TX/TXV TYPES AVAILABLE PER MIL-S-19500/551, 552.

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +175°C.

Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C.

Surge Power 500W & 1500W

Power @ TA = 25°C (%) 2.5W 500W Type

Power @ TL = 50°C (%) 5.0W 1500W Type

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SERIES TYPE		BREAK DOWN VOLTAGE V(BR) MIN.	TEST CURRENT I <sub>T</sub>	WORKING PEAK VOLTAGE V <sub>WM</sub>	MAX LEAKAGE CURRENT I <sub>0</sub>	MAX CLAMPING VOLTAGE V <sub>C</sub>	MAX PEAK PULSE CURRENT (I <sub>PP</sub> )	MAX. TEMP. COEF. OF V(BR)		
500W	1500W	Vdc	mAdc	Vdc	μAdc	μAdc	V(pk)	A(pk)	A(pk)	%/°C
IN6461	IN6469	5.6	25	50	5	3000	5000	9.0	56	167
IN6462	IN6470	6.5	20	50	6	2500	5000	11.0	46	137
IN6463	IN6471	13.0	5	10	12	500	1000	22.6	22	66
IN6464	IN6472	16.4	5	10	15	500	1000	26.5	19	57
IN6465	IN6473	27.0	2	5	24	50	100	41.4	12	.084
IN6466	IN6474	33.0	1	1	30.5	3	5	47.5	11	.093
IN6467	IN6475	43.7	1	1	40.3	2	5	63.5	8	.094
IN6468	IN6476	54.0	1	1	51.6	2	5	78.5	6	.096
NOTES		1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3
										1

**NOTE 1:** Applies to both 500W and 1500W series.

**NOTE 2:** Applies to only 500W series.

**NOTE 3:** Applies to only 1500W series.

## TRANSIENT SUPPRESSORS

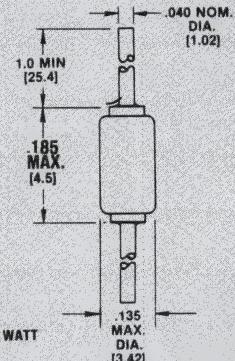


FIGURE 1  
(NOTE 3)

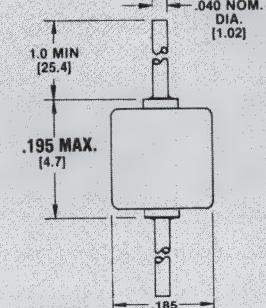


FIGURE 1  
(NOTE 2)

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass case.

LEAD MATERIAL: Tinned copper or silver clad copper.

MARKING: Body painted, alpha numeric.

POLARITY: Cathode band.

# 1N6461 thru 1N6468 & 1N6469 thru 1N6476

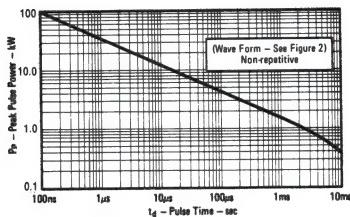


Figure 1. Pulse Time  
1N6469 Series

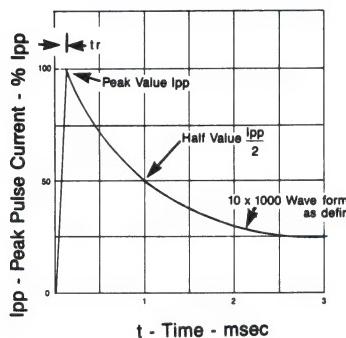


Figure 2. Current Impulse Waveform

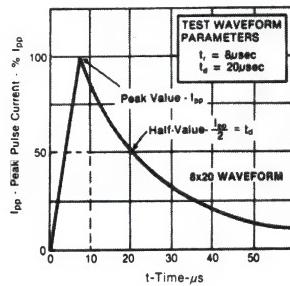


Figure 3. Current Impulse Waveform

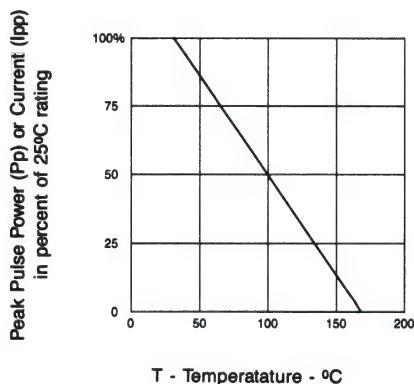


Figure 4. Derating Curve

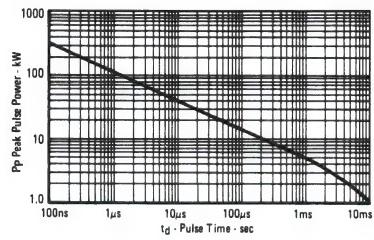


Figure 5. Pulse Waveform  
1N6461 Series

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SCOTTSDALE, AZ

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## FEATURES

- AVAILABLE IN RANGES FROM 5.0 TO 170 VOLTS
- AVAILABLE IN BI DIRECTIONAL FOR AC APPLICATIONS
- LOW CLAMPING RATIO
- SMALL PACKAGE SIZE

As a low cost, 1,000 watt commercial and industrial component, this TAZ series is used in applications where space is a premium and where large voltage transients can permanently damage voltage-sensitive components.

This TAZ has a peak pulse power rating of 1,000 watts for one millisecond. The response time of TAZ clamping action is theoretically instantaneous ( $1 \times 10^{-12}$  sec); therefore, they can protect integrated circuits, MOS devices, hybrids, and other voltage-sensitive semiconductors and components. TAZ can also be used in series or parallel to increase the peak power ratings.

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

1000 Watts of Peak Pulse Power dissipation at 25°C (see derating curve)  
clamping (0 Volts to BV Min.):

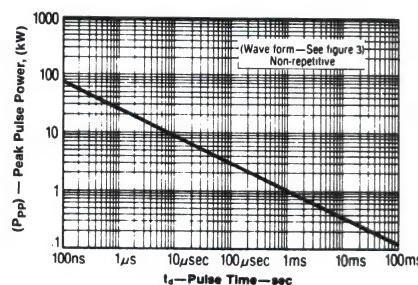
Unidirectional  $< 1 \times 10^{-12}$  Seconds; Bidirectional  $< 5 \times 10^{-9}$  Seconds (theoretical).

Operating and Storage temperatures: -55° to +175°C

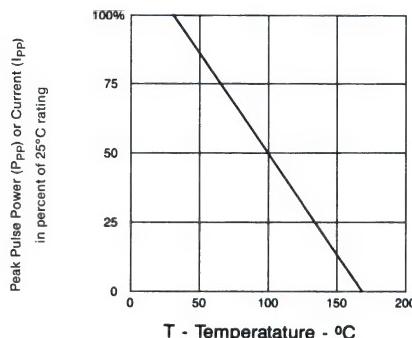
Forward surge rating: 133 amps, 8.3 msec at 25°C (except Bidirectional)

Steady State power dissipation: 5.0 watt  $T_L = 75^\circ\text{C}$ , Lead Length = 3/8"

Repetition rate (duty cycle): .05%



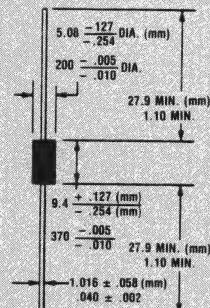
**FIGURE 1** PEAK PULSE POWER VS PULSE TIME



**FIGURE 2** DERATING CURVE

**1.0 KE5  
thru  
1.0 KE170A**

## TRANSIENT ABSORPTION ZENER



## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Molded case

FINISH: Silver-plated copper, readily solderable

POLARITY: Cathode terminal marked with band (except bi-directional)

WEIGHT: 1.5 grams (Appx.)

MOUNTING POSITION: Any

# 1.0KE5 thru 1.0KE170A

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

MICROSEMI PART NUMBER	REVERSE STAND-OFF VOLTAGE (NOTE 1) V <sub>WM</sub> IN VOLTS	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE V <sub>BR</sub> IN VOLTS @ MIN. MAX.		MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE CURRENT I <sub>R</sub> IN $\mu$ A	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE @ I <sub>PP</sub> V <sub>C</sub> IN VOLTS	MAXIMUM PEAK PULSE CURRENT I <sub>PP</sub> IN A	MAXIMUM VOLTAGE VARIATION OF V <sub>BR</sub> mV/C	
		MIN.	MAX.					
1.0KE5.0	5.0	6.40	7.00	10	1000	0.8	5.0	
1.0KE5.0A	5.0	6.40	7.00	10	1000	0.2	5.0	
1.0KE5.0	6.0	6.67	8.16	10	1000	11.4	5.0	
1.0KE5.0A	6.0	6.67	7.37	10	1000	10.3	5.0	
1.0KE5.5	6.5	7.22	-	10	500	12.3	5.0	
1.0KE5.5A	6.5	7.22	7.96	10	500	11.2	5.0	
1.0KE7.0	7.0	7.78	-	10	200	13.3	6.0	
1.0KE7.0A	7.0	7.78	8.60	10	200	12.0	6.0	
1.0KE7.5	7.5	8.33	-	1	100	14.3	7.0	
1.0KE7.5A	7.5	8.33	8.21	1	100	12.9	7.0	
1.0KE8.0	8.0	8.89	-	1	50	15.0	7.0	
1.0KE8.0A	8.0	8.89	9.83	1	50	13.6	7.0	
1.0KE8.5	8.5	9.44	-	1	25	15.9	8.0	
1.0KE8.5A	8.5	9.44	10.4	1	25	14.4	8.0	
1.0KE9.0	9.0	10.0	-	1	10	16.9	8.0	
1.0KE9.0A	9.0	10.0	11.1	1	10	15.4	8.0	
1.0KE10	10	11.1	13.8	1	5	18.8	10	
1.0KE10A	10	11.1	12.3	1	5	17.0	10	
1.0KE11	11	12.2	-	1	5	20.1	11	
1.0KE11A	11	12.2	13.5	1	5	18.2	11	
1.0KE12	12	13.3	-	1	5	22.0	12	
1.0KE12A	12	13.3	14.7	1	5	18.9	12	
1.0KE13	13	14.4	17.6	1	5	23.8	13	
1.0KE13A	13	14.4	15.9	1	5	21.5	13	
1.0KE14	14	15.6	-	1	5	25.8	14	
1.0KE14A	14	15.6	17.2	1	5	23.2	14	
1.0KE15	15	16.7	-	20.4	1	5	28.9	15
1.0KE15A	15	16.7	18.5	1	5	24.4	16	
1.0KE16	16	17.8	-	21.8	1	5	28.8	19
1.0KE16A	16	17.8	19.7	1	5	26.0	17	
1.0KE17	17	18.9	-	23.1	1	5	30.5	20
1.0KE17A	17	18.9	20.9	1	5	27.5	19	
1.0KE18	18	20.0	-	24.4	1	5	32.2	21
1.0KE18A	18	20.0	22.1	1	5	29.2	20	
1.0KE20	20	22.2	-	27.1	1	5	35.6	23
1.0KE20A	20	22.2	24.5	1	5	32.4	23	
1.0KE22	22	24.4	-	29.8	1	5	38.4	28
1.0KE22A	22	24.4	26.9	1	5	35.5	26	
1.0KE24	24	26.7	-	32.5	1	5	40.0	31
1.0KE24A	24	26.7	29.5	1	5	38.9	28	
1.0KE25	25	28.9	-	35.3	1	5	46.6	31
1.0KE25A	25	28.9	31.9	1	5	42.1	30	
1.0KE28	28	31.1	-	38.0	1	5	50.0	35
1.0KE28A	28	31.1	34.4	1	5	45.4	31	
1.0KE30	30	33.3	-	40.7	1	5	53.5	39
1.0KE30A	30	33.3	36.8	1	5	48.4	36	
1.0KE33	33	36.7	-	44.9	1	5	50.0	45
1.0KE33A	33	36.7	40.6	1	5	53.3	41	
1.0KE36	36	40.0	-	48.9	1	5	64.3	49
1.0KE36A	36	40.0	44.2	1	5	58.1	45	
1.0KE40	40	44.4	-	54.3	1	5	71.4	55
1.0KE40A	40	44.4	49.1	1	5	64.5	55	
1.0KE43	43	47.8	-	58.4	1	5	76.7	60
1.0KE43A	43	47.8	52.8	1	5	69.4	54	
1.0KE45	45	50.0	-	61.1	1	5	80.3	63
1.0KE45A	45	50.0	55.3	1	5	72.7	57	
1.0KE48	48	53.3	-	65.1	1	5	85.5	67
1.0KE48A	48	53.3	58.9	1	5	77.1	61	
1.0KE51	51	56.7	-	69.3	1	5	91.1	72
1.0KE51A	51	56.7	62.7	1	5	82.4	65	
1.0KE54	54	60.0	-	73.3	1	5	98.5	78
1.0KE54A	54	60.0	65.3	1	5	87.1	66	
1.0KE58	58	64.4	-	78.7	1	5	103.0	83
1.0KE58A	58	64.4	71.2	1	5	93.8	74	
1.0KE60	60	66.7	-	81.5	1	5	107.0	86
1.0KE60A	60	66.7	73.7	1	5	96.8	77	
1.0KE64	64	71.1	-	86.9	1	5	114.0	91
1.0KE64A	64	71.1	78.5	1	5	103.0	82	
1.0KE70	70	77.8	-	95.1	1	5	125	100
1.0KE70A	70	77.8	86.0	1	5	113	88	
1.0KE75	75	83.3	-	102	1	5	134	108
1.0KE75A	75	83.3	92.1	1	5	121	97	
1.0KE87	78	86.7	-	105.0	1	5	139	112
1.0KE87A	78	86.7	95.8	1	5	128	102	
1.0KE85	85	94.4	-	115.0	1	5	151	123
1.0KE85A	85	94.4	104.0	1	5	137	110	
1.0KE90	90	100	-	122	1	5	160	130
1.0KE90A	90	100	111	1	5	146	118	
1.0KE100	100	111	-	136	1	5	179	145
1.0KE100A	100	111	123	1	5	162	132	
1.0KE110	110	122	-	149	1	5	196	159
1.0KE110A	110	122	135	1	5	177	144	
1.0KE120	120	133	-	163	1	5	214	176
1.0KE120A	120	133	147	1	5	193	157	
1.0KE130	130	144	-	176	1	5	231	143
1.0KE130A	130	144	159	1	5	203	148	
1.0KE150	150	167	-	204	1	5	268	220
1.0KE150A	150	167	185	1	5	243	200	
1.0KE160	160	178	-	219	1	5	297	235
1.0KE160A	160	178	197	1	5	250	213	
1.0KE170	170	189	-	231	1	5	304	254
1.0KE170A	170	189	209	1	5	275	226	

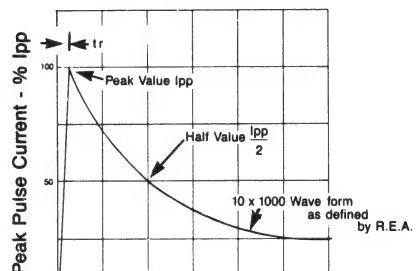


FIGURE 3  
PULSE WAVEFORM

V<sub>f</sub> at 65 amps peak, 8.5 msec sine wave equals 3.5 volts maximum (except bidirectional). For Bidirectional Applications — use C or CA suffix for types 1.0KE6.5 through 1.0KE170.

**NOTE 1:** A TAZ is normally selected according to the reverse "Stand Off Voltage" (V<sub>WM</sub>) which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.

**MICRO**

## **Microsemi Corp.**

*The diode experts*

SANTA ANA, CA

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

### **FEATURES**

- AVAILABLE IN RANGES FROM 5.0 TO 170 VOLTS
- AVAILABLE IN BIDIRECTIONAL FOR AC APPLICATIONS
- LOW CLAMPING RATIO
- SMALL PACKAGE SIZE

As a low cost, 1,200 watt commercial and industrial device, this TAZ is used in applications where space is at a premium and where large voltage transients can permanently damage voltage-sensitive components.

This TAZ has a peak pulse power rating of 1,200 watts for one millisecond. The response time of TAZ clamping action is theoretically instantaneous ( $1 \times 10^{-12}$  sec); therefore, they can protect integrated circuits, MOS devices, hybrids, and other voltage-sensitive semiconductors and components. TAZ can also be used in series or parallel to increase the peak power ratings.

### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

1,200 Watts of Peak Pulse Power dissipation at  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  (see derating curve)  
t<sub>clamping</sub> (0 Volts to BV Min.):

Unidirectional  $< 1 \times 10^{-12}$  Seconds; Bidirectional  $< 5 \times 10^{-9}$  Seconds.

Operating and Storage temperatures:  $-55^{\circ}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$

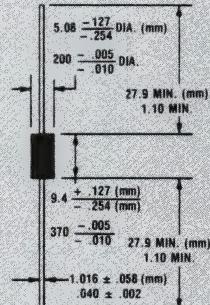
Forward surge rating: 160 amps, 8.3 msec at  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  (except Bipolar)

Steady State power dissipation: 5.0 watt  $T_L = 75^{\circ}\text{C}$ , Lead Length = 3/8"

Repetition rate (duty cycle): .05%

**1.2KE5  
thru  
1.2KE170A**

### **TRANSIENT ABSORPTION ZENER**



### **MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Molded case.

FINISH: Silverplated copper, readily solderable.

POLARITY: Cathode terminal marked with a band (except bidirectional types).

WEIGHT: 1.5 grams (Appx.).

OUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 1.2KE5 thru 1.2KE170A

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

MICROSEMI PART NUMBER	REVERSE STAND-OFF VOLTAGE ( $V_{WM}$ ) IN VOLTS	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE $V_{BR}$		MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE @ VWM mA	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE @ IPP (FIG. 3) mV	MAXIMUM PEAK PULSE CURRENT (FIG. 3) mA	MAXIMUM VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE VARIATION OF $V_{BR}$ mV/°C
		MIN.	MAX.				
1.2KE5.0	5.0	-	7.30	10	1000	9.6	5.0
1.2KE5.0A	5.0	6.40	7.00	10	1000	9.2	5.0
1.2KE6.0	6.0	6.57	8.15	10	1000	11.4	5.0
1.2KE6.0A	6.0	6.67	7.37	10	1000	10.3	5.0
1.2KE6.5	6.5	7.22	8.82	10	500	12.3	5.0
1.2KE6.5A	6.5	7.22	7.96	10	500	11.2	5.0
1.2KE7.0	7.0	7.78	9.51	10	200	13.3	6.0
1.2KE7.0A	7.0	7.78	8.60	10	200	12.0	6.0
1.2KE7.5	7.5	8.33	10.2	1	100	14.3	7.0
1.2KE7.5A	7.5	8.33	9.21	1	100	12.9	7.0
1.2KE8.0	8.0	8.89	10.9	1	50	15.0	7.0
1.2KE8.0A	8.0	8.89	9.83	1	50	13.8	7.0
1.2KE8.5	8.5	9.44	11.5	1	25	15.9	8.0
1.2KE8.5A	8.5	9.44	10.4	1	25	14.4	8.0
1.2KE9.0	9.0	10.0	12.2	1	10	16.9	9.0
1.2KE9.0A	9.0	10.0	11.1	1	10	15.4	9.0
1.2KE10	10	11.1	13.6	1	5	18.8	10
1.2KE10A	10	11.1	12.3	1	5	17.0	10
1.2KE11	11	12.2	14.9	1	5	20.1	11
1.2KE11A	11	12.2	13.5	1	5	18.2	11
1.2KE12	12	13.3	16.3	1	5	22.0	12
1.2KE12A	12	13.3	14.7	1	5	19.8	12
1.2KE13	13	14.4	17.8	1	5	23.8	13
1.2KE13A	13	14.4	15.9	1	5	21.5	13
1.2KE14	14	15.6	19.1	1	5	25.8	14
1.2KE14A	14	15.6	17.2	1	5	23.2	14
1.2KE15	15	16.7	20.4	1	5	26.9	16
1.2KE15A	15	16.7	18.5	1	5	24.4	16
1.2KE16	16	17.8	21.8	1	5	28.8	19
1.2KE16A	16	17.8	19.7	1	5	26.0	17
1.2KE17	17	18.9	23.1	1	5	30.5	20
1.2KE17A	17	18.9	20.9	1	5	27.6	19
1.2KE18	18	20.0	24.4	1	5	32.2	21
1.2KE18A	18	20.0	22.1	1	5	29.2	21
1.2KE20	20	22.2	27.1	1	5	35.6	25
1.2KE20A	20	22.2	24.5	1	5	32.4	23
1.2KE22	22	24.4	28.8	1	5	39.4	28
1.2KE22A	22	24.4	26.9	1	5	35.5	25
1.2KE24	24	26.7	32.6	1	5	43.0	31
1.2KE24A	24	26.7	29.5	1	5	38.9	28
1.2KE26	26	26.9	36.3	1	5	46.8	31
1.2KE26A	26	26.9	31.9	1	5	42.1	28.5
1.2KE28	28	31.1	38.0	1	5	50.0	34
1.2KE28A	28	31.1	34.4	1	5	45.4	31
1.2KE30	30	33.3	40.7	1	5	53.5	39
1.2KE30A	30	33.3	36.8	1	5	48.4	36
1.2KE33	33	36.7	44.9	1	5	59.0	45
1.2KE33A	33	36.7	40.6	1	5	53.3	41
1.2KE35	36	40.0	48.9	1	5	64.3	49
1.2KE35A	36	40.0	44.2	1	5	58.1	40
1.2KE40	40	44.4	54.3	1	5	71.4	55
1.2KE40A	40	44.4	49.1	1	5	64.5	50
1.2KE43	43	47.8	58.4	1	5	76.7	60
1.2KE43A	43	47.8	52.8	1	5	68.4	54
1.2KE45	45	50.0	61.1	1	5	80.3	63
1.2KE45A	45	50.0	55.3	1	5	72.7	57
1.2KE48	48	53.3	65.1	1	5	85.5	68
1.2KE48A	48	53.3	58.9	1	5	77.4	61
1.2KE51	51	56.7	69.3	1	5	91.1	72
1.2KE51A	51	56.7	62.7	1	5	82.4	65
1.2KE54	54	60.0	73.3	1	5	96.3	76
1.2KE54A	54	60.0	66.3	1	5	87.1	69
1.2KE55	58	64.4	78.7	1	5	103.0	11.7
1.2KE58A	58	64.4	71.2	1	5	93.6	74
1.2KE60	60	66.7	81.5	1	5	107.0	86
1.2KE60A	60	66.7	73.7	1	5	96.8	72
1.2KE64	64	71.1	88.1	1	5	114.0	91
1.2KE64A	64	71.1	78.6	1	5	103.0	82
1.2KE70	70	77.8	95.1	1	5	125	100
1.2KE70A	70	77.8	88.0	1	5	113	90
1.2KE75	75	83.3	102.0	1	5	134	89
1.2KE75A	75	83.3	92.1	1	5	121	97
1.2KE78	78	86.7	106.0	1	5	139	112
1.2KE78A	78	86.7	95.8	1	5	126	102
1.2KE85	85	94.4	115.0	1	5	151	123
1.2KE85A	85	94.4	104.0	1	5	137	88
1.2KE90	90	100	122	1	6	160	130
1.2KE90A	90	100	100	1	5	146	118
1.2KE100	100	111	136	1	5	179	137
1.2KE100A	100	111	123	1	5	162	74
1.2KE110	110	122	148	1	5	196	150
1.2KE110A	110	122	135	1	5	177	144
1.2KE120	120	133	183	1	5	214	158
1.2KE120A	120	133	147	1	5	193	157
1.2KE130	130	144	176	1	5	231	190
1.2KE130A	130	144	159	1	5	209	172
1.2KE150	150	167	204	1	5	268	220
1.2KE150A	150	167	185	1	5	243	200
1.2KE160	160	178	218	1	5	287	235
1.2KE160A	160	178	197	1	5	259	213
1.2KE170	170	189	231	1	5	304	256
1.2KE170A	170	189	209	1	5	275	44

$V_f$  at 80 amps peak, 8.3 msec sine wave equals 3.5 volts maximum (except bidirectional). For Bidirectional Applications—use C or CA suffix for types 1.2KE6.5 through 1.2KE170.

**NOTE 1:** A TAZ is normally selected according to the reverse "Stand Off Voltage" ( $V_{WM}$ ) which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.

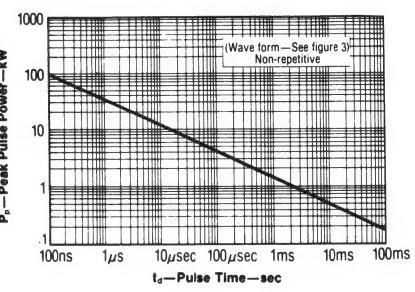


FIGURE 1  
Peak Pulse Power vs. Pulse Time

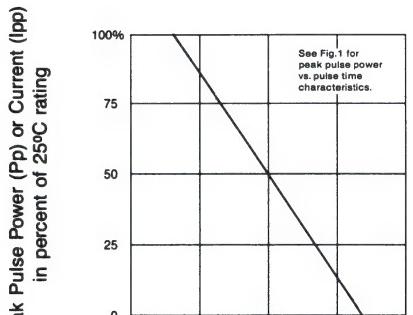


FIGURE 2  
Derating Curve

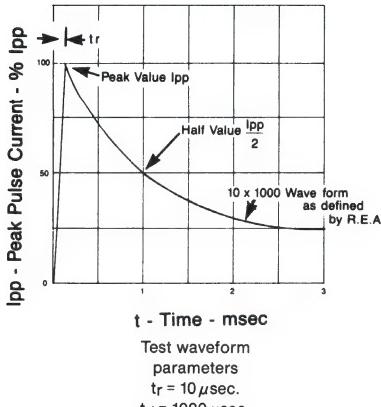


FIGURE 3  
PULSE WAVEFORM

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For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

**5KP5.0  
thru  
5KP110A**

## FEATURES

Designed for use on the output of switching power supplies, voltage tolerances are referenced to the power supply output voltage level.

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

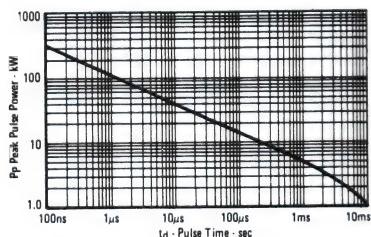
5000 Watts of Peak Pulse Power dissipation at 25°C

Clamping time (0 volts to V<sub>(BR)</sub> min): Less than  $1 \times 10^{-12}$  seconds

Operating and Storage temperature: -55° to +150°C

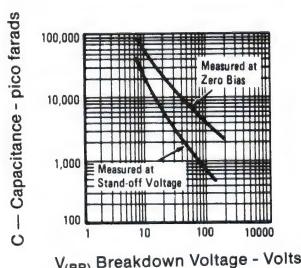
Steady State power dissipation: 5.0 watts @ T<sub>L</sub> = 25°C

Repetition rate (duty cycle): .05%



**FIGURE 1**

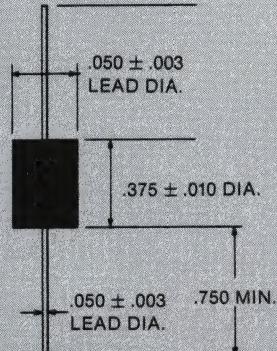
PEAK PULSE POWER  
VS. PULSE TIME



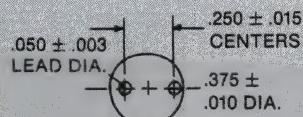
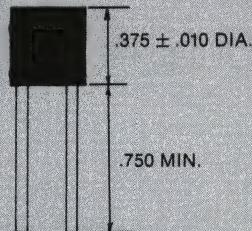
**FIGURE 2**

TYPICAL CAPACITANCE VS.  
BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE

## TRANSIENT ABSORPTION ZENER



**CASE 5A**



**CASE 5R**

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Void free molded thermosetting plastic

FINISH: Silver plated copper readily solderable.

POLARITY: Band denotes cathode. Bidirectional not marked.

WEIGHT: 4 grams (Appx.)

MOUNTING POSITION: Any

# 5KP5.0 thru 5KP110A

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

MICROSEMI PART NUMBER	REVERSE STAND-OFF VOLTAGE (Note 1) V <sub>WM</sub> VOLTS	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE @ I <sub>T</sub>		MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE @ I <sub>PP</sub> (1 mSEC) V <sub>C</sub> VOLTS	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE @ V <sub>WM</sub> I <sub>R</sub> A	MAXIMUM PEAK PULSE CURRENT (FIG. 3) I <sub>PP</sub> A	MAXIMUM VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE VARIATION OF (V <sub>BR</sub> ) mV/°C
		V <sub>BR</sub> VOLTS	I <sub>T</sub> mA				
5KP5.0	5.0	6.40	7.30	50	9.6	2000	520
5KP5.0A	5.0	6.40	7.00	50	9.2	2000	543
5KP6.0	6.0	6.67	8.15	50	11.4	5000	439
5KP6.0A	6.0	6.67	7.37	50	10.3	5000	485
5KP6.5	6.5	7.22	8.82	50	12.3	2000	407
5KP6.5A	6.5	7.22	7.98	50	11.2	2000	447
5KP7.0	7.0	7.78	9.51	50	13.3	1000	378
5KP7.0A	7.0	7.78	8.60	50	12.0	1000	417
5KP7.5	7.5	8.33	10.2	5	14.3	250	350
5KP7.5A	7.5	8.33	9.21	5	12.9	250	388
5KP8.0	8.0	8.89	10.9	5	15.0	150	333
5KP8.0A	8.0	8.89	9.83	5	13.6	150	367
5KP8.5	8.5	9.44	11.5	5	15.9	50	314
5KP8.5A	8.5	9.44	10.4	5	14.4	50	347
5KP9.0	9.0	10.0	12.2	5	16.9	20	295
5KP9.0A	9.0	10.0	11.1	5	15.4	20	325
5KP10	10	11.1	13.6	5	18.8	15	266
5KP10A	10	11.1	12.3	5	17.0	15	294
5KP11	11	12.2	14.9	5	20.1	10	249
5KP11A	11	12.2	13.5	5	18.2	10	274
5KP12	12	13.3	16.3	5	22.0	10	227
5KP12A	12	13.3	14.7	5	19.9	10	251
5KP13	13	14.4	17.6	5	23.8	10	210
5KP13A	13	14.4	15.9	5	21.5	10	232
5KP14	14	15.6	19.1	5	25.8	10	194
5KP14A	14	15.6	17.2	5	23.2	10	215
5KP15	15	16.7	20.4	5	26.9	10	188
5KP15A	15	16.7	18.5	5	24.4	10	206
5KP16	16	17.8	21.8	5	28.8	10	176
5KP16A	16	17.8	19.7	5	26.0	10	192
5KP17	17	18.9	23.1	5	30.5	10	164
5KP17A	17	18.9	20.9	5	27.6	10	181
5KP18	18	20.0	24.4	5	32.2	10	155
5KP18A	18	20.0	22.1	5	29.2	10	172
5KP20	20	22.2	27.1	5	35.8	10	139
5KP20A	20	22.2	24.5	5	32.4	10	154
5KP22	22	24.4	29.8	5	39.4	10	127
5KP22A	22	24.4	26.9	5	35.5	10	141
5KP24	24	26.7	32.6	5	43.0	10	116
5KP24A	24	26.7	29.5	5	38.9	10	128
5KP26	26	28.9	35.3	5	46.6	10	107
5KP26A	26	28.9	31.9	5	42.1	10	119
5KP28	28	31.1	38.0	5	50.1	10	99
5KP28A	28	31.1	34.4	5	45.5	10	110
5KP30	30	33.3	40.7	5	53.5	10	93
5KP30A	30	33.3	36.8	5	48.4	10	103
5KP33	33	36.7	44.9	5	59.0	10	85
5KP33A	33	36.7	40.6	5	53.3	10	94
5KP36	36	40.0	48.9	5	64.3	10	78
5KP36A	36	40.0	44.2	5	58.1	10	86
5KP40	40	44.4	54.3	5	71.4	10	70
5KP40A	40	44.4	49.1	5	64.5	10	78
5KP43	43	47.8	58.4	5	76.7	10	65
5KP43A	43	47.8	52.8	5	69.4	10	72
5KP45	45	50.0	61.1	5	80.3	10	62
5KP45A	45	50.0	55.3	5	72.7	10	69
5KP48	48	53.3	65.1	5	85.5	10	58
5KP48A	48	53.3	58.9	5	77.4	10	65
5KP51	51	56.7	69.3	5	91.1	10	55
5KP51A	51	56.7	62.7	5	82.4	10	61
5KP54	54	60.0	73.3	5	96.3	10	52
5KP54A	54	60.0	66.3	5	87.1	10	57
5KP58	58	64.4	78.7	5	103.0	10	49
5KP58A	58	64.4	71.2	5	93.6	10	53
5KP60	60	66.7	81.5	5	107.0	10	47
5KP60A	60	66.7	73.7	5	96.8	10	52
5KP64	64	71.1	86.9	5	114.0	10	44
5KP64A	64	71.1	78.6	5	103.0	10	49
5KP70	70	77.8	95.1	5	125	10	40
5KP70A	70	77.8	86.0	5	113	10	44
5KP75	75	83.3	102.0	5	134	10	37
5KP75A	75	83.3	92.1	5	121	10	41
5KP78	78	86.7	106.0	5	139	10	36
5KP78A	78	86.7	95.8	5	128	10	40
5KP85	85	94.4	115.0	5	151	10	33
5KP85A	85	94.4	104.0	5	137	10	36
5KP90	90	100	122	5	160	10	31
5KP90A	90	100	111	5	146	10	34
5KP100	100	111	136	5	179	10	28
5KP100A	100	111	123	5	162	10	31
5KP110	110	122	149	5	196	10	26
5KP110A	110	122	135	5	177	10	28

V<sub>f</sub> at 100 amps peak, 8.3 msec sine wave equals 3.5 volts maximum.

**NOTE 1:** TAZ are selected according to the reverse "Stand Off Voltage" V<sub>WM</sub> which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.

**MICRO**

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**15KP17  
thru  
15KP280A**

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

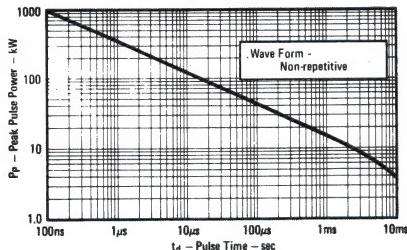
For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

### **FEATURES**

These TAZ devices are high power, medium voltage Transient Suppressors designed for protecting precision industrial electronic equipment. They are available from 17 volts through 280 volts. Special voltages are available upon request to the factory.

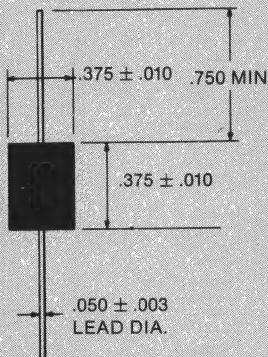
### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

15,000 watts of Peak Pulse Power dissipation at 25°C  
 $t_{clamping}$  (0 volts to  $V_{(BR)}$  min): Less than  $1 \times 10^{-12}$   
Operating and Storage temperature: -55°C to +150°C  
Steady State power dissipation: 7.0 watts @  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$   
Repetition rate (duty cycle): .05%

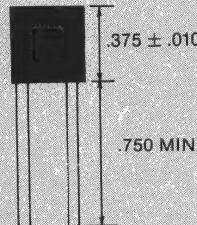


**FIGURE 1**  
PEAK PULSE POWER  
VS. PULSE TIME

### **TRANSIENT ABSORPTION ZENER**



**CASE 5A**



**CASE 5R**

### **MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Void free molded thermosetting plastic.

FINISH: Silver plated copper Readily solderable.

POLARITY: Positive terminal marked with a dot.

WEIGHT: 13 grams (Appx.).

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 15KP17 thru 15KP280A

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

MICROSEMI PART NUMBER	REVERSE STAND-OFF VOLTAGE (Note 1) V <sub>WM</sub> VOLTS	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE @ V <sub>(BR)</sub> VOLTS		MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE @ I <sub>PP</sub> (1 mSEC) V <sub>C</sub> VOLTS	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE @ V <sub>WM</sub> I <sub>D</sub> mA	MAXIMUM PEAK PULSE CURRENT (FIG. 2) I <sub>PP</sub> A	MAXIMUM VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE VARIATION OF V <sub>(BR)</sub> mV/°C
		I <sub>T</sub> mA					
15KP17	17	18.9	23.1	50	32.3	5000	464
15KP17A	17	18.9	20.9	50	29.3	5000	512
15KP18	18	20.0	24.4	50	34.2	5000	439
15KP18A	18	20.0	22.1	50	30.9	5000	485
15KP20	20	22.2	27.1	20	37.9	1500	396
15KP20A	20	22.2	24.5	20	34.3	1500	437
15KP22	22	24.4	29.8	10	41.1	500	365
15KP22A	22	24.4	26.9	10	37.1	500	404
15KP24	24	26.7	32.6	5	45.0	150	333
15KP24A	24	26.7	29.5	5	40.7	150	369
15KP26	26	28.9	35.3	5	48.7	50	308
15KP26A	26	28.9	31.9	5	44.0	50	341
15KP28	28	31.1	38.0	5	52.4	25	286
15KP28A	28	31.1	34.4	5	47.5	25	316
15KP30	30	33.3	40.7	5	56.2	15	287
15KP30A	30	33.3	36.8	5	50.7	15	296
15KP33	33	35.7	44.9	5	60.6	10	248
15KP33A	33	35.7	40.6	5	54.8	10	274
15KP36	36	40.0	48.9	5	66.0	10	227
15KP36A	36	40.0	44.2	5	59.7	10	251
15KP40	40	44.4	54.3	5	72.8	10	206
15KP40A	40	44.4	49.1	5	65.8	10	228
15KP43	43	47.8	58.4	5	77.1	10	195
15KP43A	43	47.8	52.8	5	69.7	10	215
15KP45	45	50.0	61.1	5	80.7	10	186
15KP45A	45	50.0	55.3	5	73.0	10	205
15KP48	48	53.3	65.1	5	85.9	10	175
15KP48A	48	53.3	58.9	5	77.7	10	193
15KP51	51	56.7	68.3	5	91.5	10	164
15KP51A	51	56.7	62.7	5	82.8	10	181
15KP54	54	60.0	73.3	5	96.8	10	155
15KP54A	54	60.0	66.3	5	87.5	10	171
15KP58	58	64.4	78.7	5	104.0	10	144
15KP58A	58	64.4	71.2	5	94.0	10	160
15KP60	60	66.7	81.5	5	107.0	10	140
15KP60A	60	66.7	73.7	5	97.3	10	154
15KP64	64	71.1	86.9	5	115	10	130
15KP64A	64	71.1	78.8	5	104	10	144
15KP70	70	77.8	95.1	5	126	10	119
15KP70A	70	77.8	88.0	5	114	10	132
15KP75	75	83.3	102.0	5	135	10	111
15KP75A	75	83.3	92.1	5	122	10	123
15KP78	78	86.7	108.0	5	140	10	107
15KP78A	78	86.7	95.8	5	126	10	119
15KP85	85	94.4	115	5	152	10	99
15KP85A	85	94.4	104	5	137	10	109
15KP90	90	100.0	122	5	160	10	94
15KP90A	90	100.0	111	5	146	10	103
15KP100	100	111	138	5	179	10	84
15KP100A	100	111	123	5	162	10	93
15KP110	110	122	149	5	196	10	77
15KP110A	110	122	135	5	178	10	84
15KP120	120	133	163	5	214	10	70
15KP120A	120	133	147	5	193	10	78
15KP130	130	144	176	5	231	10	65
15KP130A	130	144	159	5	209	10	72
15KP150	150	167	204	5	268	10	56
15KP150A	150	167	185	5	243	10	62
15KP160	160	178	218	5	287	10	52
15KP160A	160	178	197	5	259	10	58
15KP170	170	189	231	5	304	10	49
15KP170A	170	189	209	5	276	10	55
15KP180	180	200	244	5	321	10	47
15KP180A	180	200	221	5	291	10	52
15KP200	200	222	271	5	356	10	42
15KP200A	200	222	245	5	322	10	47
15KP220	220	245	299	5	393	10	38
15KP220A	220	245	271	5	356	10	42
15KP240	240	267	326	5	428	10	35
15KP240A	240	267	295	5	388	10	39
15KP260	260	289	353	5	464	10	32
15KP260A	260	289	319	5	419	10	36
15KP280	280	311	380	5	500	10	30
15KP280A	280	311	344	5	452	10	33

V<sub>f</sub> = 7.5 V @ 200A, 8.3 msec/½ sine wave.

**NOTE 1:** TAZ are normally selected according to the reverse "Stand Off Voltage" V<sub>WM</sub> which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.

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(602) 941-6300

# 60KS200C BIDIRECTIONAL TRANSIENT VOLTAGE SUPPRESSOR

## TRANSIENT ABSORPTION ZENER



### FEATURES

- 200 VOLT BIDIRECTIONAL
- EXCEEDS MIL-STD-1399 REQUIREMENTS
- CAN BE SUPPLIED WITH JAN/JANTX PARTS

This device is a bidirectional Transient Suppressor for shipboard equipment and power servicing equipment where large voltage transients endanger voltage sensitive components. It meets all applicable environmental requirements of MIL-S-19500 and is consistent with MIL-E-16400. Designed with MIL-STD-1399 Section 103 (Interface standard for shipboard systems, Electrical power, Alternating current) as the controlling specification.

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

15,000 watts Peak Pulse dissipation at 25°C

Steady State power dissipation: 10 watts

Operating and Storage temperatures: -65° to +150°C

t<sub>clamping</sub> (0 volts to V<sub>(BR)</sub>): Less than 1 x 10<sup>-8</sup> seconds

### CAPACITANCE

170 pF @ 0 Volts (Typical)

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C (Test Both Polarities)\*

MICROSEMI PART NUMBER	REVERSE STAND-OFF VOLTAGE (Note 1) V <sub>WM</sub> VOLTS	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE @ V <sub>WM</sub> I <sub>D</sub> μA	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE @ 1 mA V <sub>(BR)</sub> VOLTS	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE @ I <sub>PP</sub> V <sub>C</sub> VOLTS	MAXIMUM PEAK CURRENT (Pulse Wave Form) I <sub>PP</sub> A
60KS200C	180	10	200 225	335	180

\*Consult factory for other available voltages.

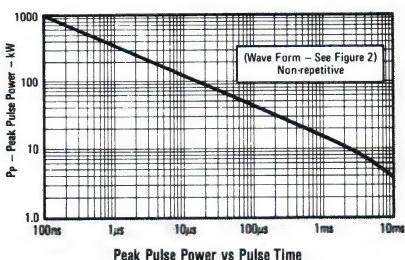


FIGURE 1

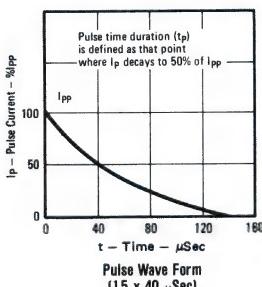


FIGURE 2

### MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Molded case.

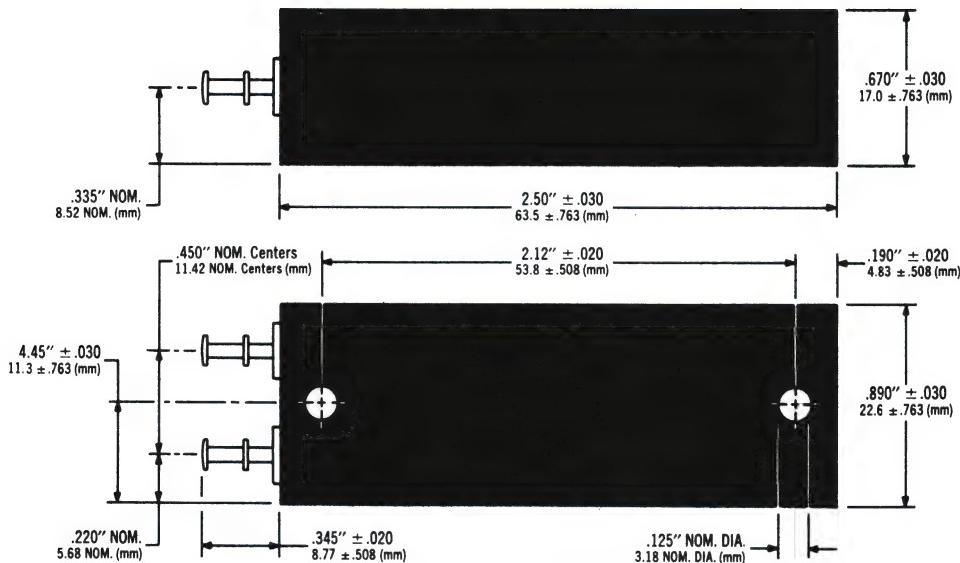
TERMINAL: Silver-plated brass.

POLARITY: Bidirectional.

WEIGHT: 50 grams (Appx.).

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 60KS200C BIDIRECTIONAL TRANSIENT VOLTAGE SUPPRESSOR



All dimensions in  $\frac{\text{INCH}}{\text{m.m.}}$

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# 704-15K36 and 704-15K36T TRANSIENT VOLTAGE SUPPRESSOR

**FEATURES**

- DESIGNED FOR MIL-STD-704
- 28 VOLT POWER SUPPLY PROTECTION
- CAN BE SUPPLIED WITH JAN/JANTX PARTS

This series is primarily for use in avionics equipment. It meets all applicable environmental requirements of MIL-S-19500. The controlling specification for these devices is MIL-STD-704 (Characteristics and Utilization of Aircraft Electric Power). These 15kW assemblies are designed typically to operate with a minimum source impedance of .25 Ohms for transients.

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Peak Pulse Power dissipation at 25°C: 15,000 watts at 1 msec

Steady State power dissipation: 10 watts

 $t_{clamping}$  (0 volts to  $V_{(BR)}$  min): Less than  $1 \times 10^{-12}$  seconds

Operating and Storage temperatures: -65° to +150°C

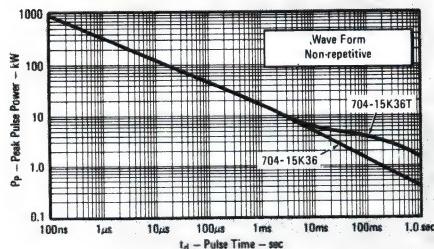
Forward surge rating: 300 amps, 1/120 second at 25°C

Duty cycle: .01%

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C**

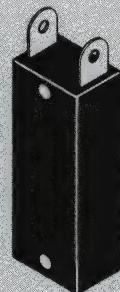
MICROSEMI PART NUMBER	REVERSE STAND-OFF VOLTAGE (Note 1) $V_{WM}$ VOLTS	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE @ $V_{WM}$ $I_D$ μA	MINIMUM BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE @ 10 mA $V_{(BR)}$ VOLTS	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE @ $I_{pp}$ $V_C$ VOLTS	MAXIMUM PEAK PULSE CURRENT (Fig. 2) $I_{pp}$ A	MAXIMUM FORWARD VOLTAGE $V_F$ @ ~ 0.3 msec. 100 A VOLTS DC
704-15K36	31.5	100	36	51	300	3.0
704-15K36T	31.5	500	36	51	300	15.0

**NOTE 1:** TAZ are normally selected according to the reverse "Stand Off Voltage" ( $V_{WM}$ ) which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.



**FIGURE 1**  
PEAK PULSE POWER  
VS. PULSE TIME

## TRANSIENT ABSORPTION ZENER



704-15K36 Case 8



704-15K36 Case 9

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Molded case.

TERMINAL: Silver Plated Brass

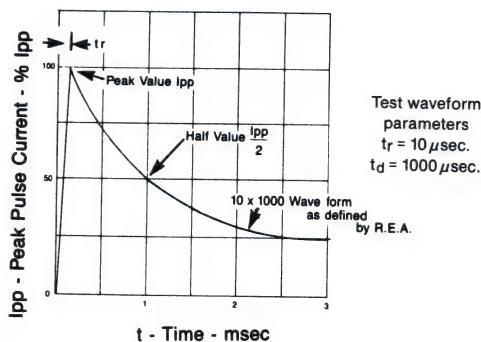
POLARITY: Cathode terminal marked with a dot.

WEIGHT: 704-15K36 = 38 grams

704-15K36T = 65 grams

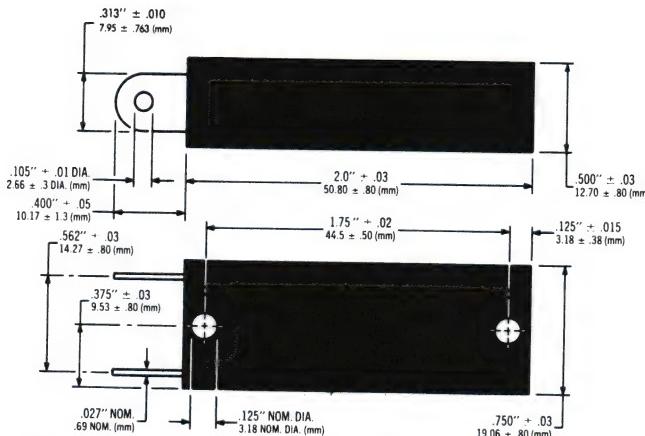
MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# 704-15K36 and 704-15K36T

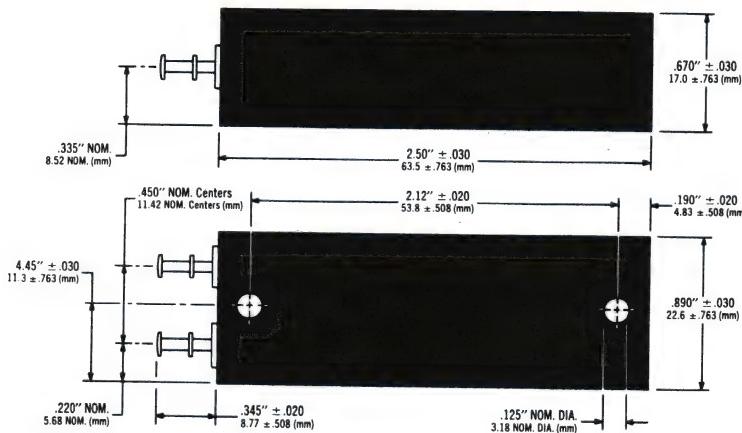


**FIGURE 2**  
**PULSE WAVEFORM**

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



## CASE 8



## CASE 9

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**DLTS-5  
thru  
DLTS-30**

### FEATURES

This series of TAZ devices is packaged in a ceramic, dual-in-line, hermetically sealed package. These components offer 15 protective devices; unidirectional or bidirectional, common buss connections, per package. The dual-in-line is designed specifically for data line protection, at the P.C. board level. TTL and MOS voltages are available for protection of input/output data circuits.

- UNIDIRECTIONAL OR BIDIRECTIONAL
- MULTIPLE TAZ ARRAY
- DUAL-IN-LINE, 16 PIN HERMETIC PACKAGE
- LOW CAPACITANCE
- $\mu$ P/mP COMPATIBLE PACKAGE
- VOLTAGE RANGE OF 5V TO 100V AVAILABLE
- COMMON BUSS CONFIGURATION
- MILITARY ENVIRONMENT CAPABILITY

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

500 Watts Peak Pulse Power/Position (@ 25°C) (8 x 20 $\mu$ s)

t<sub>clamping</sub> (0 volts to BV min.) Less than 1 x 10<sup>-12</sup> seconds (theoretical)  
(unidirectional) 5 x 10<sup>-9</sup> seconds (bidirectional) (theoretical)

Operating and Storage Temperatures: -55°C to +150°C

Forward Surge Rating: 10 Amps, 1/120 sec. @ 25°C (unidirectional)

Repetition Rate (duty cycle): .01%

### AVAILABLE DEVICE TYPES

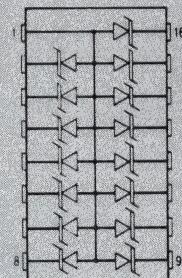
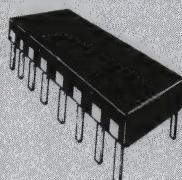
#### UNIDIRECTIONAL

DLTS-5, A  
DLTS-12, A  
DLTS-17, A  
DLTS-24, A  
DLTS-30, A

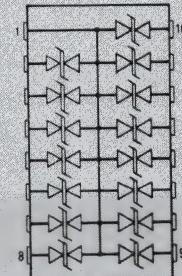
#### BIDIRECTIONAL

DLTS-8C, CA  
DLTS-13C, CA  
DLTS-19C, CA  
DLTS-30C, CA

### DATA LINE TRANSIENT SUPPRESSOR



TYPICAL  
UNIDIRECTIONAL  
SCHEMATIC



TYPICAL  
BIDIRECTIONAL  
SCHEMATIC

### MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Ceramic, 16 pin dual-in-line (.300" row spacing)

POLARITY: Pin No. 1 marked with a flag on lead and a dot on top of package. Body marked with type number.

WEIGHT: 3.5 grams (Appx.)

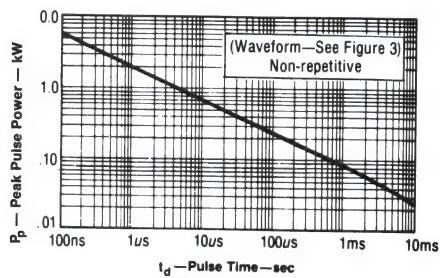
## **DLTS thru DLTS - 30**

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C**

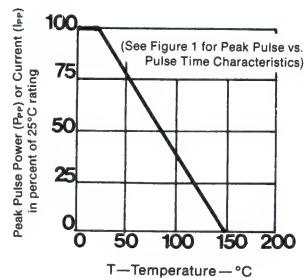
MICROSEMI PART NUMBER	REVERSE STAND-OFF VOLTAGE V <sub>WM</sub> VOLTS	MINIMUM BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE @ 1 mA V <sub>(BR)</sub> VOLTS	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE @ I <sub>PP2</sub> = 1A (8 x 20 psec) V <sub>C1</sub> VOLTS	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE @ I <sub>PP2</sub> = 10A (8 x 20 psec) V <sub>C2</sub> VOLTS	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE @ V <sub>WM</sub> I <sub>D</sub> μA	MAXIMUM CAPACITANCE @ 0V 1MHz C PF	MAXIMUM VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE VARIATION OF V <sub>(BR)</sub> MV/C
<b>Unidirectional</b>							
DLTS-5	5	6.0	10.2	12.5	200	880	5
DLTS-5A	5	6.0	9.5	10.6	200	880	5
DLTS-12	12	13.3	21.1	26.0	2	440	18
DLTS-12A	12	13.3	19.1	23.5	2	440	18
DLTS-17	17	19.2	30.4	37.4	2	330	20
DLTS-17A	17	19.2	27.5	33.9	2	330	20
DLTS-24	24	26.7	42.3	52.1	2	275	31
DLTS-24A	24	26.7	38.3	47.2	2	275	31
DLTS-30	30	33.3	52.8	65.0	2	220	39
DLTS-30A	30	33.3	47.8	58.8	2	220	39
<b>Bidirectional</b>							
DLTS-8C	8	8.5	13.4	16.6	10	440	9
DLTS-8CA	8	8.5	12.2	15.0	10	440	9
DLTS-13C	13	14.4	22.8	28.1	4	385	18
DLTS-13CA	13	14.4	20.6	25.4	4	385	18
DLTS-19C	19	21.6	34.2	42.1	4	275	24
DLTS-19CA	19	21.6	31.0	38.1	4	275	24
DLTS-30C	30	33.3	52.8	65.0	4	165	39
DLTS-30CA	30	33.3	47.8	58.8	4	165	39

"A", "CA", suffix denotes selected clamping voltage.

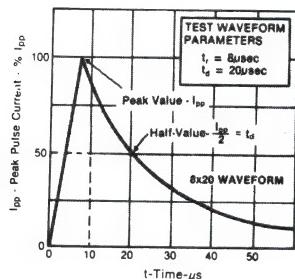
**NOTE 1:** A TAZ is normally selected according to the reverse "Stand Off Voltage"  $V_{WM}$  which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.



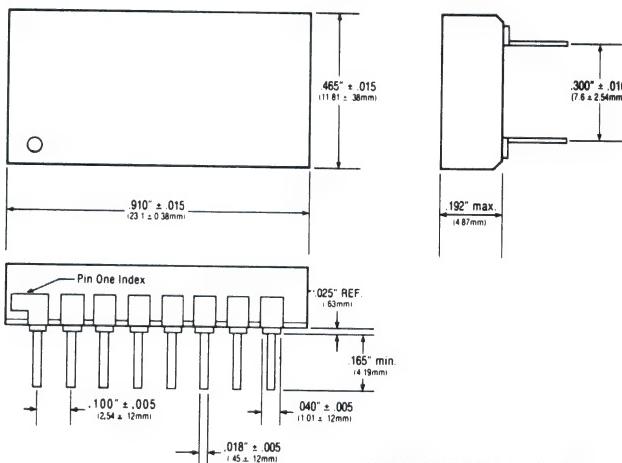
**FIGURE 1**  
PEAK PULSE POWER VS PULSE TIME  
(PER POSITION)



**FIGURE 2**  
DERATING CURVE



**FIGURE 3**  
PULSE WAVEFORM



#### CASE OUTLINE—CASE 10

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## **GMP-5 SERIES**

### **APPLICATION**

The GMP-5 is a low voltage transient suppressor designed for the protection of integrated circuits. Characterized by a very low clamping voltage together with a low standoff voltage, GMP-5's afford a high degree of protection to: TTL, ECL, DTL, MOS, CMOS, VMOS, HMOS, NMOS and static memory circuits susceptible to 5-volt line transients.

### **DESCRIPTION/FEATURES**

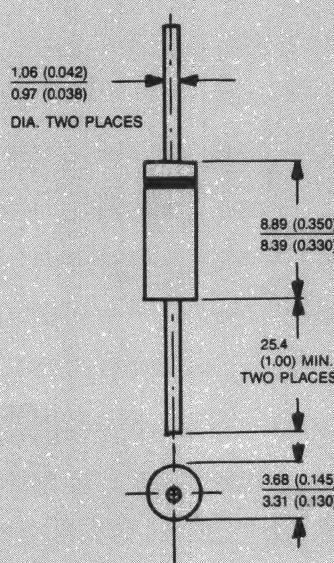
Transient Absorption Zeners (TAZ) are PN silicon junction zeners designed for transient voltage suppression. Due to the TAZ's fast response time, protection level and high discharge capability, they are extremely effective in providing protection against pulses generated by: voltage reversals, capacitive or inductive load switching, electromechanical switching, electrostatic discharge and electromagnetic coupling. Since integrated circuits are more susceptible to damage from these pulses, TAZ devices offer effective protection.

- 500 WATTS PEAK PULSE POWER DISSIPATION
- WORKING VOLTAGE OF 5 VOLTS
- PROTECTS TTL, ECL, DTL, MOS, CMOS, AND MSI INTEGRATED CIRCUITS
- LOW CLAMPING FACTOR

### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

500 Watts of Peak Pulse Power dissipation at 25°C  
 $t_{clamping}$  (0 volts to BV min.): Less than  $1 \times 10^{-12}$  seconds (theoretical)  
 Operating and Storage Temperatures: -65°C to +175°C  
 Forward surge rating: 50 amps 1/120 second at 25°C  
 Steady State power dissipation: 5.0 W @  $T_L = 75^\circ\text{C}$ , Lead Length = 3/8"  
 Repetition rate (duty cycle): .05%

### **TRANSIENT ABSORPTION ZENER**



Cathode Indicated by Band  
All Dimensions in Millimeters (Inches)

### **MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**CASE:** Void free transfer molded thermosetting plastic

**FINISH:** Silver plated copper, readily solderable

**POLARITY:** Band denotes cathode

**WEIGHT:** 0.7 gram (Appx.)

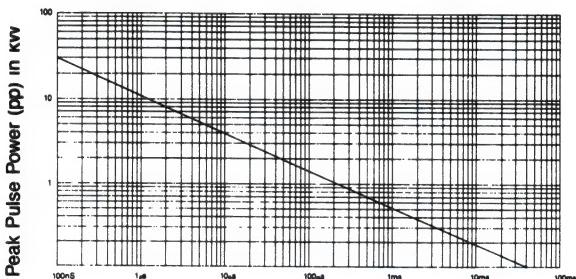
**MOUNTING POSITION:** Any

# GMP-5

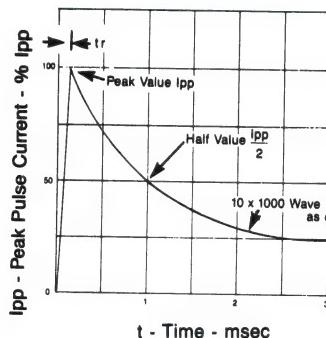
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

MICROSEMI CORP. PART NUMBER	STAND OFF VOLTAGE Note 1 V <sub>WM</sub> Volts	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE @ V <sub>WM</sub> I <sub>D</sub> μA	MINIMUM BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE @ 1mA V (BR) Volts	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE @ I <sub>pp1</sub> = 1A (Fig 2) V <sub>C</sub> Volts	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE @ I <sub>pp2</sub> = 10A (Fig 2) V <sub>C</sub> Volts	MAXIMUM PEAK PULSE CURRENT (Fig 2) I <sub>pp3</sub> Amps	MAXIMUM PEAK PULSE CURRENT (1.2x50 μsec) Amps
GMP - 5	5.0	300	5.3	6.7	6.9	70	215
GMP - 5A	5.0	100	5.5	6.7	6.9	70	215
GMP - 5B	5.0	300	5.3	6.4	6.6	70	215

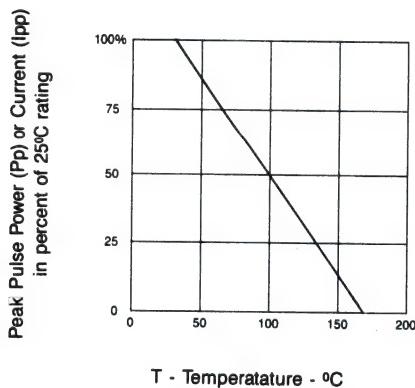
V<sub>f</sub> at 50 amps peak, 8.3 msec sine wave = 3.5 volts maximum



**FIGURE 1**  
PEAK PULSE POWER VS PULSE TIME

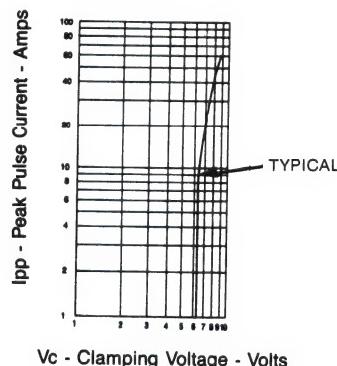


**FIGURE 2**  
PULSE WAVE FORM



T - Temperature - °C

**FIGURE 3**  
DERATING CURVE



**FIGURE 4**  
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC CLAMPING VOLTAGE  
(V<sub>C</sub>) VS PEAK PULSE CURRENT (I<sub>pp</sub>)

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**ICT-5  
thru  
ICT-45C**



### **FEATURES**

- THIS SERIES OF TAZ DEVICES IS DESIGNED TO PROTECT BIPOLAR, MOS AND SCHOTTKY IMPROVED INTEGRATED CIRCUITS.
- TRANSIENT PROTECTION FOR CMOS, MOS, BIPOLAR, ICS (TTL, ECL, DTL, RTL AND LINEAR FUNCTIONS)
- 5.0 TO 45 VOLTS
- LOW CLAMPING RATIO

### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

1500 Watts of Peak Pulse Power dissipation at 25°C

t<sub>clamping</sub> (0 volts to V<sub>(BR)</sub> min): Unidirectional—Less than  $1 \times 10^{-12}$  seconds  
Bidirectional—Less than  $5 \times 10^{-9}$  seconds

Operating and Storage temperatures: -65° to +175°C

Forward surge rating: 200 amps, 1/120 second at 25°C  
(Applies to Unidirectional or single direction only)

Steady State power dissipation: 1.0 watt

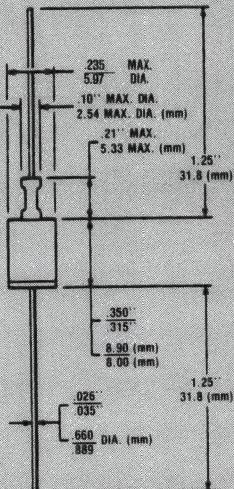
Repetition rate (duty cycle): .01%

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Clamping Factor: 1.33 @ Full rated power  
1.20 @ 50% rated power

Clamping Factor: The ratio of the actual V<sub>C</sub> (Clamping Voltage) to the actual V<sub>(BR)</sub> (Breakdown Voltage) as measured on a specific device.

### **TRANSIENT ABSORPTION ZENER**



### **MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: DO-13 welded, hermetically sealed metal and glass.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

POLARITY: Cathode connected to case and marked. Bidirectional not marked.

WEIGHT: 1.4 grams (Appx.)

MOUNTING POSITION: Any

# ICT-5 thru ICT-45C

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

MICROSEMI PART NUMBER	STAND-OFF VOLTAGE (NOTE 1) $V_{WM}$ VOLTS	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE @ $V_{WM}$ $I_D$ $\mu A$	MINIMUM* BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE @ 1 mA $B(V_B)$ (min.) VOLTS	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE (Fig. 2) @ $I_{PP1} = 1A$ $V_C$ VOLTS	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE (Fig. 2) @ $I_{PP2} = 10A$ $V_C$ VOLTS	MAXIMUM PEAK PULSE CURRENT $I_{PP3}$ A
ICT-5	5.0	300	6.0	7.1	7.5	160
ICT-8	8.0	25	9.4	11.3	11.5	100
ICT-10	10.0	2	11.7	13.7	14.1	90
ICT-12	12.0	2	14.1	16.1	16.5	70
ICT-15	15.0	2	17.6	20.1	20.6	60
ICT-18	18.0	2	21.2	24.2	25.2	50
ICT-22	22.0	2	25.9	29.8	32.0	40
ICT-36	36.0	2	42.4	50.6	54.3	23
ICT-45	45.0	2	52.9	63.3	70.0	19

$V_f$  at 100 amps peak, 8.3 msec sine wave equals 3.5 volts maximum

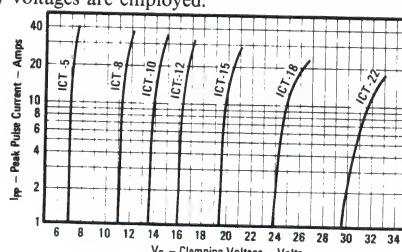
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C (Test Both Polarities)

ICT-5C	5.0	300	6.0	7.1	7.5	160
ICT-8C	8.0	25	9.4	11.4	11.6	100
ICT-10C	10.0	2	11.7	14.1	14.5	90
ICT-12C	12.0	2	14.1	16.7	17.1	70
ICT-15C	15.0	2	17.6	20.8	21.4	60
ICT-18C	18.0	2	21.2	24.8	25.5	50
ICT-22C	22.0	2	25.9	30.8	32.0	40
ICT-36C	36.0	2	42.4	50.6	54.3	23
ICT-45C	45.0	2	52.9	63.3	70.0	19

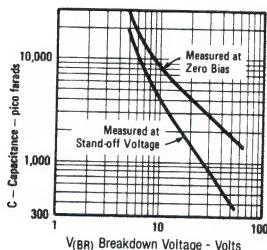
C Suffix indicates Bidirectional

**NOTE 1:** TAZ are normally selected according to the reverse "Stand Off Voltage"  $V_{WM}$  which should be equal to or greater than the DC or repetitive peak operation voltage level.

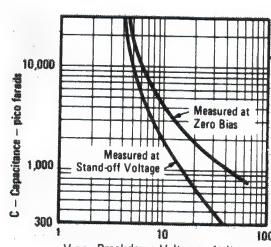
\*The minimum breakdown voltage as shown takes into consideration the  $\pm 1$  volt tolerance normally specified for power supply regulation on most integrated circuit manufacturers data sheets. Similar devices are available with reduced clamping voltages where tighter regulated power supply voltages are employed.



**FIGURE 2**  
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC CLAMPING VOLTAGE VS PEAK PULSE CURRENT



**FIGURE 3**  
TYPICAL CAPACITANCE VS  
BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE  
(UNIDIRECTIONAL TYPES)



**FIGURE 4**  
TYPICAL CAPACITANCE VS  
BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE  
(BIDIRECTIONAL TYPES)

SANTA ANA, CA

**micro**  
**Microsemi Corp.**  
The diode experts

SCOTTSDALE, AZ

For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

ICTE-5  
thru  
ICTE-45C

## FEATURES

- DESIGNED TO PROTECT BIPOLAR, MOS, AND SCHOTTKY IMPROVED INTEGRATED CIRCUITS FROM ELECTRICAL DISTURBANCES.
- TRANSIENT PROTECTION FOR CMOS, MOS, BIPOLAR, ICs, (TTL, ECL, DTL, RTL AND LINEAR FUNCTIONS)
- VOLTAGE RANGE OF 5.0 to 45 VOLTS
- LOW CLAMPING RATIO

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

1500 Watts of Peak Pulse Power dissipation at 25°C

t<sub>clamping</sub> (0 volts to V<sub>(BR)</sub> min.): Unidirectional—Less than  $1 \times 10^{-12}$  seconds  
Bidirectional—Less than  $5 \times 10^{-9}$  seconds

Operating and Storage Temperatures: -65° to +175°C

Forward Surge Rating: 200 amps, 1/120 second at 25°C

(Applies to Unidirectional or single direction only)

Steady State power dissipation: 5.0 watts @ T<sub>L</sub> = 75°C, Lead Length = 3/8"

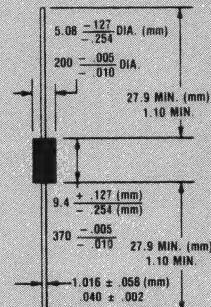
Repetition rate (duty cycle): .05%

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Clamping Factor: 1.33 @ Full rated power  
1.20 @ 50% rated power

Clamping Factor: The ratio of the actual V<sub>C</sub> (Clamping Voltage) to the actual V<sub>(BR)</sub> (Breakdown Voltage) as measured on a specific device.

## TRANSIENT ABSORPTION ZENER



## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Void free, molded thermal-setting plastic

FINISH: Silver plated copper readily solderable

POLARITY: Band denotes cathode

WEIGHT: 1.5 grams (Appx.)

MOUNTING POSITION: Any

# ICTE - 5 thru ICTE - 45C

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

MICROSEMI PART NUMBER	STAND-OFF VOLTAGE (Note 1) $V_{WM}$ VOLTS	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE @ $V_{WM}$ $I_R$ $\mu A$	MINIMUM* BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE @ 1 mA $V_{(BR)}$ (min.) VOLTS	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE (Fig. 2) @ $I_{PP1} = 1A$ $V_C$ VOLTS	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE (Fig. 2) @ $I_{PP2} = 10A$ $V_C$ VOLTS	MAXIMUM PEAK PULSE CURRENT $I_{PP3}$ A
ICTE-5	5.0	300	6.0	7.1	7.5	160
ICTE-8	8.0	25	9.4	11.3	11.5	100
ICTE-10	10.0	2	11.7	13.7	14.1	90
ICTE-12	12.0	2	14.1	16.1	16.5	70
ICTE-15	15.0	2	17.6	20.1	20.6	60
ICTE-18	18.0	2	21.2	24.2	25.2	50
ICTE-22	22.0	2	25.9	29.8	32.0	40
ICTE-36	36.0	2	42.4	50.6	54.3	23
ICTE-45	45.0	2	52.9	63.3	70.0	19

$V_f$  at 100 amps peak, 8.3 msec sine wave equals 3.5 volts maximum

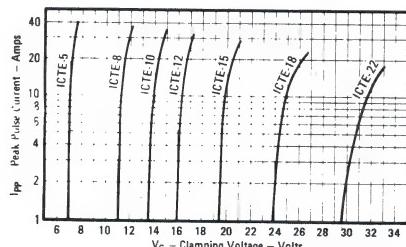
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C (Test Both Polarities)

ICTE-5C	5.0	300	6.0	7.1	7.5	160
ICTE-8C	8.0	25	9.4	11.4	11.6	100
ICTE-10C	10.0	2	11.7	14.1	14.5	90
ICTE-12C	12.0	2	14.1	16.7	17.1	70
ICTE-15C	15.0	2	17.6	20.8	21.4	60
ICTE-18C	18.0	2	21.2	24.8	25.5	50
ICTE-22C	22.0	2	25.9	30.8	32.0	40
ICTE-36C	36.0	2	42.4	50.6	54.3	23
ICTE-45C	45.0	2	52.9	63.3	70.0	19

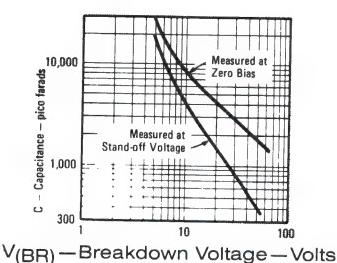
C Suffix indicates Bidirectional

**NOTE 1:** TAZ are normally selected according to the reverse "Stand Off Voltage"  $V_{WM}$  which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.

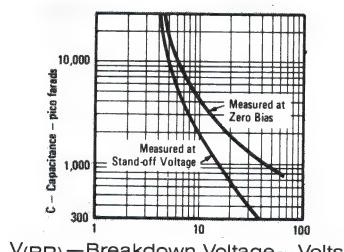
\*The minimum breakdown voltage as shown takes into consideration the  $\pm 1$  volt tolerance normally specified for power supply regulation on most integrated circuit manufacturers data sheets. Similar devices are available with reduced clamping voltages where tighter regulated power supply voltages are employed.



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**LC6.5  
thru  
LC170A**

## LOW CAPACITANCE

### FEATURES

This series employs a standard TAZ in series with a rectifier with the same transient capabilities as the TAZ. The rectifier is used to reduce the effective capacitance up thru 100 MHz with a minimum amount of signal loss or deformation. The low capacitance TAZ may be applied directly across the signal line to prevent induced transients from lightning, power interruptions, or static discharge. If bipolar transient capability is required, two low-capacitance TAZ must be used in parallel, opposite in polarity for complete AC protection.

- 1500 WATTS OF PEAK PULSE POWER DISSIPATION AT 25°C
- AVAILABLE IN RANGES FROM 6.5-200V
- LOW CAPACITANCE AC SIGNAL PROTECTION

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

1500 Watts of Peak Pulse Power dissipation at 25°C

t<sub>clamping</sub> (0 volts to V<sub>(BR)</sub> min): Less than  $5 \times 10^{-9}$  seconds

Operating and Storage temperatures: -65° to +175°C

Steady State power dissipation: 1.0 W

Repetition Rate (duty cycle): .01%

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

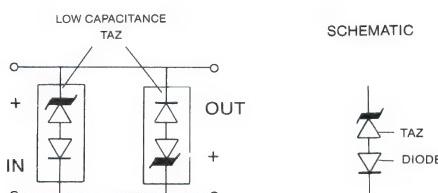
Clamping Factor: 1.4 @ Full Rated power  
1.30 @ 50% Rated power

Clamping Factor: The ratio of the actual V<sub>C</sub> (Clamping Voltage) to the actual V<sub>(BR)</sub> (Breakdown Voltage) as measured on a specific device.

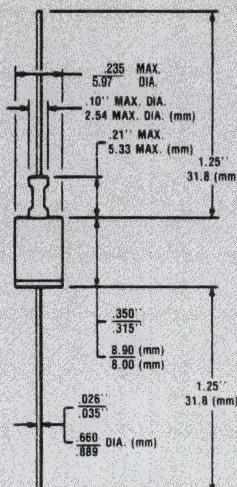
**NOTE:** When pulse testing, test in Avalanche direction. DO NOT pulse in forward direction.

### APPLICATION

Devices must be used with two units in parallel, opposite in polarity, as shown in circuit for AC Signal Line protection:



### TRANSIENT ABSORPTION ZENER



### MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: DO-13, welded, hermetically sealed metal and glass.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads solderable.

POLARITY: Cathode connected to case and marked.

WEIGHT: 1.4 grams (Appx.)

MOUNTING POSITION: Any

# LC6.5 thru LC170A

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

MICROSEMIC PART NUMBER	REVERSE STAND-OFF VOLTAGE V <sub>WM</sub> VOLTS	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE V <sub>BR</sub> VOLTS	@ I <sub>T</sub> mA	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE CURRENT I <sub>R</sub> , A	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE V <sub>C</sub> VOLTS	MAXIMUM PEAK OPERATING CURRENT 10 x 1000 AMPS	CAPACI- TANCE @ 0 VOLTS pF	V <sub>WB</sub> WORKING BLOCKING VOLTAGE VOLTS	I <sub>B</sub> INVERSE BREAKDOWN LEAKAGE CURRENT μA	V <sub>PB</sub> PEAK BLOCKING VOLTAGE VOLTS	
LC6.5	6.5	7.22	8.82	10	1000	123	100	100	75	100	
LC6.5A	6.5	7.22	7.98	10	1000	112	100	100	75	100	
LC7.0	7.0	7.78	9.51	10	500	133	100	100	75	100	
LC7.0A	7.0	7.78	8.60	10	500	120	100	100	75	100	
LC7.5	7.5	8.33	10.2	10	250	143	100	100	75	100	
LC7.5A	7.5	8.33	9.21	10	250	129	100	100	75	100	
LC8.0	8.0	8.69	10.9	1	100	15.0	100	100	75	100	
LC8.0A	8.0	8.69	9.83	1	100	13.6	100	100	75	100	
LC8.5	8.5	9.44	11.5	1	50	15.9	94	100	75	100	
LC8.5A	8.5	9.44	10.4	1	50	14.4	100	100	75	100	
LC9.0	9.0	10.0	12.2	1	10	16.9	89	100	75	100	
LC9.0A	9.0	10.0	11.1	1	10	15.4	97	100	75	100	
LC10	10	11.1	13.6	1	5	18.8	80	100	75	100	
LC10A	10	11.1	12.3	1	5	17.0	88	100	75	100	
LC11	11	12.2	14.9	1	5	20.1	74	100	75	100	
LC11A	11	12.2	13.5	1	5	18.2	82	100	75	100	
LC12	12	13.3	16.3	1	5	22.0	68	100	75	100	
LC12A	12	13.3	14.7	1	5	19.9	75	100	75	100	
LC13	13	14.4	17.6	1	5	23.8	63	100	75	100	
LC13A	13	14.4	15.9	1	5	21.5	70	100	75	100	
LC14	14	15.6	19.1	1	5	25.8	58	100	75	100	
LC14A	14	15.6	17.2	1	5	23.2	65	100	75	100	
LC15	15	16.7	20.4	1	5	26.9	56	100	75	100	
LC15A	15	16.7	18.5	1	5	24.4	61	100	75	100	
LC16	16	17.8	21.8	1	5	28.8	52	100	75	100	
LC16A	16	17.8	19.7	1	5	26.0	57	100	75	100	
LC17	17	18.9	23.1	1	5	30.5	49	100	75	100	
LC17A	17	18.9	20.9	1	5	27.5	54	100	75	100	
LC18	18	20.0	24.4	1	5	32.2	46	100	75	100	
LC18A	18	20.0	22.1	1	5	29.2	51	100	75	100	
LC20	20	22.2	25.1	1	5	32.5	42	100	75	100	
LC20A	20	22.2	24.5	1	5	32.4	46	100	75	100	
LC22	22	24.4	28.8	1	5	38.4	38	100	75	100	
LC22A	22	24.4	26.9	1	5	35.5	42	100	75	100	
LC24	24	26.7	32.6	1	5	43.0	35	100	75	100	
LC24A	24	26.7	29.5	1	5	38.9	39	100	75	100	
LC26	26	28.9	35.3	1	5	46.8	32	100	75	100	
LC26A	26	28.9	31.9	1	5	42.1	36	100	75	100	
LC28	28	31.1	38.0	1	5	50.1	30	100	75	100	
LC28A	28	31.1	34.4	1	5	45.4	33	100	75	100	
LC30	30	33.3	40.7	1	5	53.5	28	100	75	100	
LC30A	30	33.3	36.8	1	5	48.4	31	100	75	100	
LC33	33	36.7	44.9	1	5	58.0	25.4	100	75	100	
LC33A	33	36.7	40.6	1	5	53.3	28.1	100	75	100	
LC36	36	40.0	48.9	1	5	64.3	23.3	100	75	100	
LC36A	36	40.0	44.2	1	5	58.1	25.8	100	75	100	
LC40	40	44.4	54.3	1	5	71.4	21.0	100	75	100	
LC40A	40	44.4	49.1	1	5	64.5	23.3	100	75	100	
LC43	43	47.8	58.4	1	5	78.7	19.5	100	150	200	
LC43A	43	47.8	52.8	1	5	68.4	21.6	100	150	200	
LC45	45	50.0	61.1	1	5	80.3	16.7	100	150	200	
LC45A	45	50.0	55.3	1	5	72.7	20.6	100	150	200	
LC48	48	53.3	65.1	1	5	85.5	17.5	100	150	200	
LC48A	48	53.3	58.9	1	5	77.4	19.4	100	150	200	
LC51	51	56.7	69.3	1	5	91.1	16.5	100	150	200	
LC51A	51	56.7	62.7	1	5	82.4	18.2	100	150	200	
LC54	54	60.0	73.3	1	5	96.3	15.6	100	150	200	
LC54A	54	60.0	66.3	1	5	87.1	17.2	100	150	200	
LC58	58	64.4	78.7	1	5	103.0	14.6	100	150	200	
LC58A	58	64.4	71.2	1	5	93.6	16.0	100	150	200	
LC60	60	66.7	81.5	1	5	107.0	14.0	90	150	200	
LC60A	60	66.7	73.7	1	5	96.8	15.5	90	150	200	
LC64	64	71.1	86.9	1	5	114.0	13.2	90	150	200	
LC64A	64	71.1	78.6	1	5	103.0	14.6	90	150	200	
LC70	70	77.8	95.1	1	5	125	12.0	90	150	200	
LC70A	70	77.8	86.0	1	5	113	13.3	90	150	200	
LC75	75	83.3	102.0	1	5	134	11.2	90	150	200	
LC75A	75	83.3	92.1	1	5	121	12.4	90	150	200	
LC80	80	88.7	108	1	5	142	10.6	90	150	200	
LC80A	80	88.7	98.0	1	5	129	11.6	90	150	200	
LC90	90	100	122	1	5	160	9.4	90	300	1	200
LC90A	90	100	111	1	5	146	10.3	90	300	1	200
LC100	100	111	136	1	5	179	8.4	90	300	1	200
LC100A	100	111	123	1	5	162	9.3	90	300	1	200
LC110	110	122	149	1	5	196	7.7	90	300	1	400
LC110A	110	122	135	1	5	173	8.4	90	300	1	400
LC120	120	133	163	1	5	214	7.0	90	300	1	400
LC120A	120	133	147	1	5	193	7.8	90	300	1	400
LC130	130	144	176	1	5	231	6.5	90	300	1	400
LC130A	130	144	159	1	5	209	7.2	90	300	1	400
LC150	150	167	204	1	5	268	5.6	90	300	1	400
LC150A	150	167	185	1	5	243	6.2	90	300	1	400
LC160	160	178	218	1	5	287	5.2	90	300	1	400
LC160A	160	178	197	1	5	250	5.8	90	300	1	400
LC170	170	189	231	1	5	304	4.9	90	300	1	400
LC170A	170	189	209	1	5	275	5.4	90	300	1	400

**NOTE 1:** TAZ are normally selected according to the reverse "Stand Off Voltage (V<sub>WM</sub>) which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.



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LCE6.5  
thru

LCE170A

**LOW CAPACITANCE**



## FEATURES

This series employs a standard TAZ in series with a rectifier with the same transient capabilities as the TAZ. The rectifier is also used to reduce the effective capacitance up thru 100 MHz with a minimum amount of signal loss or deformation. The low-capacitance TAZ may be applied directly across the signal line to prevent induced transients from lightning, power interruptions, or static discharge. If bipolar transient capability is required, two low-capacitance TAZ must be used in parallel, opposite in polarity for complete AC protection.

- 1500 WATTS OF PEAK PULSE POWER DISSIPATION AT 25°C
- AVAILABLE IN RANGES FROM 6.5—200V
- LOW CAPACITANCE AC SIGNAL PROTECTION

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

1500 Watts of Peak Pulse Power dissipation at 25°C  
 $t_{clamping}$  (0 volts to  $V_{(BR)}$  min): Less than  $5 \times 10^{-9}$  seconds  
 Operating and Storage temperatures: -65° to +175°C  
 Steady State power dissipation: 5.0W @  $T_L = 75^\circ\text{C}$   
 Lead Length = 3/8"  
 Repetition Rate (duty cycle): .05%

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

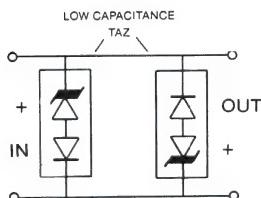
Clamping Factor: 1.4 @ Full Rated power  
 1.30 @ 50% Rated power

Clamping Factor: The ratio of the actual  $V_C$  (Clamping Voltage) to the actual  $V_{(BR)}$  (Breakdown Voltage) as measured on a specific device.

**NOTE:** When pulse testing, test in TAZ Avalanche direction. DO NOT pulse in forward direction.

## APPLICATION

Devices must be used with two units in parallel, opposite in polarity, as shown in circuit for AC Signal Line protection:



SCHEMATIC



TAZ—  
DIODE—

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

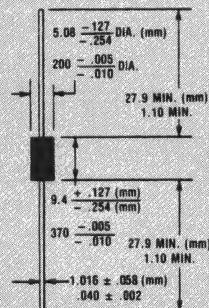
CASE: Void free transfer molded thermosetting plastic.

FINISH: Silver plated copper readily solderable.

POLARITY: Cathode marked with band.

WEIGHT: 1.5 grams (Appx.).

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.



# LCE6.5 thru LCE170A

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

MICRO- SEMI- PART NUMBER	REVERSE STAND-OFF VOLTAGE $V_{WM}$ VOLTS	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE $V_{BR}$ VOLTS		@ $I_T$ mA	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE @ $T_{WM}$ $I_D$ μA	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE $V_{CP}$ VOLTS	MAXIMUM PEAK CURRENT 10 x 1000 AMPS	CAPACI- TANCE @ 0 VOLTS PF	$V_{WB}$	$I_B$	$V_{PBI}$
		Min.	Max.						INVERSE BLOCKING VOLTAGE VOLTS	INVERSE LEAKAGE CURRENT μA	PEAK INVERSE BLOCKING VOLTAGE VOLTS
LCE6.5	6.5	7.22	8.82	10	1000	12.3	100	100	75	1	100
LCE6.5A	6.5	7.22	7.98	10	1000	11.2	100	100	75	1	100
LCE7.0	7.0	7.78	9.51	10	500	13.3	100	100	75	1	100
LCE7.0A	7.0	7.78	8.80	10	500	12.0	100	100	75	1	100
LCE7.5	7.5	8.33	10.2	10	250	14.3	100	100	75	1	100
LCE7.5A	7.5	8.33	9.21	10	250	12.9	100	100	75	1	100
LCE8.0	8.0	8.89	10.9	1	100	15.0	100	100	75	1	100
LCE8.0A	8.0	8.89	9.83	1	100	13.6	100	100	75	1	100
LCE8.5	8.5	9.44	11.5	1	50	15.9	94	100	75	1	100
LCE8.5A	8.5	9.44	10.4	1	50	14.4	100	100	75	1	100
LCE9.0	9.0	10.0	12.2	1	10	16.9	88	100	75	1	100
LCE9.0A	9.0	10.0	11.1	1	10	15.4	97	100	75	1	100
LCE10	10	11.1	13.6	1	5	18.8	80	100	75	1	100
LCE10A	10	11.1	12.3	1	5	17.0	88	100	75	1	100
LCE11	11	12.2	14.9	1	5	20.1	74	100	75	1	100
LCE11A	11	12.2	13.5	1	5	18.2	82	100	75	1	100
LCE12	12	13.3	16.3	1	5	22.0	68	100	75	1	100
LCE12A	12	13.3	14.7	1	5	19.9	75	100	75	1	100
LCE13	13	14.4	17.8	1	5	23.8	63	100	75	1	100
LCE13A	13	14.4	15.9	1	5	21.5	70	100	75	1	100
LCE14	14	15.6	19.1	1	5	25.8	58	100	75	1	100
LCE14A	14	15.6	17.2	1	5	22.2	65	100	75	1	100
LCE15	15	18.7	20.4	1	5	26.9	56	100	75	1	100
LCE15A	15	18.7	18.5	1	5	24.4	61	100	75	1	100
LCE16	16	17.8	21.8	1	5	28.8	52	100	75	1	100
LCE16A	16	17.8	19.7	1	5	25.0	57	100	75	1	100
LCE17	17	18.9	23.1	1	5	30.5	46	100	75	1	100
LCE17A	17	18.9	20.0	1	5	27.6	54	100	75	1	100
LCE18	18	20.0	24.4	1	5	32.2	46	100	75	1	100
LCE18A	18	20.0	22.1	1	5	29.2	51	100	75	1	100
LCE20	20	22.2	27.1	1	5	35.8	42	100	75	1	100
LCE20A	20	22.2	24.5	1	5	32.4	46	100	75	1	100
LCE22	22	24.4	29.8	1	5	39.4	38	100	75	1	100
LCE22A	22	24.4	26.9	1	5	35.5	42	100	75	1	100
LCE24	24	26.7	32.6	1	5	43.0	35	100	75	1	100
LCE24A	24	26.7	29.5	1	5	38.9	39	100	75	1	100
LCE26	26	28.9	35.3	1	5	46.8	32	100	75	1	100
LCE26A	26	28.9	31.9	1	5	42.1	36	100	75	1	100
LCE28	28	31.1	38.0	1	5	50.1	30	100	75	1	100
LCE28A	28	31.1	34.4	1	5	45.5	33	100	75	1	100
LCE30	30	33.3	40.7	1	5	53.5	28	100	75	1	100
LCE30A	30	33.3	36.8	1	5	48.4	31	100	75	1	100
LCE33	33	36.7	44.9	1	5	59.0	25.4	100	75	1	100
LCE33A	33	36.7	40.6	1	5	53.3	26.1	100	75	1	100
LCE36	36	40.0	48.9	1	5	64.3	23.3	100	75	1	100
LCE36A	36	40.0	44.2	1	5	58.1	25.8	100	75	1	100
LCE40	40	44.4	54.3	1	5	71.4	21.0	100	75	1	100
LCE40A	40	44.4	49.1	1	5	64.5	23.3	100	75	1	100
LCE43	43	47.8	58.4	1	5	78.7	19.5	100	150	1	200
LCE43A	43	47.8	52.8	1	5	69.4	21.6	100	150	1	200
LCE45	45	50.0	61.1	1	5	80.3	18.7	100	150	1	200
LCE45A	45	50.0	55.3	1	5	72.7	20.6	100	150	1	200
LCE46	48	53.3	65.1	1	5	85.5	17.5	100	150	1	200
LCE46A	48	53.3	58.9	1	5	77.4	19.4	100	150	1	200
LCE51	51	56.7	69.3	1	5	91.1	16.5	100	150	1	200
LCE51A	51	56.7	62.7	1	5	82.4	18.2	100	150	1	200
LCE54	54	60.0	73.3	1	5	98.3	16.8	100	150	1	200
LCE54A	54	60.0	62.7	1	5	87.1	17.2	100	150	1	200
LCE56	58	64.4	78.7	1	5	103.0	14.8	100	150	1	200
LCE58A	58	64.4	71.2	1	5	93.6	16.0	100	150	1	200
LCE60	60	66.7	81.5	1	5	107.0	14.0	90	150	1	200
LCE60A	60	66.7	73.7	1	5	96.8	15.5	90	150	1	200
LCE64	64	71.1	86.9	1	5	114.0	13.2	90	150	1	200
LCE64A	64	71.1	78.6	1	5	103.0	14.6	90	150	1	200
LCE70	70	77.8	95.1	1	5	125	12.0	90	150	1	200
LCE70A	70	77.8	86.0	1	5	113	13.3	90	150	1	200
LCE75	75	83.3	102.0	1	5	134	11.2	90	150	1	200
LCE75A	75	83.3	92.1	1	5	121	12.4	90	150	1	200
LCE80	80	88.7	108	1	5	142	10.6	90	150	1	200
LCE80A	80	88.7	98.0	1	5	129	11.6	90	150	1	200
LCE89	90	100	122	1	5	160	9.4	90	300	1	200
LCE89A	90	100	111	1	5	146	10.3	90	300	1	200
LCE100	100	111	136	1	5	179	8.4	80	300	1	200
LCE100A	100	111	123	1	5	162	9.3	80	300	1	200
LCE110	110	122	149	1	5	196	7.7	90	300	1	400
LCE110A	110	122	135	1	5	178	8.4	90	300	1	400
LCE120	120	133	163	1	5	214	7.0	90	300	1	400
LCE120A	120	133	147	1	5	193	7.8	90	300	1	400
LCE130	130	144	176	1	5	231	6.5	90	300	1	400
LCE130A	130	144	156	1	5	209	7.2	90	300	1	400
LCE150	150	167	204	1	5	268	5.6	90	300	1	400
LCE150A	150	167	185	1	5	243	6.2	90	300	1	400
LCE160	160	178	218	1	5	287	5.2	90	300	1	400
LCE160A	160	178	197	1	5	259	5.8	90	300	1	400
LCE170	170	189	231	1	5	304	4.9	90	300	1	400
LCE170A	170	189	209	1	5	275	5.4	90	300	1	400

**NOTE 1:** TAZ are normally selected according to the reverse "Stand Off Voltage ( $V_{WM}$ ) which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.

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**LDTs 14  
thru  
LDTs 30A**

### **FEATURES**

This series is used in automotive and vehicular applications where load-dump and field decay transients occur. The LDTs protects across-the-line dc power systems from Load Dump and Field Decay Voltage Transient Susceptibility on Power Leads.

- DESIGNED FOR DC POWER APPLICATIONS
- LOW CLAMPING RATIO

### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

3000 Watts of Peak Pulse Power dissipation at 50ms (see Figure 1)  
 Clamping (0 volts to  $V_{(BR)}$  min.): Less than  $1 \times 10^{-12}$  seconds (theoretical)  
 Storage temperature:  $-50^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+200^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 Operating temperature:  $-50^{\circ}$  to  $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$  (Figure 3)  
 Forward surge rating: 200 amps, 8.3ms at  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 Steady state power dissipation: 50 watts,  $T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 Repetition Rate (duty cycle): 0.1%

**LDTs 14 Series** — Designed for a standard 12 volt power system.

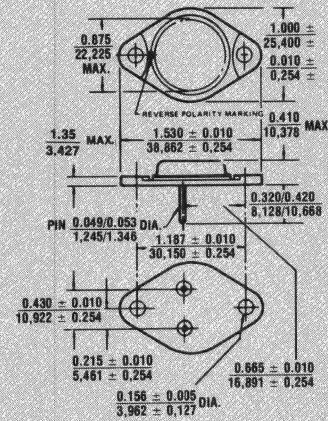
**LDTs 24 Series** — Designed for a standard 12 volt power system capable of sustaining a 24 volt (double voltage) jump start.

**LDTs 30 Series** — Designed for a standard 24 volt power system.

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

MICROSEMI PART NUMBER	REVERSE STAND-OFF VOLTAGE (Notes 1 & 2) $V_{WM}$ VOLTS	MINIMUM BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE $V_{(BR)}$ @ 20 mA VOLTS	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE @ $I_{FP}$ $V_c$ VOLTS	MAXIMUM SURGE CURRENT (Fig. 2) $I_s$ AMPS	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE $V_{WM}$ $I_d$ $\mu$ AMPS	MAXIMUM VOLTAGE TEMP. Variation $V_{BR}$ mV/C
LDTs 14	14.0	16.0	26.0	115.5	100.0	19.0
LDTs 14A	14.0	16.0	23.5	128.0	100.0	17.0
LDTs 24	24.0	26.5	43.0	70.0	100.0	31.0
LDTs 24A	24.0	26.5	39.0	77.0	100.0	29.0
LDTs 30	30.0	33.0	54.0	56.0	100.0	39.0
LDTs 30A	30.0	33.0	48.5	62.0	100.0	36.0

### **TRANSIENT ABSORPTION ZENER**



All dimensions in **INCH**  
m.m. **FIGURE 1**

### **MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Industry standard TO-3 hermetically sealed, .052 inch diameter pins.

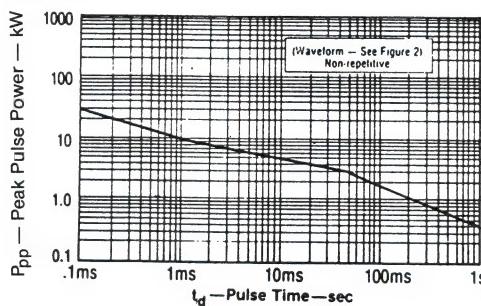
FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and terminals solderable.

POLARITY: Standard polarity anode to case.

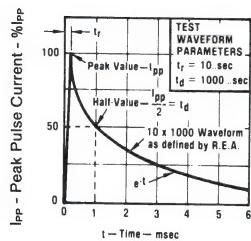
WEIGHT: 15 grams (Appx.).

MOUNTING HARDWARE: See page 41.

## LDT14 thru LDT30A

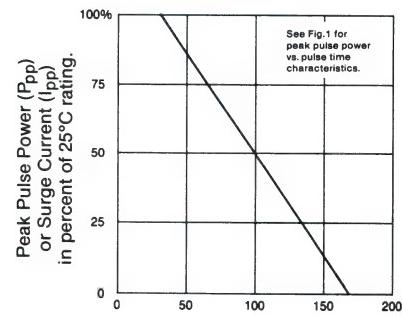


**FIGURE 1**  
PEAK PULSE POWER  
VS. PULSE TIME @ 25°C



Pulse Wave Form (10 x 1000)

**FIGURE 2**  
SURGE WAVEFORM



T - Temperature - °C

**FIGURE 3**  
DERATING CURVE

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### **FEATURES**

The MSV series consists of a matched set of silicon junctions configurated for bidirectional application. They can be used in telephone equipment, replacing: copper oxide varistors, fractional voltage regulators, negative temperature coefficient resistors, signal limiters and expanders. They are ideally suited for: meter/galvanometer protection, wave shaping, threshold limiters and zener diode compensation. Non-standard voltages are also available.

The MSV varistor is a PN junction device configurated with two parallel-connected, matched, bidirectional, highly reliable silicon diodes. It is a two-electrode device with a voltage-dependent nonlinear resistance that drops markedly as the applied voltage is increased.

MSV devices are designed for controlled protection at various current levels and are rated at 70 amps peak pulse current.

These varistors are supplied in Microsemi's exclusive, cost-effective, highly reliable, molded axial leaded package.

### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Steady State Power: 1.0 Watt at 50°C

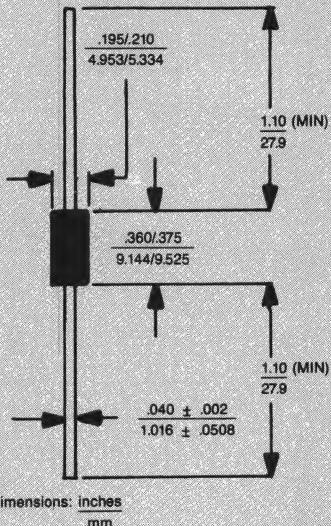
Operating and Storage Temperatures: -65° to +175°C

Surge: 30 Amps, 8.4 msec @ 25°C

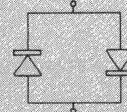
70 Amps, 1.0 msec @ 25°C

t<sub>clamping</sub> (0 volts to BV min.): less than  $1 \times 10^{-8}$  seconds (theoretical)

## **BIDIRECTIONAL VARISTOR MSV SERIES**



### **SCHEMATIC**



### **MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Void free molded thermosetting plastic.

FINISH: Silver Plated CCFE Readily Solderable.

POLARITY: Bidirectional.

WEIGHT: 1.5 gram (Appx.).

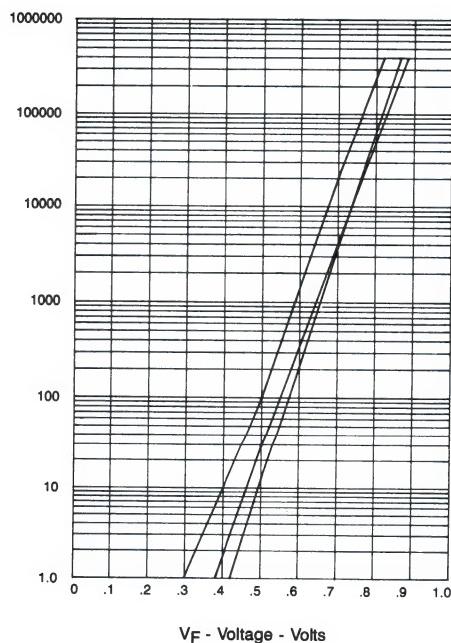
MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# MSV SERIES

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at 25°C (Test Both Polarities).

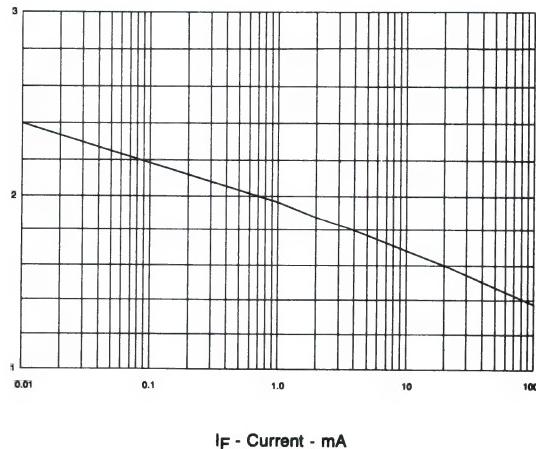
MICROSEMI PART NUMBER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MINIMUM	LIMITS	MAXIMUM	UNITS
MSV 101	$V_F$	10.0 $\mu$ A	.35	.50		Vdc
	$V_F$	100.0mA	.74	.85		Vdc
MSV 102	$V_F$	100.0mA	.74	.85		Vdc
	$I_F$	0.2V		.10		$\mu$ A
MSV 103	$V_F$	1.0 $\mu$ A	.30	.45		Vdc
	$V_F$	10.0 $\mu$ A	.40	.50		Vdc
	$V_F$	100.0 $\mu$ A	.48	.58		Vdc
	$V_F$	1.0mA	.56	.66		Vdc
	$V_F$	10.0mA	.65	.74		Vdc
	$V_F$	100.0mA	.75	.82		Vdc
MSV 201	$V_F$	20 $\mu$ A	.70	1.00		Vdc
	$V_F$	100.0mA	1.48	1.70		Vdc

I<sub>F</sub> - Current -  $\mu$ A



Range Curve  
Current - Voltage for MSV Varistor  
(Typical Curves for the MSV 103)

TC - Temperature Coefficient - mV/ $^{\circ}$ C



Ambient Temperature Coefficient  
Of Voltage vs. Varistor Current

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**PHP8.4 thru  
 PHP500  
 and  
 PIP8.4 thru  
 PIP500**

## FEATURES

- 7,500 AND 15,000 WATTS PEAK PULSE POWER DISSIPATION
- AVAILABLE IN RANGES FROM 8.4 TO 500 VOLTS
- EACH DEVICE IS 100% TESTED
- DESIGNED FOR MILITARY (PHP SERIES) AND COMMERCIAL (PIP SERIES)

PHP/PIP is designed for applications requiring "across the line" AC power protection. These TAZ modules are used in applications where extreme voltage transients can permanently damage voltage sensitive systems or components. These devices are most often used when discrete TAZ do not have high enough power requirements to suppress large power surges.

TAZ modules can be used to protect equipment from induced lightning, power surges and transients originating from inductive switching or power interrupt. The modules used for both commercial and military applications, including telecommunications, central office switching and PABX, CATV distribution, aircraft, shipboard, computers, distributed data processing and power supplies.

For military applications, the PHP module sub-assemblies are packaged in a hermetically sealed glass-to-metal package. Also available screened in accordance with MIL-S-19500/507. The PHP series modules can have design consistency with the following military requirements as controlling specifications:

- MIL-STD-1399
- MIL-STD-704
- MIL-E-16400
- MIL-S-19500/507

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

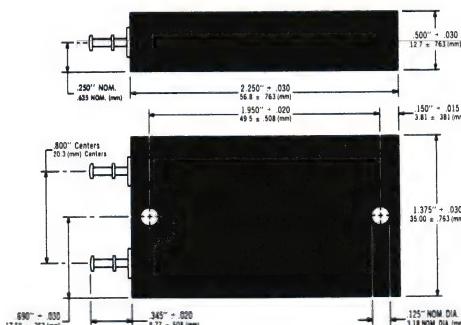
7,500 and 15,000 watts Peak Pulse power dissipation at the 1 msec pulse and 25°C (see derating curve)

Operating and Storage temperatures: -65° to +150°C

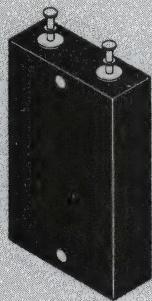
Average Steady State power dissipation at 50°C: 7.5 watts

t<sub>clamping</sub> (0 volts to BV): Less than 1 x 10<sup>-8</sup> seconds

Case 11



**TRANSIENT  
 ABSORPTION ZENER**



Case 11

**MECHANICAL  
 CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Molded case.

TERMINAL: Silver plated brass.

POLARITY: Bidirectional.

WEIGHT: 50 grams (Appx.).

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

**MILITARY APPLICATIONS:** PHP series sub-assemblies are packaged in a hermetically sealed glass-to-metal package, available with design consistency to MIL-S-19500/507.

**COMMERCIAL APPLICATIONS:** PIP series sub-assemblies are packaged in a molded epoxy case.

# PHP8.4 thru PIP500

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

MICROSEMI PART NUMBER	AVERAGE RMS VOLTAGE VOLTS AC	REVERSE STAND-OFF VOLTAGE (NOTE 1) V <sub>WM</sub> VOLTS DC	MINIMUM BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE V <sub>(BR)</sub> @ I <sub>t</sub> VOLTS	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE I <sub>D</sub> @ V <sub>WM</sub> MICRO AMPERES	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE V <sub>C</sub> @ I <sub>PP</sub> VOLTS DC	MAXIMUM PEAK PULSE CURRENT (FIG. 3) I <sub>PP</sub> A	MAXIMUM PEAK PULSE POWER (1 MSEC) P <sub>P</sub> KILOWATTS
PHP8.4	8.4	12.0	14	1.0	250	22	341
PHP24	24.0	34.0	40	1.0	250	67	112
PHP 30	30.0	42.5	50	1.0	250	84	90
PHP 60	60.0	85.0	100	1.0	250	167	90
PHP 120*	120.0	170.0	200	1.0	250	319	47
PHP 208	208.0	295.0	347	1.0	250	536	28
PHP250*	250.0	354.0	418	1.0	250	652	23
PHP 440	440.0	623.0	735	1.0	250	1138	13.2
PHP 500*	500.0	708.0	835	1.0	250	1292	11.6

PIP 8.4	8.4	12.0	14	1.0	250	22	341	7.5
PIP 24	24.0	34.0	40	1.0	250	67	112	7.5
PIP 30	30.0	42.5	50	1.0	250	84	90	7.5
PIP 60	60.0	85.0	100	1.0	250	167	90	15.0
PIP 120*	120.0	170.0	200	1.0	250	319	47	15.0
PIP 208	208.0	295.0	347	1.0	250	536	28	15.0
PIP 250*	250.0	354.0	418	1.0	250	652	23	15.0
PIP 440	440.0	623.0	735	1.0	250	1138	13.2	15.0
PIP 500*	500.0	708.0	835	1.0	250	1292	11.6	15.0

Special Voltages available from factory. \*Recommended for marine applications.

**NOTE 1:** A TAZ is normally selected according to the reverse "Stand Off Voltage" (V<sub>R</sub>) which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.

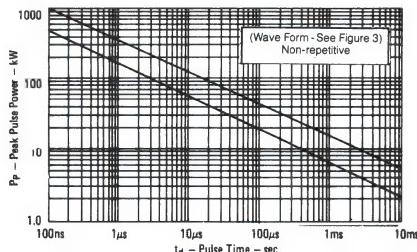


FIGURE 1  
PEAK PULSE POWER  
VS. PULSE TIME

### DERATING CURVE

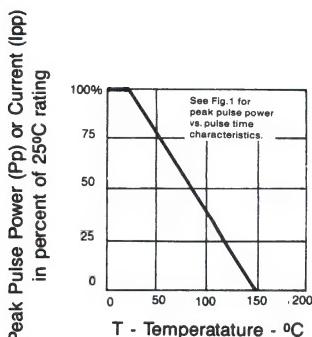


FIGURE 2  
PULSE WAVEFORM

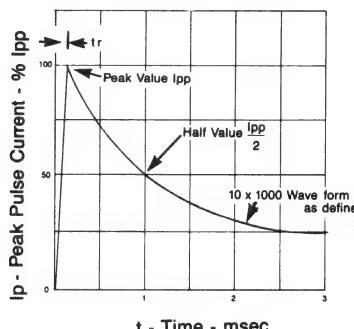


FIGURE 3  
PULSE WAVEFORM

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## P5KE5.0 thru P5KE170

### FEATURES

- ECONOMICAL SERIES
- AVAILABLE IN BOTH UNIDIRECTIONAL AND BIDIRECTIONAL CONSTRUCTION
- 5.0 TO 170 STAND-OFF VOLTS AVAILABLE
- 500 WATTS PEAK PULSE POWER DISSIPATION
- QUICK RESPONSE

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

Peak Pulse Power Dissipation at 25°C: 500 Watts

Steady State Power Dissipation: 2.5 Watts at  $T_L = +75^\circ\text{C}$

3/8" Lead Length

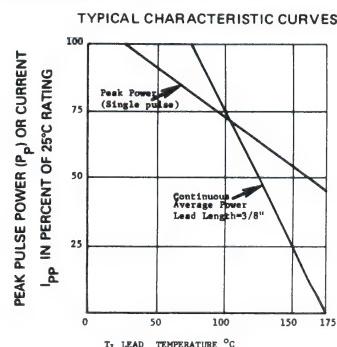
t<sub>clamping</sub> (0 Volts to BV Min.):

Unidirectional  $< 1 \times 10^{-12}$  Seconds; Bidirectional  $< 5 \times 10^{-9}$  Seconds.

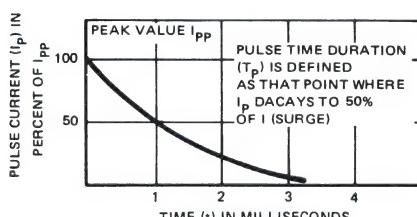
Operating and Storage Temperature: -65° to +175°C

### APPLICATION

TAZ is an economical, molded, commercial product used to protect voltage-sensitive components from destruction or partial degradation. The response time of their clamping action is virtually instantaneous ( $1 \times 10^{-12}\text{Sec}$ ) and they have a peak pulse power rating of 500 watts for 1 msec as depicted in Figure 1 and 2. Microsemi also offers various varieties of TAZ's to meet higher and lower power demands and special applications.

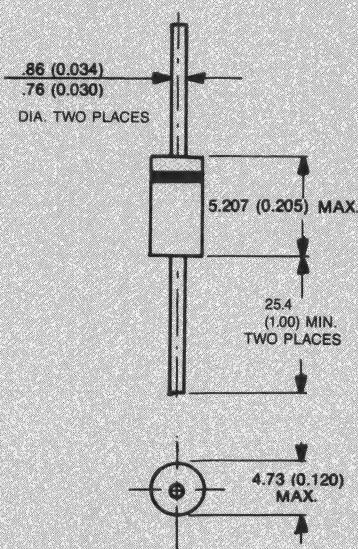


### DERATING CURVE



**FIGURE 1**  
PULSE WAVEFORM FOR  
EXPONENTIAL SURGE

### TRANSIENT ABSORPTION ZENER



Cathode Indicated by Band  
All Dimensions in Millimeters (Inches)

### MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Void free transfer molded thermosetting plastic.

FINISH: Silver plated copper readily solderable.

POLARITY: Band denotes cathode. Bidirectional not marked.

WEIGHT: 0.7 gram (Appx.).

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# P5KE5.0 thru P5KE170

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at 25°C

PART NUMBER	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE V(BR)		TEST CURRENT IT	RATED STAND OFF VOLTAGE VRM	MAX. REVERSE LEAKAGE CURRENT Id @ VBRN	MAX. PEAK REVERSE VOLTAGE Vc MAX @ IPP	MAX. PEAK PULSE CURRENT IPP	MAX. TEMP. COEFFICIENT OF V(BR) (TA = -53°C TO 100°C @ VBR)
	MIN.	MAX.						
P5KE5.0	6.4	7.3	10	5.0	600	9.6	.52	.057
P5KE5.0A	6.4	7.0	10	5.0	600	9.2	.54, .3	.057
P5KE6.0	6.67	8.15	10	6.0	600	11.4	.43, .9	.059
P5KE6.0A	6.67	7.37	10	6.0	600	10.3	.48, .5	.059
P5KE6.5	7.22	8.82	10	6.5	400	12.3	.40, .7	.061
P5KE6.5A	7.22	7.98	10	6.5	400	11.2	.44, .7	.061
P5KE7.0	7.78	9.51	10	7.0	150	13.3	.37, .8	.065
P5KE7.0A	7.78	8.60	10	7.0	150	12.0	.41, .8	.065
P5KE7.5	8.1	10.0	1	7.5	50	14.2	.35, .0	.067
P5KE7.5A	8.33	9.51	1	7.5	50	12.9	.38, .8	.067
P5KE8.0	8.89	10.9	1	8.0	25	15.0	.33, .3	.070
P5KE8.0A	8.89	9.83	1	8.0	25	13.6	.36, .7	.070
P5KE8.5	9.44	11.5	1	8.5	5	15.9	.31, .4	.073
P5KE8.5A	9.44	10.4	1	8.5	5	14.4	.34, .7	.073
P5KE9.0	10.0	12.2	1	9.0	1	16.9	.29, .5	.076
P5KE9.0A	10.0	11.1	1	9.0	1	15.4	.32, .5	.076
P5KE9.5	11.1	13.6	1	10	1	18.8	.26, .6	.078
P5KE10.0	11.1	12.3	1	10	1	17.0	.29, .4	.078
P5KE11.0	12.2	14.9	1	11	1	20.1	.24, .9	.081
P5KE11A	12.2	13.5	1	11	1	18.2	.27, .4	.081
P5KE12A	13.3	16.3	1	12	1	22.0	.22, .7	.082
P5KE12A	13.3	14.7	1	12	1	19.5	.23, .5	.082
P5KE13A	14.4	17.6	1	13	1	23.6	.21, .0	.084
P5KE13A	14.4	15.9	1	13	1	21.5	.23, .2	.084
P5KE14	15.6	19.1	1	14	1	25.8	.19, .4	.086
P5KE14A	15.6	17.2	1	14	1	23.2	.21, .5	.086
P5KE15	16.7	20.4	1	15	1	26.9	.18, .8	.087
P5KE15A	16.7	18.5	1	15	1	24.4	.20, .6	.087
P5KE16A	17.8	21.9	1	16	1	29.8	.17, .5	.088
P5KE16A	17.8	19.7	1	16	1	26.0	.19, .2	.088
P5KE17	18.9	23.1	1	17	1	30.5	.16, .4	.090
P5KE17A	18.9	20.9	1	17	1	27.6	.18, .1	.090
P5KE18	20.0	24.4	1	18	1	32.2	.15, .5	.092
P5KE18A	20.0	22.1	1	18	1	29.2	.17, .2	.092
P5KE20	22.2	27.1	1	20	1	35.8	.13, .9	.093
P5KE22	22.2	24.5	1	20	1	35.4	.15, .5	.093
P5KE22A	22.2	29.0	1	22	1	36.4	.12, .7	.094
P5KE22A	24.4	26.9	1	22	1	35.5	.14, .1	.094
P5KE24	26.7	32.6	1	24	1	43.0	.11, .6	.096
P5KE24A	26.7	29.5	1	24	1	38.9	.12, .8	.096
P5KE26	28.9	35.3	1	26	1	46.6	.10, .7	.097
P5KE26A	28.9	31.9	1	26	1	42.1	.11, .9	.097
P5KE28	31.1	38.0	1	28	1	50.0	.9, .9	.098
P5KE28A	31.1	34.4	1	28	1	45.4	.10, .0	.098
P5KE30	33.3	40.7	1	30	1	53.5	.9, .3	.099
P5KE30A	33.3	36.8	1	30	1	48.4	.10, .3	.099
P5KE33	36.7	44.9	1	33	1	59.0	.8, .5	.100
P5KE33	36.7	40.6	1	33	1	53.3	.9, .4	.100
P5KE35	40.0	48.9	1	36	1	64.3	.7, .8	.101
P5KE36A	40.0	44.2	1	36	1	58.1	.8, .6	.101
P5KE40	44.4	54.3	1	40	1	71.4	.7, .0	.101
P5KE40A	44.4	49.1	1	40	1	65.5	.7, .8	.101
P5KE43	47.8	58.4	1	43	1	76.7	.6, .5	.102
P5KE43A	47.8	52.8	1	43	1	69.4	.7, .2	.102
P5KE45	50.0	61.1	1	45	1	80.3	.5, .3	.102
P5KE45A	50.0	55.3	1	45	1	72.7	.6, .9	.102
P5KE48	51.3	65.1	1	48	1	85.5	.5, .8	.103
P5KE53	53.3	58.0	1	48	1	77.4	.5, .0	.103
P5KE55	54.7	69.3	1	51	1	91.1	.5, .3	.103
P5KE55A	56.7	62.7	1	51	1	82.4	.6, .1	.103
P5KE56	60.0	73.3	1	54	1	96.3	.5, .2	.104
P5KE56A	60.0	66.3	1	54	1	87.1	.5, .7	.104
P5KE58	64.4	78.7	1	58	1	103.0	.4, .9	.104
P5KE58A	64.4	71.2	1	58	1	93.6	.5, .3	.104
P5KE60	66.7	81.5	1	60	1	107.0	.4, .7	.104
P5KE64	71.1	86.9	1	64	1	114.0	.4, .4	.105
P5KE64A	71.1	78.6	1	64	1	103.0	.4, .9	.105
P5KE70	77.8	95.1	1	70	1	125.0	.4, .0	.105
P5KE70A	77.8	86.0	1	70	1	113.0	.4, .4	.105
P5KE75	81.3	100.0	1	75	1	134.0	.3, .7	.105
P5KE75A	81.3	92.1	1	75	1	114.0	.4, .1	.105
P5KE78	86.7	106.0	1	78	1	139.0	.3, .6	.106
P5KE78A	86.7	95.8	1	78	1	126.0	.4, .0	.106
P5KE85	94.4	115.0	1	85	1	151.0	.3, .3	.106
P5KE85A	94.4	104.0	1	85	1	137.0	.3, .6	.106
P5KE90	100.0	122.0	1	90	1	160.0	.3, 1.1	.107
P5KE100	111.0	136.0	1	100	1	179.0	.2, .8	.107
P5KE100A	111.0	123.0	1	100	1	162.0	.3, 1.1	.107
P5KE110	122.0	149.0	1	110	1	196.0	.2, 6	.107
P5KE110A	122.0	135.0	1	110	1	177.0	.2, 8	.107
P5KE120	133.0	163.0	1	120	1	214.0	.2, 3	.107
P5KE120A	133.0	141.0	1	120	1	192.0	.2, 6	.107
P5KE130	144.0	176.0	1	130	1	231.0	.2, 1	.108
P5KE130A	144.0	159.0	1	130	1	209.0	.2, 4	.108
P5KE150	167.0	204.0	1	150	1	268.0	.1, 9	.108
P5KE150A	167.0	185.0	1	150	1	243.0	.2, 1	.108
P5KE160	176.0	197.0	1	160	1	287.0	.1, 7	.108
P5KE160A	189.0	231.0	1	170	1	304.0	.1, 6	.108
P5KE170A	189.0	209.0	1	170	1	275.0	.1, 8	.108

## SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

VWM	= Rated Stand-Off Voltage
IPP	= Peak Pulse Current
P <sub>PP</sub>	= Peak Pulse Power
V <sub>C</sub> (MAX)	= Maximum Clamping Voltage
V <sub>(BR)</sub>	= Breakdown Voltage
I <sub>T</sub>	= Test Current
I <sub>D</sub>	= Reverse Leakage

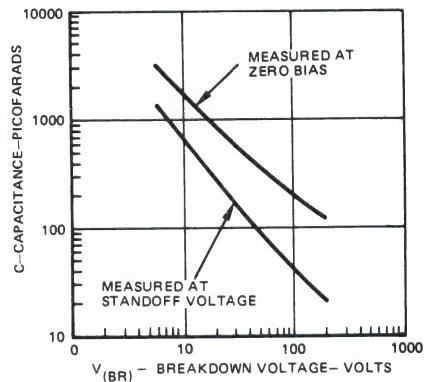


FIGURE 3  
P5KE TYPICAL CAPACITANCE VS  
BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE

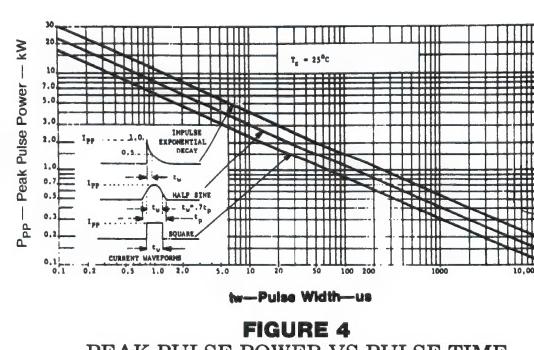


FIGURE 4  
PEAK PULSE POWER VS PULSE TIME

Forward Voltage (V<sub>f</sub>) @ 35 amps peak, 8.3 msec sine wave equal to 3.5 volts max.  
(Excluding Bidirectional)

For Bidirectional Construction, indicate a C or CA suffix after part number i.e.  
P5KE170CA.

**MICRO**

## **Microsemi Corp.**

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SANTA ANA, CA

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For more information call:  
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# **P6KE6.8 thru P6KE200**

## **FEATURES**

- ECONOMICAL SERIES
- AVAILABLE IN BOTH UNIDIRECTIONAL AND BIDIRECTIONAL CONSTRUCTION
- 6.8 TO 200 VOLTS AVAILABLE
- 600 WATTS PEAK PULSE POWER DISSIPATION

## **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Peak Pulse Power Dissipation at 25°C: 600 Watts

Steady State Power Dissipation: 5 Watts at  $T_L = +75^\circ\text{C}$ , 3/8" Lead Length

$t_{clamping}$  (0 Volts to BV Min.):

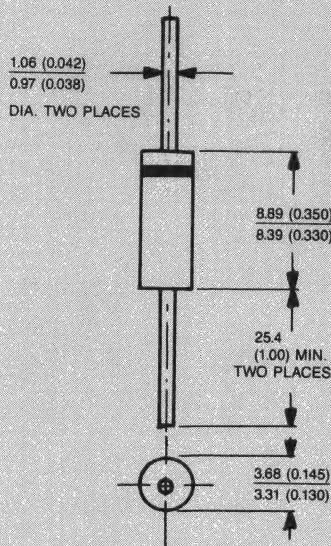
Unidirectional  $< 1 \times 10^{-12}$  Seconds; Bidirectional  $< 5 \times 10^{-9}$  Seconds.

Operating and Storage Temperature: -65° to 200°C

## **APPLICATION**

TAZ is an economical, molded, commercial product used to protect voltage-sensitive components from destruction or partial degradation. The response time of their clamping action is virtually instantaneous ( $1 \times 10^{-12}$  Sec) and they have a peak pulse power rating of 600 watts for 1 msec as depicted in Figure 1 and 2. Microsemi also offers various varieties of TAZ's to meet higher and lower power demands and special applications.

## **TRANSIENT ABSORPTION ZENER**



Cathode Indicated by Band  
All Dimensions in Millimeters (Inches)

## **MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

CASE: Void free transfer molded thermosetting plastic (T-18).

FINISH: Silver plated copper readily solderable.

POLARITY: Band denotes cathode. Bidirectional not marked.

WEIGHT: 0.7 gram (Appx.).

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# P6KE6.5 thru P6KE200A

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

MICROSEMI PART NUMBER	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE $V_{(BR)}$ MIN. NOM.			TEST CURRENT $I_T$	RATED STAND-OFF VOLTAGE $V_{WM}$	MAX. REVERSE LEAKAGE CURRENT $I_D @$ $V_{WM}$	MAX. PEAK REVERSE VOLTAGE $V_{(BR)}$ MAX @ $I_{PP}$	MAX. PEAK PULSE CURRENT $I_{PP}$	MAX. TEMP. COEFFICIENT OF $V_{BR}$ $= V_{(BR)}$ $(T_A - 25^\circ\text{C})$ To $100^\circ\text{C}$
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.						
	V <sub>DC</sub>	V <sub>DC</sub>	V <sub>DC</sub>	mADC	v	$\mu\text{ADC}$	v	A	%/C
P6KE6.8	6.12	6.8	7.48	10	5.5	1000	10.8	.56	.057
P6KE6.8A	6.45	6.8	7.14	10	5.8	1000	10.5	.57	.057
P6KE7.5	6.75	7.5	8.25	10	6.05	500	11.7	.51	.061
P6KE7.5A	7.13	7.5	7.88	10	6.4	500	11.3	.53	.061
P6KE8.2	7.38	8.2	9.02	10	6.63	200	12.5	.48	.065
P6KE8.2A	7.71	8.2	8.61	1	7.02	200	12.1	.50	.065
P6KE8.5	8.19	9.1	9.55	1	7.37	50	13.8	.44	.069
P6KE8.5A	8.65	9.1	9.55	1	7.78	50	13.4	.45	.069
P6KE10	8.0	10	11	1	8.1	10	15	.40	.073
P6KE10A	9.5	10	10.5	1	8.55	10	14.5	.41	.073
P6KE11	8.9	11	12.1	1	8.92	5	16.2	.37	.075
P6KE11A	10.5	11	11.6	1	9.4	5	15.8	.38	.075
P6KE12	10.8	12	13.2	1	9.72	5	17.3	.35	.078
P6KE12A	11.4	12	12.6	1	10.2	5	16.7	.36	.078
P6KE13	11.7	13	14.3	1	10.5	5	19	.32	.081
P6KE13A	12.4	13	13.7	1	11.1	5	18.2	.33	.081
P6KE15	13.5	15	16.5	1	12.1	5	22	.27	.084
P6KE15A	14.5	15	15.8	1	12.8	5	21.2	.28	.084
P6KE16	14.4	16	17.6	1	12.9	5	23.5	.28	.086
P6KE16A	15.2	16	18.8	1	13.6	5	22.5	.27	.088
P6KE18	16.2	18	19.8	1	14.5	5	28.5	.23	.088
P6KE18A	17.1	18	19.9	1	15.3	5	25.2	.24	.088
P6KE20	18	20	22	1	16.2	5	20.1	.21	.090
P6KE20A	19	20	21	1	17.1	5	27.7	.22	.090
P6KE22	19.8	22	24.2	1	17.8	5	31.9	.19	.092
P6KE22A	20.9	22	23.1	1	18.8	5	30.6	.20	.092
P6KE24	21.6	24	26.4	1	19.4	5	34.7	.17	.094
P6KE24A	22.8	24	25.2	1	20.5	5	33.2	.18	.094
P6KE27	24.3	27	29.7	1	21.8	5	39.1	.15	.096
P6KE27A	25.7	27	28.4	1	23.1	5	37.5	.16	.096
P6KE30	27	30	33	1	24.3	5	43.5	.14	.097
P6KE30A	28.5	30	31.5	1	25.6	5	41.4	.14	.097
P6KE33	29.7	33	36.3	1	26.8	5	47.7	.12	.098
P6KE33A	31.4	33	34.7	1	28.2	5	45.7	.13	.098
P6KE36	32.4	36	39.6	1	29.1	5	52	.11	.099
P6KE36A	34.2	36	37.8	1	30.8	5	49.9	.12	.099
P6KE39	35.1	39	42.9	1	31.6	5	56.4	.10	.100
P6KE39A	37.1	39	41	1	33.3	5	53.9	.12	.100
P6KE43	38.7	43	47.3	1	34.8	5	61.9	.06	.101
P6KE43A	40.9	43	45.2	1	36.8	5	59.3	.10	.101
P6KE47	42.7	47	51.7	1	38.1	5	67.8	.08	.101
P6KE47A	44.7	47	49.4	1	40.2	5	64.8	.03	.101
P6KE51	45.9	51	56.1	1	41.3	5	73.5	.02	.102
P6KE51A	48.5	51	53.6	1	43.6	5	70.1	.01	.102
P6KE56	50.4	56	61.6	1	45.4	5	80.5	.74	.103
P6KE56A	53.2	56	58.8	1	47.8	5	77	.78	.103
P6KE62	55.8	62	68.2	1	50.2	5	89	.68	.104
P6KE62A	58.9	62	65.1	1	53	5	85	.71	.104
P6KE66	61.2	68	74.8	1	55.1	5	98	.61	.104
P6KE68A	64.6	68	71.4	1	58.1	5	92	.65	.104
P6KE75	67.5	75	82.5	1	60.7	5	108	.55	.105
P6KE75A	71.3	75	78.8	1	64.1	5	103	.58	.105
P6KE78	73.7	82	90.2	1	66.4	5	118	.51	.105
P6KE78A	77.9	82	91.1	1	70.1	5	113	.53	.105
P6KE91	81.9	91	100	1	73.7	5	131	.45	.106
P6KE91A	86.5	91	95.5	1	77.8	5	125	.40	.106
P6KE100	90	100	110	1	81	5	144	.42	.106
P6KE100A	95	100	105	1	85.5	5	137	.44	.106
P6KE110	99	110	121	1	89.2	5	158	.38	.107
P6KE110A	105	110	116	1	94	5	152	.34	.107
P6KE120	108	120	132	1	97.2	5	173	.35	.107
P6KE120A	114	120	126	1	102	5	165	.36	.107
P6KE130	117	130	143	1	105	5	187	.32	.107
P6KE130A	124	130	137	1	111	5	179	.33	.107
P6KE150	135	150	165	1	121	5	215	.28	.108
P6KE150A	143	150	158	1	128	5	207	.29	.108
P6KE160	144	160	176	1	130	5	230	.26	.108
P6KE160A	152	160	168	1	136	5	219	.27	.108
P6KE170	153	170	187	1	138	5	244	.25	.108
P6KE170A	161	170	179	1	145	5	234	.26	.108
P6KE180	162	180	198	1	146	5	258	.23	.108
P6KE180A	171	180	181	1	154	5	246	.24	.108
P6KE200	180	200	220	1	162	5	267	.21	.108
P6KE200A	190	200	210	1	171	5	274	.22	.108

Forward Voltage ( $V_F$ ) @ 50 amps peak, 8.3 msec sine wave equal to 3.5 volts max. (Excluding Bidirectional)

For Bidirectional Construction, indicate C or CA suffix after part number i.e. P6KE200CA.

### SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

- $V_{WM}$  = Rated Stand-Off Voltage
- $I_{PP}$  = Peak Pulse Current
- $P_P$  = Peak Pulse Power
- $V_C$  = Clamping Voltage
- $V_{(BR)}$  = Breakdown Voltage
- $I_T$  = Test Current
- $I_D$  = Reverse Leakage

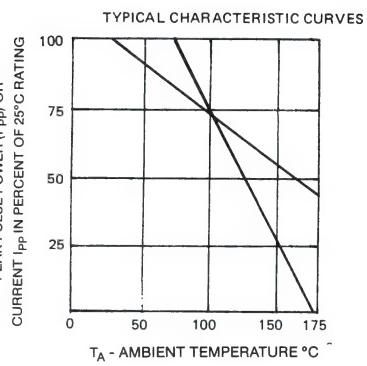


FIGURE 1

### DERATING CURVE

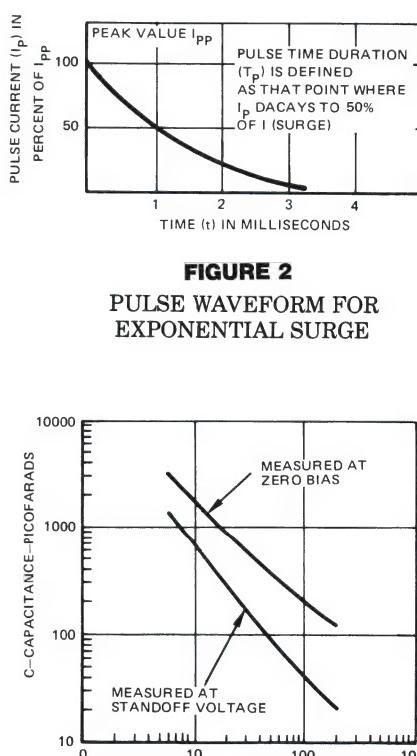


FIGURE 2

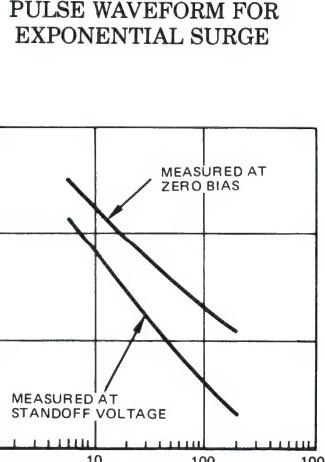


FIGURE 3  
P6KE TYPICAL CAPACITANCE VS BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE

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For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

**P7KE10  
thru  
P7KE100C**

## FEATURES

- VOLTAGES FROM 10.0 TO 100V STAND-OFF ( $V_{WM}$ )
- UNIDIRECTIONAL OR BIDIRECTIONAL
- LOW COST

The P7KE10 thru P7KE100C TAZ is a low cost silicon transient suppressor series designed to protect applications in telephone switching where large voltage transients can permanently damage voltage-sensitive components. TAZ has a peak pulse power rating of 700 watts for 1 millisecond. The response time of the TAZ clamping action is less than  $(1 \times 10^{-12}$  seconds) and therefore can be used in applications where induced lightning on rural or remote transmission lines presents a hazard to electronic circuitry. They can also be used to protect integrated circuits, MOS devices, hybrids and other voltage-sensitive semiconductors and components.

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

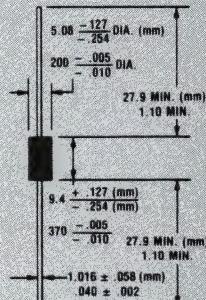
700 Watts of Peak Pulse Power dissipation at 25°C (see derating curve)  
 $t_{clamping}$  (0 volts to BV min): Less than  $1 \times 10^{-9}$  seconds (Bidirectional),  
 $1 \times 10^{-12}$  seconds (Unidirectional)

Operating and Storage temperatures: -55° to +175°C  
Forward surge rating: 133 amps, (Except Bidirectional)

MICROSEMI PART NUMBER Unidirectional Bidirectional	REVERSE STAND-OFF VOLTAGE (NOTE 1) V <sub>WM</sub> VOLTS	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE V <sub>(BR)</sub> @ I <sub>g</sub> = 5mA MIN. VOLTS	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE (Fig. 2) V <sub>C</sub> @ 1PP VOLTS	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE CURRENT I <sub>d</sub> @ V <sub>WM</sub> μA	MAXIMUM PEAK PULSE CURRENT (Fig. 2) I <sub>PP</sub> AMPS	MAXIMUM TEMP. COEFFICIENT V <sub>(BR)</sub> OF V <sub>(BR)</sub> %/°C
P7KE10	P7KE10C	10	13.0	20.0	25	5.0
P7KE25	P7KE25C	25	29.6	43.5	53	5.0
P7KE43	P7KE43C	43	50.0	75.0	90	5.0
P7KE100	P7KE100C	100	130.0	200.0	235	5.0

**NOTE 1:** A TAZ is normally selected according to the reverse "Stand-Off Voltage"  $V_{WM}$  which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.

## UNIDIRECTIONAL & BIDIRECTIONAL TRANSIENT ABSORBTION ZENER



## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Molded case.

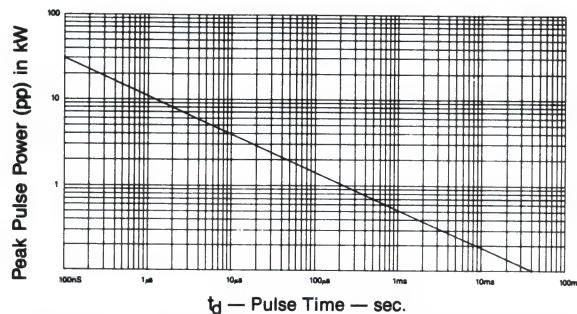
FINISH: Silver plated copper, readily solderable.

POLARITY: Cathode terminal marked (except bidirectional).

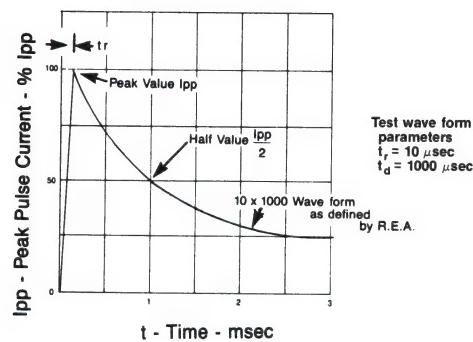
WEIGHT: 1.5 grams (Appx.).

Mounting position: Any.

## P7KE10 thru P7KE100C



**FIGURE 1** PEAK PULSE POWER VS. PULSE TIME



**FIGURE 2** DERATING CURVE

# SOV5.0 thru SOV28

**MICRO**

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SANTA ANA, CA

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For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

## FEATURES

- VOLTAGES FROM 5.0 TO 28V STAND-OFF ( $V_{WM}$ )
- LOW CLAMPING RATIO
- SMALL PACKAGE SIZE

The SOV series is an inexpensive, 500 watt transient absorption zener designed for board level protection of bipolar and MOS memories from ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) and other transient voltages. In addition, TAZ, because of their low clamping factor, provide a high degree of protection to VMOS, HMOS, and CMOS circuits susceptible to line transients.

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

500 Watts of Peak Pulse Power dissipation at 25°C (see derating curve)

$t_{clamping}$  (0 volts to BV min): Less than  $1 \times 10^{-12}$  seconds (theoretical)

Operating and Storage temperatures: -65° to +175°C

Forward surge rating: 70 amps, 1/120 second at 25°C

Steady State power dissipation: 1.0 watt TL = 75°C, Lead Length = 3/8"

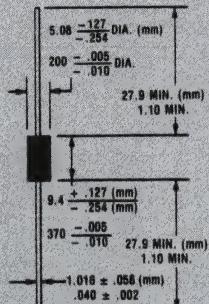
Repetition rate (duty cycle): .01%

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

MICROSEMI PART NUMBER	REVERSE STAND-OFF VOLTAGE $V_{WM}$ VOLTS	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE CURRENT $I_D @ V_{WM}$ $\mu A$	MINIMUM BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE $V_{(BR)}$ (MIN) @ 1 mA VOLTS	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE (Fig. 2) $V_C @ 1A$ VOLTS	TYPICAL CLAMPING VOLTAGE $V_C$ @ 5A VOLTS	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE (Fig. 2) $V_C @ I_{PP}$ VOLTS	MAXIMUM PEAK PULSE CURRENT (Fig. 2) $I_{PP}$ AMPS
SOV 5.0	5.0	300	6.0	7.4	7.9	9.3	53.7
SOV10	10.0	2	11.1	13.2	14.4	16.5	30.3
SOV12	12.0	2	13.8	16.5	18.5	21.0	23.8
SOV15	15.0	2	16.7	19.7	22.2	25.2	19.8
SOV18	18.0	2	20.4	23.8	26.0	30.5	16.3
SOV24	24.0	2	28.4	32.4	37.0	42.0	11.9
SOV28	28.0	2	30.7	35.9	41.0	46.5	10.7

**NOTE 1:** A TAZ is normally selected according to the reverse "Stand-Off Voltage"  $V_{WM}$  which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.

## TRANSIENT ABSORPTION ZENER



## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Molded case.

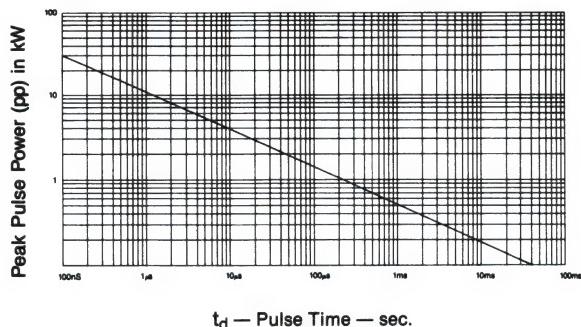
FINISH: Silver plated copper, readily solderable.

POLARITY: Band denotes cathode.

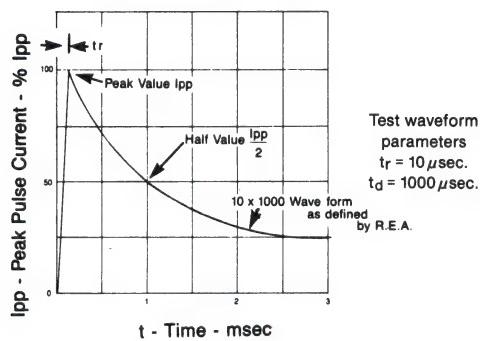
WEIGHT: 1 gram (Appx.).

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

## SOV5.0 thru SOV28



**FIGURE 1**  
PEAK PULSE POWER  
VS. PULSE TIME



**FIGURE 2**  
PULSE WAVEFORM

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**FEATURES**

- PROTECTS TTL, ECL, DTL, MOS, CMOS AND MSI INTEGRATED CIRCUITS OPERATING ON POWER SUPPLIES OF 5 VOLTS OR LOWER.
- MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE OF 7.6 VOLTS AT 30 AMPS (1 MILLISECOND EXPONENTIAL SURGE).
- CLAMPING TIME LESS THAN 1 PICOSECOND.
- ECONOMICAL AXIAL LEADED MOLDED PACKAGE.

**DESCRIPTION**

The TS-7 low voltage transient suppressor is characterized by very low clamping voltage ( $V_C$ ), together with low standoff voltage ( $V_{WM}$ ) which are synonymous with integrated circuit power supply voltage levels. Allowance has been made in establishing the minimum breakdown voltage  $V_{(BR)}$  at  $25^\circ\text{C}$  to provide safe operation over the full military temperature range.

The Microsemi TS-7 Low Voltage Transient Suppressor is designed for the protection of 5.0 volt circuits. It protects TTL, ECL, DTL, MOS, CMOS and MSI circuits requiring 5.0 volt or lower power supplies. The TS-7 low voltage transient suppressor features outstanding surge handling capabilities and extremely fast response time. Typical applications include computer power supplies, airborne avionics and controls, telephone and mobile communications equipment and numerous applications where transients are present.

**ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS @  $25^\circ\text{C}$** 

- $t_{clamping}$  (0 volts to  $V_{(BR)}$  min):  $1 \times 10^{-12}$  seconds (typical)  
 Steady state power dissipation: 5.0W @  $T_L = 75^\circ\text{C}$ , Lead length 3/8"  
 Reverse standoff voltage  $V_{WM}$ : 5.0 volts  
 Maximum reverse leakage  $I_D$  @  $V_{WM}$ :  $300\mu\text{A}$   
 Maximum clamping voltage ( $V_C$ ) @  $I_{PP1}$ : 7.6 volts  
 Peak pulse current ( $I_{PP1}$ ): 30A  
 Peak pulse power vs pulse time: Refer to Figure 2  
 Pulse wave form: Refer to Figure 3

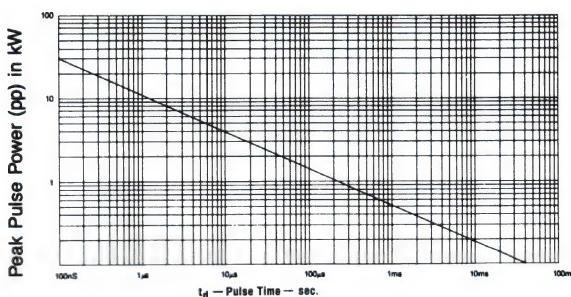


FIGURE 2  
Peak Pulse Power vs. Pulse Time

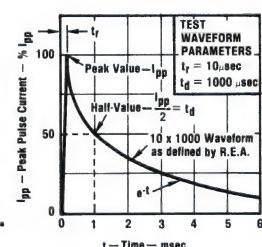


FIGURE 3  
Pulse Wave Form

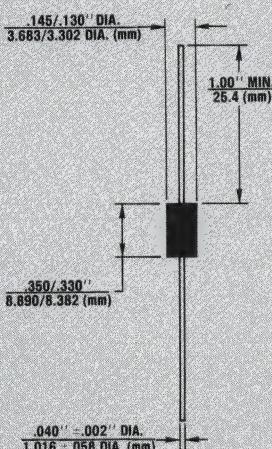
**LOW VOLTAGE TRANSIENT SUPPRESSOR**

FIGURE 1

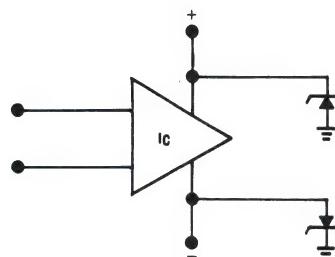
**MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

- FINISH: Silver plated copper leads.  
 POLARITY: Positive terminal (cathode) marked with band.  
 WEIGHT: 1.7 grams (Appx.).  
 RANGE: Operating and storage temperature range  $-65^\circ\text{C}$  to  $150^\circ\text{C}$

## TS-7 LOW VOLTAGE TRANSIENT SUPPRESSOR

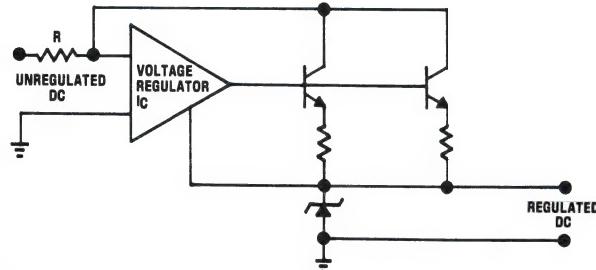
### TYPICAL DC POWER LINE APPLICATION

The TS-7 on the power line prevents IC failures during power supply switching, or failures caused by power supply reversals or transients.



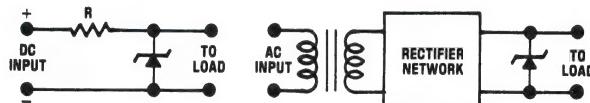
### TYPICAL VOLTAGE REGULATOR APPLICATION

A TS-7 on a voltage regulator output eliminates the need for numerous protection circuit components. It will also protect bypass transistors from voltage spikes across the emitter to collector terminals.



### TYPICAL POWER SOURCE APPLICATION

The TS-7 has a reverse standoff voltage equal to or greater than the DC output voltage and provides voltage transient protection for power sources. In most industrial applications, an LC filter is required on the line when a transformer is eliminated and the TS-7 is on the power supply input. The addition of a fuse in the line is usually advantageous, and the series resistor can be replaced with an inductor in some applications.



# SURFACE MOUNT TECHNOLOGY

Surface Mount Technology is rapidly becoming the state-of-the-art in PC board design and construction.

Insertion technology has imposed restrictions and limitations on PC board technology. With utilization of Surface Mount Technology these restrictions and limitations may be overcome, permitting a continued advance in the state-of-the-art design of PC boards.

Surface Mount Packages offer a much lower profile than conventional packages. This allows for more boards to be utilized in a given amount of space. Surface Mount Packages may be stacked closer together utilizing less total volume than insertion packages.

The reduction of the number of board layers required and the elimination or reduction of the number of plated through holes significantly lowers PC board prices.

Surface Mount components are sent directly to the assembly line, eliminating the intermediate preparation step required for insertion technology components.

Surface Mount Component design and the recent assembly equipment development has provided for the placement of devices at the rate of a five thousand per hour to hundreds of thousands of devices per hour.

Surface Mount Packages with their unique construction allow for superior device performance. With the smaller configuration, the limitations placed on chip performance by internal lead length, parasitic capacitance, and inductance has been greatly reduced.

The cost effectiveness of Surface Mount Technology allows the manufacturer to produce smaller units and offer increased functions with the same size product.

## SURFACE MOUNT PACKAGE ADVANTAGES

**\*Small Size**—The amount of space required for a circuit is reduced by 25% to 50% over conventional diode components.

**\*Complete Pretest Capability**—Unlike unencapsulated die, which can only be partially tested by probing or sorting, surface mount products are 100% electrically tested after soldering and encapsulation, providing performance equivalent to their larger discrete counterparts.

**\*Handling and Assembly Ease**—Surface Mount standard package outline permits the placement of components onto the substrates using automated handling equipment.

**\*Mounting Considerations**—To maintain the inherent reliability of the Microsemi products, proper selection of printed circuit boards and hybrid substrates are important. The axial surface mount equivalents have low expansion coefficients similar to ceramic leadless chip carriers. For military temperature range applications requiring many temperature cycles, an alumina sub-

strate should be considered. For low cost commercial applications subject to reasonable environments with limited temperature ranges, a low expansion PC board material like epoxy glass, can be considered. Since the PC material has inherent higher thermal resistance than alumina substrate, the SMD maximum dissipation will involve the usual design/cost/performance trade off.

**\*Pre-Formed Leads**—Surface Mount packages are ready for placement onto the substrates, with no intermediate lead forming steps required.

**\*Reliability**—All chips used in Surface Mount packages are oxide passivated or glassivated, and are epoxy or glass encapsulated for superior mechanical strength and moisture resistance.

**\*Availability**—A wide variety of discrete diode and rectifier components from Microsemi's repertoire of reliability-proven semiconductor processes and geometries are available in surface mount packages. Please consult the factory for availability of specific devices not listed in the catalog.

## Special Packages and Assemblies

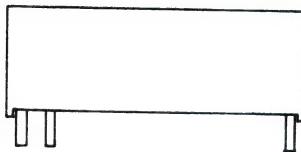
Microsemi Corporation offers a multiplicity of packages for many applications. These include: potted modules, flat packs, leadless chip carriers, dual inline, single inline, chip on channel and disc-die-disc assemblies.

Since the aforementioned assemblies can use high reliability die and Microsemi diode construction packaging techniques, they possess all of the axial diode high performance characteristics. For example, almost all Microsemi diode products listed in this data book can be

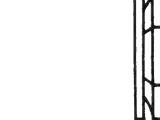
manufactured in disc-die-disc construction.

Figures 1 through 7 illustrate a small sample of several disc-die-disc special rectifiers, transient suppressors, 3  $\phi$  rectifiers, and diode arrays suitable for hybrid and other subminiature applications.

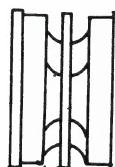
Consult the respective Microsemi factory for more information on the company's capabilities to meet customer requirements on special packages and assemblies.



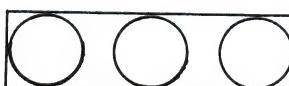
**FIGURE 1**  
DIODE NETWORK



**FIGURE 2**  
DISC-DIE-DISC ASSEMBLY



**FIGURE 3**  
PELLET, BIDIRECTIONAL  
TRANSIENT SUPPRESSOR

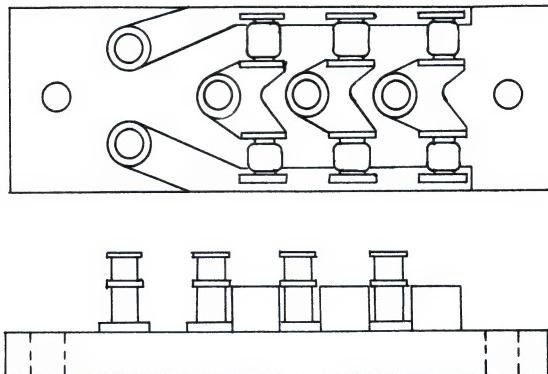


STRAP ANODE  
MESA CATHODE (3)

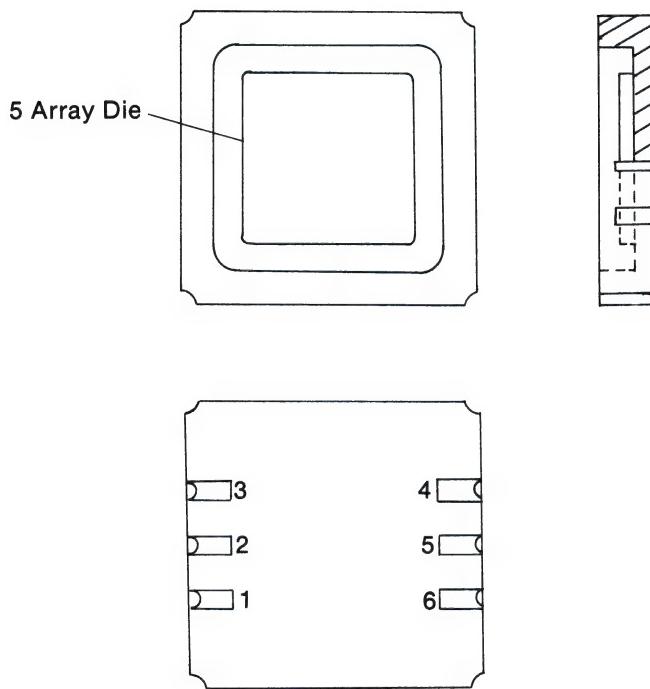
**FIGURE 4**  
DIODE ARRAY (3)



**FIGURE 5**  
DIODE ARRAY (5)



**FIGURE 6**  
3 $\phi$  F.W. RECTIFIER  
ASSEMBLY



**FIGURE 7**  
LEADLESS CHIP CARRIER

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# SURFACE MOUNT DEVICES

Offered by Microsemi Corp. — Santa Ana, CA

## DESCRIPTION

In addition to being "the Diode Experts," Microsemi Corporation manufactures diodes using Surface Mount Technology (SMT) which provides small size, low cost assemblies for many customer applications, without sacrificing power rating or hi-rel JAN, TX, TXV, and JANS quality. Mesa surface mount diodes can be supplied from the Santa Ana facility using miniature, metallurgically bonded, hard glass to metal, non-cavity,

square end cap packages for high power applications.

Microsemi Santa Ana facility initial offerings include: four basic power ratings of rectifiers, hi-rel rectifier stacks, zener diodes, transient voltage suppressors, and PIN diodes. The capability exists to supply JAN, TX, TXV, and JANS equivalents on all of Santa Ana's products.

## FEATURES FOR SURFACE MOUNT DEVICES (SMD)

- VOIDLESS, HERMETICALLY SEALED GLASS PACKAGE
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED
- SQUARE END CAPS
- JAN, TX, TXV, AND JANS EQUIVALENTS AVAILABLE
- CUSTOM TYPES SUPPLIED TO CUSTOMER DRAWINGS

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Case: Hermetically sealed glass

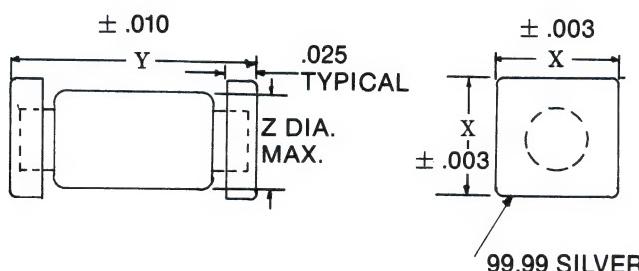
Polarity: Cathode dot

Finish Material: Silver

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating Temperature: -65°C to +200°C

Storage Temperature: -65°C to +200°C



## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

PACKAGE TYPE	— DIMENSIONS —		
	X	Y	Z
B	.073	.175	.065
A	.100	.190	.085
E	.140	.215	.135
G	.190	.215	.185

# CROSS REFERENCE SELECTION GUIDE

## Rectifiers and Stacks\*

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER	SMD TYPE NUMBER	PACKAGE TYPE	PEAK REV. VOLTAGE	AVG. DC CURRENT ( $I_o$ ) in AMPS
1N3595	3595 SM	B	125	0.5
1N4938	4938 SM	A	200	0.5
1N4942 thru 1N4948	4942 SM thru 4948 SM	A	200 thru 1000	1.0
1N5615 thru 1N5623	5615 SM thru 5623 SM	A	200 thru 1000	1.0
1N4148-1	4148-1 SM	B	75	0.5
1N4150-1	4150-1 SM	B	50	0.5
1N5802 thru 1N5806	5802 SM thru 5806 SM	A	50 thru 150	2.5
1N6073 thru 1N6075	6073 SM thru 6075 SM	A	50 thru 150	3.0
1N5415 thru 1N5420	5415 SM thru 5420 SM	E	50 thru 600	3.0
1N5186 thru 1N5190	5186 SM thru 5190 SM	E	100 thru 600	3.0
1N5807 thru 1N5811	5807 SM thru 5811 SM	E	50 thru 150	6.0
1N6079 thru 1N6081	6079 SM thru 6081 SM	G	50 thru 150	12.0
**1N3643 thru 1N3647	3643 SM thru 3647 SM	D	1000 thru 3000	0.2
**1N4254 thru 1N4257	4254 SM thru 4257 SM	D	1500 thru 3000	0.2
**1N5181 thru 1N5184	5181 SM thru 5184 SM	D	4000 thru 10,000	0.06

## Zener Diodes\*

(and T.C. Zeners, Unidirectional and Bidirectional Transient Suppressors)

JEDEC TYPE NUMBER	SMD TYPE NUMBER	PACKAGE TYPE	WATTAGE (mW)	PEAK PULSE POWER (Watts)
1N821 thru 1N829	821 SM thru 829 SM	A	250	-
1N6309 thru 1N6355	6309 SM thru 6355 SM	C	500	-
1N6485 thru 1N6491	6485 SM thru 6491 SM	A	1500	-
1N4460 thru 1N4496	4460 SM thru 4496 SM	A	1500	-
1N5063 thru 1N5117	5063 SM thru 5117 SM	A	3000	-
1N4954 thru 1N4986	4954 SM thru 4986 SM	E	5000	-
†1N6102 A thru 1N6137	6102 SM thru 6137 SM	E	-	500
†1N6138 A thru 1N6173	6138 SM thru 6173 SM	G	-	1500

\*Consult factory for additional types not listed.

\*\*High Voltage Stacks.

†Bidirectional Transient Suppressors.

**Note:** Unidirectional transient suppressor versions of this SMD package are available at 250 through 1500 watts peak pulse power. Consult factory for the package size applicable for specific applications.

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**MLL4728**  
 thru  
**MLL4764**

### DESCRIPTION/FEATURES

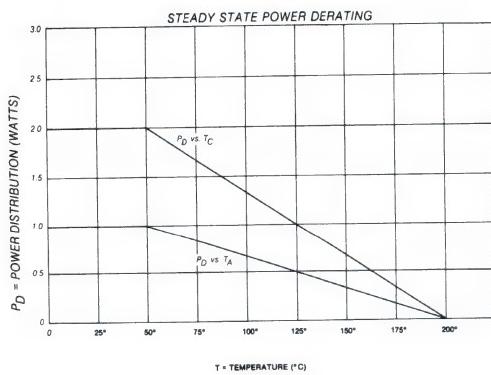
- LEADLESS PACKAGE FOR SURFACE MOUNT TECHNOLOGY
- IDEAL FOR HIGH DENSITY MOUNTING
- VOLTAGE RANGE—3.3 TO 100 VOLTS
- HERMETICALLY SEALED, DOUBLE-SLUG GLASS CONSTRUCTION

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

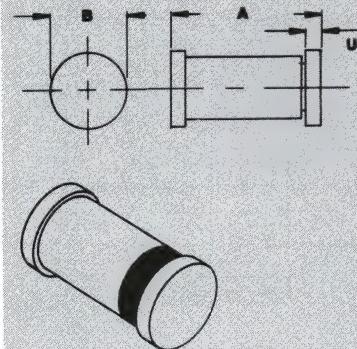
1.00 Watt DC Power Rating (See Power Derating Curve)  
 -65°C to +200°C Operating and Storage Junction Temperature  
 Power Derating 10.0 mW/°C above 50°C  
 Forward Voltage @ 200 mA: 1.2 Volts

### APPLICATION

This surface mountable zener diode series is similar to the 1N4728 thru 1N4764 registration in the DO-41 equivalent package except that it meets the new JEDEC surface mount outline DO-213AB. It is an ideal selection for applications of high density and low parasitic requirements. Due to its glass hermetic qualities, it may also be considered for high reliability applications when required by a source control drawing (SCD).



### LEADLESS GLASS ZENER DIODES



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.80	5.20	.189	.205
B	2.39	2.68	.094	.102
U	.41	.55	.016	.022

DO-213AB

### MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass with solder contact tabs at each end.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant, readily solderable.

POLARITY: Banded end is cathode.

THERMAL RESISTANCE: 75°C/Watt typical junction to contact (case) tabs. (See Power Derating Curve)

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# MLL4728 thru MLL4764

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ $T_C = 30^\circ\text{C}$

TYPE NUMBER (Note 1)	ZENER VOLTAGE ( $V_Z$ ) (Note 4)	TEST CURRENT ( $I_{ZT}$ )	MAXIMUM DYNAMIC IMPEDANCE ( $Z_{ZT}$ @ $I_{ZT}$ ) (Note 2)	MAXIMUM REVERSE CURRENT ( $I_R$ @ $V_R$ )	TEST VOLTAGE ( $V_R$ )	MAXIMUM REGULATOR CURRENT ( $I_{ZR}$ ) $T_A = 50^\circ\text{C}$	MAXIMUM KNEE IMPEDANCE ( $Z_{ZK}$ @ $I_{ZK}$ ) (Note 2)	TEST CURRENT ( $I_{ZK}$ )	MAXIMUM (SURGE) CURRENT ( $I_S$ ) (Note 3)
	VOLTS	mA	OHMS	μA	VOLTS	mA	OHMS	mA	mA
MLL4728A	3.3	76	10	100	1	276	400	1.0	1380
MLL4729A	3.6	69	10	100	1	252	400	1.0	1260
MLL4730A	3.9	64	9	50	1	234	400	1.0	1190
MLL4731A	4.3	58	9	10	1	217	400	1.0	1070
MLL4732A	4.7	53	8	10	1	193	500	1.0	970
MLL4733A	5.1	49	7	10	1	178	550	1.0	890
MLL4734A	5.6	45	5	10	2	162	600	1.0	810
MLL4735A	6.2	41	2	10	3	146	700	1.0	730
MLL4736A	6.8	37	3.5	10	4	133	700	1.0	660
MLL4737A	7.5	34	4.0	10	5	121	700	0.5	605
MLL4738A	8.2	31	4.5	10	6	110	700	0.5	550
MLL4739A	9.1	28	5.0	10	7	100	700	0.5	500
MLL4740A	10	25	7	10	7.6	91	700	0.25	454
MLL4741A	11	23	8	5	8.4	83	700	0.25	414
MLL4742A	12	21	9	5	9.1	76	700	0.25	380
MLL4743A	13	19	10	5	9.9	69	700	0.25	344
MLL4744A	15	17	14	5	11.4	61	700	0.25	304
MLL4745A	16	15.5	16	5	12.2	57	700	0.25	285
MLL4746A	18	14	20	5	13.7	50	750	0.25	250
MLL4747A	20	12.5	22	5	15.2	45	750	0.25	225
MLL4748A	22	11.5	23	5	16.7	41	750	0.25	205
MLL4749A	24	10.5	25	5	18.2	38	750	0.25	190
MLL4750A	27	9.5	35	5	20.6	34	750	0.25	170
MLL4751A	30	8.5	40	5	22.8	30	1000	0.25	150
MLL4752A	33	7.5	45	5	25.1	27	1000	0.25	135
MLL4753A	36	7.0	50	5	27.4	25	1000	0.25	125
MLL4754A	39	6.5	60	5	29.7	23	1000	0.25	115
MLL4755A	43	6.0	70	5	32.7	22	1500	0.25	110
MLL4756A	47	5.5	80	5	35.8	19	1500	0.25	95
MLL4757A	51	5.0	95	5	38.8	18	1500	0.25	90
MLL4758A	56	4.5	110	5	42.6	16	2000	0.25	80
MLL4759A	62	4.0	125	5	47.1	14	2000	0.25	70
MLL4760A	68	3.7	150	5	51.7	13	2000	0.25	65
MLL4761A	75	3.3	175	5	56.0	12	2000	0.25	60
MLL4762A	82	3.0	200	5	62.2	11	3000	0.25	55
MLL4763A	91	2.8	250	5	69.2	10	3000	0.25	50
MLL4764A	100	2.5	350	5	76.0	9	3000	0.25	45

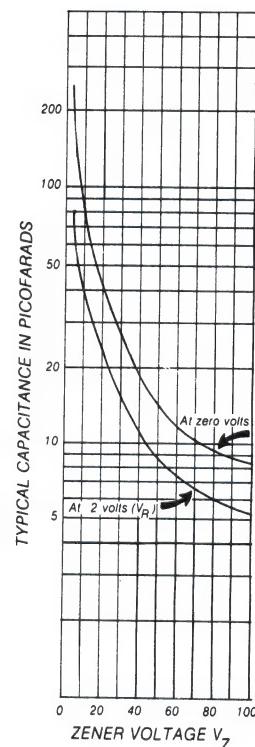
**NOTE 1:** The type numbers shown with an "A" suffix have a  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance on the nominal Zener voltage. Also available with suffix "C" for  $\pm 2\%$ , and "D" for  $\pm 1\%$ , while the absence of a suffix letter denotes  $\pm 10\%$  tolerance.

**NOTE 2:** The Zener impedance is derived from the 60 Hz ac voltage, which results when an ac current having an rms value equal to 10% of the DC Zener current ( $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ . Zener impedance is measured at two points to insure a sharp knee on the breakdown curve and eliminate unstable units.

**NOTE 3:** The reverse surge current is measured at  $25^\circ\text{C}$  ambient using a 1/2 square wave or equivalent sine wave pulse 1/120 second duration superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$ .

**NOTE 4:** Voltage measurements to be performed 90 seconds after application of DC current.

CAPACITANCE vs.  $V_Z$  CURVE



**MICRO**  
**Microsemi Corp.**  
*The diode experts*

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 For more information call:  
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**MLL5221  
 thru  
 MLL5281**

### DESCRIPTION/FEATURES

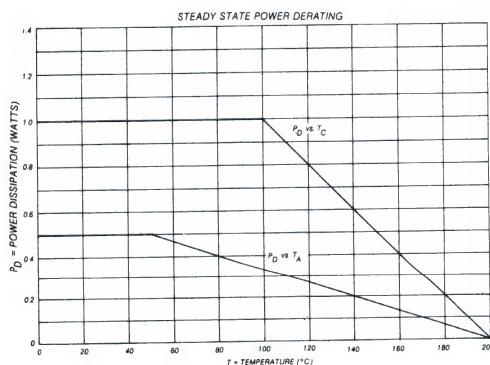
- LEADLESS PACKAGE FOR SURFACE MOUNT TECHNOLOGY
- IDEAL FOR HIGH DENSITY MOUNTING
- VOLTAGE RANGE—2.4 TO 200 VOLTS
- HERMETICALLY SEALED, DOUBLE-SLUG GLASS CONSTRUCTION
- METALLURGICALLY BONDED CONSTRUCTION AVAILABLE AS DASH ONE.

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

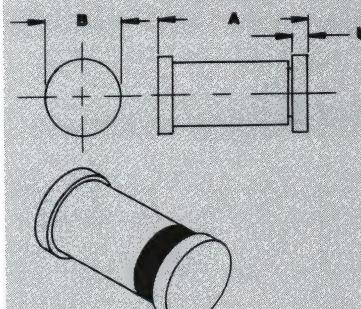
500 mW DC Power Rating (See Power Derating Curve)  
 -65°C to +200°C Operating and Storage Junction Temperature  
 Power Derating 3.33 mW/°C above 50°C

### APPLICATION

This surface mountable zener diode series is similar to the 1N5221 thru 1N5281 registration in the DO-35 equivalent package except that it meets the new JEDEC surface mount outline DO-213AA. It is an ideal selection for applications of high density and low parasitic requirements. Due to its glass hermetic qualities, it may also be considered for high reliability applications when required by a source control drawing (SCD).



### LEADLESS GLASS ZENER DIODES



DIM.	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.
A	3.30	3.70	0.130	0.146
B	1.60	1.70	0.063	0.067
U	.41	.55	0.016	0.022

DO-213AA

### MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass with solder contact tabs at each end.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant, readily solderable.

POLARITY: Banded end is cathode.

THERMAL RESISTANCE: 100°C/Watt typical junction to contact (case) tabs.

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

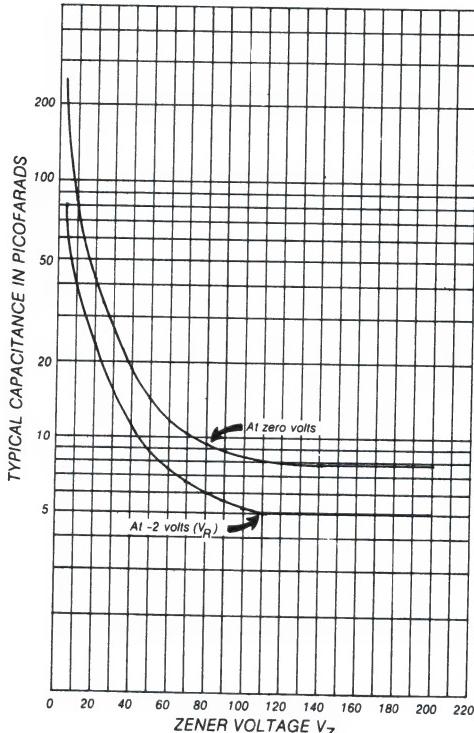
# MLL5221 thru MLL 5281

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted. Based on dc measurements at thermal equilibrium; case temperature maintained at  $30 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ .  $V_F = 1.1\text{V}$  max @  $I_F = 200\text{ mA}$  for all types.)

Type No (Note 1)	Nominal Zener Voltage $V_Z$ @ $I_ZT$ Volts (Note 2)	Test Current $I_ZT$ mA	Max Zener Impedance A and B Suffix only		Max Reverse Leakage Current A and B Suffix only		Max Zener Voltage Temperature Coeff. (A and B Suffix only) $\alpha_{VZ} (\%/\text{C})$ (Note 3)	
			$Z_{ZT} @ I_ZT$ Ohms		$Z_{ZK} @ I_ZK < 0.25\text{ mA}$ Ohms			
			$I_R$ μA	$V_F$ Volts	$I_R$ μA	$V_F$ Volts		
MLL5221	2.4	20	30	1200	100	0.95	1.0	200 -0.085
MLL5222	2.5	20	30	1250	100	0.95	1.0	200 -0.085
MLL5223	2.7	20	30	1300	75	0.95	1.0	150 -0.080
MLL5224	2.8	20	30	1400	75	0.95	1.0	150 -0.080
MLL5225	3.0	20	29	1600	50	0.95	1.0	150 -0.075
MLL5226	3.3	20	28	1600	25	0.95	1.0	100 -0.070
MLL5227	3.6	20	24	1700	15	0.95	1.0	100 -0.065
MLL5228	3.9	20	23	1900	10	0.95	1.0	75 -0.060
MLL5229	4.1	20	22	2200	5.0	0.95	1.0	50 ±0.055
MLL5230	4.7	20	19	1900	5.0	1.2	2.0	50 ±0.050
MLL5231	5.1	20	17	1800	5.0	1.9	2.0	50 ±0.050
MLL5232	5.6	20	11	1800	5.0	2.9	3.0	50 +0.048
MLL5233	6.0	20	7.0	1600	5.0	3.3	3.5	50 +0.038
MLL5234	6.2	20	7.0	1000	5.0	4.0	4.0	50 +0.045
MLL5235	6.8	20	5.0	750	3.0	4.8	5.0	30 +0.040
MLL5236	7.5	20	6.0	500	3.0	5.7	6.0	30 +0.058
MLL5237	8.2	20	8.0	500	3.0	6.2	6.5	30 +0.065
MLL5238	8.7	20	8.0	600	3.0	6.2	6.5	30 +0.065
MLL5239	9.1	20	10	600	3.0	7.0	7.0	30 +0.068
MLL5240	10	20	17	600	3.0	7.6	8.0	30 +0.075
MLL5241	11	20	22	600	2.0	8.0	8.4	30 +0.076
MLL5242	12	20	30	600	1.0	8.7	9.1	10 +0.077
MLL5243	13	20	13	600	0.5	9.4	9.9	10 +0.079
MLL5244	14	20	9.0	600	0.5	10.1	10.4	10 +0.082
MLL5245	15	20	8.5	600	0.1	10.5	11.0	10 +0.082
MLL5246	16	7.8	17	600	0.1	11.4	12	10 +0.083
MLL5247	17	7.4	19	600	0.1	12.4	13	10 +0.084
MLL5248	18	7.0	21	600	0.1	13.3	14	10 +0.085
MLL5249	19	6.6	23	600	0.1	13.4	14	10 +0.086
MLL5250	20	6.2	25	600	0.1	14.3	15	10 +0.086
MLL5251	22	5.6	29	600	0.1	16.2	17	10 +0.087
MLL5252	24	5.2	33	600	0.1	17.1	18	10 +0.088
MLL5253	25	5.0	35	600	0.1	18.1	19	10 +0.089
MLL5254	27	4.6	41	600	0.1	20	21	10 +0.090
MLL5255	28	4.5	44	600	0.1	20	21	10 +0.091
MLL5256	30	4.2	49	600	0.1	22	23	10 +0.091
MLL5257	33	3.8	58	700	0.1	24	25	10 +0.092
MLL5258	36	3.4	70	700	0.1	26	27	10 +0.093
MLL5259	39	3.2	80	800	0.1	30	30	10 +0.094
MLL5260	43	3.0	93	900	0.1	31	33	10 +0.095
MLL5261	47	2.7	105	1000	0.1	34	36	10 +0.095
MLL5262	51	2.5	125	1100	0.1	37	39	10 +0.096
MLL5263	55	2.2	150	1300	0.1	41	43	10 +0.096
MLL5264	60	2.1	170	1400	0.1	44	46	10 +0.097
MLL5265	62	2.0	185	1400	0.1	45	47	10 +0.097
MLL5266	68	1.8	230	1600	0.1	49	52	10 +0.097
MLL5267	75	1.7	270	1700	0.1	53	56	10 +0.098
MLL5268	82	1.6	330	2000	0.1	58	62	10 +0.098
MLL5269	87	1.4	370	2200	0.1	65	68	10 +0.099
MLL5270	91	1.4	400	2300	0.1	66	69	10 +0.099
MLL5271	100	1.3	500	2600	0.1	72	76	10 +0.110
MLL5272	110	1.1	750	3000	0.1	80	84	10 +0.110
MLL5273	120	1.0	900	4000	0.1	86	91	10 +0.110
MLL5274	130	0.95	1100	4500	0.1	94	99	10 +0.110
MLL5275	140	0.90	1300	5000	0.1	101	106	10 +0.110
MLL5276	150	0.85	1500	5500	0.1	108	114	10 +0.110
MLL5277	160	0.80	1700	5500	0.1	116	122	10 +0.110
MLL5278	170	0.74	1900	5500	0.1	123	129	10 +0.110
MLL5279	180	0.68	2200	6000	0.1	131	137	10 +0.110
MLL5280	190	0.66	2400	6500	0.1	137	144	10 +0.110
MLL5281	200	0.65	2500	7000	0.1	144	152	10 +0.110

CAPACITANCE vs.  $V_Z$  CURVE



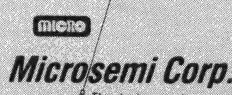
**NOTE 1:** Table as shown lists type numbers, which indicate a tolerance of  $\pm 20\%$  with guaranteed limits on only  $V_Z$ ,  $I_R$ , and  $V_F$ . Devices with guaranteed limits on all six parameters are indicated by suffix "A" for  $\pm 10\%$ , "B" for  $\pm 5\%$ , "C" for  $\pm 2\%$ , and "D" for  $\pm 1\%$  tolerance.

**NOTE 2:** The electrical characteristics are measured after allowing the device to stabilize for 20 seconds.

**NOTE 3:** Temperature coefficient ( $\alpha_{VZ}$ ). Test conditions for temperature coefficient are as follows:

- a.  $I_{ZT} = 7.5\text{ mA}$ ,  $T_1 = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $T_2 = 125^\circ\text{C}$  (MLL5221A, B thru MLL5242A, B.)
- b.  $I_{ZT}$  = Rated  $I_{ZT}$ ,  $T_1 = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $T_2 = 125^\circ\text{C}$  (MLL5243A, B thru MLL5281A, B.)

Device to be temperature stabilized with current applied prior to reading breakdown voltage at the specified ambient temperature.



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## MLL5913 thru MLL5956

### DESCRIPTION/FEATURES

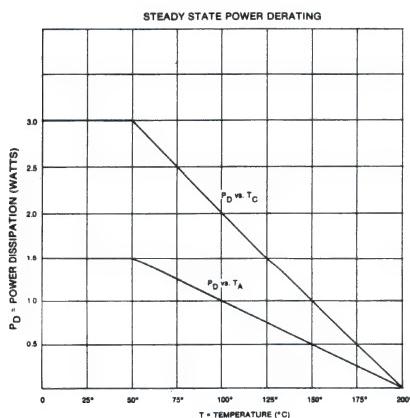
- LEADLESS PACKAGE FOR SURFACE MOUNT TECHNOLOGY
- IDEAL FOR HIGH DENSITY MOUNTING
- VOLTAGE RANGE—3.3 TO 200 VOLTS
- HERMETICALLY SEALED, DOUBLE-SLUG GLASS CONSTRUCTION
- METALLURGICALLY ENHANCED CONTACT CONSTRUCTION

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

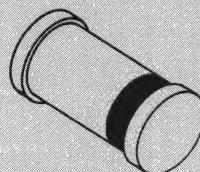
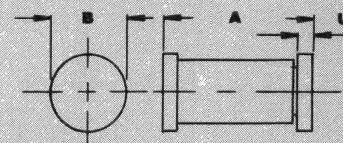
1.50 Watts DC Power Rating (See Power Derating Curve)  
 $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+200^{\circ}\text{C}$  Operating and Storage Junction Temperature  
 Power Derating 10.0 mW/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$  above  $50^{\circ}\text{C}$

### APPLICATION

This surface mountable zener diode series is similar to the 1N5913 thru 1N5956 registration in the DO-41 equivalent package except that it meets the new JEDEC surface mount outline DO-213AB. It is an ideal selection for applications of high density and low parasitic requirements. Due to its glass hermetic qualities, it may also be considered for high reliability applications when required by a source control drawing (SCD).



### LEADLESS GLASS ZENER DIODES



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.80	5.20	.189	.205
B	2.39	2.66	.094	.102
U	.41	.55	.016	.022

DO-213AB

### MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Hermetically sealed glass with solder contact tabs at each end.

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant, readily solderable.

POLARITY: Banded end is cathode.

THERMAL RESISTANCE:  $50^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{Watt}$  typical junction to contact (case) tabs. (See Power Derating Curve)

MOUNTING POSITION: Any.

# MLL5913 thru MLL5956

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ $T_C = 30^\circ\text{C}$

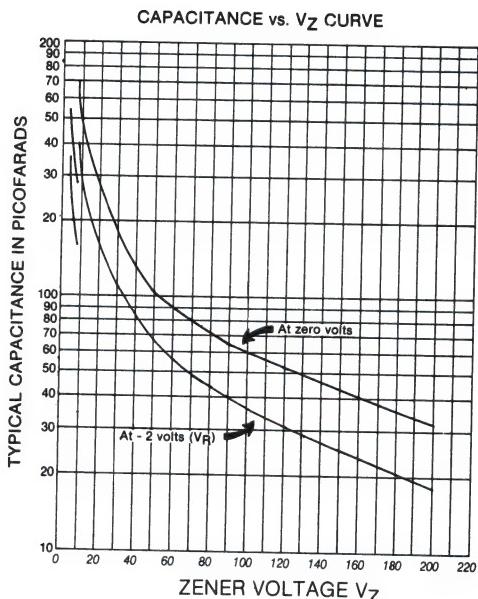
JEDEC TYPE NUMBER (Note 1)	ZENER VOLTAGE $V_Z$ (Note 2)	TEST CURRENT $I_{ZT}$	DYNAMIC IMPEDANCE $Z_{ZT}$ (Note 3)	KNEE CURRENT $I_{ZK}$	KNEE IMPEDANCE $Z_{ZK}$ (Note 3)	REVERSE CURRENT $I_R$	REVERSE VOLTAGE $V_R$	MAX. DC CURRENT $I_{ZM}$
	Volts	mA	$\Omega$	mA	$\Omega$	$\mu\text{A}/\text{dC}$	Volts	mA
MLL5913	3.3	113.6	10	1.0	500	100	1.0	454
MLL5914	3.6	104.2	9.0	1.0	500	75	1.0	416
MLL5915	3.9	96.1	7.5	1.0	500	25	1.0	384
MLL5916	4.3	87.2	6.0	1.0	500	50	1.0	348
MLL5917	4.7	79.8	5.0	1.0	500	50	1.0	319
MLL5918	5.1	73.5	4.0	1.0	350	50	2.0	294
MLL5919	5.6	66.9	2.0	1.0	250	50	3.0	267
MLL5920	6.2	60.5	2.0	1.0	200	50	4.0	241
MLL5921	6.8	55.1	2.5	1.0	200	50	5.2	220
MLL5922	7.5	50	3.0	0.5	400	50	6.0	200
MLL5923	8.2	45.7	3.5	0.5	400	50	6.5	182
MLL5924	9.1	41.2	4.0	0.5	500	50	7.0	164
MLL5925	10	37.5	4.5	0.25	500	50	8.0	150
MLL5926	11	34.1	5.5	0.25	550	1.0	8.4	125
MLL5927	12	31.2	6.5	0.25	550	1.0	9.1	125
MLL5928	13	28.8	7.0	0.25	550	1.0	9.9	115
MLL5929	15	25	9.0	0.25	600	1.0	11.4	100
MLL5930	16	23.4	10	0.25	600	1.0	12.2	93
MLL5931	18	20.8	12	0.25	650	1.0	13.7	83
MLL5932	20	18.7	14	0.25	650	1.0	15.2	75
MLL5933	22	17	17.5	0.25	650	1.0	16.7	68
MLL5934	24	15.6	19	0.25	700	1.0	18.2	62
MLL5935	27	13.9	23	0.25	700	1.0	20.6	55
MLL5936	30	12.5	28	0.25	750	1.0	22.8	50
MLL5937	33	11.4	33	0.25	800	1.0	25.1	45
MLL5938	36	10.4	38	0.25	850	1.0	27.4	41
MLL5939	39	9.6	45	0.25	900	1.0	29.7	38
MLL5940	43	8.7	53	0.25	950	1.0	32.7	34
MLL5941	47	8.0	67	0.25	1000	1.0	35.8	31
MLL5942	51	7.3	70	0.25	1100	1.0	38.8	29
MLL5943	56	6.7	86	0.25	1300	1.0	42.6	26
MLL5944	62	6.0	100	0.25	1500	1.0	47.1	24
MLL5945	68	5.5	120	0.25	1700	1.0	51.2	22
MLL5946	75	5.0	140	0.25	2000	1.0	56	20
MLL5947	82	4.6	160	0.25	2500	1.0	62.2	18
MLL5948	91	4.1	200	0.25	3000	1.0	69.2	16
MLL5949	100	3.7	250	0.25	3100	1.0	76	15
MLL5950	110	3.4	300	0.25	4000	1.0	83.6	13
MLL5951	120	3.1	380	0.25	4500	1.0	91.2	12
MLL5952	130	2.9	450	0.25	5000	1.0	98.9	11
MLL5953	150	2.5	600	0.25	6000	1.0	114	10
MLL5954	160	2.3	700	0.25	6500	1.0	121.6	9.0
MLL5955	180	2.1	900	0.25	7000	1.0	136.8	8.0
MLL5956	200	1.9	1200	0.25	8000	1.0	152	7.0

$T_C$  Maintained at  $30^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_F = 1.2\text{ V}$  max @  $I_F = 200\text{ mA}$  (all types)

**NOTE 1:** No suffix indicates a  $\pm 20\%$  tolerance on nominal  $V_Z$ . The suffix A denotes  $\pm 10\%$ , B denotes  $\pm 5\%$ , C denotes  $\pm 2\%$ , and D denotes  $\pm 1\%$  tolerance.

**NOTE 2:** Zener voltage ( $V_Z$ ) is measured at  $T_C = 30^\circ\text{C}$ . Voltage measurement to be performed 90 seconds after application of DC current.

**NOTE 3:** The zener impedance is derived from the 60 Hz ac voltage, which results when an ac current having an rms value equal to 10% of the DC zener current ( $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ .



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# SMS SERIES

## 5.0 thru 170.0

### Volts

### 600 WATTS

**FEATURES**

- LOW PROFILE PACKAGE FOR SURFACE MOUNTING
- VOLTAGE RANGE: 5.0 TO 170 VOLTS
- 600 WATTS PEAK POWER
- UNIDIRECTIONAL AND BIDIRECTIONAL
- LOW INDUCTANCE

This series of TAZ (transient absorption zeners), available in small outline surface mountable packages, is designed to optimize board space. Packaged for use with surface mount technology automated assembly equipment, these parts can be placed on printed circuit boards and ceramic substrates to protect sensitive components from transient voltage damage.

The SMS series, rated for 600 watts, during a one millisecond pulse, can be used to protect sensitive circuits against transients induced by lightning and inductive load switching. With a response time of  $1 \times 10^{-12}$  seconds (theoretical) they are also effective against electrostatic discharge and NEMP.

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

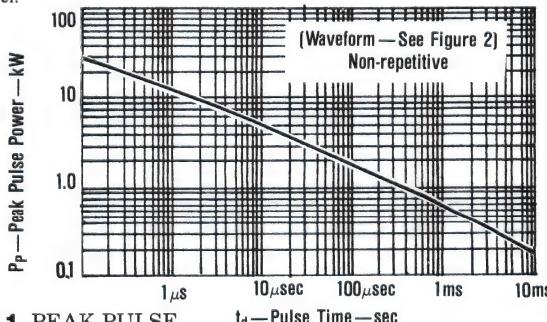
600 watts of Peak Power dissipation ( $10 \times 1000\mu\text{s}$ )

$t_{\text{clamping}}$  (0 volts to  $V_{(\text{BR}) \text{ min}}$ ): less than  $1 \times 10^{-12}$  seconds (theoretical)

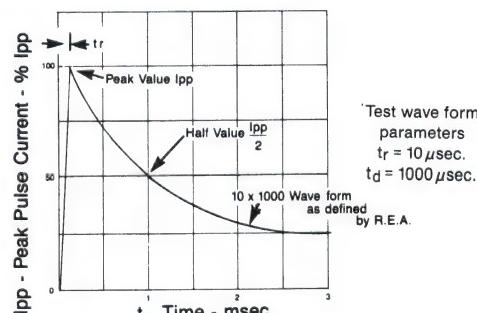
Forward surge rating: 50 Amps, 1/120 sec @ 25°C (Excluding Bidirectional)

Operating and Storage Temperature: -65° to +175°C

**NOTE:** A TAZ is normally selected according to the reverse "Stand Off Voltage" ( $V_{RM}$ ) which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.



**FIGURE 1** PEAK PULSE POWER VS PULSE TIME



**FIGURE 2**  
PULSE WAVEFORM

### UNI- and BI-DIRECTIONAL SURFACE MOUNT



See Page 303 for  
Package Dimensions.

### MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Molded Surface Mountable.

TERMINAL: Gull-wing or Modified J-bend leads, solder dipped.

POLARITY: Cathode indicated by dot. No marking on bidirectional devices.

PACKAGING: Standard 12 mm tape (see EIA Std. RS-481).

# SMS 5.0 thru 170.0 Volts

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

MICROSEMI CORP. PART NUMBER		DEVICE MARKING CODE	REVERSE STAND-OFF VOLTAGE (See Note) $V_{WM}$ VOLTS	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE $V_{(BR)}$ @ $I_T$ VOLTS			MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE @ $I_{PP}$ VOLTS	PEAK PULSE CURRENT (See Fig. 2) $I_{PP}$ AMPS	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE @ $V_{WM}$ $I_D$ $\mu$ A
GULL-WING LEAD	MODIFIED "J" BEND LEAD			MIN.	MAX.	$I_T$ mA			
SMSG5.0	SMSJ5.0	KD	5.0	6.40 - 7.30	10	9.6	62.5	800	
SMSG5.0A	SMSJ5.0A	KE	5.0	6.40 - 7.00	10	9.2	65.2	800	
SMSG6.0	SMSJ6.0	KF	6.0	6.67 - 8.15	10	11.4	52.6	800	
SMSG6.0A	SMSJ6.0A	KG	6.0	6.67 - 7.37	10	10.3	58.3	800	
SMSG6.5	SMSJ6.5	KH	6.5	7.22 - 8.82	10	12.3	48.7	500	
SMSG6.5A	SMSJ6.5A	KK	6.5	7.22 - 7.98	10	11.2	53.6	500	
SMSG7.0	SMSJ7.0	KL	7.0	7.78 - 9.51	10	13.3	45.1	200	
SMSG7.0A	SMSJ7.0A	KM	7.0	7.78 - 8.60	10	12.0	50.0	200	
SMSG7.5	SMSJ7.5	KN	7.5	8.33 - 10.2	1	14.3	42.0	100	
SMSG7.5A	SMSJ7.5A	KP	7.5	8.33 - 9.21	1	12.9	46.5	100	
SMSG8.0	SMSJ8.0	KQ	8.0	8.89 - 10.9	1	15.0	40.0	50	
SMSG8.0A	SMSJ8.0A	KR	8.0	8.89 - 9.83	1	13.6	44.1	50	
SMSG8.5	SMSJ8.5	KS	8.5	9.44 - 11.5	1	15.9	37.7	10	
SMSG8.5A	SMSJ8.5A	KT	8.5	9.44 - 10.4	1	14.4	41.7	10	
SMSG9.0	SMSJ9.0	KU	9.0	10.0 - 12.2	1	16.9	35.5	5	
SMSG9.0A	SMSJ9.0A	KV	9.0	10.0 - 11.1	1	15.4	39.0	5	
SMSG10	SMSJ10	KW	10	11.1 - 13.6	1	18.8	31.9	5	
SMSG10A	SMSJ10A	KX	10	11.1 - 12.3	1	17.0	35.3	5	
SMSG11	SMSJ11	KY	11	12.2 - 14.9	1	20.1	29.9	5	
SMSG11A	SMSJ11A	KZ	11	12.2 - 13.5	1	18.2	33.0	5	
SMSG12	SMSJ12	LD	12	13.3 - 16.3	1	22.0	27.3	5	
SMSG12A	SMSJ12A	LE	12	13.3 - 14.7	1	19.9	30.2	5	
SMSG13	SMSJ13	LF	13	14.4 - 17.6	1	23.8	25.2	5	
SMSG13A	SMSJ13A	LG	13	14.4 - 15.9	1	21.5	27.9	5	
SMSG14	SMSJ14	LH	14	15.6 - 19.1	1	25.8	23.3	5	
SMSG14A	SMSJ14A	LK	14	15.6 - 17.2	1	23.2	25.8	5	
SMSG15	SMSJ15	LL	15	16.7 - 20.4	1	26.9	22.3	5	
SMSG15A	SMSJ15A	LM	15	16.7 - 18.5	1	24.4	24.0	5	
SMSG16	SMSJ16	LN	16	17.8 - 21.8	1	28.8	20.8	5	
SMSG16A	SMSJ16A	LP	16	17.8 - 19.7	1	26.0	23.1	5	
SMSG17	SMSJ17	LQ	17	18.9 - 23.1	1	30.5	19.7	5	
SMSG17A	SMSJ17A	LR	17	18.9 - 20.9	1	27.6	21.7	5	
SMSG18	SMSJ18	LS	18	20.0 - 24.4	1	32.2	18.6	5	
SMSG18A	SMSJ18A	LT	18	20.0 - 22.1	1	29.2	20.5	5	
SMSG20	SMSJ20	LU	20	22.2 - 27.1	1	35.8	16.7	5	
SMSG20A	SMSJ20A	LV	20	22.2 - 24.5	1	32.4	18.5	5	
SMSG22	SMSJ22	LW	22	24.4 - 29.8	1	39.4	15.2	5	
SMSG22A	SMSJ22A	LX	22	24.4 - 26.9	1	35.5	16.9	5	
SMSG24	SMSJ24	LY	24	26.7 - 32.6	1	43.0	14.0	5	
SMSG24A	SMSJ24A	LZ	24	26.7 - 29.5	1	38.9	15.4	5	
SMSG26	SMSJ26	MD	26	28.9 - 35.3	1	46.6	12.4	5	
SMSG26A	SMSJ26A	ME	26	28.9 - 31.9	1	42.1	14.2	5	
SMSG28	SMSJ28	MF	28	31.1 - 38.0	1	50.0	12.0	5	
SMSG28A	SMSJ28A	MG	28	31.1 - 34.4	1	45.4	13.2	5	
SMSG30	SMSJ30	MH	30	33.3 - 40.7	1	53.5	11.2	5	
SMSG30A	SMSJ30A	MK	30	33.3 - 36.8	1	48.4	12.4	5	
SMSG33	SMSJ33	ML	33	36.7 - 44.9	1	59.0	10.2	5	
SMSG33A	SMSJ33A	MM	33	36.7 - 40.6	1	53.3	11.3	5	
SMSG36	SMSJ36	MN	36	40.0 - 48.9	1	64.3	9.3	5	
SMSG36A	SMSJ36A	MP	36	40.0 - 44.2	1	58.1	10.3	5	
SMSG40	SMSJ40	MQ	40	44.4 - 54.3	1	71.4	8.4	5	
SMSG40A	SMSJ40A	MR	40	44.4 - 49.1	1	64.5	9.3	5	
SMSG43	SMSJ43	MS	43	47.8 - 58.4	1	76.7	7.8	5	
SMSG43A	SMSJ43A	M1	43	47.8 - 52.8	1	69.4	8.6	5	
SMSG45	SMSJ45	MU	45	50.0 - 61.1	1	80.3	7.5	5	
SMSG45A	SMSJ45A	MV	45	50.0 - 55.3	1	72.7	8.3	5	
SMSG48	SMSJ48	MW	48	53.3 - 65.1	1	85.5	7.0	5	
SMSG48A	SMSJ48A	MX	48	53.3 - 58.9	1	77.4	7.7	5	
SMSG51	SMSJ51	MY	51	56.7 - 69.3	1	91.1	6.6	5	
SMSG51A	SMSJ51A	MZ	51	56.7 - 62.7	1	82.4	7.3	5	
SMSG54	SMSJ54	ND	54	60.0 - 73.3	1	96.3	6.2	5	
SMSG54A	SMSJ54A	NE	54	60.0 - 66.3	1	87.1	6.9	5	
SMSG58	SMSJ58	NF	58	64.4 - 78.7	1	103.0	5.8	5	
SMSG58A	SMSJ58A	NG	58	64.4 - 71.2	1	93.6	6.4	5	
SMSG60	SMSJ60	NH	60	66.7 - 81.5	1	107.0	5.6	5	
SMSG60A	SMSJ60A	NK	60	66.7 - 73.7	1	96.8	6.2	5	
SMSG64	SMSJ64	NL	64	71.1 - 86.9	1	114.0	5.3	5	
SMSG64A	SMSJ64A	NM	64	71.1 - 78.6	1	103.0	5.8	5	

# SMS 5.0 thru 170 Volts

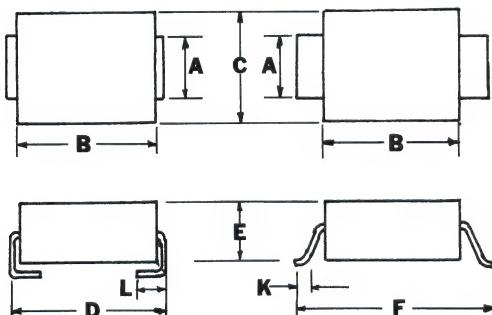
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

MICROSEMI CORP. PART NUMBER	DEVICE MARKING CODE	REVERSE STAND-OFF VOLTAGE (See Note) V <sub>WM</sub> VOLTS	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE V <sub>(BR)</sub> @ I <sub>T</sub> VOLTS	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE @ I <sub>PP</sub> VOLTS	PEAK PULSE CURRENT (See Fig. 2) I <sub>PP</sub> AMPS	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE @ V <sub>WM</sub> I <sub>D</sub> μA
GULL-WING LEAD	MODIFIED "J" BEND LEAD		MIN. MAX.	I <sub>T</sub> mA		
SMSG70	SMSG70	NN	70	77.8 - 95.1	1	125
SMSG70A	SMSG70A	NP	70	77.8 - 86.0	1	113
SMSG75	SMSG75	NQ	75	83.3 - 102.0	1	134
SMSG75A	SMSG75A	NR	75	83.3 - 92.1	1	121
SMSG78	SMSG78	NS	78	86.7 - 106.0	1	139
SMSG78A	SMSG78A	NT	78	86.7 - 95.8	1	126
SMSG85	SMSG85	NU	85	94.4 - 115.0	1	151
SMSG85A	SMSG85A	NV	85	94.4 - 104.0	1	137
SMSG90	SMSG90	NW	90	100 - 122	1	160
SMSG90A	SMSG90A	NX	90	100 - 111	1	146
SMSG100	SMSG100	NY	100	111 - 136	1	179
SMSG100A	SMSG100A	NZ	100	111 - 123	1	162
SMSG110	SMSG110	PD	110	122 - 149	1	196
SMSG110A	SMSG110A	PE	110	122 - 135	1	177
SMSG120	SMSG120	PF	120	133 - 163	1	214
SMSG120A	SMSG120A	PG	120	133 - 147	1	193
SMSG130	SMSG130	PH	130	144 - 176	1	231
SMSG130A	SMSG130A	PK	130	144 - 159	1	209
SMSG150	SMSG150	PL	150	167 - 204	1	268
SMSG150A	SMSG150A	PM	150	167 - 185	1	243
SMSG160	SMSG160	PN	160	178 - 218	1	287
SMSG160A	SMSG160A	PP	160	178 - 197	1	259
SMSG170	SMSG170	PQ	170	189 - 231	1	304
SMSG170A	SMSG170A	PR	170	189 - 209	1	275

For Bidirectional indicate a C or CA suffix after the part number. (i.e.: SMSG170CA or SMSG170C)

Microsemi Corp.'s SMS Series (600W) surface mountable packages are designed specifically for transient voltage suppression. The wide leads assure a large surface contact for good heat dissipation, and a low resistance path for surge current flow to ground. These high speed transient voltage suppressors can be used to effectively protect sensitive components such as integrated circuits and MOS devices.

### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

A	B	C	D	E	F	K	L
MIN. .077	.160	.130	.200	.070	.235	.015	.030
MAX. .083	.180	.150	.220	.085	.255	.030	.060

DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS

MIN.	4.06	3.30	5.08	1.77	5.97	0.381	0.760
MAX.	2.10	4.57	3.81	5.59	2.16	6.48	0.762

Typical Standoff Height: 0.004"-0.008" (0.1mm-0.2mm)

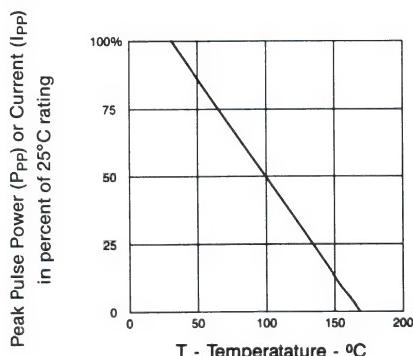


FIGURE 3 DERATING CURVE

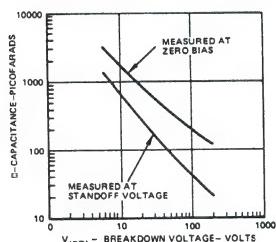


FIGURE 4 TYPICAL CAPACITANCE VS.  
BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE



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# SMM SERIES

## 5.0 thru 170.0

### Volts

### 1500 WATTS

**FEATURES**

- UNIDIRECTIONAL AND BIDIRECTIONAL
- 1500 WATTS PEAK POWER
- VOLTAGE RANGE: 5.0 TO 170 VOLTS
- LOW INDUCTANCE
- LOW PROFILE PACKAGE FOR SURFACE MOUNTING

This series of TAZ (transient absorption zeners), available in small outline surface mountable packages, is designed to optimize board space. Packaged for use with surface mount technology automated assembly equipment, these parts can be placed on printed circuit boards and ceramic substrates to protect sensitive components from transient voltage damage.

The SMM series, rated for 1500 watts during a one millisecond pulse, can be used to protect sensitive circuits against transients induced by lightning and inductive load switching. With a response time of  $1 \times 10^{-12}$  seconds (theoretical) they are also effective against electrostatic discharge and NEMP.

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

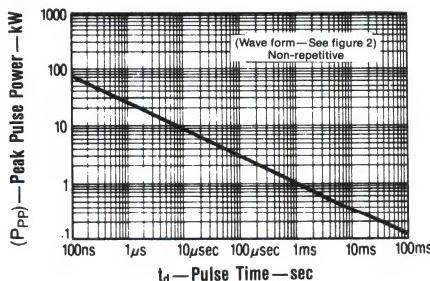
1500 watts of Peak Power dissipation ( $10 \times 1000\mu\text{s}$ )

$t_{\text{clamping}}$  (0 volts to  $V_{(\text{BR}) \text{ min}}$ ): less than  $1 \times 10^{-12}$  seconds (theoretical)

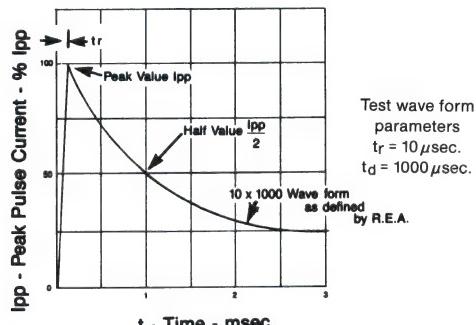
Forward surge rating: 200 Amps, 1/120 sec @ 25°C (Excluding Bidirectional)

Operating and Storage Temperature: -65° to +175°C

**NOTE:** TAZ is normally selected according to the reverse "Stand Off Voltage" ( $V_{RM}$ ) which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.



**FIGURE 1** PEAK PULSE POWER VS PULSE TIME



**FIGURE 2**  
PULSE WAVEFORM

### UNIDIRECTIONAL AND BIDIRECTIONAL SURFACE MOUNT



### MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Molded, surface mountable.

TERMINALS: Solder-dipped gull-wing or modified J-bend leads.

POLARITY: Cathode indicated by dot. No marking on bidirectional devices.

PACKAGING: 16mm tape. (See EIA Std. RS-481.)

# SMM 5.0 thru 170.0 Volts

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

MICROSEMI CORP. PART NUMBER	DEVICE MARKING CODE	REVERSE STAND-OFF VOLTAGE (See Note) V <sub>WM</sub> VOLTS	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE V <sub>(BR)</sub> @ I <sub>T</sub> VOLTS	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE @ I <sub>PP</sub> VOLTS	PEAK PULSE CURRENT (See Fig. 2) I <sub>PP</sub> AMPS	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE @ V <sub>WM</sub> I <sub>D</sub> μA
GULL-WING LEAD	MODIFIED "J" BEND LEAD			I <sub>T</sub> mA		
SMMC5.0	SMMJ5.0	G00	5.0	6.40 - 7.30	10	9.6
SMMC5.0A	SMMJ5.0A	G0E	5.0	6.40 - 7.00	10	9.2
SMMC6.0	SMMJ6.0	G0F	6.0	6.67 - 8.15	10	11.4
SMMC6.0A	SMMJ6.0A	G0G	6.0	6.67 - 7.37	10	10.3
SMMC6.5	SMMJ6.5	G0H	6.5	7.22 - 8.82	10	12.3
SMMC6.5A	SMMJ6.5A	G0K	6.5	7.22 - 7.98	10	11.2
SMMC7.0	SMMJ7.0	G0L	7.0	7.78 - 9.51	10	13.3
SMMC7.0A	SMMJ7.0A	G0M	7.0	7.78 - 8.60	10	12.0
SMMC7.5	SMMJ7.5	G0N	7.5	8.33 - 10.2	1	14.3
SMMC7.5A	SMMJ7.5A	G0P	7.5	8.33 - 9.21	1	12.9
SMMC8.0	SMMJ8.0	G0Q	8.0	8.89 - 10.9	1	15.0
SMMC8.0A	SMMJ8.0A	G0R	8.0	8.89 - 9.83	1	13.6
SMMC8.5	SMMJ8.5	G0S	8.5	9.44 - 11.5	1	15.9
SMMC8.5A	SMMJ8.5A	G0T	8.5	9.44 - 10.4	1	14.4
SMMC9.0	SMMJ9.0	G0U	9.0	10.0 - 12.2	1	16.9
SMMC9.0A	SMMJ9.0A	G0V	9.0	10.0 - 11.1	1	15.4
SMMC10	SMMJ10	G0W	10	11.1 - 13.6	1	18.8
SMMC10A	SMMJ10A	G0X	10	11.1 - 12.3	1	17.0
SMMC11	SMMJ11	G0Y	11	12.2 - 14.9	1	20.1
SMMC11A	SMMJ11A	G0Z	11	12.2 - 13.5	1	18.2
SMMC12	SMMJ12	G0	12	13.3 - 16.3	1	22.0
SMMC12A	SMMJ12A	GEE	12	13.3 - 14.7	1	19.9
SMMC13	SMMJ13	GEF	13	14.4 - 17.6	1	23.8
SMMC13A	SMMJ13A	GEG	13	14.4 - 15.9	1	21.5
SMMC14	SMMJ14	GEH	14	15.6 - 19.1	1	25.8
SMMC14A	SMMJ14A	GEK	14	15.6 - 17.2	1	23.2
SMMC15	SMMJ15	GEL	15	16.7 - 20.4	1	26.9
SMMC15A	SMMJ15A	GEM	15	16.7 - 18.5	1	24.4
SMMC16	SMMJ16	GEN	16	17.8 - 21.8	1	28.8
SMMC16A	SMMJ16A	GEP	16	17.8 - 19.7	1	26.0
SMMC17	SMMJ17	GEQ	17	18.9 - 23.1	1	30.5
SMMC17A	SMMJ17A	GER	17	18.9 - 20.9	1	27.6
SMMC18	SMMJ18	GES	18	20.0 - 24.4	1	32.2
SMMC18A	SMMJ18A	GET	18	20.0 - 22.1	1	29.2
SMMC20	SMMJ20	GEU	20	22.2 - 27.1	1	35.8
SMMC20A	SMMJ20A	GEV	20	22.2 - 24.5	1	32.4
SMMC22	SMMJ22	GEW	22	24.4 - 29.8	1	39.4
SMMC22A	SMMJ22A	GEX	22	24.4 - 26.9	1	35.5
SMMC24	SMMJ24	GEY	24	26.7 - 32.6	1	43.0
SMMC24A	SMMJ24A	GEZ	24	26.7 - 29.5	1	38.9
SMMC26	SMMJ26	GFD	26	28.9 - 35.3	1	46.6
SMMC26A	SMMJ26A	GFE	26	28.9 - 31.9	1	42.1
SMMC28	SMMJ28	GFF	28	31.1 - 38.0	1	50.0
SMMC28A	SMMJ28A	GFG	28	31.1 - 34.4	1	45.4
SMMC30	SMMJ30	GFH	30	33.3 - 40.7	1	53.5
SMMC30A	SMMJ30A	GFK	30	33.3 - 36.8	1	48.4
SMMC33	SMMJ33	GFL	33	36.7 - 44.9	1	59.0
SMMC33A	SMMJ33A	GFM	33	36.7 - 40.6	1	53.3
SMMC36	SMMJ36	GFN	36	40.0 - 48.9	1	64.3
SMMC36A	SMMJ36A	GFP	36	40.0 - 44.2	1	58.1
SMMC40	SMMJ40	GFO	40	44.4 - 54.3	1	71.4
SMMC40A	SMMJ40A	GFR	40	44.4 - 49.1	1	64.5
SMMC43	SMMJ43	GFS	43	47.8 - 58.4	1	76.7
SMMC43A	SMMJ43A	GFT	43	47.8 - 52.8	1	69.4
SMMC45	SMMJ45	GFU	45	50.0 - 61.1	1	80.3
SMMC45A	SMMJ45A	GFB	45	50.0 - 55.3	1	72.7
SMMC48	SMMJ48	GFW	48	53.3 - 65.1	1	85.5
SMMC48A	SMMJ48A	GFX	48	53.3 - 58.9	1	77.4
SMMC51	SMMJ51	GFY	51	56.7 - 69.3	1	91.1
SMMC51A	SMMJ51A	GFB	51	56.7 - 62.7	1	82.4
SMMC54	SMMJ54	GGD	54	60.0 - 73.3	1	96.3
SMMC54A	SMMJ54A	GGE	54	60.0 - 66.3	1	87.1
SMMC58	SMMJ58	GGF	58	64.4 - 78.7	1	103.0
SMMC58A	SMMJ58A	GGG	58	64.4 - 71.2	1	93.6
SMMC60	SMMJ60	GHH	60	66.7 - 81.5	1	107.0
SMMC60A	SMMJ60A	GHK	60	66.7 - 73.7	1	96.8
SMMC64	SMMJ64	GBL	64	71.1 - 86.9	1	114.0
SMMC64A	SMMJ64A	GGM	64	71.1 - 78.6	1	103.0

# SMM 5.0 thru 170 Volts

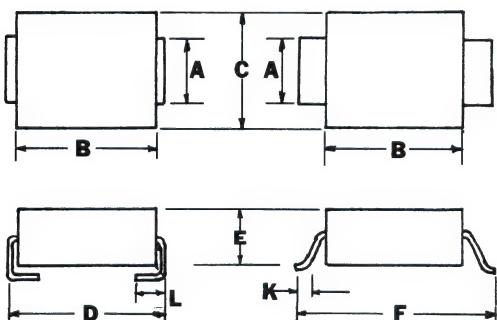
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

MICROSEMI CORP. PART NUMBER		DEVICE MARKING CODE	REVERSE STAND-OFF VOLTAGE (See Note) $V_{WM}$ VOLTS	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE $V_{BR} @ I_T$ VOLTS		$I_T$ mA	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE @ $I_{PP}$ VOLTS	PEAK PULSE CURRENT (See Fig. 2) $I_{PP}$ AMPS	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE @ $V_{WM}$ $I_D$ $\mu A$
GULL-WING LEAD	MODIFIED "J" BEND LEAD			MIN.	MAX.				
SMMG70	SMMJ70	GGN	70	77.8	95.1	1	125	12.0	5
SMMG70A	SMMJ70A	GBP	70	77.8	86.0	1	113	13.3	5
SMMG75	SMMJ75	GGQ	75	83.3	102.0	1	134	11.2	5
SMMG75A	SMMJ75A	GRR	75	83.3	92.1	1	121	12.4	5
SMMG78	SMMJ78	GGS	78	86.7	106.0	1	139	10.8	5
SMMG78A	SMMJ78A	GTT	78	86.7	95.8	1	126	11.4	5
SMMG85	SMMJ85	GGU	85	94.4	115.0	1	151	9.9	5
SMMG85A	SMMJ85A	GGV	85	94.4	104.0	1	137	10.4	5
SMMG90	SMMJ90	GGW	90	100	122	1	160	9.4	5
SMMG90A	SMMJ90A	GGX	90	100	111	1	146	10.3	5
SMMG100	SMMJ100	GGY	100	111	136	1	179	8.4	5
SMMG100A	SMMJ100A	GGZ	100	111	123	1	162	9.3	5
SMMG110	SMMJ110	GHD	110	122	149	1	196	7.7	5
SMMG110A	SMMJ110A	GHE	110	122	135	1	177	8.4	5
SMMG120	SMMJ120	GHF	120	133	163	1	214	7.0	5
SMMG120A	SMMJ120A	GHG	120	133	147	1	193	7.8	5
SMMG130	SMMJ130	GHH	130	144	176	1	231	6.5	5
SMMG130A	SMMJ130A	GHK	130	144	159	1	209	7.2	5
SMMG150	SMMJ150	GHL	150	167	204	1	268	5.6	5
SMMG150A	SMMJ150A	GHM	150	167	185	1	243	6.2	5
SMMG160	SMMJ160	GHN	160	178	218	1	287	5.2	5
SMMG160A	SMMJ160A	GHP	160	178	197	1	259	5.8	5
SMMG170	SMMJ170	GHQ	170	189	231	1	304	4.9	5
SMMG170A	SMMJ170A	GHR	170	189	209	1	275	5.5	5

For Bidirectional indicate a C or CA suffix after the part number. (i.e.: SMMG170CA or SMMJ170C)

Microsemi Corp.'s SMM Series (1500W) surface mountable packages are designed specifically for transient voltage suppression. The wide leads assure a large surface contact for good heat dissipation, and a low resistance path for surge current flow to ground. These high speed transient voltage suppressors can be used to effectively protect sensitive components such as integrated circuits and MOS devices.

### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

A	B	C	D	E	F	K	L
MIN.	.115	.260	.220	.300	.070	.375	.025
MAX.	.121	.280	.240	.320	.085	.395	.040

DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS							
MIN.	6.80	5.58	7.62	1.77	9.50	0.635	0.760
MAX.	3.07	7.11	6.09	8.13	2.16	10.03	1.100

Typical Standoff Height: 0.004"-0.008" (0.1mm-0.2mm)

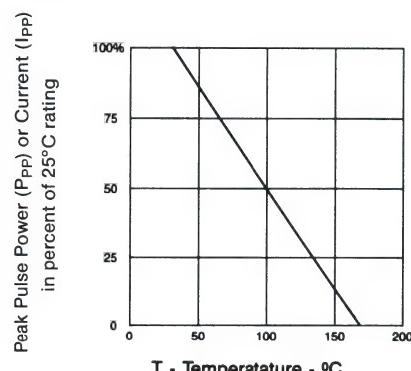


FIGURE 3 DERATING CURVE

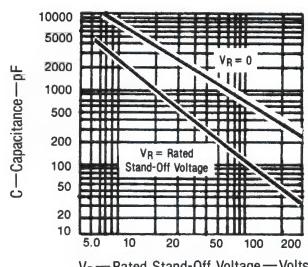


FIGURE 4  
TYPICAL CAPACITANCE  
VS STAND-OFF VOLTAGE

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**SML SERIES**  
**5.0 thru 170.0**  
**Volts**  
**3000 WATTS**

## FEATURES

- UNIDIRECTIONAL AND BIDIRECTIONAL
- 3000 WATTS PEAK POWER
- VOLTAGE RANGE: 5.0 TO 170 VOLTS
- LOW INDUCTANCE
- LOW PROFILE PACKAGE FOR SURFACE MOUNTING

This series of TAZ (transient absorption zeners), available in small outline surface mountable packages, is designed to optimize board space. Packaged for use with surface mount technology automated assembly equipment, these parts can be placed on printed circuit boards and ceramic substrates to protect sensitive components from transient voltage damage.

The SML series, rated for 3000 watts, during a one millisecond pulse, can be used to protect sensitive circuits against transients induced by lightning and inductive load switching. With a response time of  $1 \times 10^{-12}$  seconds (theoretical) they are also effective against electrostatic discharge and NEMP.

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

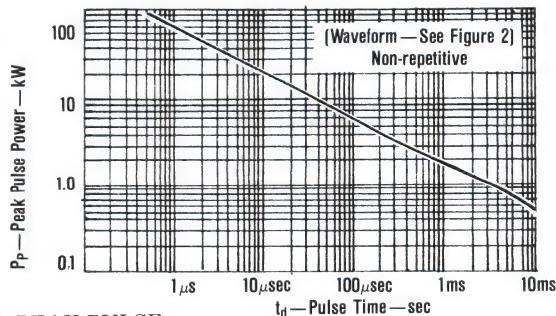
3000 watts of Peak Power dissipation ( $10 \times 1000\mu\text{s}$ )

t<sub>clamping</sub> (0 volts to V<sub>(BR)</sub> min): less than  $1 \times 10^{-12}$  seconds (theoretical)

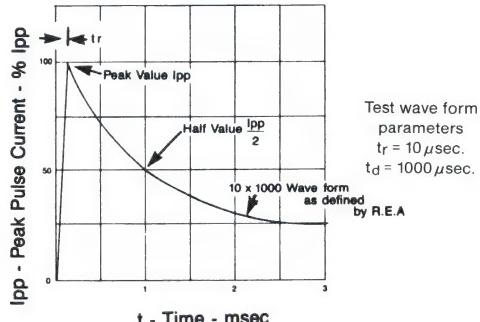
Forward surge rating: 200 Amps, 1/120 sec @ 25°C (Excluding Bidirectional)

Operating and Storage Temperature: -65° to +175°C

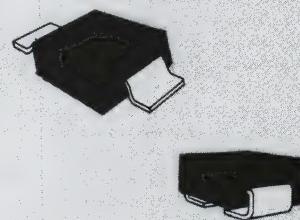
**NOTE:** TAZ is normally selected according to the reverse "Stand Off Voltage" (V<sub>RM</sub>) which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.



**FIGURE 1** PEAK PULSE POWER VS PULSE TIME



## UNIDIRECTIONAL AND BIDIRECTIONAL SURFACE MOUNT



## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CASE: Molded, surface mountable.

TERMINALS: Solder-dipped gull-wing or modified J-bend leads.

POLARITY: Cathode end indicated by dot. No marking on bidirectional devices.

PACKAGING: 16mm tape. (See EIA Std. RS-481.)

# SML 5.0 thru 170.0 Volts

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

MICROSEMI CORP. PART NUMBER		DEVICE MARKING CODE	REVERSE STAND-OFF VOLTAGE (See Note) V <sub>WM</sub> VOLTS	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE V <sub>(BR)</sub> @ I <sub>T</sub> VOLTS			MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE @ I <sub>PP</sub> VOLTS	PEAK PULSE CURRENT (See Fig. 2) I <sub>PP</sub> AMPS	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE @ V <sub>WM</sub> I <sub>D</sub> μA
GULL-WING LEAD	MODIFIED "J" BEND LEAD			MIN.	MAX.	I <sub>T</sub> mA			
SMLG5.0	SMLJ5.0	MDD	5.0	6.40 - 7.30	10	9.6	312.5	1000	
SMLG5.0A	SMLJ5.0A	MDE	5.0	6.40 - 7.00	10	9.2	326.0	1000	
SMLG6.0	SMLJ6.0	MDF	6.0	6.67 - 8.15	10	11.4	263.2	1000	
SMLG6.0A	SMLJ6.0A	MDG	6.0	6.67 - 7.37	10	10.3	291.3	1000	
SMLG6.5	SMLJ6.5	MDH	6.5	7.22 - 8.82	10	12.3	243.9	500	
SMLG6.5A	SMLJ6.5A	MDK	6.5	7.22 - 7.98	10	11.2	267.9	500	
SMLG7.0	SMLJ7.0	MDL	7.0	7.78 - 9.51	10	13.3	225.6	200	
SMLG7.0A	SMLJ7.0A	MDM	7.0	7.78 - 8.60	10	12.0	250.0	200	
SMLG7.5	SMLJ7.5	MDN	7.5	8.33 - 10.2	1	14.3	209.8	100	
SMLG7.5A	SMLJ7.5A	MDP	7.5	8.33 - 9.21	1	12.9	232.6	100	
SMLG8.0	SMLJ8.0	MDQ	8.0	8.89 - 10.9	1	15.0	200.0	50	
SMLG8.0A	SMLJ8.0A	MDR	8.0	8.89 - 9.83	1	13.6	220.6	50	
SMLG8.5	SMLJ8.5	MDS	8.5	9.44 - 11.5	1	15.9	188.6	25	
SMLG8.5A	SMLJ8.5A	MDT	8.5	9.44 - 10.4	1	14.4	208.4	25	
SMLG9.0	SMLJ9.0	MDU	9.0	10.0 - 12.2	1	16.9	177.4	10	
SMLG9.0A	SMLJ9.0A	MDV	9.0	10.0 - 11.1	1	15.4	194.8	10	
SMLG10	SMLJ10	MDW	10	11.1 - 13.6	1	18.8	159.6	5	
SMLG10A	SMLJ10A	MDX	10	11.1 - 12.3	1	17.0	176.4	5	
SMLG11	SMLJ11	MDY	11	12.2 - 14.9	1	20.1	149.2	5	
SMLG11A	SMLJ11A	MDZ	11	12.2 - 13.5	1	18.2	164.8	5	
SMLG12	SMLJ12	MED	12	13.3 - 16.3	1	22.0	136.4	5	
SMLG12A	SMLJ12A	MEE	12	13.3 - 14.7	1	19.9	150.6	5	
SMLG13	SMLJ13	MEF	13	14.4 - 17.6	1	23.8	126.0	5	
SMLG13A	SMLJ13A	MEG	13	14.4 - 15.9	1	21.5	139.4	5	
SMLG14	SMLJ14	MEH	14	15.6 - 19.1	1	25.8	116.2	5	
SMLG14A	SMLJ14A	MEK	14	15.6 - 17.2	1	23.2	129.4	5	
SMLG15	SMLJ15	MEL	15	16.7 - 20.4	1	26.9	111.6	5	
SMLG15A	SMLJ15A	MEM	15	16.7 - 18.5	1	24.4	123.0	5	
SMLG16	SMLJ16	MEN	16	17.8 - 21.8	1	28.8	104.2	5	
SMLG16A	SMLJ16A	MEP	16	17.8 - 19.7	1	26.0	115.4	5	
SMLG17	SMLJ17	MEQ	17	18.9 - 23.1	1	30.5	98.4	5	
SMLG17A	SMLJ17A	MER	17	18.9 - 20.9	1	27.6	106.6	5	
SMLG18	SMLJ18	MES	18	20.0 - 24.4	1	32.2	93.2	5	
SMLG18A	SMLJ18A	MET	18	20.0 - 22.1	1	29.2	102.8	5	
SMLG20	SMLJ20	MEU	20	22.2 - 27.1	1	35.8	83.8	5	
SMLG20A	SMLJ20A	MEV	20	22.2 - 24.5	1	32.4	92.6	5	
SMLG22	SMLJ22	MEW	22	24.4 - 29.8	1	39.4	76.2	5	
SMLG22A	SMLJ22A	MEX	22	24.4 - 26.9	1	35.5	84.4	5	
SMLG24	SMLJ24	MEY	24	26.7 - 32.6	1	43.0	69.8	5	
SMLG24A	SMLJ24A	MEZ	24	26.7 - 29.5	1	38.9	77.2	5	
SMLG26	SMLJ26	MFD	26	28.9 - 35.3	1	46.6	64.4	5	
SMLG26A	SMLJ26A	MFE	26	28.9 - 31.9	1	42.1	71.2	5	
SMLG28	SMLJ28	MFF	28	31.1 - 38.0	1	50.0	60.0	5	
SMLG28A	SMLJ28A	MFG	28	31.1 - 34.4	1	45.4	86.0	5	
SMLG30	SMLJ30	MFH	30	33.3 - 40.7	1	53.5	58.0	5	
SMLG30A	SMLJ30A	MFK	30	33.3 - 36.8	1	48.4	62.0	5	
SMLG33	SMLJ33	MFL	33	36.7 - 44.9	1	59.0	50.4	5	
SMLG33A	SMLJ33A	MFM	33	36.7 - 40.6	1	53.3	56.2	5	
SMLG36	SMLJ36	MFN	36	40.0 - 48.9	1	64.3	46.6	5	
SMLG36A	SMLJ36A	MFP	36	40.0 - 44.2	1	58.1	51.6	5	
SMLG40	SMLJ40	MFQ	40	44.4 - 54.3	1	71.4	42.0	5	
SMLG40A	SMLJ40A	MFR	40	44.4 - 49.1	1	64.5	46.4	5	
SMLG43	SMLJ43	MFS	43	47.8 - 58.4	1	76.7	39.2	5	
SMLG43A	SMLJ43A	MFT	43	47.8 - 52.8	1	69.4	43.2	5	
SMLG45	SMLJ45	MFU	45	50.0 - 61.1	1	80.3	37.4	5	
SMLG45A	SMLJ45A	MFV	45	50.0 - 55.3	1	72.7	41.2	5	
SMLG48	SMLJ48	MFW	48	53.3 - 65.1	1	85.5	35.0	5	
SMLG48A	SMLJ48A	MFX	48	53.3 - 58.9	1	77.4	38.8	5	
SMLG51	SMLJ51	MFY	51	56.7 - 69.3	1	91.1	37.0	5	
SMLG51A	SMLJ51A	MFZ	51	56.7 - 62.7	1	82.4	36.4	5	
SMLG54	SMLJ54	MGD	54	60.0 - 73.3	1	96.3	31.2	5	
SMLG54A	SMLJ54A	MGE	54	60.0 - 66.3	1	87.1	34.4	5	
SMLG58	SMLJ58	MGF	58	64.4 - 78.7	1	103.0	39.2	5	
SMLG58A	SMLJ58A	MGG	58	64.4 - 71.2	1	93.6	32.0	5	
SMLG60	SMLJ60	MGH	60	66.7 - 81.5	1	107.0	28.0	5	
SMLG60A	SMLJ60A	MGK	60	66.7 - 73.7	1	96.8	31.0	5	
SMLG64	SMLJ64	MGL	64	71.1 - 86.9	1	114.0	26.4	5	
SMLG64A	SMLJ64A	MGM	64	71.1 - 78.6	1	103.0	29.2	5	

# SML 5.0 thru 170 Volts

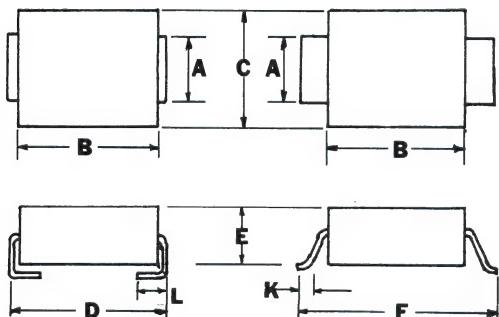
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C

MICROSEMI CORP. PART NUMBER	DEVICE MARKING CODE	REVERSE STAND-OFF VOLTAGE (See Note) V <sub>WM</sub> VOLTS	BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE V <sub>(BR)</sub> @ I <sub>T</sub> VOLTS	I <sub>T</sub> mA	MAXIMUM CLAMPING VOLTAGE @ I <sub>PP</sub> VOLTS	PEAK PULSE CURRENT (See Fig. 2) I <sub>PP</sub> AMPS	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE @ V <sub>WM</sub> I <sub>D</sub> μA
GULL-WING LEAD	MODIFIED "J" BEND LEAD		MIN. MAX.				
SMLG70	SMLJ70	MGN	70	77.8 - 95.1	1	125	24.0
SMLG70A	SMLJ70A	MGP	70	77.8 - 86.0	1	113	26.6
SMLG75	SMLJ75	MGQ	75	83.3 - 102.0	1	134	22.4
SMLG75A	SMLJ75A	MGR	75	83.3 - 92.1	1	121	24.8
SMLG78	SMLJ78	MGS	78	86.7 - 106.0	1	139	21.6
SMLG78A	SMLJ78A	MGT	78	86.7 - 95.8	1	126	22.8
SMLG85	SMLJ85	MGU	85	94.4 - 115.0	1	151	19.8
SMLG85A	SMLJ85A	MGV	85	94.4 - 104.0	1	137	20.8
SMLG90	SMLJ90	MGW	90	100 - 122	1	160	18.8
SMLG90A	SMLJ90A	MGX	90	100 - 111	1	146	20.6
SMLG100	SMLJ100	MGY	100	111 - 136	1	179	16.8
SMLG100A	SMLJ100A	MGZ	100	111 - 123	1	162	18.6
SMLG110	SMLJ110	MHD	110	122 - 149	1	196	15.4
SMLG110A	SMLJ110A	MHE	110	122 - 135	1	177	16.8
SMLG120	SMLJ120	MHF	120	133 - 163	1	214	14.0
SMLG120A	SMLJ120A	MHG	120	133 - 147	1	193	15.6
SMLG130	SMLJ130	MHH	130	144 - 176	1	231	13.0
SMLG130A	SMLJ130A	MHK	130	144 - 159	1	209	14.4
SMLG150	SMLJ150	MHL	150	167 - 204	1	268	11.2
SMLG150A	SMLJ150A	MHM	150	167 - 185	1	243	12.4
SMLG160	SMLJ160	MHN	160	178 - 218	1	287	10.4
SMLG160A	SMLJ160A	MHP	160	178 - 197	1	259	11.6
SMLG170	SMLJ170	MHQ	170	189 - 231	1	304	9.8
SMLG170A	SMLJ170A	MHR	170	189 - 209	1	275	11.0

For Bidirectional indicate a C or CA suffix after the part number. (i.e.: SMLG170CA or SMLJ170C)

Microsemi Corp.'s SML Series (3000W) surface mountable packages are designed specifically for transient voltage suppression. The wide leads assure a large surface contact for good heat dissipation, and a low resistance path for surge current flow to ground. These high speed transient voltage suppressors can be used to effectively protect sensitive components such as integrated circuits and MOS devices.

### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

A	B	C	D	E	F	K	L
MIN. .142	.260	.220	.300	.070	.375	.025	.030
MAX. .148	.280	.240	.320	.085	.395	.040	.060

DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS

MIN.	3.60	6.60	5.58	7.62	1.77	9.50	0.635	0.760
MAX.	3.76	7.11	6.09	8.13	2.16	10.03	1.100	1.520

Typical Standoff Height: 0.004"-0.008" (0.1mm-0.2mm)

Peak Pulse Power (P<sub>PP</sub>) or Current (I<sub>PP</sub>)  
in percent of 25°C rating

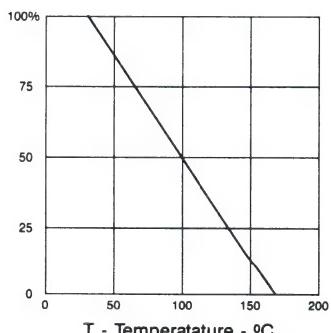


FIGURE 3 DERATING CURVE

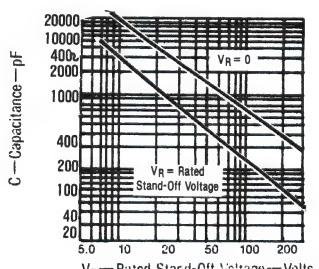


FIGURE 4  
TYPICAL CAPACITANCE  
VS STAND-OFF VOLTAGE



## Power Technology Components

A Microsemi Company

23201 S. Normandie • Torrance, CA 90501 • (213) 534-3737  
TLX: 664276 • FAX: (213) 5305609

### NPN Darlington Transistors TO-204MA (TO-3)

Part Number	I <sub>C</sub> Amps	V <sub>CEO (SUS)</sub> Volts	V <sub>CE (SAT)</sub> Volts	h <sub>FE</sub> (Typical)	Switch Time S			P <sub>D</sub> Watts	Circuit Diagram	Technical Publication
					t <sub>r</sub>	t <sub>s</sub>	t <sub>f</sub>			
PTC 10002		350								
PTC 10003	10	400	1.9	30-300	0.6	3.0	1.5	150	A	PTC 10002/03
PTC 10006		350								
PTC 10007	10	400	1.9	30-300	0.6	1.5	0.5	150	B	PTC 10006/07
PTC 6251		350								
PTC 6252		400								
PTC 6253	10	450	2.0	10-120	0.4	2.5	1.0	150	C	Consult Factory
PTC 6000		300								
PTC 6001	15	350	2.0	40-160	0.4	2.5	1.0	125	C	PTC 6000/03
PTC 6002		400								
PTC 6003	15	500	2.0	40-160	0.4	2.5	1.0	125	C	PTC 6000/03
PTC 10000		350								
PTC 10001	20	400	1.9	50-600	0.6	3.5	2.4	175	A	PTC 10000/01
PTC 10004		350								
PTC 10005	20	400	1.9	50-600	0.6	1.5	0.5	175	B	PTC 10004/05
PTC 10008		450								
PTC 10009	20	500	2.0	40-400	1.5	2.0	0.6	175	B	PTC 10008/09
PTC 6060		300								
PTC 6061		350								
PTC 6062		400								
PTC 6063	20	500	1.5	30-120	0.4	2.5	1.0	125	C	PTC 6060/63
PTC 9000		750								
PTC 9001		850								
PTC 9002	20	900	2.0	20	3.0	6.0	3.0	125	C	PTC 9000/02
PTC 6022		350								
PTC 6023	30	400	2.0	50-750	0.4	6.5	1.0	125	C	PTC 6022/6023
PTC 6072		350								
PTC 6073	40	400	2.0	50-250	0.4	6.5	1.0	125	B	PTC 6072/6073
PTC 10022		350								
PTC 10023	40	400	2.2	50-600	1.2	2.5	0.9	250	B	PTC 10022/23
PTC 10015		400								
PTC 10016	50	500	2.2	25	1.0	2.5	1.0	250	B	PTC 10015/16
PTC 7000		300								
PTC 7001		350								
PTC 7002		400								
PTC 7003	50	500	2.0	40-120	0.4	2.5	0.7	175	C	PTC 7000/03
PTC 10020		200								
PTC 10021	60	250	2.2	75-1000	1.0	3.5	0.5	250	B	PTC 10020/21



## Power Technology Components

A Microsemi Company

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TLX: 664276 • FAX: (213) 5305609

### NPN Transistors TO-204MA (TO-3)

PTC 401	2	300	2.0	20-100	—	—	0.8	75	—	PTC 401/402
PTC 413	2	325	0.8	20-80	0.25	2.5	0.8	75	—	PTC 413/423
PTC 410	3.5	200	0.8	30-90	0.25	2.5	0.8	100	—	PTC 410/411
PTC 411	3.5	300	0.8	30-90	0.25	2.5	0.8	100	—	PTC 410/411
PTC 402	3.5	325	2.0	20-100	—	—	0.8	100	—	PTC 401/402
PTC 403	3.5	325	2.0	20-100	—	—	0.8	100	—	PTC 403/409
PTC 409	3.5	325	2.0	20-100	0.25	2.5	0.8	100	—	PTC 403/409
PTC 423	3.5	325	0.8	20-80	0.25	2.5	0.8	100	—	PTC 413/423
PTC 424	3.5	350	0.8	30-90	0.25	2.5	0.8	100	—	PTC 424/425
PTC 425	3.5	400	0.8	30-90	0.25	2.5	0.8	100	—	PTC 424/425
PTC 430	7	300	0.9	15-45	0.4	2.5	0.8	125	—	PTC 430/431
PTC 431	7	325	0.7	15-35	0.4	2.5	0.8	125	—	PTC 430/431
PTC 484	10	700	2.0	7.5	2.0	4.0	2.0	175	—	*
PTC 485	10	800	2.0	7.5	2.0	4.0	2.0	175	—	*
2N6674	10	300	1.0	8-20	0.6	2.5	0.5	175	—	2N6674/75
2N6675	10	400	1.0	8-20	0.6	2.5	0.5	175	—	2N6674/75
2N6676	15	300	1.5	8-20	0.6	2.5	0.5	175	—	2N6676/78
2N6677	15	350	1.5	8-20	0.6	2.5	0.5	175	—	2N6676/78
2N6678	15	400	1.5	8-20	0.6	2.5	0.5	175	—	2N6676/78
PTC 6679	30	300	1.5	8-20	0.6	2.5	0.5	230	—	PTC6679/81
PTC 6680	30	350	1.5	8-20	0.6	2.5	0.5	230	—	PTC6679/81
PTC 6681	30	400	1.5	8-20	0.6	2.5	0.5	230	—	PTC6679/81
PTC 6682	40	300	1.5	8-20	0.6	2.5	0.5	230	—	PTC6682/83
PTC 6683	40	350	1.5	8-20	0.6	2.5	0.5	230	—	PTC6682/83

\* Consult Factory

### NPN Transistors TO-247

Part Number	I <sub>c</sub> Amps	V <sub>CEO (SUS)</sub> Volts	V <sub>CE (SAT)</sub> Volts	h <sub>FE</sub> (Typical)	Switch Time S			P <sub>d</sub> Watts	Circuit Diagram	Technical Publication
					t <sub>r</sub>	t <sub>s</sub>	t <sub>f</sub>			
PTC 401P	2	300	2.0	20-100	—	—	0.8	75	—	*
PTC 413P	2	325	0.8	20-80	0.25	2.5	0.8	75	—	*
PTC 410P	3.5	200	0.8	30-90	0.25	2.5	0.8	100	—	*
PTC 411P	3.5	300	0.8	30-90	0.25	2.5	0.8	100	—	*
PTC 402P	3.5	325	2.0	20-100	—	—	0.8	100	—	*
PTC 403P	3.5	325	2.0	20-100	—	—	0.8	100	—	*
PTC 409P	3.5	325	2.0	20-100	0.25	2.5	0.8	100	—	*
PTC 423P	3.5	325	0.8	20-80	0.25	2.5	0.8	100	—	*
PTC 424P	3.5	350	0.8	30-90	0.25	2.5	0.8	100	—	*
PTC 425P	3.5	400	0.8	30-90	0.25	2.5	0.8	100	—	*
PTC 430P	7	300	0.9	15-45	0.4	2.5	0.8	125	—	*
PTC 431P	7	325	0.7	15-35	0.4	2.5	0.8	125	—	*
PTC 484P	10	700	2.0	7.5	2.0	4.0	2.0	125	—	*
PTC 485P	10	800	2.0	7.5	2.0	4.0	2.0	125	—	*
PTC 6674P	10	300	1.0	8-20	0.6	2.5	0.5	125	—	*
PTC 6675P	10	400	1.0	8-20	0.6	2.5	0.5	125	—	*
PTC 6676P	15	300	1.5	8-20	0.6	2.5	0.5	125	—	*
PTC 6677P	15	350	1.5	8-20	0.6	2.5	0.5	125	—	*
PTC 6678P	15	400	1.5	8-20	0.6	2.5	0.5	125	—	*



## Power Technology Components

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### NPN Darlington Transistors TO-247

<b>PTC 10000P</b>	20	350	1.9	50-600	0.6	3.5	2.4	125	A	<b>PTC 10000/01P</b>
<b>PTC 10001P</b>		400								
<b>PTC 10002P</b>	10	350	2.0	30-300	0.6	3.0	1.5	125	A	<b>PTC 10002/03P</b>
<b>PTC 10003P</b>		400								

### NPN Powermode Transistors

<b>PTC 8003</b>	50	350	1.5	8-20	0.6	2.5	0.5	580	Isolated Collector	*
<b>PTC 8004</b>										
<b>PTC 8005</b>										
<b>PTC 8000</b>	60	350	1.5	8-20	0.6	2.5	0.5	580	Isolated Collector	*
<b>PTC 8001</b>										
<b>PTC 8002</b>										

\* Consult Factory

### Fast Recovery Rectifiers

Part Number	Io Amps	V <sub>R</sub> Volts	I <sub>FSM</sub> Amps	V <sub>F</sub> Volts	t <sub>rr</sub> nS	Case Type	Technical Publication
<b>PTC 862</b>	40	200					
<b>PTC 864</b>		400					
<b>PTC 866</b>		600	600	1.5	500	DO-5	<b>PTC 862/66</b>
<b>PTC 872</b>	50	200					
<b>PTC 874</b>		400					
<b>PTC 876</b>		600	600	1.5	500	DO-5	<b>PTC 872/76</b>
<b>PTC 920</b>	50	900					
<b>PTC 921</b>		1000					
<b>PTC 922</b>		1100					
<b>PTC 923</b>		1200	600	1.5	500	DO-5	<b>PTC 920/23</b>
<b>PTC 940</b>	100	900					
<b>PTC 941</b>		1000					
<b>PTC 942</b>		1100					
<b>PTC 943</b>		1200	2200	1.5	575	DO-8	<b>PTC 940/43</b>

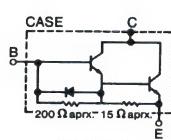
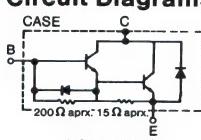
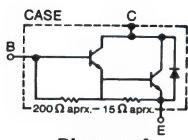
For specific test conditions and performance specifications, refer to the Referenced Technical Publication.

### Powermode Fast Recovery Rectifiers

<b>PTC 700</b>	100	1000					
<b>PTC 701</b>		1100					
<b>PTC 702</b>		1200	600	1.5	600	Isolated Anode	*
<b>PTC 710</b>	125	1000					
<b>PTC 711</b>		1100					
<b>PTC 712</b>		1200	600	1.5	600	Isolated Anode	*

\* Consult Factory

### Circuit Diagrams





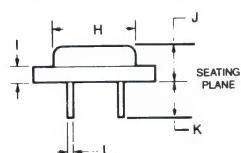
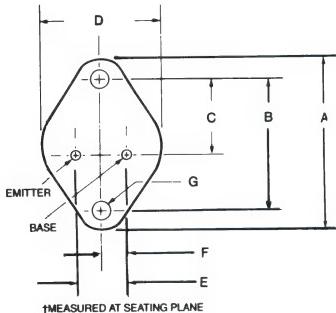
# Power Technology Components

A Microsemi Company

23201 S. Normandie • Torrance, CA 90501 • (213) 534-3737  
TLX: 664276 • FAX: (213) 5305609

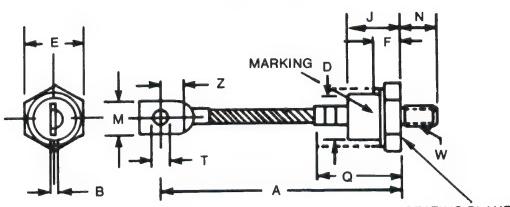
## Dimensions

### Transistors TO-204MA (Formerly TO-3)



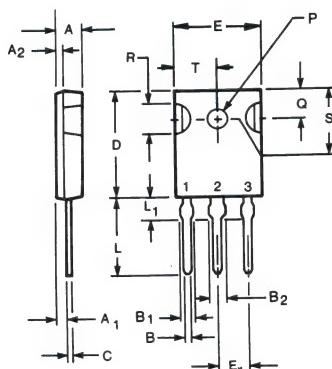
DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	—	39.95	—	1.573
B	29.90	30.40	1.177	1.197
C	16.64	17.15	0.655	0.675
D	—	26.67	—	1.050
E	10.67	11.18	0.420	0.440
F	5.21	5.72	0.205	0.225
ØG	3.84	4.09	0.151	0.161
ØH	—	22.23	—	0.875
I	—	3.43	—	0.135
J	6.35	11.43	0.250	0.450
K	8.13	—	0.32	—
ØL	0.97	1.09	0.038	0.043

### Rectifiers DO-8



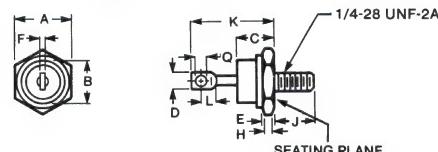
DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	98.43	117.47	3.875	4.625
B	2.03	3.05	.080	.120
ØD	21.97	22.86	.865	.900
E	26.19	27.00	1.031	1.063
F	7.37	7.87	.290	.310
J	22.10	23.88	.870	.940
M	11.10	16.51	.437	.650
N	15.37	16.38	.605	.645
Q	42.54	—	1.675	—
ØT	5.33	7.87	.210	.310
Z	7.62	—	.300	—
ØW	%24 UNF-2A			

### Plastic Transistor TO-247



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.70	5.31	.185	.209
A	2.21	2.59	.087	.102
A	1.50	2.49	.059	.098
B	1.02	1.40	.040	.055
B	2.01	2.39	.079	.094
B	3.00	3.38	.118	.133
C	0.41	0.79	.016	.031
D	19.71	20.29	.776	.799
E	15.29	15.88	.602	.625
E1	5.13	5.79	.202	.228
L	14.20	14.78	.559	.582
L1	3.71	4.29	.146	.169
ØP	3.00	3.38	.118	.133
Q	5.31	5.69	.209	.224
ØR	4.52	5.49	.178	.216
S	5.31	5.72	.209	.225
T	7.16	8.13	.282	.320

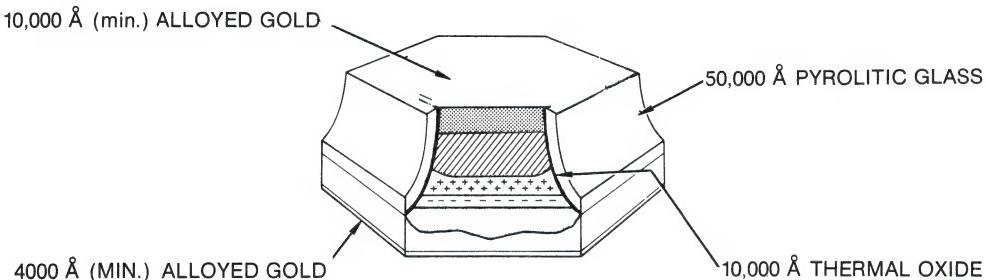
### Rectifiers DO-5



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	16.94	17.45	0.667	0.687
ØB	—	16.94	—	0.667
C	—	11.43	—	0.450
D	—	9.53	—	0.375
E	2.92	5.08	0.115	0.200
F	—	2.03	—	0.080
H	1.52	—	0.060	—
J	10.72	11.51	0.422	0.453
K	—	25.40	—	1.000
L	3.86	—	.156	—
ØQ	3.56	4.45	0.140	0.175

# MESA CHIPS FOR HYBRID APPLICATIONS

## TYPICAL DIE CROSS SECTION FOR MESA DIE



Micro's new families of rectifier, computer diode and zener dice are passivated both with thermal oxide and pyrolytic glass for improved electrical stability after high temperature assembly operations. Rugged mesa construction and controlled junction geometry give high surge capability with minimized surface electric fields.

The rectifier family consists of 0.5A, 1A, 3A and 20A devices, computer and general purpose diodes, range from 250mW to 3A, and zener chips are available in 0.5W, 1.5W and 5W configurations. Micro also has single chip T.C. zeners of Series 1N821-829 and 1N821A-829A.

Devices are available as dice or, for more convenient handling, they may be ordered lid, channel or tab mounted. Specify any variation of gold, silver, aluminum or nickel metallization, as well as moly, tungsten and kovar tabs. Hard or soft solder can be applied to metallization of tabs.

Dice are shipped in Freon to avoid contamination and mechanical shock. For use, the Freon is poured off and the dice are clean and ready for assembly.

## FEATURES

- ANY ZENER OR RECTIFIER IN THE MICROSEMI DATA BOOK CAN BE SUPPLIED IN DICE.
- LOT TRACEABILITY.
- ALL DICE ARE VISUALLY INSPECTED.
- HI-REL SCREENING AND PRODUCT ASSURANCE TESTING IS AVAILABLE.
- ALL MESA DICE ARE OXIDE AND GLASS PASSIVATED.
- POLARITY RECTIFIERS; MESA CATHODE. ANODE MESA IS AVAILABLE FOR DICE LESS THAN 200 VOLTS.
- ZENERS, 6.8-39 VOLT, 91-400 VOLT CATHODE MESA, 43-82 VOLT ANODE MESA.
- STANDARD METALLIZATION FOR MESA DICE IS 10,000 Å MINIMUM GOLD ON THE MESA, 4,000 Å GOLD MINIMUM ON THE BASE. SPECIAL METALLIZATION IS AVAILABLE.
- DICE AVAILABLE TO MIL-STD-883C, METHOD 5008. (B LEVEL AND S LEVEL)
- DICE MAY BE PACKAGED IN WAFFLE PACKS, BULK PACKING VIALS OR BULK PACK IN VIALS WITH FREON.

SANTA ANA, CA

For more information call:  
(714) 979-8220

## **GENERAL PARAMETER RESTRICTIONS FOR 100% DICE TEST:**

\*Unmounted dice do not have the power ratings of packaged devices.

\*\*Test conditions as well as ratings may need to be reduced.

V<sub>F</sub> = 200 MA maximum. Accuracy variable above 50 MA, highly contact dependent.

I<sub>R</sub> = Normal handling 10 NA minimum. Must be in dark. Special handling 1 NA minimum. In dark and special design cables and contacts.

B<sub>V</sub> = Normal care 300 Volts maximum. Special care for dice >600 Volts—Requires hand test, special test box and environment. Dice are to be tested and maintained in an inert atmosphere to insure stability and eliminate arcing.

V<sub>Z</sub> = 300 Volts maximum. V<sub>Z</sub> tests requiring I<sub>Z</sub> of over 200 MA not reliable.

Z<sub>ZT</sub> = 1 Ohm minimum. V<sub>Z</sub> tests requiring I<sub>Z</sub> of over 200 MA not reliable.

Z<sub>ZK</sub> = Not very reliable test due to AC pick up in probe & contact leads.

**A.C. TESTS** such as t<sub>rr</sub>, junction capacitance, V<sub>f</sub> peak, t<sub>fr</sub>, r<sub>e</sub>, are not performed as 100% tests. (See AC sample testing.)

**High Current Tests** such as V<sub>f</sub> at current levels over 500MA, I<sub>FSM</sub>, or V<sub>Z</sub> Zener voltages at test currents over 500 MA cannot be reliably performed on dice, but must be die attached and bonded or sealed in a proper glass package.

### **A.C. PARAMETER TESTING:**

A.C. parameters are lot guaranteed, not 100% tested. Samples sufficient to guarantee .4% AQL (Acceptable Quality Level) are assembled from the inspection lot and all A.C. parameters tested. The samples must meet the required A.C. test AQL or LTPD (Lot Tolerance Percent Defective) or the entire lot is rejected. Copies of A.C. test data for each dice lot can be provided at nominal cost.

### **Standard AQL or A.C. Parameters are Listed Below**

t<sub>rr</sub> = 1.5%                                  junction cap = 1.5%

t<sub>fr</sub> = 1.0%                                  I subsurge = 2.5%

V<sub>F</sub>(PK) = 1.0%                                  Z<sub>zt</sub> = 2.5%

r<sub>e</sub> = 1.0%    Z<sub>zk</sub> = 5.0%

Noise = 20.0%

Tighter AQL's are available by special lot selection or special controlled lot processing.

INDUSTRY STANDARD PART #	MICROSEMI CHIP PART #	POWER RATING*	DIE SIZE		DIE THICKNESS	DIE GEOMETRY (FIGURE #)	METALLIZATION		PACKAGING	NOTE
			TOP	BASE			TOP	BASE		
1N957B- 1N992B	MD957B- MD992B	400 mW	.011"	.022"	.009"	#4	10kÅ Au	4kÅ Au	*	*
1N4461- 1N4496	MD4461- MD4496	1.5 Watt	.019"	.033"	.009"	#4	10kÅ Au	4kÅ Au	*	*
1N4954- 1N4996	MD4954- MD4996	5 Watt	.049"	.0615"	.009"	#4	10kÅ Au	4kÅ Au	*	*
1N5063- 1N5117	MD5063- MD5117	3 Watt	.030"	.048"	.009"	#5	10kÅ Au	4kÅ Au	*	*
1N6309- 1N6319	MD6309- MD6319	500 mW	See Note 3		.008"	#6	Al	Au	*	*
1N6320- 1N6355	MD6320- MD6355	500 mW	.019"	.024"	.009"	#4	10kÅ Au	4kÅ Au	*	*

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	INDUSTRY STANDARD PART #	MICROSEM CHIP PART #	DESC./ CURRENT RATING	DIE SIZE TOP	DIE BASE	DIE THICKNESS	DIE GEOMETRY (FIGURE #)	METALLIZATION TOP	METALLIZATION BASE	PACKAGING WAFFLE	F. VIAL	NOTE
RECTIFIERS	1N483B, 1N485B- 1N486B	MD483B, MD485B- MD486B	General Purpose .2 A @ 25°C	.011"	.022"	.009"	#4	10KÅ Au	4KÅ Au	*	*	2, 6
	1N645- 1N649	MD645- MD649	General Purpose 2 A @ 25°C	.017"	.026"	.009"	#4	10KÅ Au	4KÅ Au	*	*	2
	1N3595	MD3595	Fast Recovery 2A @ 25°C	.009"	.015"	.008"	#6	Al	Au	*	*	5
	1N3600	MD3600	Fast Recovery 2A @ 25°C	.007"	.015"	.008"	#6	Al	Au	*	*	4
	1N3611, 1N3612, 1N3613, 1N3614, 1N3957	MD3611, MD3612, MD3613, MD3614, MD3957	General Purpose .030" 1 Amp @ .035" .035"	.019"	.033"	.009"	#4	10KÅ Au	4KÅ Au	*	*	2
	1N4001, 1N4004, 1N4005, 1N4007	MD4001, MD4004, MD4005, MD4007	General Purpose .049" 1 Amp (.Max.)	.019"	.0615"	.009"	#4	10KÅ Au	4KÅ Au	*	*	2, 6
	1N4001, 1N4004, 1N4005, 1N4007	MD4001, MD4004, MD4005, MD4007	General Purpose .049" 1 Amp (.Max.)	.049"	.0615"	.009"	#5	10KÅ Au	4KÅ Au	*	*	2, 6
	1N4148, 1N4150	MD4148, MD4150	Fast Recovery .2 A (.Max.)	.0055"	.015"	.008"	#6	Al	Au	*	*	4
	1N4148, 1N4150	MD4148, MD4150	Fast Recovery .2 A (.Max.)	.007"	.015"	.008"	#6	Al	Au	*	*	4
	1N4245- 1N4246	MD4245- MD4246	General Purpose 1 Amp	.019"	.033"	.009"	#4	10KÅ Au	4KÅ Au	*	*	2
	1N4247- 1N4249	MD4247- MD4249	@ 100°C	.035"	.050"	.009"	#5	10KÅ Au	4KÅ Au	*	*	2
	1N4942- 1N4944 1N4946- 1N4948	MD4942- MD4944 MD4946- MD4948	Fast Recovery 1 Amp @ 55°C	.019"	.033"	.009"	#4	10KÅ Au	4KÅ Au	*	*	2
	1N5415- 1N5420	MD5415- MD5420	Fast Recovery 3 Amp	.049"	.0615"	.009"	#4	10KÅ Au	4KÅ Au	*	*	2, 6
	1N5614, 1N5616, 1N5618	MD5614, MD5616, MD5618	General Purpose 1 Amp	.030"	.048"	.009"	#5	10KÅ Au	4KÅ Au	*	*	2
	1N5620, 1N5622	MD5620, MD5622	@ 50°C	.035"	.050"	.009"	#5	10KÅ Au	4KÅ Au	*	*	2
	1N5550- 1N5553, 1N5554	MD5550- MD5553, MD5554	General Purpose 5 Amps @ 55°C	.049"	.0615"	.009"	#4	10KÅ Au	4KÅ Au	*	*	2
	1N5615, 1N5617, 1N5619 1N5621, 1N5623	MD5615, MD5617, MD5619 MD5621, MD5623	General Purpose 1 Amp @ 55°C	.030"	.048"	.009"	#5	10KÅ Au	4KÅ Au	*	*	2
	1N5802- 1N5806	MD5802- MD5806	Fast Recovery 1 Amp @ 55°C	.035"	.050"	.009"	#5	10KÅ Au	4KÅ Au	*	*	2, 6
	1N5807- 1N5811	MD5807- MD5811	Fast Recovery 3 Amps @ 55°C	.074"	.088"	.009"	#5	10KÅ Au	4KÅ Au	*	*	2, 6
	1N5812, 1N5814, 1N5816	MD5812, MD5814, MD5816	General Purpose 20 Amps (.Max.)	.144"	.158"	.009"	#5	10KÅ Au	4KÅ Au	*	*	2, 6

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RECTIFIERS	INDUSTRY STANDARD PART #	MICROSEMI CHIP PART #	DESC./ CURRENT RATING	DIE SIZE		DIE THICKNESS	DIE GEOMETRY (FIGURE #)	METALLIZATION		PACKAGING WAFFLE	F. VIAL	NOTE
				TOP	BASE			TOP	BASE			
1N6073- 1N6075	MD6073- MD6075		Fast Recovery 1 Amp (Average)	.030"	.048"	.009"	#5	10K $\text{\AA}$ Au	4K $\text{\AA}$ Au	*	*	2, 6
1N6076- 1N6078	MD6076- MD6078		Fast Recovery 1 Amp (Average)	.074"	.090"	.009"	#5	10K $\text{\AA}$ Au	4K $\text{\AA}$ Au	*	*	2, 6
1N6079- 1N6081	MD6079- MD6081			.115"	.128"	.009"	#5	10K $\text{\AA}$ Au	4K $\text{\AA}$ Au	*	*	2, 6

**NOTE 1:** 6.8-39 Volts, 91-200 Volts Cathode Mesa, 43-82 Volts Anode Mesa

**NOTE 2:** Special metallization is available.

**NOTE 3:** Planar die .021 square, bonding pad anode up.

**NOTE 4:** Planar die also available in .021 square.

**NOTE 5:** Figure #7 when ordering .021 square die.

**NOTE 6:** Anode mesa available less than 200 Volts.

## MICROSEMI DIE GEOMETRY

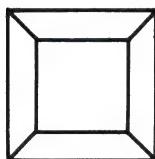
### MESA



(Side View)



(Side View)



(Top View)

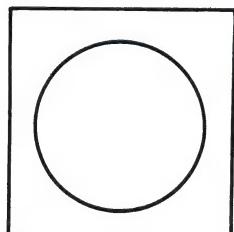
**FIGURE 4**



(Top View)

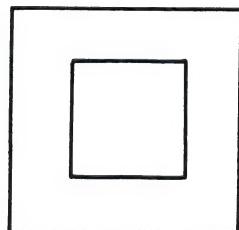
**FIGURE 5**

### PLANAR (Anode Top Contact)



(Top View)

**FIGURE 6**



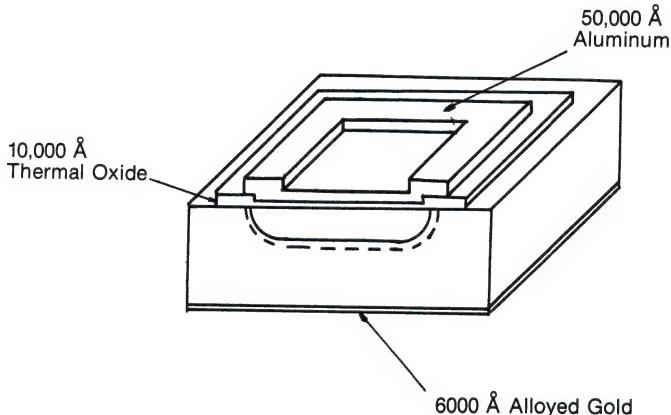
(Top View)

**FIGURE 7**

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# PLANAR CHIPS FOR HYBRID APPLICATIONS

## TYPICAL PLANAR CHIP FOR HYBRID APPLICATION



Microsemi's family of zener and transient suppressor planar dice are passivated with thermal oxide construction utilizing unique epitaxial techniques to provide both controlled junction geometry with minimized surface electric fields as well as minimal clamping voltages for transient suppressors. Additional geometries are available for single chip zero temperature coefficient reference diodes and bipolar transient suppressors.

Microsemi Corporation offers a complete line of zener, transient suppressor, rectifier and zero temperature compensated reference voltage chips most commonly used in hybrid circuit design. All chips have a high temperature glass  $\text{SiO}_2$  passivation protecting the p-n junction regions for subsequent handling. Metallizations available are compatible with ultrasonic and thermocompression scrub and eutectic die bonding and wire bonding techniques. Also, our own special metallization is available for solder bonding techniques if required.

All chips are subjected to visual inspection at Microsemi Corporation which exceed the criteria detailed in MIL-STD-883, Method 2010, Condition B, as well as MIL-STD-750, Method 2073, and are guaranteed to pass an AQL of 2.5%. All chips are also 100% electrically tested to meet the specified parameters and are guaranteed to pass an AQL of 1.0%.

Microsemi hybrid applications requiring zener diodes have historically selected electrical properties identical to earlier identified JEDEC registrations in the "1N" series devices. The majority of these are rated at 500mW or less. However, higher power selections are also available if adequate heat sinking is provided

by the hybrid manufacturers in the mounting techniques.

Microsemi Corporation offers several chip sizes for various applications. A 25 mil square die is primarily for applications up to 500mW. For power levels exceeding this up to 3 watts, we recommend our 37 mil square. Above 3 watts, a 60 mil square die is available. Please specify die size when ordering if requirements deviate from this guideline as determined by customer heat-sinking and mounting conditions.

The popular zero temperature compensated reference voltage chips provided by Microsemi are available in 37 mil or 25 mil double pad square die. On request, Microsemi will provide correlation samples assembled in solderless DO-7 package.

Some of the electrical equivalent types offered by Microsemi are listed in the accompanying pages. As may be seen, the "1N" prefix has been replaced by a "CH" to specify CHip when ordering. Other JEDEC registration chip equivalents may be ordered similarly if not listed herein in "CH" prefix. Consult factory for other special requirements not JEDEC registered.

SCOTTSDALE, AZ  
For more information call:  
(602) 941-6300

## **HIGH RELIABILITY FEATURES**

- AVAILABLE TO JAN, JANTX, JANTXV AND JANS EQUIVALENT SCREENING
- VISUAL PER MIL-STD-750 METHOD 2073, MIL-STD-883 METHOD 2010 OR CUSTOM SPECIFICATIONS
- MOUNTING IN DEVICE PACKAGES FOR LOT ACCEPTANCE TESTING OR SPECIAL SCREENING AS REQUIRED BY CUSTOMER SPECIFICATIONS

## **ADDITIONAL FEATURES**

- PLANAR CONFIGURATION
- GLASS PASSIVATED
- SAW CUT TO ELIMINATE CRACKS AND CHIPPING
- AVAILABLE FOR HI-REL APPLICATIONS
- NUMEROUS METALLIZATION SCHEMES AVAILABLE
- TRACEABILITY TO STARTING SILICON WAFER LOT AND INDIVIDUAL DIFFUSION RUN
- 100% TESTED
- MANY STANDARD TYPES AVAILABLE OFF THE SHELF

Microsemi's diode chips are available in numerous metallization schemes including aluminum top (anode) and gold back (cathode), chrome-silver-gold or others as specified by customer requirements. Microsemi chips are compatible with all wire bonding and die attach techniques.

Microsemi chips are available in both polarities, Anode-Top and Cathode bottom being standard and Anode-bottom and Cathode-Top optional.

Nearly all encapsulated devices available from Microsemi can be supplied in dice form.

Engineering support is available for any special requirements.

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

Zener Diode Chips.

Zero Temperature Compensated Reference Voltage Chips.

Transient Absorption Zeners (TAZ)

Rectifiers

All Junctions Passivated with Silicon Dioxide.

Electrically Similar to JEDEC Registrations with appropriate Bonding and Heat Sinking.

Compatible with All Wire Bonding and Die Attach Techniques.

**Metallization:** Anode wire bond pad is aluminum 50KÅ thick. Cathode (backside) is gold 6000 Å thick and alloyed. Other metallizations available for solder bonding such as chrome-silver-gold if specified.

**Operation:** For zener or reference voltage zero-TC operation, back side cathode must be operated positive with respect to anode.

**Shipment:** Chips are packaged in "waffle pack" containers or glass vials.

	INDUSTRY STANDARD PART #	MICROSEMI CHIP PART # (Note 1)	POWER RATING*	DIE SIZE (Note 1)	DIE THICKNESS	DIE GEOMETRY (Figure)	BOND PAD SIZE ANODE (Note 2)	BOND PAD SIZE CATHODE (Note 2)	METALLIZATION FRONT	METALLIZATION BACK	PACKAGING OPTIONS	WAFFLE	F. VIAL
ZENERS	1N746-1N759	CH746-CH759	400 mW	.020" x .020" .025" x .025" .037" x .037"	.010" .010" .013"	#1	.013" .020" .029"	.020" .025" .037"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	1N4370-1N4372	CH4370-CH4372	400 mW	.020" x .020" .025" x .025" .037" x .037"	.010" .010" .013"	#1	.013" .020" .029"	.020" .025" .037"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	1N957-1N992	CH957-CH992	400 mW	.020" x .020" .025" x .025" .037" x .037"	.010" .010" .013"	#1	.013" .020" .029"	.020" .025" .037"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	1N2970-1N3015	CH2970-CH3015	10 Watt	.060" x .060"	.013"	#1	.052"	.060"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	1N3993-1N4000	CH3993-CH4000	10 Watt	.060" x .060"	.013"	#1	.052"	.060"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	1N3016-1N3051	CH3016-CH3051	1 Watt	.037" x .037"	.013"	#1	.029"	.037"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	1N3821-1N3830	CH3821-CH3830	1 Watt	.037" x .037"	.013"	#1	.029"	.037"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	1N4099-1N4135	CH4099-CH4135	400 mW	.020" x .020" .025" x .025" .037" x .037"	.010" .010" .013"	#1	.013" .020" .029"	.020" .025" .037"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	1N4614-1N4627	CH4614-CH4627	400 mW	.020" x .020" .025" x .025" .037" x .037"	.010" .010" .013"	#1	.013" .020" .029"	.020" .025" .037"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	1N4678-1N4717	CH4678-CH4717	250 mW	.020" x .020" .025" x .025" .037" x .037"	.010" .010" .013"	#1	.013" .020" .029"	.020" .025" .037"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	1N4728-1N4764	CH4728-CH4764	1 Watt	.037" x .037"	.013"	#1	.029"	.037"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	1N5221-1N5281	CH5221-CH5281	500 mW	.020" x .020" .025" x .025" .037" x .037"	.010" .010" .013"	#1	.013" .020" .029"	.020" .025" .037"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	1N5333-1N5388	CH5333-CH5388	5 Watt	.060" x .060"	.013"	#1	.052"	.060"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	1N5518-1N5546	CH5518-CH5546	250 mW	.020" x .020" .025" x .025" .037" x .037"	.010" .010" .013"	#1	.013" .020" .029"	.020" .025" .037"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	1N5728-1N5757	CH5728-CH5757	400 mW	.020" x .020"	.013"	#1	.013"	.020"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	1N5913-1N5956	CH5913-CH5956	1.5 Watt	.037" x .037"	.013"	#1	.029"	.037"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	1N5985-1N6031	CH5985-CH6031	500 mW	.020" x .020"	.010"	#1	.013"	.020"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	1EZ110D5-1EZ200D5	CH1EZ110D5-CH1EZ200D5	1 Watt	.037" x .037"	.013"	#1	.029"	.037"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	2EZ3.6D5-2EZ200D5	CH2EZ3.6D5-CH2EZ200D5	2 Watt	.037" x .037"	.013"	#1	.029"	.037"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	3EZ3.9D5-3EZ200D5	CH3EZ3.9D5-CH3EZ200D5	3 Watt	.037" x .037"	.013"	#1	.029"	.037"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
T.C.'s	1N821, A-1N829	CH821, A-CH829, A	250 mW	.037" x .037" .025" x .025"	.013" .02"	#1 #2	.029" .025"	.037" .037"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	1N4565, A-1N4584, A	CH4565, A-CH4584, A	400 mW	.037" x .037" .025" x .025"	.013" .010"	#1 #2	.029" .025"	.037" .037" (Double Pad)	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
Transient Suppressors	1N5555-1N5558	CH5555-CH5558	*1500 Watt	.123" x .123"	.013"	#3	.115"	.123"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	1N5629-1N5665	CH5629-CH5665	*1500 Watt	.123" x .123"	.013"	#3	.115"	.123"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	1N5907-1N5908	CH5907-CH5908	*1500 Watt	.123" x .123"	.013"	#3	.115"	.123"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	1N6267-1N6303 (1.5 KE Series)	CH6267-CH6303	*1500 Watt	.123" x .123"	.013"	#3	.115"	.123"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	1N6036-1N6072	CH6036-CH6072	*1500 Watt	.123" x .123"	.020"	#3A	.115"	Bipolar (Double Anode)	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
	P6KE6.8-P6KE200	CHP6KE6.8-CHP6KE200	*600 Watt	.060" x .060"	.013"	#1	.052"	.060"	Al	Au	CrAgAu	*	*

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RECTIFIERS	INDUSTRY STANDARD PART #	MICROSEMI CHIP PART # (Note 1)	DESC./ CURRENT RATING	DIE SIZE (Note 1)	DIE THICKNESS	DIE GEOMETRY (Figure)	BOND PAD SIZE ANODE	CATHODE (Note 2)	METALLIZATION FRONT BACK OPTIONS			PACKAGING WAFFLE F. VIAL
									FRONT	BACK	OPTIONS	
1N3879-1N3883	CH3879-CH3883	Fast Recovery 6 Amp	.120" x .120"	.013"	#1	.112"	.120"	AI	Au	CrAgAu	*	*
1N3889-1N3893	CH3889-CH3893	Fast Recovery 12 Amp	.120" x .120"	.013"	#1	.112"	.120"	AI	Au	CrAgAu	*	*

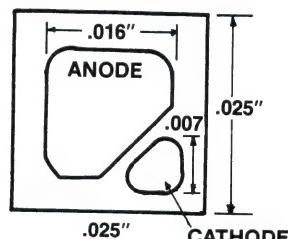
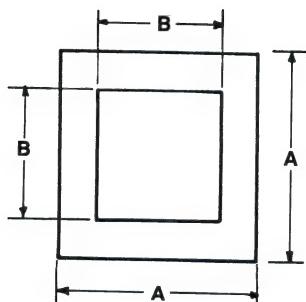
**NOTE 1:** For ordering 20 mil size die add suffix “—20”, for 25 mil die add “—25”, or for 37 mil die add “—37” to type number.

**NOTE 2:** Chips are available in both polarities. Standard is anode-top, cathode-bottom and optional is anode-bottom, cathode-top.

\*Power Rating = Peak Pulse Power (TAZ devices)

## MICROSEMI DIE GEOMETRY

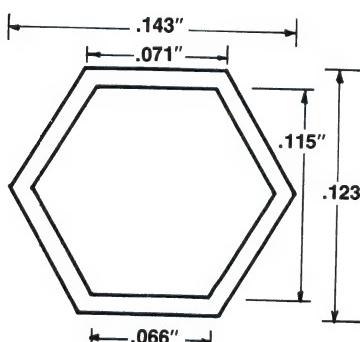
### PLANAR



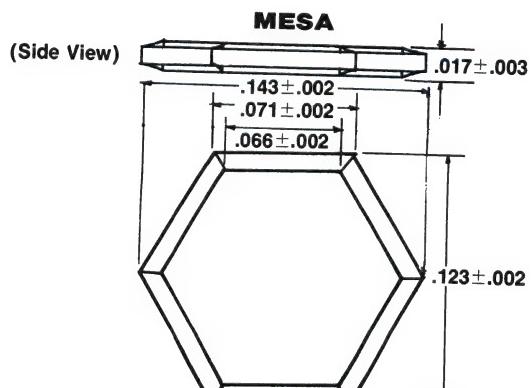
(Top View)  
**FIGURE 2**

**FIGURE 1**

DIE SIZE	.020	.025	.037	.060	.120
A	.020"	.025"	.037"	.060"	.120"
B	.013"	.020"	.029"	.052"	.112"
Thickness	.010"	.010"	.013"	.013"	.013"



(Top View)  
**FIGURE 3**



(Top View)  
**FIGURE 3A**

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## **APPLICATION NOTES**



## SILICON VOLTAGE REGULATOR DIODES (ZENERS)

## INTRODUCTION

The Silicon Voltage Regulator Diode is a two terminal semiconductor, commonly referred to as a "zener diode". It is designed to provide a near constant voltage when operated in the reverse breakdown mode (anode negative). When operated with a forward bias (anode positive) the Regulator Diode behaves similarly to any forward biased rectifier junction.

PARAMETER LETTER SYMBOLS  
AND THEIR DEFINITIONS

The Voltage Regulator Diode is defined by a number of static and dynamic parameters. The most important are on the data sheet as shown in the Microsemi catalog. These symbols and definitions have been compiled previously for this catalog. It is suggested that the reader familiarize himself with these definitions before continuing on with the test material.

## VOLT-AMPERE CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 1 is a curve illustrating the Volt-Ampere characteristics of the Regulator Diode. The standard circuit symbol is also shown.

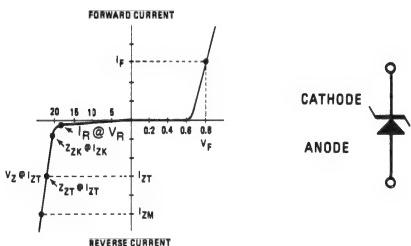


FIGURE 1

The Volt-Ampere characteristics show that the Regulator Diode conducts current in both directions. The reverse breakdown voltage ( $V_Z$ ) is determined by the manufacturing process, the resistivity of the material used, and the test current. Because of the low dynamic impedance beyond the knee of the curve, the current must be limited by some external means. The steady state DC current is not to exceed  $I_{ZM}$  or the device may be destroyed due to internal heating. The forward characteristics, as illustrated in the curve, are similar to those associated with any forward biased silicon junction. There is little change in forward current until  $V_F$  exceeds approximately 0.6 volts. As in the case of reverse breakdown or "zener" mode, the forward current must be limited by external

means or the device can be destroyed. The allowable current under forward biased conditions is much greater than under reverse biased conditions. Most data sheets today specify a maximum forward voltage ( $V_F$ ) at a selected forward current ( $I_F$ ).

Because the Voltage Regulator Diode's primary function is to provide a constant voltage output, it is important that the dynamic impedance ( $Z_Z$ ) along the operating portion of the V-I curve be as low as possible. The lower the impedance the less change in zener voltage due to changes in operating current. The dynamic impedance usually is specified at two points on the curve, namely at the manufacturer's specified operating point ( $Z_{ZT}$ ), and at the "knee" where the device is just starting to regulate ( $Z_{ZK}$ ). The sharpness of the "knee" is a good indication of the regulation qualities of the device. The dynamic impedance decreases with increasing current up to a point, however good regulation usually can be obtained by operating at any point beyond the "knee".

Ideally there should be no current flow through the regulator until breakdown occurs. However, due to the intrinsic properties of a semiconductor there is a minute current flow prior to breakdown. This reverse leakage current ( $I_R$ ) is usually specified at 75% to 90% of the nominal zener breakdown voltage ( $V_Z$ ).  $I_R$  will change with temperature and must be considered for high temperature operation. For junction temperature changes of  $25^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+150^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $I_R$  will increase approximately 100 times.

The Silicon Voltage Regulating Diode is commonly used to clamp or suppress extraneous surge currents within a system. Under surge conditions the Voltage Regulator Diode can withstand currents in excess of the specified steady state maximum current  $I_{ZM}$ . The maximum reverse surge current,  $I_{ZSM}$  (surge), usually is specified for a pulse duration of 8.3ms (1/2 cycle of 60 Hz). However, due to the increased number of digital applications pulse widths as low as 100 $\mu\text{sec}$  are now being specified. These characteristics are further defined under section "Transient Suppression Characteristics."

## TEMPERATURE EFFECTS

All semiconductors are susceptible to parameter changes with temperature. Of primary concern with Voltage Regulator Diodes is the change in the reverse breakdown voltage ( $V_Z$ ). As is commonly known, a forward biased junction exhibits a negative temperature coefficient (TC) between  $-1.6\text{MV}/^\circ\text{C}$  and  $-2.2\text{MV}/^\circ\text{C}$  depending on the methods and material used in fabrication. The temperature dependency of the Voltage Regulator Diode operated in the reverse breakdown "zener" mode is quite different. Figure 2 is a curve illustrating the change in  $V_Z$  with temperature changes.

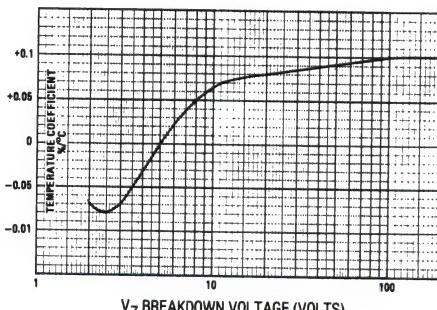


FIGURE 2

Note that for specified breakdown voltages less than 5.1 volts, the TC is negative. For breakdown voltages above approximately 5.1 volts the temperature coefficients become increasingly positive. Beyond 25 or 30 volts the temperature coefficient change is not quite as drastic as at the lower voltages. There is a region of  $V_Z$  around 5 to 6 volts where the Voltage Regulator has a theoretical zero TC. The exact voltage where zero TC occurs is greatly dependent on the operating current.

Silicon junctions can withstand junction temperatures in excess of 200°C. Usually the limiting factor for the maximum operating temperature is in the method of construction. Most specifications call for 200°C storage and 175°C maximum operating temperature.

#### JUNCTION FABRICATION

The initial stage of Voltage Regulator fabrication is commonly referred to as the "crystal growing process". Ultra pure polycrystalline silicon, mixed with a specific amount of impurities is brought to a molten state in an induction furnace. A monocrystalline seed, selected for the desired lattice structure, orientation and impurity concentration, is lowered into a crucible and allowed to come in contact with the molten silicon. As the seed begins to melt it is slowly withdrawn from the crucible. The rate of withdrawal is such that a crystal is grown which exhibits the properties of the seed. The crystal, or ingot as it is sometimes called, is sliced into wafers of approximately 15 mil thickness. The wafers are then of approximately 15-20 mil thickness. The wafers are then lapped and polished to obtain surface uniformity.

The junctions are formed by employing one of two basic techniques while in wafer form — diffused or alloy diffused. The diffused method is accomplished by diffusing N or P type material into P or N type material respectively. Alloy diffused junctions are formed by alloying an aluminum deposition into N type material. The alloy diffused devices exhibit superior breakdown characteristics at the lower voltages (2V-10V). The diffused method is used to manufacture devices with breakdown voltages above 10 volts or so. After diffusion the wafer is metalized and then etched or scribed into individual chips.

Although specific processes vary from one manufacturer to another, basic fabrication techniques are quite similar throughout the industry.

Figure 3 illustrates the chip cross sectional view of the diffused and alloy diffused junctions. Figure 3a shows a simple diffused junction. This method has some serious drawbacks in that the edge of the junction is exposed to contamination by the elements. Figure 3b shows an improved method whereby a silicon dioxide ( $SiO_2$ ) passivation is used to protect the junction. This method greatly improves the long term performance of the device.

Figures 3c and 3d show the alloy diffused methods. The passivated process has established itself as a reliable method of forming all types of semiconductor junctions.

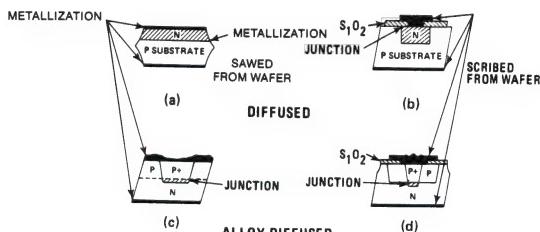


FIGURE 3

#### CONSTRUCTION METHODS

There are two basic methods for constructing glass diodes. Figure 4a illustrates the use of a "C" bend to make contact with one side of the die. This is used only on stacked die zero TC devices. The opposite side of the die is soldered directly to the die stack first seal post. This method has been used at one time or another by most manufacturers and is still being used by some today.

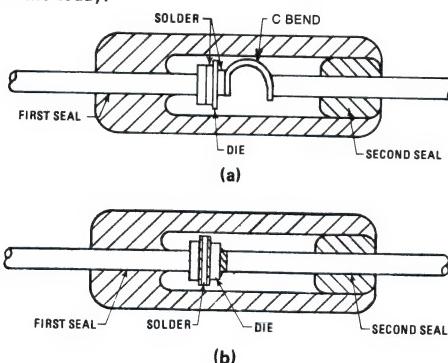


FIGURE 4

The construction as shown in Figure 4b eliminates the "C" bend by using a straight through post. This method has the advantage of simplifying construction techniques and increasing surge and power capabilities and is used on all of our Zener diodes and some TC's.

The epoxy package which utilizes top planar die construction is shown in Figure 5. The leads utilized are of a double nail-head type with a flat to prevent a torque for breaking the solder bond. Each device is conformal coated to protect the die. The double nail-head lead in conjunction with the conformal coating result in a device with excellent moisture resistance.

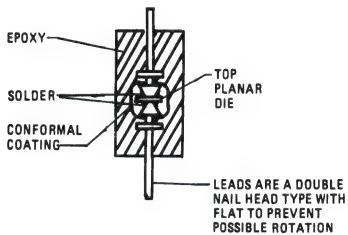


FIGURE 5

Double slug DO-35 diodes are assembled in the manner shown in Figure 6. A diffused and passivated die with an electro-lytically deposited silver "bump" for a front contact is sealed between Dumet slugs in a hermetically sealed glass sleeve. A metallurgically bonded version of the DO-35 or DO-41 is also available with an additional high temperature braze pre-form inserted on both sides of the die.

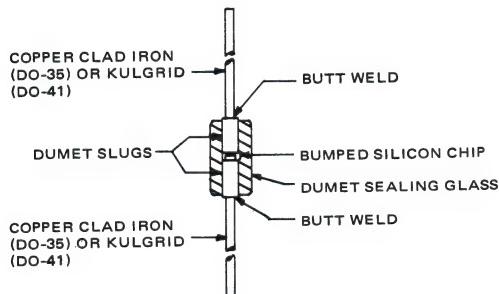


FIGURE 6

#### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

The Silicon Voltage Regulator has inherent thermal properties that must be taken into consideration when operating at elevated temperatures. As mentioned earlier in the text, there is a maximum allowable junction temperature after which reliable operation may be impaired. Figure 7 is a typical power derating curve for a 400mW glass device.

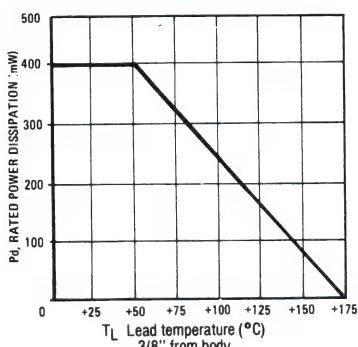


FIGURE 7

Note that the curve decreases linearly to zero power at the maximum specified operating temperature. This curve is only valid under specified conditions, i.e. the leads are clamped to an infinite heat sink 3/8" from the body of the device. An infinite heat sink is defined as a method by which the leads of the device are maintained at the ambient temperature under maximum power conditions. If the lead temperature is allowed to increase above the ambient, the junction temperature also will increase by an equivalent amount. This temperature increase limits the maximum power dissipation. The reciprocal of the power curve's slope approximates the thermal resistance of the device ( $R_{\theta JL}$ ). For the curve in Figure 7 the thermal resistance junction to lead can be calculated to be

$$R_{\theta JL} = \frac{125^{\circ}\text{C}}{400\text{mW}} = 310^{\circ}\text{C/Watt.}$$

For case mounted devices,  $R_{\theta JC}$  (thermal resistance junction to case) is given on the data sheet.

In actual applications, an infinite heat sink is not practical such that there is a finite thermal resistance value which exists in series with the device with reference to ambient temperature. For example, printed circuit board mountings for axial leaded devices may easily exceed 30°C/watt which can be significant, particularly for devices which are rated above one watt and exhibit a thermal resistance junction to lead below 100°C/watt. It is therefore important to include these considerations when determining what the junction to ambient thermal resistance is, i.e.

$$R_{\theta JA} = R_{\theta JL} + R_{\theta HS}$$

where  $R_{\theta HS}$  is the thermal resistance of the heat sink to ambient provided by the application mounting.

The thermal resistance of the heat sink will dictate the clamp location lead temperature ( $T_L$ ) rise above ambient illustrated in Fig. 7 by the following relation:

$$T_L = T_A + PR_{\theta HS}$$

where  $P$  is the power dissipated by the diode and  $T_A$  is the ambient temperature. For case mounted diode, the value of case temperature  $T_C$  can be determined by similar means.

#### TRANSIENT SUPPRESSION CHARACTERISTICS

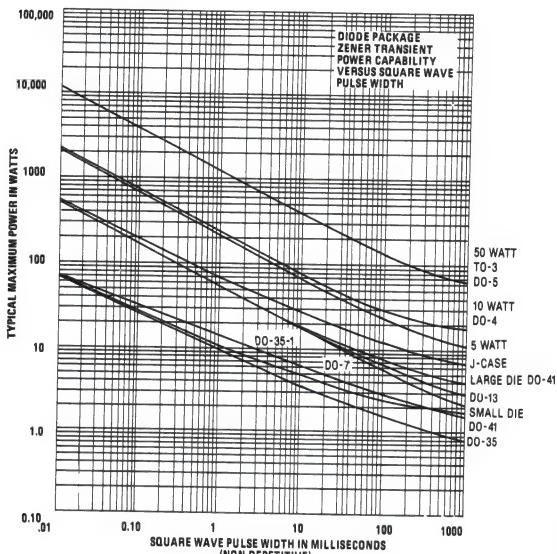
The relative large p-n junction geometries that are inherently designed into zener diodes provide the silicon voltage regulator with very good transient suppression qualities. The specific extent of energy or power versus time (pulse width) which zener devices can safely absorb is dependent primarily on uniform silicon p-n junction area as well as the internal package heat sinking immediately in contact with this active region.

The transient surge capability of discrete zener diodes is also what inherently classifies zener diodes as being **insensitive** to Electro Static Discharges (ESD) per DOD-HDBK-263, 5.4.2.1.3.

For applications requiring both voltage regulation and transient suppression (including ESD), discrete forms of zener diodes have been used extensively with considerable success. Protection diodes designed into IC chips or as part of MOS chips are generally not suitable for transient protection or prevention

of ESD damage primarily as a consequence of the limited size protection junctions and heat sinking due to cost and performance trade offs of such device designs.

In Figure 8 is a composite illustration of the transient surge capability of the major discrete package configurations of zener diodes provided by Microsemi Corp. This depicts the power capability versus transient square wave pulse width.



**FIGURE 8**

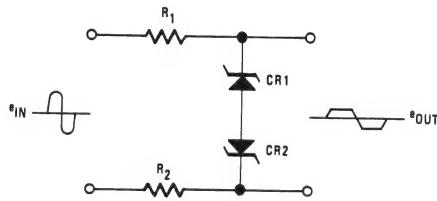
#### USER GUIDE

The Silicon Voltage Regulator Diode can be mounted in any position without affecting operation. However, as mentioned under thermal properties, mounting is important when considering power dissipation.

Regulator Diodes are not often connected in parallel. The only useful application for parallel operation is to clamp the voltage during excessive surge conditions where a single device would not be effective. Usually, the breakdown voltage  $V_{(BR)}$  of each device connected in parallel is matched as near as possible otherwise the surge power will not be equally distributed.

Series operation is quite common. In fact, most manufacturers stack die in series of high voltage applications. The breakdown voltage of the stack then becomes the sum of the individual zeners.

There are clipping applications where two regulators are connected in series with their anodes or cathodes common as shown in Figure 9.



**FIGURE 9**

In this illustration, when the input signal goes positive CR<sub>1</sub> operates in the normal zener or reverse breakdown mode, CR<sub>2</sub> is forward biased and offers a low impedance, low voltage drop return to the supply. When the signal goes negative the reverse is true, i.e. CR<sub>2</sub> is operated in the reverse breakdown mode and CR<sub>1</sub> is forward biased. The result is the squaring of the input sine wave.

Devices of this type, when manufactured specifically for this application are called "Double Anode" or "Clipper" Diodes. Voltage Regulator Diodes are also used for signal level shifting, threshold or bias control, and limiting.

## TEMPERATURE COMPENSATED VOLTAGE REFERENCE DIODES

## INTRODUCTION

The Temperature Compensated Voltage Reference Diode is a 2 terminal multi-junction semiconductor commonly referred to as a "TC zener diode". It is designed to provide a constant breakdown voltage with time and temperature. Voltage temperature stability is achieved by matching the equal and opposite temperature coefficients of a Voltage Regulator Diode (zener) and a forward-biased junction.

## PARAMETER LETTER SYMBOLS AND THEIR DEFINITIONS

The Temperature Compensated Voltage Reference Diode is defined by a number of static and dynamic parameters which are the same, or similar, to those of a Voltage Regulator Diode.

## THEORY OF OPERATION

The TC Voltage Reference Diode (TC zener) is a combination of a Voltage Regulator Diode with one or more rectifying junctions connected in series.<sup>1</sup> The positive temperature coefficient of the Voltage Regulator Diode is equal and opposite to the negative temperature coefficient of the forward-biased junction(s). Figure 1 schematically illustrates how the regulator and forward-biased junction(s) are connected for 2 of the more popular reference voltages.

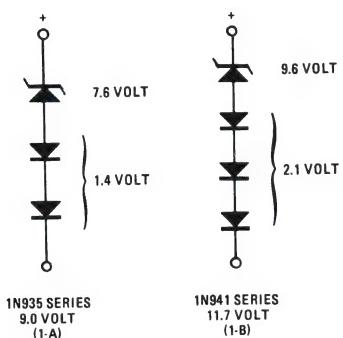


FIGURE 1

The number of forward-biased junctions required per device type is a function of the Voltage Regulator breakdown voltage. As shown in Figure 1, two forward junctions are used for the 9 Volt reference and three forward junctions are used for the 11.7 Volt reference. Multiple "forwards" are required for 9 Volt and 11.7 Volt references because the temperature coefficient of the Voltage Regulator becomes increasingly

## NOTE 1:

These compensating junctions are sometimes referred to as stabistors.

positive with breakdown voltage, therefore requires a larger negative coefficient to cancel its effects. Other reference voltages are possible by combining one or more of those shown in Figure 1 or by other combinations of Voltage Regulator Diodes and forward-biased junctions that have compatible coefficients and linearity.

The forward-biased junctions have a voltage drop of approximately 0.7 volts at 7.5 mA and exhibit a negative temperature coefficient between -1.6 and -2.2 mV/ $^{\circ}$ C. The exact coefficient is a function of material and the process used. As mentioned previously, the temperature coefficient of the Voltage Regulator Diode becomes increasingly positive for voltages greater than approximately 5 Volts (see Application Note on Voltage Regulator Diodes). For a 7.8 Volt regulator diode, the temperature coefficient is approximately +0.05%/ $^{\circ}$ C or +4.2 mV/ $^{\circ}$ C. By combining this with two forward junctions of -2.1 mV/ $^{\circ}$ C each, compensation for temperature changes can be achieved. Also, it is important that the temperature coefficients of both the Voltage Regulator Diode and forward biased junctions be as linear as possible so there will be tracking over the complete temperature range. This is not always possible and, consequently, some device types are specified over a limited temperature range.

## VOLT-AMPERE CHARACTERISTICS

The volt-ampere characteristics of the temperature compensated reference diodes are similar to the volt-ampere characteristics of Voltage Regulating Diodes (zener) with the exception that they have a very high breakdown voltage in the forward-biased mode. See Figure 2.

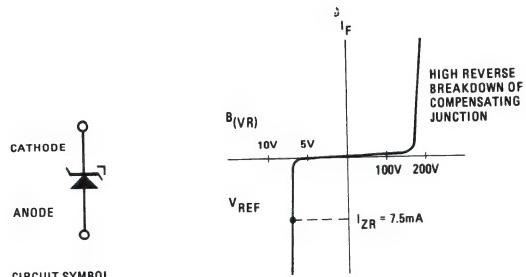


FIGURE 2

This is due to the high reverse breakdown characteristics of the forward compensating junctions. The two parameters that set it apart from a Voltage Regulator Diode are temperature coefficient and time stability. Otherwise, Voltage Reference Diodes can be analyzed as a very low TC Voltage Regulating Diode.

## EFFECTS OF VARYING CURRENT

The temperature coefficient of temperature compensated Voltage Reference Diodes is extremely dependent on the operating current. Figure 3 illustrates the effective change in temperature coefficient vs operating current for the device type shown in Figure 1(a).

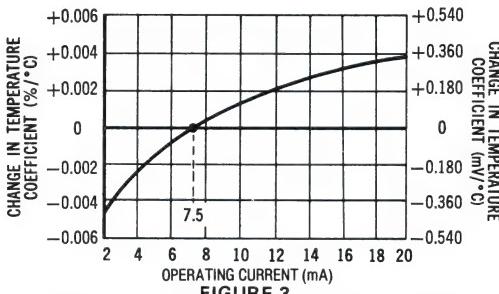


FIGURE 3

It's possible to improve the temperature coefficient of individual devices by slight adjustments of operating current. For example: If the device has an initial positive coefficient at the specified test current; reducing the current slightly will have the effect of making the temperature coefficient less positive.

## METHODS OF DEFINING TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT

Early registrations of Temperature Compensated Voltage Reference diodes defined the temperature coefficient in  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  i.e., a maximum % change in reference (or breakdown) voltage with each degree change in ambient temperature. Common values specified are  $\pm 0.01\%/\text{C}$ ,  $\pm 0.005\%/\text{C}$ ,  $\pm 0.002\%/\text{C}$ ,  $\pm 0.001\%/\text{C}$ ,  $\pm 0.0005\%/\text{C}$  and  $\pm 0.0002\%/\text{C}$ . These values also are specified in PPM/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ . For example: A  $0.001\%/\text{C}$  device can be identified as a 10 PPM/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$  or  $10 \mu\text{V}/\text{V}^{\circ}\text{C}$ . This method implies that the TC characteristics are linear and predictable over the temperature extremes. In reality, the combined coefficients of the Voltage Regulator and forward junctions are not always linear, especially for the low values of TC.

This led to the "Hour-glass" measurement technique as illustrated in Figure 4 whereby, while not guaranteeing a linear relationship, it was hoped the TC characteristics would stay within the confines of the shaded area. This approach had the disadvantage in that it required a large number of test points to guarantee operation within the "Hour-glass".

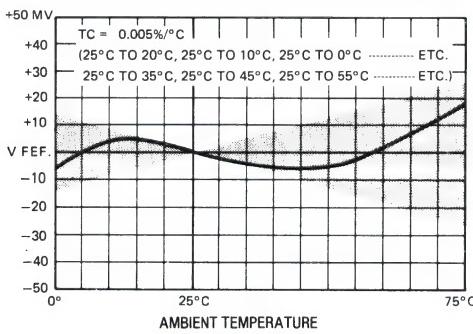


FIGURE 4

A later, and more widely accepted concept was the so-called "Box Method" where a max. mV change over the temperature extremes is specified. See Figure 5.

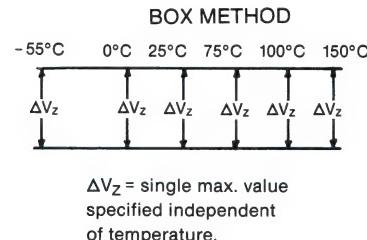


FIGURE 5

This method of defining temperature coefficient is more practical from both the manufacturer's and Design Engineer's point of view. The manufacturer does not have to concern himself so much with linearity so long as he does not exceed the maximum mV deviation between the temperature extremes. The Design Engineer finds this more useful because he does not have to go through computations to find out what his worst case reference change will be. Both the Military and JEDEC format now require that the device be specified by the "Box Method" with a minimum of 5 test points.

Some manufacturers, rather than perform 5 tests at different temperatures, continuously monitor  $\Delta B_V$  as the device is subjected to the two temperature extremes. This is still basically a Box Method with the advantage of increased productivity and an infinite number of test points.

## TIME STABILITY

Specifying a device with a low TC does not necessarily imply that the reference voltage will remain stable over long periods of time. To control this parameter, manufacturers have established a test procedure and screening process whereby TC devices can be specified with guaranteed stability for 1,000 or more hours of operating life. These Ultra Stable Temperature Compensated Voltage Reference Diodes, as they are sometimes referred to, are manufactured with guaranteed stability as low as 5 PPM/1,000 hours. This guarantee is only valid if the device is operated at a specific temperature and current per the manufacturer's data sheet. Figure 6 is a typical plot of time stability.

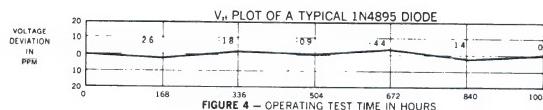


FIGURE 6

## JUNCTION FABRICATION

Since the TC Voltage Reference Diode is basically a Voltage Regulator Diode, with forward-biased junctions connected in series, the methods of fabrication are the same, and are covered in the section on "Voltage Regulator Diodes". There is one possible exception, however. The 6.2 Volt references utilize a single chip construction i.e., the Voltage Regulator junction and the forward-biased compensating junction are diffused on a single chip in a single process. Figure 7 illustrates this fabrication technique. This technique also has the advantage of a simplified manufacturing process by elimination of a solder process. NOTE: The regions where the junctions reach the surface (A and B) are fully protected (passivated) from the environment by an oxide layer.

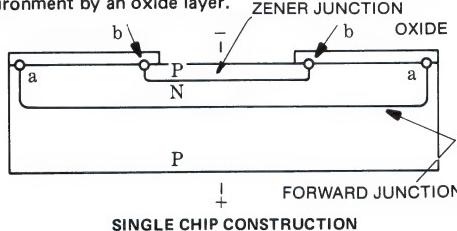


FIGURE 7

## CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Voltage Reference Diodes are packaged in glass and epoxy with the 400 mW glass being, by far, the most popular. Figure 8 illustrates typical construction techniques for these type devices.

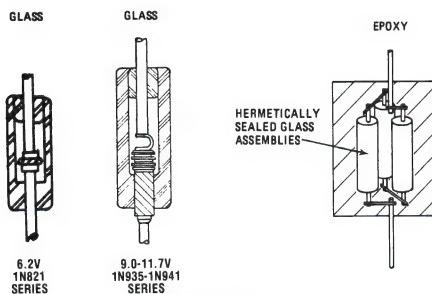


FIGURE 8

## USER GUIDE

### MOUNTING CONSIDERATIONS

The temperature compensated Voltage Reference Diodes can be mounted in any position without adversely affecting operation.

### THERMAL CONSIDERATIONS

The Voltage Reference Diode is designed to operate at the maximum specified operating temperature without derating, providing the test current is as specified. Actually, there is no need for a derating curve because normal operation will insure that the max. junction temperature will not be exceeded. However, for Ultra Stable applications, mounting techniques can affect the absolute value of the reference. The difference between an infinite heat sink and no sink at all could cause a 15°C difference in junction temperature and, therefore, a change in reference voltage depending on the TC of the device. When correlation of readings is required, the method of measurement has to be completely defined.

## ELECTRICAL CONSIDERATIONS

There are no useful applications for operating reference devices in parallel, however, series operation is quite common. When operating in series, the user should select device types that have a common test current. Otherwise, the junction operating temperature may be adversely affected. Also, rated parameters at  $I_{ZT}$  may be substantially changed.

Reference devices require that the operating current be maintained at a high degree of accuracy to ensure performance as published by the manufacturer. Figure 9 is a schematic representation of two circuits that can provide a constant current. Figure 9a requires an extremely stable power supply to maintain  $I_{ZT}$  at its proper current. While the circuit, as shown in Figure 9b, can provide a constant current independent of power supply variations.

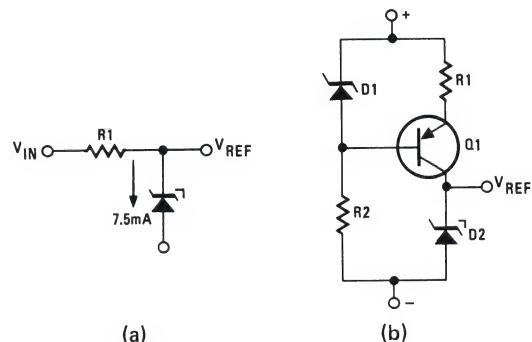


FIGURE 9

## APPLICATIONS

Many of the Electronic Systems today require a voltage reference to insure system accuracy. Stability with time and temperature is only as good as the reference selected, therefore careful consideration must be given to the design and choice of reference. The Standard Cell, due to its size, fragility, and susceptibility to environments is not suitable for most applications. Consequently, the Silicon Temperature Compensated Voltage Reference Diode (TC Zener) has found acceptance as a small, reliable, and rugged replacement for Standard Cell applications.

Shown below are a few illustrations where a Reference Diode is used as a stable reference for critical circuit applications. For most optimum performance, a minimal current should be drawn from the device.

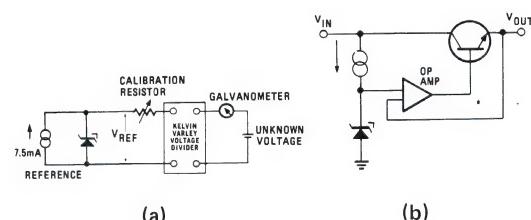


FIGURE 10

## PROCESS NORM SCREENING

### WHY ARE MICROSEMI DIODES BETTER?

Over the past ten years, Microsemi has been noted for high quality zener diodes. As the semiconductor state-of-art advanced, Microsemi has expanded its technology to offer the highest quality, most reliable, yet reasonably priced zener diodes on the market. This is accomplished by the following methods:

#### I. DIE

- A. Thermal oxide passivated planar junctions are utilized for sharper breakdown and longer life.
- B. The largest junctions possible were designed for lower operating temperatures and high surge capabilities.
- C. VZ, ZZT, ZZK, and IR are 100% tested on all die.  
(except DO-35)

#### II. PACKAGES & ASSEMBLY

- A. All the device packages are designed for the lowest thermal properties and the highest structural stability.

#### III. TESTING

- A. All devices are 100% tested for VZ, ZZT, ZZK, IR and VF regardless of individual specifications.
- B. All devices are tested to **MICROSEMI PROCESS NORM SCREENING**.

Microsemi has incorporated many device preconditioning and test methods to insure that the quality of our devices is far superior to the industry standard.

<b>GLASS PACKAGES (DO-7, DO-35, DO-13 and DO-41)</b>	<b>METAL PACKAGES (DO-4, DO-5 and TO-3)</b>	<b>EPOXY PACKAGES (Case J and T-18)</b>
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 48 hours storage at 200°C after final seal.</li> <li>2. Temperature cycling -50°C to +150°C, 5 cycles minimum.</li> <li>3. All electrical parameters tested (VZ, ZZT, ZZK, IR and VF) regardless of individual specifications.</li> <li>4. Process norm IR.</li> <li>5. Process norm VF.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 48 hours storage at 200°C following final weld.</li> <li>2. Temperature cycling -50°C to +150°C, 5 cycles minimum.</li> <li>3. All electrical parameters tested (VZ, ZZT, ZZK, IR and VF).</li> <li>4. Power square wave surge (TO-3, DO-5: 100ms; DO-4: 50ms).</li> <li>5. Thermal response test.</li> <li>6. Process norm IR.</li> <li>7. Process norm VF.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 30 minute storage at 150°C following encapsulation.</li> <li>2. Temperature cycling -50°C to +150°C, 5 cycles minimum.</li> <li>3. All electrical parameters tested (VZ, ZZT, ZZK, IR and VF) regardless of individual specifications.</li> <li>4. Process norm IR.</li> <li>5. Process norm VF.</li> </ol>

#### CHART 1

##### PROCESS NORM SCREENING

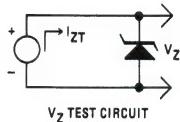
100% PRECONDITIONING AND TESTS BY PACKAGE TYPE FOR ALL VOLTAGE REGULATOR DIODES.

Probably the most important characteristic of a semiconductor device to your customer is its infant mortality rate. This is a term used to describe the devices that fail within the first few hours of operation. Although this is most important, it is very difficult to identify infant mortalities by conventional test methods. One method of eliminating these failures that is expensive but relatively common is to subject a production

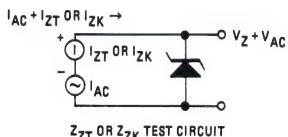
lot to environmental and life testing. In an attempt to give the customer a more reliable part without prohibitive costs, Microsemi has devised sophisticated screening procedures to insure a high quality level in our **commercial product**. A summary by package type of these procedures is shown in Chart 1.

## VOLTAGE REGULATOR and VOLTAGE REFERENCE LETTER SYMBOLS and DEFINITIONS

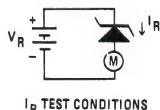
- $V_Z$  Breakdown voltage when the regulator is biased in the reverse direction.  
 $I_{ZT}$  Test current applied to define  $V_Z$ .



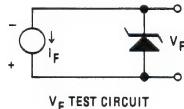
- $Z_{ZT}$  Voltage regulator impedance with  $I_{ZT}$  applied. See Note 3 on the 1N5333B data sheet for complete test conditions.
- $Z_{ZK}$  Voltage regulator impedance at a test current ( $I_{ZK}$ ). This defines the "Knee" of the curve or that point where the regulator has just started in the breakdown mode.
- $I_{ZK}$  The test current used to define  $Z_{ZK}$ . See Note 3 on the 1N5333B data sheet for complete test conditions.



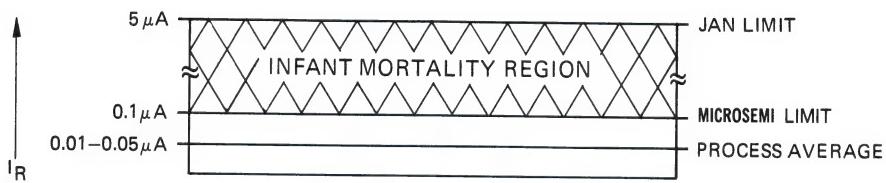
- $I_R$  Reverse leakage current. The amount of current flow when a voltage is applied ( $V_R$ ) such that the diode is biased at some voltage less than that which causes breakdown.
- $V_R$  The voltage applied to measure leakage current.



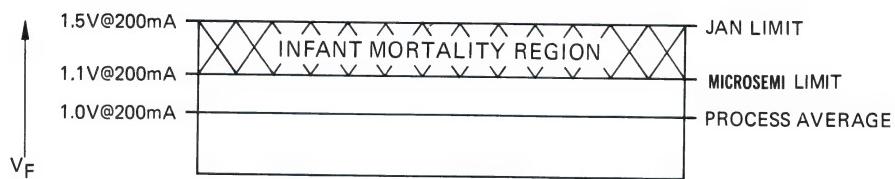
- $I_{ZM}$  Maximum current that can be applied to the regulator to maintain operation within its specified power rating. See Note 5 on the 1N5333B data sheet for complete test conditions.
- $I_{ZSM}$  Maximum surge current that the devices can withstand for a specified period of time. See Note 6 on the 1N5333B data sheet for complete test conditions. (This is specified as  $I_{PP}$  for transient suppressors.)
- $V_F$  Forward voltage drop of the regulator when biased in the forward direction.
- $I_F$  Forward current used to define  $V_F$ .



- $\alpha_{VZ}$  Temperature coefficient of the breakdown voltage  $V_Z$ . The maximum change in  $V_Z$  expressed as a percent per degree centigrade change in temperature. This is a method of defining the TC of a Voltage Regulator. For convenience,  $\pm mV/\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  is sometimes used. It is not the preferred method of reference voltage TC measurement.
- $\Delta V_Z(\text{temp.})$  Voltage temperature stability. This is the change in breakdown voltage ( $V_Z$ ) for a given set of conditions. This is the MIL and JEDEC preferred definition of Voltage Reference temperature coefficients.



PROCESS NORM  $I_R$  LIMITS



PROCESS NORM  $V_F$  LIMITS

**CHART II**  
PROCESS NORM LIMITS  
EXAMPLE: JAN1N962B SERIES

## OUR PROCEDURES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

### 1. NORM LIMIT TESTING:

Due to Microsemi die processing methods, many of our critical measurement parameters are orders of magnitude tighter than standard JAN or JEDEC requirements. These tighter parameters are utilized to provide a very effective reliability screen. In lieu of the JEDEC or JAN limits, Microsemi utilizes tighter limits that conform to their product norms. An example of this is the IR limit for the JAN1N962B series. The JAN limit is  $5\mu A$  and Microsemi in-house limit is  $0.1\mu A$ . It has been found through extensive evaluation that devices with a leakage exceeding  $0.1\mu A$  but less than  $5\mu A$ , exhibit a very high failure rate. Chart II depicts norm  $I_R$ , norm  $V_F$ , and norm transient thermal response limits.

### 2. SURGE STRESSES:

All our devices are then subjected to a high current surge pulse which is used to detect devices with junction abnormalities (except DO-35).

### 3. PARAMETERS TESTED FOR:

$V_Z$ ,  $Z_{ZT}$ ,  $Z_{ZK}$ ,  $I_R$  and  $V_F$  are all tested on all devices although individual test requirements may not specify all these parameters.

To insure junction cleanliness, Microsemi subjects all devices to an elevated temperature  $I_R$  with a norm limit (except DO-35).

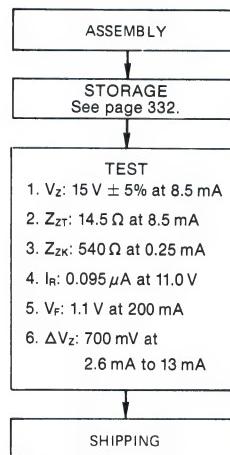
### 4. NORM LIMIT $V_F$ :

To detect solder and/or die plating deficiencies, we subject all devices to a norm limit  $V_F$  test.

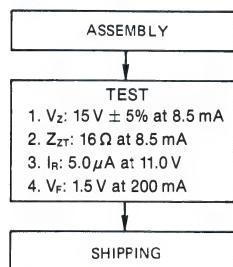
### 5. THERMAL RESPONSE (Thermal impedance per defined unit of time): (DO-7 & DO-13 only)

To assure high quality, high power Microsemi zeners are subjected to thermal response (or thermal impedance) testing on a 100% basis. Thermal response is similar to thermal resistance ( $\theta_J$ ) in that you measure a junction temperature rise for a predetermined power dissipation. The main difference with thermal response is that you use a very high power pulse for a short time duration (50-100 msec). This increases the sensitivity to solder voids and potential intermittent devices over that of standard thermal resistance tests. This is accomplished by confining the heat dissipation to the die/solder area and disregarding the package thermal properties.

## MICROSEMI METHODS



## TYPICAL TEST



## CHART III

COMPARISON OF **MICROSEMI** TEST METHODS TO THOSE OF OTHER MANUFACTURERS FOR A 1N965B UTILIZING STRAIGHT-THRU CONSTRUCTION (DO-7).

Chart III compares test methods with typical methods used by other manufacturers. By employing unique test methods such as these, Microsemi is able to supply commercial products with failure rates well below 1/1000 hours. Thus, in nearly all instances, potential infant mortality devices are removed before product is shipped.

## WHAT ARE JAN COMPONENTS?

JAN components are standard "1N" type devices, MIL qualified and subjected to environmental and life sample tests to assure quality conformance. The JAN devices are 100% tested, lot traceable, and are subjected to other tests as described in the comparison chart. JAN devices are the most economical of the Hi-Rel devices and are often used in commercial applications requiring better potential life cycle performance than can be guaranteed with standard "1N" components.

## WHAT ARE TX AND TXV COMPONENTS?

JANTX and JANTXV semiconductors are JAN devices subjected to extra testing as outlined in MIL-S-19500. These screening procedures are designed to eliminate the possibility of infant failures that might occur in the early stages of component system use. The devices are subjected to environmental as well as electrical test.

To assure continuous quality and reliability, PDA (percent defects allowable) requirements are applied to every lot. This effectively restricts the probability of shipping defective lots which are not characteristic of the TX product. The selection of TX and TXV components assures (1) maximum component reliability and (2) standardized reliability testing procedures.

### 1. Reliability

The Department of Defense has had extremely favorable reliability with electronic systems which have incorporated TX and TXV requirements. These complicated systems include ICBM's, anti missile missiles, and other advanced military defense systems.

### 2. Standardization

Military specifications, incorporating TX and TXV requirements, cover large families of devices and provide a broad range of specific device types capable of fulfilling the majority of electrical requirements. Quite often special device types can be selected from this group and still meet the basic military specifications by belonging to the generic MIL-spec family.

## WHAT ARE DO35-1 COMPONENTS?

The DO35-1 devices represent one of the newest military approved product lines within the zener diode industry. Microsemi has had QPL approval to supply these devices since June 1, 1979.

Basically, the -1 signifies a metallurgically bonded device which provides a substantial reduction of thermal impedance and eliminates any possibility of poor contact due to thermal excursions during subsequent application.

Microsemi approval of the DO35-1 device consists of JAN, JANTX, JANTXV, and JANS.

## WHAT ARE JAN S COMPONENTS?

JAN S components meet industry requirements for "Space Reliability Parts". JAN S is the highest reliability level in military specifications and requires additional testing above the levels of JANTX and JANTXV. NASA standard parts are now covered by JAN S military parts.

Microsemi is the first manufacturer to qualify its diodes to JAN S and has a large selection of types under qualification. All JAN S diodes meet these requirements:

- All parts are traceable from starting wafer to shipped product.
- Serialization of individual parts are identified within lots.
- Critical process steps are baselined and change controlled.
- Production and Q.C. operators are qualified and certified.
- Radiographic examination is performed on each device by a certified X-ray facility.
- Lot conformance testing is performed on each device lot.
- All diodes have an additional 144 hours of burn-in beyond the 96 hours required for JANTX and JANTXV.
- Failure analysis is performed on all catastrophic screening failures.
- Construction of all parts is accomplished on certified lines under exacting GSI surveillance from the start of wafer processing through shipment.

## ADVANTAGES OF MICROSEMI HIGH-REL. COMPONENTS

Why should you choose Microsemi Hi-Rel diodes? Just look at these facts and the answer will be clear.

### ■ Proven Reliability

Microsemi diodes are capable of "witnessing" failure\* rates as low as 0.067 parts per million hours. Microsemi's Hi-Rel diodes have proven their reliability in virtually every major military contract from the F-4 fighter to the Intelsat Satellite.

*\*Definition: units which deviate from the initial parameter limits, with the exception of reverse leakage, which normally is allowed to double.*

### ■ Broad Qualification

Microsemi offers the broadest selection of zener and temperature compensated diodes in the industry, from 1.8 volts to 200 volts, from 250 mw to 50 watts and from metallurgically bonded DO-35 package to TO-3 package. No matter what the numbers, Microsemi has the combination.

### ■ Weldable leads

Microsemi Hi-Rel diodes (TX and TXV) have leads which are compatible with the majority of weld and solder requirements.

### ■ Separate packaging and shipping area

As with the Hi-Rel testing area, the packaging and shipping area is segregated from our normal commercial product areas to specially handle virtually any packaging requirement.

### ■ Constant QC monitor

Specially trained QC personnel are assigned to the Hi-Rel area to constantly monitor processes from Hi-Rel entry to final data preparation and shipment from a common area.

### ■ Stock availability

Our continuous qualifications and testing procedures allow Microsemi to carry a large factory inventory of JAN and JANTXV devices from the common 400 mw version to the more sophisticated high voltage T.C. devices.

### ■ Continuous Engineering for Quality

To meet the current and future demands of the industry and production processes, Microsemi has established Engineering departments to improve semiconductor manufacturing.

**A.** Sustaining Engineering works in the production phase of manufacturing to improve device capabilities of product which is currently being produced.

**B.** Development Engineering is continually developing new products which can be added to our current product lines enabling Microsemi to meet the product demands of our customers.

## HIGH RELIABILITY SCREENING SEQUENCE

**Microscopic Inspection** — 100% microscopic inspection is performed on all TXV devices.

**Serialization** — As required, a serial number is used to provide traceability throughout the entire screening process.

**Traceability** — Traceability is maintained per the applicable specification and MIL-S-19500.

**100% Electrical Test** — Complete electrical test per applicable specification.

**High Temperature Storage (Non-operating)**. Devices are stored in high temperatures ranging from 150°C to 200°C to screen out failures.

**Temperature Cycling** — Devices are cycled for temperatures ranging from -65°C to +175°C to weed out structural weakness, i.e. solder joints, welds, glass to metal seals and molecular lattice structure.

**100% Electrical Tests** — Devices are subjected to electrical tests to the critical functional parameters and delta calculations determined.

**Shock** — When specified devices are subjected to a mechanical shock test.

**Acceleration** — When specified devices are subjected to centrifuge.

**100% Electrical Test** — Devices are subjected to electrical test to the critical parameters and delta calculations determined.

**Forward Instability Shock Test** — When specified devices receive a monitored shock test in the forward direction.

**Backward Instability Vibration** — When specified devices are subjected to a monitored vibration test in the reverse direction.

**Seal Leak (Fine)** — Devices are tested with a helium mass spectrometer to locate any leaks down to  $1 \times 10^{-6}$  CC's per second leak rate.

**Seal Leak (Gross)**. — Devices are checked for leaks too large for detection by tracer gases.

**Powerage (Burn-in)** — Devices are subjected to up to 240 hours of burn-in to the conditions in the applicable specification.

**100% Electrical Test** — Devices are subjected to all parameters of the applicable specification and delta calculations are determined and those devices not meeting the requirements are rejected.

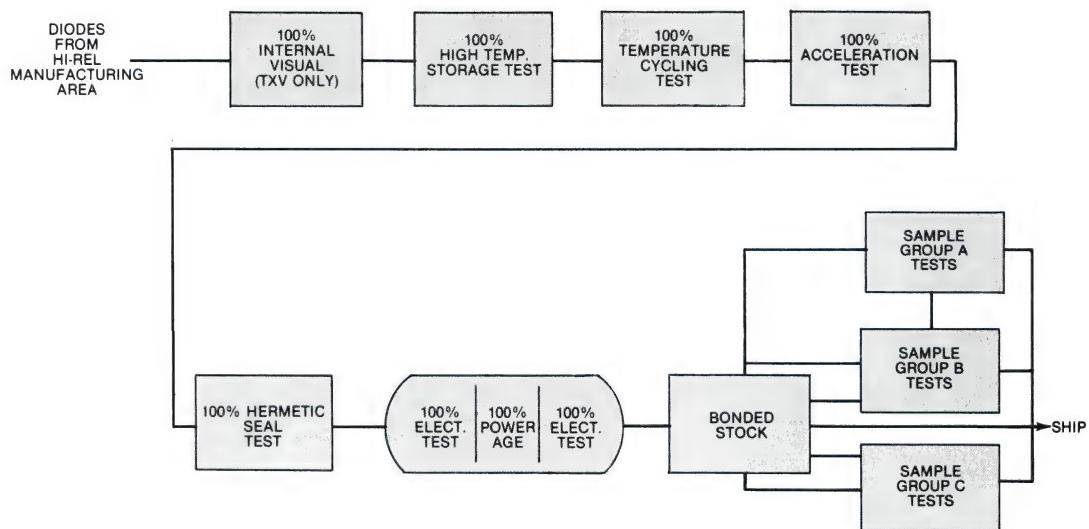
## HIGH-RELIABILITY COMPARISON CHART

	JAN	TX	TXV	S
Microscopic Inspection (Internal Visual)	No	No	Yes	Yes
Serialization	No	No	No	Yes
Traceability (Diffusion)	Yes (1)	Yes (1)	Yes(1)	Yes
Traceability (Lot)	Yes (1)	Yes (1)	Yes (1)	Yes
100% Electrical Test	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
High Temp. Storage (Non-Operating)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Temperature Cycling	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Electrical Test (#1 with Drift Screen Limits)	No	No	No	Yes
Monitored Shock	No	No	No	Yes
Monitored Vibration	No	No	No	Yes
Centrifuge	No	Yes (2)	Yes (2)	Yes
Seal Leak (Fine)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Seal Leak (Gross)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Electrical Test (#2 with Drift Screen Limits)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Power Age (Burn-In)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Electrical Test (#3 with Drift Screen Limits)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
X-Ray	No	No	No	Yes
Microscopic (External Visual)	No	No	No	Yes
Group A Inspection per MIL-S-19500	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Group B Inspection per MIL-S-19500	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Group C Inspection per MIL-S-19500	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
PDA (Max, Pct. Def. Allow. thru Screening)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

1. Within lot accumulation rules established in MIL-S-19500.
2. When Required by MIL-S-19500.

Any combination of the above tests and many additional tests will be performed if the customer requires further reliability testing. These would require special Purchase Order requirements which are particularly well handled at Microsemi.

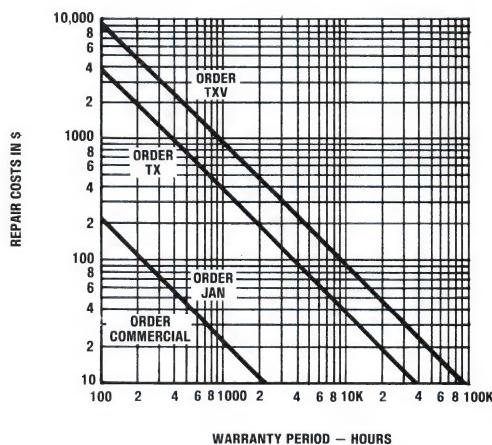
## Testing-Sequence



The chart below is designed to help you select the level of reliability that you need. It compares cost of equipment and repair costs during warranty and is offered only as a rule of thumb. Obviously, other factors such as your image in your marketplace, and initial equipment costs, must also be factored

into your component buying decision.

Once you decide on a reliability level for your components then you must select a vendor. Like you, our quality stems from our people and from the materials we use in production.



# SELECTING TRANSIENT VOLTAGE SUPPRESSORS

## APPLICATION NOTES 5

System voltage and current transients are a major cause of component failure in semiconductors.

These transients may be by either internal system disturbances, such as the normal switching operations of power supplies and electro mechanical devices or from external system disturbances such as electrostatic discharges.

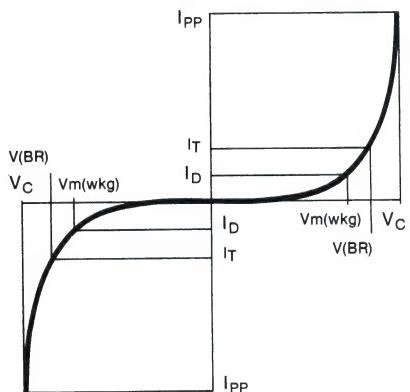
Microsemi Corp's series of transient suppressors provide significant protection against these high voltage spikes and due to their subminiature size can be installed directly onto the p.c. board offering maximum protection to sensitive components.

The following information is offered as a guide for choosing the correct device for your applications:

Certain parameters form the basis for selection:  
(See Figure 1)

Figure 1

### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVE FOR BI-DIRECTIONAL TRANSIENT SUPPRESSOR SHOWING ALL THE SIGNIFICANT PARAMETERS.

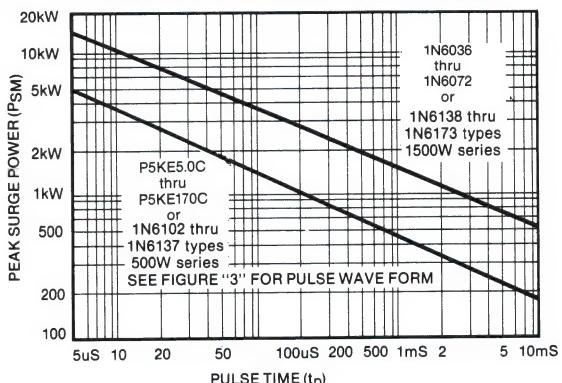


1. Breakdown Voltage [V(BR)] is the nominal zener breakdown voltage, suffix A 5% tolerance, no suffix 10% tolerance.
2. Test current ( $I_T$ ) is the zener current at which nominal breakdown voltage is measured.
3. Maximum Leakage Current ( $I_D$ ) is the current leakage measured at the max D.C. working voltage ( $V_{WM}$ ).
4. Working Peak Voltage ( $V_{WM}$ ) is the maximum permissible D.C. working voltage.
5. Maximum Peak Surge Voltage ( $V_C$ ) is the maximum clamping voltage at  $I_{PP}$ .

6. Maximum Peak Pulse Current ( $I_{PP}$ ) is the maximum permissible surge current for waveform of Figure 3. The product of  $V_C$  and  $I_{PP}$  give the power rating for the device, e.g. for 1N6138A,  $I_{PP} \times V_C$  is  $142.8 \times 10.5 = 1500$  Watts.

Using the above parameters, first choose which series of suppressors will handle the surge from Figure 2, Peak Surge Power vs. Pulse Time. Examples given in this figure are for bidirectional TAZ; however, unidirectional are also available.

FIGURE 2  
PEAK SURGE POWER VS PULSE TIME

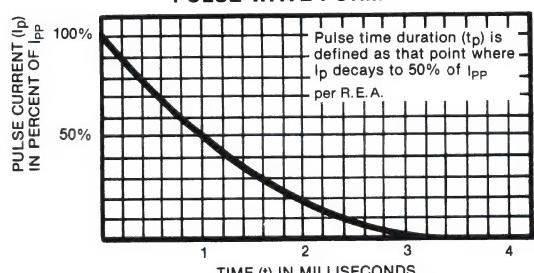


Then from the appropriate data page, determine the device with the standoff voltage equal to or greater than the normal circuit operating voltage. Making sure the clamping voltage from  $V_C$  is below the voltage that could cause damage to any component in your circuit.

Should the clamping voltage not be low enough for your application please contact the factory for other specialized devices available.

These devices are also available in encapsulated assemblies of parallel and/or series combinations to provide higher current or higher power capabilities. Please contact the factory for further information.

FIGURE 3  
PULSE WAVE FORM



## TAZ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

TAZ are PN silicon transient voltage suppressors characterized by exceptional surge handling capabilities, extremely fast response time (1 picosecond) and low series resistance. TAZ are designed, manufactured, specified and tested for transient suppression.

TAZ are available in a number of axial leaded package configurations:

- Metal DO-13 package.
- Hard Glass Axial Lead
- Plastic economical commercial package.
- Multiple device assemblies.
- Modules for special applications.
- High reliability and commercial applications.

TAZ are also available in chip form for hybrid applications in ratings from 500 watts to 1500 watts peak pulse power.

Standard geometrics of .060 inches square for up to 600 watts; .142 inch hexagonal for 1500 watt devices. Both .013 inches max thickness.

Standard metallization is chrome/silver/gold.

Aluminum/gold is also available.

Typical general applications for TAZ include protection from:

- Induced lightning effects on transmission lines.
- Inductive and switching transients.
- Protection of IC's and other voltage sensitive circuits.
- EMP suppression.

Microsemi specializes in custom design of devices for special applications.

## TRANSIENTS

A voltage transient is generated by a sudden release of stored energy causing an unpredictable change in voltage. This energy can be stored and released from within the circuit by means of inductive switching or arcing, or can be induced from outside the circuit by uncontrollable sources such as switching transients on an AC power line or lightning induced transients.

Transient over-voltages are a major problem in semiconductor circuits. If not suitably protected, discrete components and integrated circuits can be destroyed or damaged by high energy voltage transients.

## TAZ

TAZ (Transient Absorption Zeners) offer a low cost and effective solution to this problem. TAZ are bi-axial leaded devices composed of large area, silicon P-N junctions.

TAZ are capable of absorbing the energy present within the transient, thereby maintaining circuit conditions and protecting voltage sensitive components.

Since integrated circuits are becoming smaller and more complex, it has become increasingly more important that transient suppression be implemented in the early design stages. The design of the circuit protection will help prevent costly field failures and future installation or retrofitting.

The major electrical characteristics of TAZ are:

1. Fast response time — theoretically  $1 \times 10^{-12}$  seconds.
2. Wide voltage range: 5.0V-400V available in axial leaded devices. (Higher voltages available in modular devices.)
3. High transient power dissipation:
  - Up to 5000 watts in axial leaded devices.
  - Up to 60,000 watts or more available in modular packages.
4. Available in high reliability metal cases, glass and cost effective plastic.

## MODULAR ASSEMBLIES

For applications where an axial leaded TAZ cannot handle the amount of transient energy detected, Microsemi offers custom modules utilizing other component combinations to meet individual requirements. Microsemi offers a complete line of standard commercial and military grade modular assemblies such as the 60KS200C, 704-15K36/704-15K36T, and the PIP/PHP series. For more information or special requirements, consult the factory.

## TAZ CHIPS FOR HYBRID APPLICATIONS

TAZ are also offered in chip form for hybrid applications. TAZ chips are available in various geometry and metallizations. Please consult the factory for further information.

## TAZ TERMS, DEFINITIONS AND SYMBOLS

This section provides the reader an overview of terminology and its definition as it relates to the device parameters shown on the data sheets and JEDEC Standard No. 77.

<b>SYMBOL</b>	<b>TERM</b>	<b>DEFINITION</b>
$V_{WM}$	Rated working peak voltage also (rated stand-off voltage).	The peak voltage excluding all transient voltages.
$I_D$	Standby current.	The DC current through a surge suppressor at rated standoff voltage $V_{WM}$ .
$I_S$	Surge peak transient current.	The peak current for a single pulse.
$V_{(BR)}$	Breakdown voltage.	The value of voltage at which breakdown occurs.
$V_c$	Clamping voltage.	The voltage in a region of low differential resistance that serves to limit the voltage across the device terminals.
$I_{PP}$	Peak impulse current.	The peak current for a series of essentially identical pulses.
$I_{PPM}$	Rated peak impulse current.	
$V_W$	Working peak voltage. Note: This term is also called "standoff voltage."	The peak voltage excluding all transient voltages.
$I_{SM}$	Rated surge peak transient current.	
$P_{PP}$	Repetitive peak pulse power dissipation.	The peak power dissipation resulting from the peak impulse current $I_{PP}$ .
$P_{PPM}$	Rated repetitive peak pulse power dissipation.	
$CF$	Clamping factor.	The ratio of clamping voltage to breakdown voltage.
$VC/V_{WM}$	Voltage clamping ratio.	The ratio of clamping voltage to rated working peak voltage.

## HOW TO SELECT TAZ

In selecting the right TAZ for an application, there are four key parameters to consider:

1.  $V_{WM}$       Rated working peak voltage or reverse stand-off voltage.
  2.  $P_{PPM}$       Rated peak pulse power dissipation.
  3.  $I_{PPM}$       Rated peak pulse current.
  4.  $V_c$       Clamping voltage.
1.  $V_{WM}$       Select a TAZ with a  $V_{WM}$  equal to or greater than the peak operating voltage at the point of protection. It is important that the voltage does not exceed this parameter in normal operating conditions or the device could go into the avalanche or breakdown mode which may disrupt normal operations or dissipate power needlessly across the TAZ.
  2.  $P_{PPM}$       To select TAZ for the correct peak pulse power capability, one must first define the transient conditions. This can be determined by the placement or location of the device within the system.

There are basically three categories or levels of protection. These are primary, secondary and board level.

The primary level of protection is the most severe transient environment. This level usually has a very low source impedance as well as a low series resistance; e.g., transmission lines which are exposed to the highest degree of voltage transients such as power switching or lightning strikes. Due to the intensity and magnitude of these transients, a single TAZ may not provide adequate protection. For applications of this nature, Microsemi offers a series of custom modules to fit individual needs. For more information, consult the factory.

The secondary protection level would normally be preceded by a transformer or a circuit with a given series resistance and inductance. Higher source impedance can result in a higher voltage transient, but may not contain the energy level generated on low impedance

lines. A 1500 watt TAZ will be sufficient for most secondary protection installations, however, engineering judgement should be used to determine individual requirements for each application.

Board level protection has higher impedance and may result in higher voltage spikes, but usually is lower in transient energy due to the greater current limiting factor. Applications at this level will generally require a lower power TAZ such as a 500 watt (P5KE) or 600 watt (P6KE). Since there are no set industry standards on source impedance at various levels, it is suggested that discretion be used when selecting for a specific application.

### 3. $I_{PP}$

In order to select for the peak pulse current capability of a TAZ, the transient voltage and circuit impedance must be determined. The peak current can be calculated by dividing the peak transient voltage by the series impedance. A TAZ is then selected with a greater  $I_{PP}$  than that expected in a transient condition.

### 4. $V_c$

In selecting TAZ it is important that the clamping voltage rating does not exceed the instantaneous voltage level acceptable to maintain safe operating conditions for the components being protected. Board level applications are usually more sensitive in this respect than primary or secondary applications. The clamping is the maximum allowable voltage at the output of the device when subjected to its peak pulse current.

This parameter is determined using a specified pulse waveform. The waveform most widely recognized is a  $10 \times 1000$  mS impulse Figure 1.

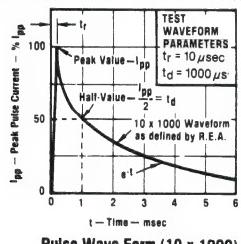
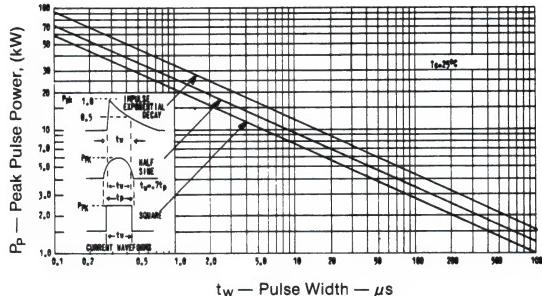


FIGURE 1

Other waveforms are used for some devices geared for specific applications or environments such as the LDT5 series for load dump. Here a 50 mS pulse is used to simulate the conditions found in an automotive application.

Although the  $10 \times 1000$  mS waveform is used as a reference for the majority of TAZ available, they can also be upgraded for higher transient levels for shorter duration pulses. Also different transient waveforms may be used as shown in Figure 2 as exemplified for the TAZ devices rated for 1500 watts peak pulse power for the waveform in Figure 1.



PEAK PULSE POWER vs. PULSE TIME

FIGURE 2

## TAZ APPLICATIONS

### AC AND DC APPLICATIONS

TAZ are typically used in parallel to the load or circuit being protected. When the transient voltage exceeds the rated stand-off voltage, the TAZ will go into the avalanche or breakdown mode. It will then act as a shunt so that the destructive energy within the transient bypasses the load as shown in Figure 3.



FIGURE 3  
DC POWER

Bidirectional TAZ is also available for AC applications as shown in Figure 4.

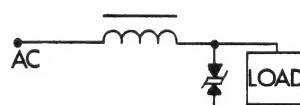


FIGURE 4

TAZ is used to protect sensitive components in a DC power supply from AC line transients. Figure 5 shows the TAZ placed across the rectifier bridge. With this method a unipolar TAZ can be used, but the surge capability of the rectifier diodes must be compatible with that of the TAZ.

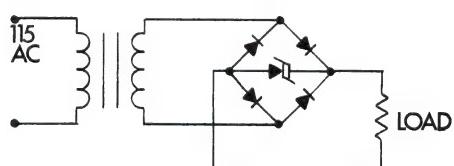
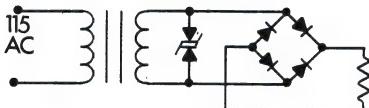


FIGURE 5  
AC LINE PROTECTION USING UNIPOLAR TAZ

Figure 6 shows how a bipolar TAZ can be used for the same application, but to protect against line transients that can overstress the rectified diodes used in the bridge.

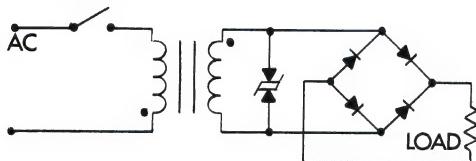


**FIGURE 6  
AC LINE PROTECTION USING BIDIRECTIONAL TAZ**

#### TRANSIENT SUPPRESSION FOR ENERGIZING AND DE-ENERGIZING OF TRANSFER PRIMARY

Figure 7 shows how bipolar or double anode TAZ can be used to suppress transients caused by the energizing and de-energizing of a transformer primary. When energized, transients can occur when the peak voltage couples the stray capacitance and inductance of the secondary winding causing an oscillating voltage transient.

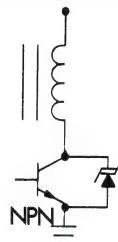
When de-energizing, large voltage transients occur when the primary circuit is opened while the transformer is driving a high impedance load. Transients can be coupled into the secondary winding when this interruption occurs. TAZ provides a low impedance discharge path to protect sensitive components.



**FIGURE 7**

#### TRANSISTOR PROTECTION FOR INDUCTIVE LOAD SWITCHING

TAZ can be used to protect transistors against damaging transients generated by an inductive load when disconnected. Figure 8 shows a TAZ connected collector to emitter to absorb the stored energy released from the load when the transistor turns off. This will reduce the demands upon the safe operating area of the transistor.

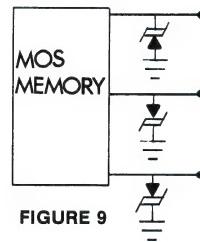


**FIGURE 8**

#### MICROPROCESSOR AND MEMORY PROTECTION

Memories and microprocessors along with logic and linear integrated circuits are extremely susceptible to voltage transients. It is very important that protection is provided to prevent costly field failures and down time.

MOS memory protection.



**FIGURE 9**

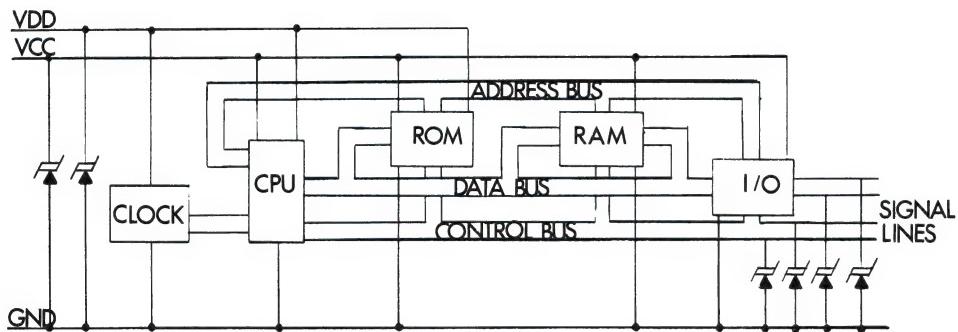


FIGURE 10

TAZ are used on each voltage supply line to the integrated circuit to protect against transients induced on to the power supply line. Placing the TAZ from line to ground will optimize the TAZ peak power dissipation capability.

#### MICROPROCESSOR SYSTEM PROTECTION

Figure 10 shows TAZ used to protect microprocessor systems from AC line transients and switching transients from the power supply. Also shown are TAZ used to prevent transients induced on to the signal lines from entering the data and control buses. If the microprocessor is operating in a hazardous environment, such as controlling operating functions of machine tools, protection should be provided on both the power supply lines and signal lines.

#### HIGH VOLTAGE OR CURRENT APPLICATIONS

TAZ can be used in parallel or in series to accommodate applications requiring a higher voltage or surge current rating than offered in single axial leaded device. For higher voltage applications, TAZ can be used in series as shown in Figure 11.

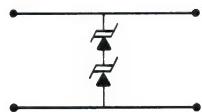


FIGURE 11

When used in this configuration, the total voltage capability equals the sum of the voltages of each additional TAZ in series. The surge current capability remains the same as that of the TAZ with the lowest surge current rating. This, in turn will increase the total peak pulse power dissipation rating.

For higher surge current capabilities, TAZ can be used in parallel as shown in Figure 12.

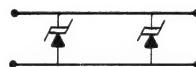


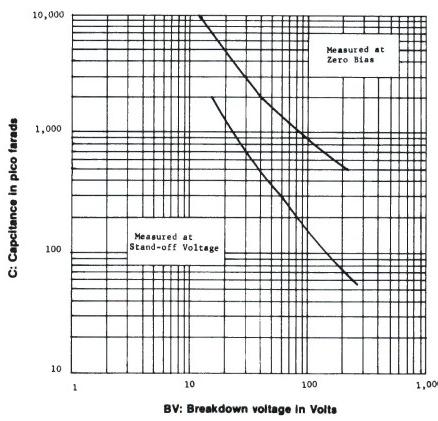
FIGURE 12

When used in parallel, it is very important that the TAZ be closely matched by voltage to assure that one of the devices does not go into the breakdown mode absorbing all of the current. In parallel, the voltage will remain the same as one TAZ, but the current is increased by the surge current rating of each additional TAZ used. This also increases the peak pulse power dissipation rating. Due to the critical aspect of the screening required for parallel combinations, it is recommended that this be handled by the manufacturer.

#### TAZ CAPACITANCE

For many applications, the TAZ is viewed as a device that does not introduce extraneous noise into the system. It is assumed to react instantaneously and does not create an insertion loss. The low leakage currents do give a low insertion loss, but in fast switching circuits or RF applications the TAZ capacitance becomes an important factor.

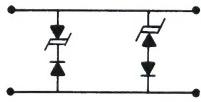
Due to the peak pulse power dissipation level required of the TAZ, it is constructed using a large P-N junction which in turn means a higher capacitance. Capacitance is also affected by the avalanche voltage of the device. The greater the breakdown voltage, the lower the capacitance. The lower the breakdown voltage, the greater the capacitance as depicted in the curve for the 1.5KW TAZ series in Figure 13. Note that the capacitance is reduced as the reverse bias voltage is applied.



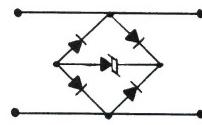
TYPICAL CAPACITANCE vs. BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE

**FIGURE 13**

When the capacitance level of the device is too high for a particular application, it may be reduced by one of the methods shown in Figures 14 and 15.



**FIGURE 14**



**FIGURE 15**

In order to reduce the effective capacitance, low capacitance diodes may be used in series. Both methods shown are bi-directional and will require proper selection of the low capacitance diodes used for a particular application. There are four major requirements that are of concern when making this selection:

1. The reverse breakdown of the diode must exceed the TAZ maximum clamping voltage.
2. The forward surge current rating must exceed the expected current level that the TAZ is exposed to under transient conditions.
3. The forward voltage at expected pulse levels must not exceed the allowable voltage level of the protected circuit when added to the other TAZ clamping voltage and other voltage drops in series.
4. The capacitance of the diode must be compatible with the operating frequency of the circuit.

Microsemi offers a line of low capacitance TAZ, the LCE series (epoxy package) for commercial applications and the LC series (DO-13 package) which is hermetically sealed and can be screened to military specifications. For applications requiring a lower capacitance or special assemblies, consult the factory.

## **Notes**



# MICROSEMI CORPORATION

## Military Qualified Products List

### MIL-S-19500 JAN 'S' LEVEL

*1N645-1, 1N647-1	/240
*1N754A-1 thru 1N759A-1	/127
*1N962B-1 thru 1N973B-1	/117
*1N4148-1	/116
*1N4150-1	/231
*1N5415 thru 1N5420	/411
*1N5615, 1N5617, 1N5619, 1N5621, 1N5623	/429
*1N6103 & A thru 1N6118 & A	/516

### MIL-S-19500 JAN, JANTX, JANTXV LEVELS

*1N483B thru 1N485B	/118
*1N645-1, 1N647-1, 1N649-1	/240
1N746A thru 1N759A	/127
1N74FA-1 thru 1N759A-1	/127
1N821, 1N823, 1N825, 1N827, 1N829	/159
1N821-1, 1N823-1, 1N825-1, 1N827-1, 1N829-1	/159
1N914	/116
1N936B, 1N937B, 1N938B, 1N939B, 1N940B	/156
1N936B-1, 1N937B-1, 1N938B-1, 1N939B-1, 1N940B-1	/156
1N941B, 1N943B, 1N944B, 1N945B	/157
1N941B-1, 1N943B-1, 1N944B-1, 1N945B-1	/157
1N962B thru 1N992B	/117
1N962B-1 thru 1N992B-1	/117
1N1742A	/298
1N2804B & RB thru 1N2846B & RB	/114
1N2970B & RB thru 1N3015B & RB	/124
1N3016B thru 1N3051B	/115
1N3154 thru 1N3157	/158
1N3154-1 thru 1N3157-1	/158
*1N3206	/195
*1N3207	/230
1N3305B & RB thru 1N3350B & RB	/358
*1N3595	/241
*1N3611 thru 1N3614	/228
*1N3644 thru 1N3647	/279
1N3821A thru 1N3828A	/115
1N3890 & R, 1N3891 & R, 1N3893 & R	/304
*1N3957	/228
1N3993A & RA thru 1N4000A & RA	/272
1N4099 thru 1N4135	/435
1N4099-1 thru 1N4135-1	/435
1N4148, 1N4148-1	/116
*1N4150-1	/231
1N4153, 1N4153-1	/337
*1N4245 thru 1N4249	/286
1N4370A thru 1N4372A	/127
1N4370A-1 thru 1N4372A-1	/127
1N4454, 1N4454-1	/144
*1N4460 thru 1N4496	/406
1N4549B & RB thru 1N4554B & RB	/358
1N4557B & RB thru 1N4562B & RB	/114
1N4565A thru 1N4574A	/452
1N4565A-1 thru 1N4569A-1	/452
1N4570A-1 thru 1N4574A-1	/452
1N4614 thru 1N4627	/435
1N4614-1 thru 1N4627-1	/435

*1N4938, 1N4938-1	/169
*1N4942 thru 1N4948	/359
*1N4954 thru 1N4996	/356
*1N5194 thru 1N5196	/118
*1N5415 thru 1N5420	/411
1N5518B thru 1N5546B	/437
1N5518B-1 thru 1N5546B-1	/437
*1N5550 thru 1N5552	/420
*1N5614, 1N5616, 1N5618, 1N5620, 1N5622	/427
*1N5615, 1N5617, 1N5619, 1N5621, 1N5623	/429
1N5629A thru 1N5665A	/500
*1N5802, 1N5804, 1N5806	/477
1N5807, 1N5809, 1N5811	/477
1N5907	/500
*1N5968 and 1N5969	/356
1N6036A thru 1N6072A	/507
*1N6074 thru 1N6075	/503
*1N6103 & A thru 1N6137 & A	/516
*1N6139 & A thru 1N6173 & A	/516
*1N6309 thru 1N6336	/533
*1N6485 thru 1N6491	/406

\*Products qualified at MICROSEMI Santa Ana, others at Scottsdale or both.

### Qualifications Pending

### MIL-S-19500 JAN 'S' LEVEL

1N649-1	/240
1N821-1, 1N823-1, 1N825-1, 1N827-1, 1N829-1	/159
1N747B-1 thru 1N992B-1	/117
1N4454-1	/144
1N4460 thru 1N4496	/406
1N4938-1	/169
1N4954 thru 1N4996	/356
1N5194 thru 1N5196	/118
1N5550 thru 1N5552	/420
1N5614, 1N5616, 1N5618, 1N5620, 1N5622	/427
1N5802, 1N5804, 1N5806	/477
1N5807, 1N5809, 1N5811	/477

### MIL-S-19500 JAN, JANTX, JANTXV LEVELS

1N457 thru 1N459	/193
1N643, 1N662 and 1N663	/256
1N3064	/144
1N3070, 1N3070-1	/169
1N3600	/231
1N4150	/231
1N4531	/116
1N4532	/144
1N4534	/337
1N5186 thru 1N5190	/424
1N5553 and 1N5554	/420
1N6337 thru 1N6355	/533
1N6461 thru 1N6468	/551
1N6469 thru 1N6476	/552
M19500/469-01 thru M19500/469-04	/469
M19500/483-01 thru M19500/483-04	/483

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